

Grant County News.

VOL. 2, NO. 5.

CANYON CITY, OREGON, SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1880.

TERMS: \$3. PER YEAR.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. W. PARRISH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
CANYON CITY, OREGON.

M. L. OLMSTEAD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CANYON CITY, OREGON.

GEO. B. CURREY,
Attorney at Law,
CANYON CITY, OREGON.

M. DUSTIN,
Attorney at Law,
Canyon City, Oregon.

F. C. HORSLEY, M. D.
GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, April 8, 1848.
Canyon City, Oregon.

Office in his Drug Store, Main Street Orders for Drugs promptly filled. No professional patronage solicited unless directions are strictly followed.

J. W. HOWARD, M. D.,
CANYON CITY, GRANT CO., OREGON.

O. M. DODSON, M. D.,
Prairie City, - Oreg.

N. H. BOLEY,
DENTIST.
Dental rooms first door south of Dr Howard's Drug Store.
CANYON CITY, OREGON.

G. I. HAZELTINE,
Photographer,
CANYON CITY, OREGON.

W. F. PRUDEN,
ELECTRIC PHYSICIAN.
Residence—John Day, Grant County Oregon.

PHIL METSCHAN & CO.

Announce that they have received a full and well assorted Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
which they offer
CHEAP FOR CASH.

Having bought for Cash we are prepared to sell our Goods cheaper than they were ever before sold in this Market.

Canyon City, Jan. 16, 1880.

The cheapest place to buy
PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE, GLASS, PUTTY, VARNISHES
And **WALL PAPER**

Is at Sam. Sired's, opposite the M. E. Church, Canyon City, Oregon. nl2t.

HOWARD & COBB,
MEAT MARKET.

JOHN DAY CITY, OREGON.



We keep the best qualities of
VEAL, CORNED BEEF,
BEEF, MUTTON,
PORK, HAM, BACON
LARD, SAUSAGE,
ETC., ETC.

Constantly on hand and for sale at the LOWEST MARKET RATES.
John Day Oct. 30th, 1879.

Hotels.

N. RULISON, A. H. GROTH.

CITY HOTEL

CANYON CITY, OREGON,

RULISON & GROTH, - Proprietors

Begin leave to inform their friends
And the Public Generally
That they can be found at the

OLD STAND,

And are always ready to furnish good
Board and Lodging
AT MODERATE PRICES.

A fire and burglar proof safe has been placed in the house for the accommodation of guests.

Grange Hotel.

PRAIRIE CITY, OREGON,

J. H. Hardman, Proprietor.

The accommodations at the above Hotel are good, and every care will be taken to make guests feel at home.

Comfortable beds, and as good a table as the market affords furnished at reasonable prices.

HARNEY HOTEL.

Fort Harney, Oregon.

W. W. JOHNSON, Proprietor.

Having completed my Hotel I am prepared to entertain the traveling public with care and comfort. The table is supplied with the best the market affords. The beds are neat and clean.

DALLES AND BAKER CITY



STAGE LINE,

Vaile & Co., - - - Proprietors

Departs from Canyon City for The Dalles and Baker City, Daily.

Arrives from the same points, Daily.
R. C. WILLIAMSON, Supt.

CANYON CITY & McDERMIT



STAGE LINE,

FRANK McBEAN, - - Proprietor

Departs from Canyon City on Monday, Thursday, and Saturday of each week.

Arrives at Canyon City on Sunday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

J. OLLIVER & CO,

Proprietors of the

John Day Milk Ranch

Will furnish the people of John Day and Canyon Cities with milk by the gallon or quart.

We sell the best of milk, and our charges are reasonable.

J. H. WOOLSEY. GR. HOUSMAN.

WOOLSEY & HOUSMAN,

CANYON CITY, OREGON.

THE BAR is supplied with pure Wines and Liquors, Beer, Ale, Bitters and Cigars.

FINE BILLIARD TABLES

In the Saloon. Give us a call.

I. X. L.

TOMATOES.

Put up expressly for Family Use, in three pound cans.—[Warranted, finer, better and cheaper than the Imported Tomatoes.] By G. W. Houston, Canyon City, Oregon. For sale by Phil. Metschan & Co., Gundlach & Bro and the Proprietor.

AMERICA'S FAST HORSES.

The following is a revised list of horses that have trotted in 2:20 or better, and as it is taken from the Chicago "Tribune," it may be relied upon as correct. Those dead are marked with a *, and those retired with a †.

