



## MIMIC WAR DECLARED

### Drills Finish—The Fight Commences

### EVERYTHING IS READY

### Still Further Improvement is Shown by the Militiamen

### OBSERVATIONS BY OFFICERS

At Fort Stevens Yesterday Little Was To Be Done As All Preparations Have Been Made—Some Firing Done—Militia Officers in Camp.

Yesterday, at Fort Stevens, was somewhat quiet. The "calm before the storm" was very much in evidence and anticipation showed among the Guardsmen.

Instructions have ceased but drilling has been carried on to some extent. It was at first thought that it would be necessary to carry instructions up to the time of simulated hostilities but so apt were the Guardsmen that instructions ceased on Tuesday afternoon and practice has been indulged in since.

Yesterday the infantry drilled, in the forenoon, on the beach, and in the afternoon were relieved from drill duty. Battery Clark was worked during the forenoon and part of the afternoon. Eight shots in all were fired at a moving target at the same distance as used Wednesday, with good results. Three hits were made which was considered a very good showing for a first attempt. All the work was done by the militia as on Wednesday.

During the afternoon the officers of the Third Regiment, O. N. G., with several of the post officers visited Fort Canby which is a fine point from which to observe the field of proposed operations on the water. The positions of the forts, buoys, channels, etc., were viewed for the purpose of enlightening the officers of the militia with the location of these features. An interesting afternoon was spent and the party returned yesterday evening. There will be no set program for today. At 8 a. m. the simulate hostilities will begin. Each vessel, larger than a fish boat, entering from the sea will be considered as an advance of the enemy and will be made an imaginary target of. The government boat, the Guy Howard, will be Sensitive will be considered as the points of observations will commence not been stated but will be used in this drill. The infantry will patrol the beach and be in readiness to repel landing parties. The troops at troops landed under cover of fire and will be treated as such. The lines of action to be taken have not been divulged as it is intended that the maneuvers shall be as near as in actual war as is possible.

Day and night calls will come without warning but it is safe to say that the men will be found ready for them. Searchlights will play upon the harbor at night and telephone stations at the points of observations will communicate with all the stations to warn the officers of the approach of the enemy. Whether the Seaside troops will attack Fort Stevens or vice versa has not been stated but that will develop in time.

Officers in camp at Forts Stevens and Columbia are:  
At Fort Stevens,  
\*Lieut. Col. J. H. Poorman.  
\*Major John L. May.  
\*Capt. L. H. Knapp, quartermaster.

Lieut. Reese H. Leabo, adjutant.  
\*Capt. F. C. Brosius, surgeon.  
Capt. J. M. Williams, 1st S. B., Eugene.  
Capt. Samuel White, Co. A, Baker City.  
Capt. R. O. Scott, Co. K, Portland.  
\*Capt. Carl Hammond, 1st S. B., Eugene.  
\*Capt. L. H. Bowman Co. C, Portland.  
\*First Lieut. Raymond Bobb, Co. A, 1st S. B., Eugene.  
First Lieut. R. W. Haynes, Co. A, Baker City.  
Second Lieut. J. M. Rennie, Co. C, 1st S. B., Eugene.  
Second Lieut. George H. Schunaker, Co. A, Baker City.  
At Fort Columbia.  
\*Capt. Charles A. Murphy, Co. M, Salem.  
\*Capt. Walter W. Wilson, Co. B, Portland.  
First Lieut. R. W. Holman, Co. M, Salem.  
\*First Lieut. W. F. Dougherty, Co. R, Portland.  
Second Lieut. Carlo Abrams, Co. M, Salem.  
Second Lieut. Clyde Spooner, Co. B, Portland.  
\*First Lieut. C. C. McCormick, is surgeon at the Fort Columbia camp.  
\*Spanish war veterans.

### NOTES

Visitors to the interesting spectacle of simulated hostilities will be made welcome. Disabuse your mind of the idea that you will be in the way. Everything is done to make it pleasant for visitors and all questions are readily answered.

The officers of the fort speak very highly of the demeanor of the men in the ranks of the Third Regiment, O. N. G., and say that they are a fine body of men.  
Wilford La Fleur, "chef" of the 63rd C. A. C., is an old-timer at the business. He has been in the army for 15 years and says that he will cook with any other army chef for money, marbles or glory.

## A FATAL EXPLOSION

### Private Receives Frightful Injuries by Bursting Gun

### GUN BECOMES OVERHEATED

### Private Tobassen of the 62nd Company Received Full Force of Charge Which Blew Off One Arm and Badly Mangled His Head.

