

One-Fourth to One-Half Off Sale

--the Time of Opportunity



After a most successful season we intend, by giving this great price reductions to sell out the last garment of our summer stock. A clothing sale never meant so much to Astorians before as THIS SALE, for the simple reason that this is a sale of BENJAMIN CLOTHES, America's finest clothes, and most people know that this store handles nothing but the best.

We will not close the store to change prices, all our prices are marked in plain figures you see the price and deduct ONE-QUARTER or ONE-THIRD as the case may be.

The Following Prices Tell the Tale

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| \$35.00 Benjamin Suits..... | \$26.25 | Coat and Trousers Suits | |
| 30.00 Benjamin Suits..... | 22.50 | \$22.50 Benjamin Outing Suits..... | \$16.90 |
| 27.50 Benjamin Suits..... | 20.65 | 20.00 Benjamin Outing Suits..... | 15.00 |
| 25.00 Benjamin Suits..... | 18.75 | 18.00 Benjamin Outing Suits..... | 14.50 |
| 20.00 Benjamin Suits..... | 15.00 | 15.00 Benjamin Outing Suits..... | 12.50 |
| Boys' Suits | | Men's Trousers | |
| \$10.00 Suits..... | \$7.50 | \$7.00 Tsousers..... | \$5.25 |
| 8.00 Suits..... | 6.00 | 6.00 Trousers..... | 4.50 |
| 6.00 Suits..... | 4.50 | 5.00 Trousers..... | 3.80 |
| 5.00 Suits..... | 3.80 | 4.00 Trousers..... | 3.00 |
| 4.00 Suits..... | 3.00 | 3.00 Trousers..... | 2.25 |

"Benjamin" Summer Outing Suit

SPECIAL--One Hundred \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$18.00 Suits at exactly - - HALF PRICE

Sale Begins Monday A. M.

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JUDD BROS.

THE WOOLEN MILL STORE

557 Commercial Street

Astoria Oregon

New York News Letter

NEW YORK, July 11.—Bomb-throwing is becoming so common in New York that it might almost be called a habit. So frequent are these explosions that the district in which most of them occur has been given the title of "the dynamite zone". This terror ridden area lies on the east side of the city in the Italian quarters, extending one block east and west and including eleventh, twelfth and thirteenth streets from north to south. Since the first of the year there have been no less than ten serious dynamite explosions in this turbulent territory, while minor ones doing comparatively little damage are of almost daily occurrence and too numerous to record. In five adjoining tenements on Eleventh Street, which constitute the very heart of the "dynamite zone" there have been no less than six large bombs exploded in the last three months. As a result of these little incidents the tenements have been practically rebuilt several times, having been pretty thoroughly wrecked by each explosion. In this section a large proportion of the population carries pocket bombs ready to be hurled at anybody against whom a grievance fancied or real exists. That the list of casualties is not enormously greater is due to the fact that most of those who commit the outrages are not expert bomb manufacturers. Usually the smaller

internal machines fail to go off at the right time, thus giving the intended victim time to get out of danger. Strenuous efforts are being made to stamp out the bomb-throwing epidemic, but in spite of all the efforts of the police is continues to grow. Indeed it is stated that the setting off of the bomb in the dynamite zone was done merely as an expression of contempt for the police. Oddly enough more than three-fourths of all the dynamite outrages occur at just about the same hour—four o'clock in the morning.

New York's ancient whipping post, long since abolished; has finally been revived and brought up to date in the form of a spanking room technically known as "spankatorium number one". Indeed within a single week the city has instituted both municipal chastisement and municipal bodily cleanliness. Both these innovations, however, effect only the juvenile portion of the population. The spanking room, the modern equivalent of the whipping post, is a newly installed adjunct of the children's court. While the city does not do the actual chastising it furnishes all the necessary outfit leaving the final act to the parent of the young offender. The spankatorium is liberally furnished with rules, switches, slippers and the like, together with several solid chairs

and a table. Two attendants are also on hand to hold any youngster who may show fight. Of course the sentence of a spanking is not imposed by the court, but only offered to the parents as an alternative to a term in an institution for their offspring, it being the opinion of the judge that the spanking will produce better results. In this idea he finds ready support among the parents of the children who come before him, since in every case where the spanking has been suggested the suggestion has been promptly acted upon. To Abie Epstein, a youthful pickpocket, fell the questionable honor of testing for the first time the spanking room. Judged by his remark it is going to prove a howling success. In every case after the punishment has been administered the culprit is recalled to the court room to explain publicly why he has been spanked. In addition to thus administering doses of the rod the city is also washing about 50,000 boys every week in the baths which it has just opened. Among the youngsters the new baths are far more popular than the novel spankatorium.