St. Julien.....	2:12‡
Goldsmith Maid†.....	2:14
Lula†.....	2:15
Lucille Goldust†.....	2:16‡
Darby.....	2:16‡
Gloster*.....	2:17
Red Cloud†.....	2:18
Judge Fullerton.....	2:18
Edwin Forest†.....	2:18
Dick Swivelert.....	2:18
Lady Thorne*.....	2:18‡
Lady Maude†.....	2:18‡
Slow Go.....	2:18‡
Norwood.....	2:18‡
Albemarle.....	2:19
Alley.....	2:19
Graves.....	2:19
Bodine.....	2:19‡
Hannis.....	2:19‡
T. L. Young†.....	2:19‡
Camors*.....	2:19‡
Tinket.....	2:19‡
Freety Goldust†.....	2:20
Little Fred.....	2:20
Frank.....	2:20
John II.....	2:20
Eta Jones.....	2:20
Rarus†.....	2:13‡
Hopeful.....	2:14‡
Smugler.....	2:15‡
American Girl*.....	2:16‡
Occident.....	2:16‡
Dexter.....	2:17‡
Nettie* lb.....	2:18
Great E stern.....	2:18
Pr. teise.....	2:18
Santa Claus.....	2:18
Lucy†.....	2:18‡
Midnight.....	2:18‡
Col. Lewis.....	2:18‡
Cozette.....	2:19
Edward†.....	2:19
Bonesetter.....	2:19
George Palmer*.....	2:19‡
Comet†.....	2:19‡
Croxi†.....	2:19‡
Flora Temple*.....	2:19‡
Adelaide†.....	2:19‡
Mambrino Gift*.....	2:20
May Queen.....	2:20
Prospero.....	2:20
Nancy Hackett†.....	2:20
Belle Brasfield.....	2:20

She came into the office, smiling and beautiful. George and she were engaged and George had a case. He had a galley of solid nonpareil on his frame, which he was about to lock up and prove. George, blushing like a girl, shook her hand and called her his darling. She eyed the galley and smiled sweeter than ever.

"Daddy, dear," she said, still eyeing the galley of nonpareil, "are those the things you print with?"

"Yes, darling!" said Daddy, feelingly.

She swept her taper fingers over the matter, squabbling the entire galley.

"Bless you, my darling!" said George, chokingly, the sweat pouring down his face.

"Why, Daddy dear, its all in little pieces, ain't it?"

"Yes, love," said George, gently taking her hand and leading her toward the door. "Good bye, darling!" he said.

"Bye-bye; be sure to come to night."

"Dear me," she soliloquized, "how George loves me! He nearly sobbed when I touched those funny little thigumies.

George, moodily: "I wish all women were in—h—eaven."

WRITE FOR YOUR PAPER.—A contemporary very properly urges upon its readers that every farmer, gardener, fruit grower or stock-raiser gains some new ideas of value for publication by practical observation in every day business. One moment, with a pencil and paper, would place his thoughts in a

shape that would prove of untold value to the reader of this journal and the agricultural press generally, for we learn of each other and publish only practical facts gathered from the experience of the farmers, gardeners, fruit-growers and stock-raisers of the world. If you wish to have a thorough practical journal (as we believe you all do) adapted to the center of this Union, a journal which shall be a text-book and guide to every reader, you should each and all contribute to its columns and feel a personal interest in making its contents truthful and practical.

The Sheep Owner's Opportunity.

The paramount consideration, with the average flock owner, is to realize the greatest profit from his investment of capital and subsequent care and attention. To the question, how if this most certainly to be secured? The Journal has often answered, and now reiterates get the best stock within your reach; so breed and feed these as to secure the highest development create and preserve for your flock and its production such a reputation as will insure a ready market at good relative prices; try very few experiments; stay on solid ground, even though the washes of profit promised by a deviation, or the shadow of temporary disappointment, may invite you to walk in new fields. No matter what the blood, or how nearly perfect the animal may be, intelligence, liberality, and kindness on the part of the shepherd will make them better; and with such improvement will come additional profit—profit through increased weight of fleece; profit through a heavier percentage of lambs, and their speedy and more perfect development; profit by reason of securing outside prices and ready sale for whatever is placed on the market because of its superior quality; and finally, the advantage of freedom for the many hardships and annoyances inseparable from attendance upon unthriftly or otherwise undesirable animals.