PORT TOWNSEND, July 11.—One man killed and two severely burned is the record of the ceremonies marking the reception of Governor Meade and his staff at Fort Worden today. As the visitors approached the dock in the United States engineer steamboat, Genl. Wilson, the governor's salute of 17 guns was fired from the rapid fire battery. One gun became overheated and as the charge was driven home it exploded. Private Tobassen of the 62nd Company, received the full force of the charge which blew off one arm and badly smashed his head, forcing both eyes out of their sockets. The injured man died on the way to the hospital. Two other privates were seriously burned.

### MAYOR BALKS.

### Refuses To Sign Warrants Drawn in Favor of Goodin.

Mayor Wise filed a communication with the city council in not signing the warrants drawn in favor of W. A. Goodin. He holds that a contractor is responsible for any accidents involving extra expense until a contract is completed. The city attorney is of the same opinion. Mr. Wise says to divide bills into amounts of \$100 and passing them as emergencies would involve a dangerous precedent.

## HAYWOOD ON STAND AGAIN

### Gives Narrative of His Whole Life

### FIRST SEEMED NERVOUS

### Testimony Chiefly Characterized by Denials of Allegations Made Against Him

### DENIES EVERY ALLEGATION

### State Directed Its Strongest Attack Against the Circumstances Under Which the Federation Came to the Relief of Orchard When Arrested.

BOISE, July 11.—William D. Haywood took oath today in his own behalf and in a lengthy narrative of his life and his work as leader of his fellow miners that was interrupted by adjournment, denied his guilt of the murder of Frank Steunenberg and the manifold crimes charged against him by Orchard. Haywood was pale and trembled with nervousness when he left the table of his counsel and walked around to the elevated stand where he faced the judge and jury and raised his right hand to be sworn. When he began to respond to Darrow's questions his voice was low and somewhat uncertain, but within 10 minutes he had regained his composure and for the rest of the afternoon he was master of his feelings. Haywood's testimony was chiefly characterized by positive denials of allegations made against him by the prosecution. He denied that he met Orchard until sometime after the Vindicator explosion; denied he had sent Orchard back to Cripple Creek to blow up the Independence station; denied participation in the Gregory murder; and denied suggesting or discussing the Steunenberg murder. He swore he never gave Orchard any money at any time or place for any purpose. He declared he never made a threat against Steunenberg, whom he said he regarded only as a politician who was being swayed by capitalist influence. He told of a number of occasions when he met Orchard in Denver in the ordinary course of his relations with the Federation and George A. Pettibone, and said that he saw Orchard for the last time in August, 1905, when Orchard told him that he was going to Alaska, and Haywood said that he chided him for deserting his wife at Cripple Creek.

Direct examination had not reached the action of the Federation after Steunenberg was murdered when adjournment was taken. The state completed its cross-examination of Moyer at noon and in dealing with his testimony directed its strongest attack against the circumstances under which the Federation at the suggestion of Simpkins came to the relief of Orchard when he was arrested for killing Governor Frank Steunenberg.

Senator Borah who conducted the examination emphasized the connection of Simpkins and the Federation and in fact the Federation without inquiry as to the guilt or innocence of Orchard gave \$1500 from its treasury to provide for his defense. He also developed the fact that the Federation is providing for the defense of Steve Adams who is charged with killing two claim jumpers at the instigation of Simpkins a few days before Steunenberg was assassinated and which is traced to Orchard by an unsigned note which he got at the Caldwell jail and the coincidence of dates.

### KOKOALS POW-WOW.

PITTSBURG, July 11.—Today begins the second annual pow-wow of the Order of Kokoal and already there are several hundred delegates and members present. Kokoal, although but two years old, has 2000 members. Its purpose is to cultivate fraternal relations among employes and owners of coal companies and other branches of the fuel industry, aims to "establish the square deal and eliminate the knocker."

### DIFFICULT PROBLEM.

NEW YORK, July 11.—Announcement is made that in their efforts to solve the problem of the Brooklyn bridge crush, the public service commission will employ several of the best known engineers in the country. The bridge crush has for several years been one of the most pressing in the local transit problems. Many people have been killed and many injured during the rush hours.

### BROKERS RESTRAINED.

CHICAGO, July 11.—Fifty-four ticket brokers were temporarily enjoined from traffic in railway tickets today by Judge Kohlsaat of the Federal Court. Seventeen suits brought by the railroads aiming to put the brokers out of business have been pending for more than a year, and the injunctions issued today are the result.

### GIVE IN TO DEMANDS.

HAVANA, July 11.—It is reported that the cigar manufacturers will meet today and adopt a resolution giving in to the strikers demand and they will reopen all their factories. The strikers say that they will return only on the conditions which exceed except as to the character of the wages before the strike was re-established, which must be in American money. The strikers estimate that they have lost \$4,000,000 in the strike.

