



Barrington Hall The Steel Cut Coffee

Is just pure Mocha and Java prepared in a new way. The coffee berry is cut up (not ground) by knives of almost razor sharpness into small uniform particles. Thus it is not crushed, as by the old method of grinding, and the little oil cells remain unbroken. The essential oil (food product) cannot evaporate and is preserved indefinitely. This is one reason why a pound of Barrington Hall will make 15 to 20 cups more of full strength coffee than will any coffee ground the old way; why it excels all other coffee in flavor and why it will keep perfectly until used.

But the main thing about Barrington Hall Coffee is that it can be used without ill effect by those who find ordinary coffee injures them, because the yellow tannin-bearing skin and dust (the only injurious properties of coffee) are removed by the "steel-cut" process. A delicious coffee not a tasteless substitute.

Price, per pound,

40c POUND

A. V. ALLEN

Sole Agents

EXPENSIVE CRADLES.

Imported Products Come Under "Silks" Schedule.

NEW YORK, April 30.—By a ruling of the board of states general appraisers, the fathers of several lucky Chicago youngsters will have to pay high duty on some remarkable cradles which were imported to their order by a New York and Chicago firm. It was contended by the importers that the cradles should be appraised as "manufactured of wood" with duty at 35 per cent ad valorem.

The appraisers have decided, however, that the silken canopies Afghan pillows and mattresses of the cradles bring them under silk schedule of the tariff with a rate of 60 per cent. The cradles are valued at \$400 each.

One which is said to be intended for the infant heir of one of Chicago's wealthiest men is made of rosewood, in which are carved figures of cherubs and fairies, and is magnificently adorned with silk canopy mattresses and pillows. It is worth \$1000.

FOSSILS ON CAMPUS.

Columbia University Officially Informed of the Fact.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Columbia University learned officially for the first time yesterday that it was harboring many very ancient fossils on the campus. Prof. Grabau, one of the youngest scientific members of the faculty, made the announcement yesterday morning. He discovered them in the paving stones on the campus.

Right in front of the library, he said, there was a large fossil of considerable value. It is the remains of a large cephalopod, nearly a foot long.

"The paving stone on this campus," he said, "is found in Southern Indiana and belongs to the Mississippian series at some distance below the coal measures. The slabs which are used in the pavements contain many fossils that are now very rare and in some cases it would be worth while to dig them out and put them in the paleontological museum. The stone is composed of minute shells which would be of service to those studying the evolutionary side of geology."

BASEBALL SCORES.

At Tacoma—Tacoma 3, Spokane 6.
At Seattle—Seattle 1, Aberdeen 6.
At San Francisco—San Francisco 4, Portland 9.
At Los Angeles—Los Angeles 1, Oakland 8.
At Vancouver—Vancouver 9, Butte 12.

TRI-STATE TRACK MEET.

WALLA WALLA, April 30.—With 175 contestants entered from 19 cities of Washington, Idaho and Oregon the preliminaries in the second annual tri-state inter-scholastic track meet given under the auspices of Whitman College were run off today. Some exceptional times and distances were made. The finals will be held tomorrow.

ANONYMOUS LETTER

Written By Officer of Competing Company

END JUSTIFIED THE MEANS

The Vice-President of the Lake Submarine Company Gives His Reason For Writing the Letters he Wanted to Bid on Submarine Boats.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The investigation into the legislative methods employed by the Electric Boat Company directed by the house of representatives is ended so far as the open sessions of the special committee are concerned. The closing hours were intensely dramatic.

Frederick Brown Whitney, a lawyer, admitted that he was the author of the anonymous letters of February 13 and February 15 to a representative of the Detroit Free Press and State Senator Frank Edinborough, of Michigan, which have figured so prominently in the investigation. The admission by Whitney was made in the form of an affidavit which was read by his counsel, former Senator Thurston of Nebraska. Thurston stated that Whitney was ill, at a hospital in this city and that it would be impossible for him to appear before the committee. In the affidavit Whitney stated that from 1901 to 1904 he was a clerk to the committee of naval affairs of the house of representatives; that shortly afterward he became vice-president of the Lake Torpedo Boat Company which position he held until May, 1906, that he is now vice-president of the Lake Submarine Co., an independent organization, and the reasons for writing the anonymous letters given by Whitney are "That of his own initiative he undertook what appeared to him to be not improper means to have brought to the attention of congress the methods which he had believed had been pursued by the Electric Boat Company in their endeavor to secure through congressional action what might be termed exclusive legislation which would shut out all competition and prevent the Lake Torpedo Company from competing in the United States for submarine torpedo boat construction."

In conclusion the affidavit states that Whitney had no personal knowledge from which he could give any evidence to sustain any of the charges of Representative Lilley.

AGRICULTURAL BILL.

Under Consideration by the Senate All Day.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Senate had under consideration all of today the agricultural bill. Practically all the committee amendments were disposed of except those relating to the forest service which will be taken up tomorrow and which are understood to be likely to provoke debate. The appropriation for a bureau of soils was reduced by the committee to \$200,000 which is all that was asked for by secretary of agriculture. The reading of the bill and the approval of the committee amendments consumed practically all the afternoon. The bill then laid aside until tomorrow, when a discussion of the amendments for forest service will take place.