Grafting on the part of well-known society women has reached such a state in this city that dressmakers, milliners and department stores generally are seriously considering various means of stopping it. There are not one but many women in New York today who never pay a cent for their clothes, the price coming out of their friends or the shops which they patronize. The strange feature of this graft is found in the fact that it is practised by women who could well afford to pay for their clothes. Indeed it is of necessity practiced only by them since to carry out this game successfully recognized social position is necessary. The method of procedure is surprisingly simple. A woman merely decided which dressmaker she wishes to patronize and then orders her dresses. After the order is given she explains that she has a large number of friends whose trade she could bring to the establishment. Moreover she will promise to bring them provided she is furnished the dress free of charge. Otherwise she will take them elsewhere. Of course

the more prominent the woman the easier the game, and the proprietor can hardly afford to turn down her offer in many event. If she succeeds in carrying out her agreement the cost of her supplies is simply tacked on to her friends bills. If she fails to do so it is paid by the proprietor. This graft applies not only to wearing apparel but to many other things as well. It was recently brought to light that two prominent women, wives of multimillionaires, were getting their portraits for nothing from a photographer who regularly charges \$100 a dozen for pictures. One of the two actually did in exchange bring some of her friends there. The other did nothing. It seems to be a difficult matter to stamp this graft out, for few dealers care to risk offending a wealthy woman who might bring much trade. The evil, however, has grown to such an extent that it bids fair to eliminate itself. With nearly every woman of the set by which it is practiced promising the trade of her friends it is obvious that there is little trade to deliver. In consequence proprietors of supply houses are thinking of agreeing among themselves to discontinue their part of the practice in the future.

By the narrowest sort of a squeak Father Knickerbocker has just escaped a situation which would have made him and his police force the laughing stock of the country generally for years to come. In a word he has just missed appointing as a policeman a notorious burglar and crook. Even with men who have no criminal record on the force there is more than a little complaint of the manner in which some blue-coated officers of the law hold up various interests in their districts. Due for a full fledged burglar to have a job as a policeman would mean an opportunity for loot such as has never before been dreamed of. Among the several thousand applicants who recently passed the civil service examination for the job of patrolman in the Police Department was one Croughan. He made a surprisingly good mark and stood away up in the list of eligibles. So good was his mark indeed that he was called to the office of General

Bingham to receive his appointment. While waiting in the ante-room he was recognized by a special detective and his record brought to light. The man who was within two minutes of being appointed to guard the property of residents in this city had, it was discovered, already served three jail sentences for burglary and in addition had been dishonorably discharged from the army. A warrant was sworn out and Croughan arrested for perjury. But had the man who recognized him turned up three minutes later the city would have enrolled as a police officer a man thrice convicted for burglary and known as one of the leaders in his profession throughout this part of the country.

PROMISE FROM HONDURAS

NEW YORK, July 11.—The Associated Press has received the following despatch from President Cabrera of Guatemala:
"Guatemala will fulfill her international duties. As soon as I receive advice as to what is happening in Honduras I will be pleased to see that they are sent the Associated Press."

(Signed)
"Estrada Cabrera"

STOCK MARKET REVIVES

NEW YORK, July 11.—The stock market has revived this week to a daily average of upwards of half a million shares compared with the absolute stagnation of last week. The bond market also has sensibly improved. The demand is based on great plentitude of money supplies, symptoms of trade revival and the excellent promise for the country's crops contained in the government's estimates.

OHIO ARRIVES AT RADSTEAD.

Is at Sea For 41 Days Owing to the Heavy Ice Floes.

SEATTLE, July 11.—A special cable from Nome to the Post Intelligence says that the steamer Ohio, with 500 passengers arrived in Radstead this morning at three o'clock conferred by the cutters Thetis and McCulloch. She is 41 days from

Seattle, having in the meantime spent nearly a whole month in the ice floes of Bering sea. The Ohio has a small hole in her waterline which comes from bumping into the ice. On account of the length of time the ship was at sea all the ships stores have been consumed and it is necessary to broach the cargo, several tons of merchandise and meat have been taken aboard.

TO LOCATE HEADQUARTERS.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Mr. Hitchcock of the Republican National Committee will leave for Washington next week and probably for New York to make arrangements for a location in that city for the republican national headquarters. They have not yet decided on a location. After locating the headquarters, Hitchcock has not decided the personnel for the national executive committee.

MONUMENT UNVEILING.

OYSTER BAY, July 11.—To the memory of Captain John Underhill, who became prominent in the government of colonies and as a soldier and achieved a high reputation in the Pequot Indian War, had a beautiful monument dedicated to him today before several hundred people and his descendants at Maitencock, New Island. President Roosevelt was at the unveiling and made a short address.

CHAMBERLAIN'S
COLIC, CHOLERA AND
DIARRHOEA
REMEDY

A few doses of this remedy will invariably cure an ordinary attack of diarrhoea. It can always be depended upon, even in the more severe attacks of cramp colic and cholera morbus. It is equally successful for summer diarrhoea and cholera infantum in children, and is the means of saving the lives of many children each year. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. Every man of a family should keep this remedy in his home. Buy it now. PRICE, 25c. LARGE SIZE, 50c.

Have just received a fresh supply of

Imported Macaroni and Spaghetti

and

Martin's Full Cream Cheese

A. V. ALLEN

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