Though every flock owner cannot have the best sheep, there is encouragement in the fact that no one is so circumstanced that he cannot have the best sheep, there is encouragement in the fact that no one is circumstanced that he cannot with certainty and rapidity advance the excellence of such as he may possess. Animals of great excellence, representing all varieties of all breeds, can be had at prices within the reach of every breeder. Feed is plenty, labor is cheap, information upon any point of doubt can be had for the asking, prices are good, the demand active—in short, the opportunity and incentive for a general advance all along the line of those engaged in sheep husbandry are at hand, and those who do not intend to avail themselves thereof had better stand aside, for there are unmistakable signs of a forward movement.—[Live-Stock Journal.

Selection of the Stallion.

We will presume that the breeder has definitely decided in his own mind what breed or strain or family he proposes to select from. He ought then try to find a colt that has the largest possible ancestral line uniformly distinguished for the quality upon which he bases his selection, and he should look carefully to see that no constitutional infirmities have been inherited. If there is blindness—not the result of accidental injury—in the near ancestry, although the colt himself may be apparently free from any defect in his organs of vision, it is a point against him. And so of any other constitutional defect, weakness or infirmity, whether of form, structure or disposition. Infirmities of temper are especially liable to be transmitted. It is very desirable that the breeder should know, to the minutest detail, the character of the ancestry on both the paternal and maternal sides, and the far-

ther back they can be shown to be free from constitutional defects of any kind, the better. The colt may be free from any serious defects; but if they are known to have existed in the near ancestry, there is always more of less danger that he will transmit them to his progeny. Every observant horseman of experience can call to mind numerous instances confirming the truth of this position. The writer once owned a grey stallion, that was got by a grey stallion, out of a grey mare. When placed in the breeding stud, it was found that he, quite often got dun colts, even out of grey mares. Investigation into the ancestry of this horse developed the fact that his second dam was a dun mare. Here we had the inherited quality of color lying dormant through two generations, and re-appearing under the most unexpected circumstances in the third.—[Stock Journal.

An Extensive Cattle Ranch.

It is estimated that the Iliff estate now owns about 39,000 head of cattle of all ages. It includes eight ranches, the principal range being 160 miles in length by 60 miles in width at the upper end, and tapering to a point at the other. It is situated between the Union Pacific Railroad and the South Platte river, and reaches westward to the foothills, including portions of Colorado, Wyoming and Nebraska. Within the past two years there have been added to the herd, by purchase, 17,300 cattle from Texas, while the calves branded within that time number about 8,000 head. Within the same period 25,021 have been marketed for beef, and 17,000 will be marketed this year. The value of the estate is estimated at \$1,500,000.—[Stock Journal.

H. VILLIARD.—This gentleman, who is virtually at the head of the carrying trade of the entire Northwest, returned to Portland on Saturday last, with his party of Eastern Tourists. In course of conversation with him, he informed us that trial lines for a branch railroad to Antelope valley, to command the trade of Grant county and Ochoco, will be in progress early next Spring. This road, when completed, will tend to make our city a railroad center. Mr. Villiard also is of the opinion that the people are in need of cheaper fuel, and he proposes to remedy the present defect by a line of steam colliers between the two cities of Seattle and Portland. This would, in his opinion, be the means of delivering Seattle coal here on a fair profit at nine dollars per ton, which is cheaper than fir-wood at four dollars per cord. This would be the means of greatly reducing an item of household expense which is very burdensome during the winter months. He assured us that everything which would add to the growth and expansion of Eastern Oregon, should be encouraged and fostered by the new corporation.—[Inland Empire.

William Astor has sold all his race-horses and retired from the turf, having become weary of the annoyances and expenses inseparable from such amusements. A man must have a natural love of horses to adhere long to equine amusements. Astor took it up as an imitation of Belmont and Bonner. In their case, however, there is a passion for animals which explains the lavish expenditure. Bonner's outlay for one for 100 fine horses is not less than thirty thousand dollars per year. When you add to this the interest on the estimated value of the animals (\$300,000) and you have an expense of \$330 per week. In all the history of horsemanship, there has been no such enthusiasm as that of Bonner. For thirty years he has been buying all the fastest American horses, and he still is, like Oliver Twist, only asking for more.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. F. Merrill, Editor, Grant County News, Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., where advertising contracts may be made for NEW YORK.