SUGGESTION TURNED DOWN.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The President's suggestion looking to legislation authorizing the government make a charge for the use of the waters of the streams for power purposes was today negated by the Senate committee on commerce. The vote was three to five against it. There was only a bare quorum present and the result can hardly be accepted as the final announcement of the committee's policy on the subject.

JOHN D.'S CONTRIBUTION.

Pays \$200 a Month to Choir of 12 Voices.

NEW YORK, April 30.—When John D. Rockefeller heard that through lack of funds it had become necessary to dispense with a chorus of 12 voices which had been part of the choir of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church he at once contributed \$12, the smallest amount of money he had ever given to the church. This

For That Tired Feeling

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SPRUCE UP!

We will guarantee you a permanent cure if you let us togg you out.

Drop in today and we will gladly show you our beautiful Spring and Summer assortment of BENJAMIN CLOTHES and NOBBY FURNISHINGS.

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Benjamin Suits \$18 to \$35
Benjamin Top Coats \$20 to \$25
Good Suits \$10 to \$20

IF YOU WANT THEM



"Benjamin" Young Man's Suit

Judd Bros. The Woolen Mill Store....

contribution was as much as was needed and was a very welcome gift. An appropriation of \$200 a month for a chorus of 12 voices was made several months ago, and on last Sunday Charles D. Spencer, one of the trustees of the church announced that as the appropriation had been exhausted the chorus would have to be eliminated. Harry Rowe Shelley, the organist, then took up the matter with Mr. Rockefeller. Members of the choir said last night that they appreciated Mr. Rockefeller's promptness in offering the \$200 a month as much as they did some of his contributions of much greater magnitude.

OPERATION SUCCESSFUL.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Miss Berta Morena, the Munich dramatic soprano who made her American debut at the Metropolitan only a few weeks ago, unknown to all but a few intimate friends was operated on for appendicitis in Mount Sinai hospital, and is now rapidly recovering. Miss Morena has long been a sufferer from appendicitis and her coming to New York last season was prevented by an acute attack.

FORD TRIAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.—The arguments in the Ford trial began today. A motion by the defense to have Judge Lawlor instruct the jury to acquit Ford on the ground that he had previously been in jeopardy was denied. The arguments on this motion were followed by an abrupt ending of presenting evidence during the morning session and occupied the court until late in the day. It is anticipated that the arguments will be concluded and that the case will go to the jury tomorrow.

Old Beau—Williams, are my eyebrows on straight and is my wig properly crumpled? Valet—Yes, sir, but your chest has slipped down a bit. Life.

Improving on Acquaintance. "I cannot see," said candid Clara, "How, when you chance to pass A mirror, Charley, you've the face Ever to face the glass."

"I know," Charley answered her With true humility, "It is a homely face, and yet I find it grows on me."
—Saturday Evening Post.

THE DEED OF A HERO.

How a Brave Boy Helped to Save the Indian Empire.

Not all the courage of war is expended on the battlefield. A boy once performed a deed which contributed greatly to save the Indian empire. At the time, in 1857, he was a mere lad employed as an assistant in the telegraph service. His name was W. Brendish, and he was at the risk of his life a dispatch from Delhi to Umballa which bore the first news of the outbreak. This message, repeated to every town which could be reached, proved of priceless value. Colonel Edward V. Burt in his "Sepoy Mutiny" tells the story of how, to quote the jullela' commissioner of the Punjab, "the electric telegraph saved India."

It was the custom to close the telegraph offices on Sunday between the hours of 9 and 4. On May 19, 1857, as the operator at Delhi was about to close his station he received a message from the Meerut office announcing an uprising in that section. At 4 o'clock, when the office was reopened, connections with Meerut were found to be interrupted.

The telegraph force at Delhi consisted of the chief and two young assistants, Brendish and Pilkington. The office was situated outside of the city about a mile from the gates.

On discovering the break in the connections the chief sent the two lads to test the cable across the river. They found that they could signal to Delhi, but not to Meerut, and reported the fact on their return. It was too late to do anything that night, but the next morning Mr. Todd, the chief, went out himself to investigate the line. He never returned, and, although his fate is unknown, there is little doubt that he was murdered.

The office was thus left in charge of the two lads. Signs of trouble began to be evident close at hand. Brendish, stepping from the door, met a wounded officer, who cried out to him, "For God's sake get inside and close your doors!"

The revolt crept closer and closer. The boys felt that their lives were in danger. Soon they became sure of it. But before they fled to a place of comparative safety they waited to send out to the Indian world the news of the revolt.

Brendish ticked out the message which caused Sir Edward to say: "Look at the courage and sense of that little boy! With shot falling all round him, he stayed to manipulate the message that was the means of saving the Punjab."

The government rewarded Brendish for his services by giving him a life pension, and as an old man he died in the India he had helped to preserve.

SPORTING GOODS. THAT MAKE GOOD



Whitman's Book Store

Sporting Goods

Just received a complete line of the **Reach Base Ball Goods**. Including MITTS, BALLS and BATS. Your choice of FISHING POLES from \$12.50 and down.

The Foard & Stokes Hardware Co
Incorporated
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