## FEDERAL UNIVERSITY

### Educators at Los Angeles Favor Such a Move

### OLD WAY OF SPELLING GOOD

### Committee Was Appointed To Investigate Shortage of Teachers, Also for Best Way of Teaching Morals in the Public Schools.

LOS ANGELES, July 11.—The National Council and board of directors of the National Educational Association took action on many important matters bearing upon the work of the association. Among the important things on which the national council took action was the appointment of a committee to work for the international association of educational workers; an appropriation of money for committees in the investigation of the shortage of teachers and for the establishment of a National Federal University at Washington. Also for ascertaining the best way of teaching morals in public schools.

The election of officers headed by Joseph Swain of Swathmore College was completed. The board of directors took a backward step in simplified spelling by voting to resume the spelling of the words "Through," "Though," and "Thorough" in the standard style. It also chose Cleveland as the meeting place for the next convention in 1908 and took favorable action on a National University and other projects favored by the national council. At the night session the general addresses were delivered by the leading educators of the country.

### YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL SCORES.

At Los Angeles—Los Angeles 3, Oakland 3.  
At San Francisco—Portland 2, San Francisco 3.  
At Seattle—Seattle 4, Vancouver 0.  
At Aberdeen—Aberdeen 9, Spokane 8.

## DR. BOXTON TESTIFIES

### Tells Story of His Debauchment

### HE DOES NOT HESITATE

### Delmas Makes Many Clever Objections During the Examination of Witness

### JUDGE LAYS BAN ON LAWYERS

### Delmas and Heney Indulge in Sharp Retorts to the Amusement of the Spectators and the Decided Displeasure of Judge Lawler.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—Dr. Charles Boxton, the temporary Mayor of San Francisco, on the witness stand today in the Glass trial told the story of his debauchment by Theodore V. Halsey, the indicted agent of the Pacific States Telephone Company who he testified paid him \$5000 "Mostly in \$100 bills" for having voted and used his influence as supervisor against granting rival franchise to the Home Telephone Company.

Boxton was the last and only important witness of an otherwise tedious day. He was not a reluctant nor yet a noticeably willing testifier but his examination by Heney was so spread about by clever objections from Delmas, often sustained, that at length the gore of the assistant district attorney arose and he hotly accused his veteran adversary of trying to cloud the issue and impede justice. An indulgent reply from the velvet front pew of the synagogue court room where sit the defendants attorneys provoked the prosecutor to audible thanksgiving that though other folks' veins might be filled with ice water his were not and when Delmas had respondingly alluded to the "Dutch" in his opponent's make-up, Judge Lawler laid the ban on the two of them.

"No more of those exhibitions," he warned. But for all that they clashed against some 20 minutes later.

Heney objected to a question interpolated by Delmas and was sustained. Subsequently at a whispered word from one of his associates, he withdrew his objections.

"Oh," smiled Delmas, with irritating good humor, "I thought you would do that."

"I withdrew my objection," retorted Heney, "because I think it is not a wise one and because,—with what looked like a nod and a wink at the jury, "I am willing to help you build up your reputation by making as much out of that as you can."

"I fear," mocked Delmas, "That the structure you refer to will gain nothing from your quarter," and then in the midst of a responsive titter he launched a vigorous objection to his "learned" adversary's nod and wink. When they had fought about it a little while, Judge Lawler remarked with a show of displeasure: "I thought the court instructed you gentlemen to proceed with the witness. I thought I stated these exhibitions between counsel must cease."

Delmas smiled across the chancel space, murmuring: "You hot headed —" "I'm not hot headed," protested Heney flushing up.

portant meeting of the board of supervisors." It was then 4:30 and Judge Lawler reluctantly consented, after it appeared that Henry T. Scott of the Pacific States Company, the next witness on the prosecutions' list, was not in attendance, though he had been specially summoned. The judge stated that if any witnesses are absent when court is called tomorrow, he will have them brought there by process.

### ENDEAVORS ACT.

### Move to Hold Next Convention at St. Paul.

SEATTLE, July 11.—After a debate lasting several hours the trustees of the Society of Christian Endeavor decided that the convention to be held in 1909 should take place at St. Paul. This was the first real day of work for the convention. All day long meetings were held for the discussion of topics pertinent to the society and many prominent men delivered addresses.

### ADJUST TARIFF ISSUES.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—Some concern is expressed at the State Department at the reported unfavorable impression created in Paris by the proposition to adjust the tariff issues between America and France.

It is pointed out that America is not seeking to acquire any new privileges under the French tariff. The fact is that this government is simply trying to avert the application of new French laws that will bear hard upon American commerce.

### FIFTY SIX UNIONS REPRESENTED.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Conventions of the Women's Trade League will be held on Sunday, simultaneously in New York, Boston and Chicago. Fifty six unions of working women have sent word that they will be represented at the convention.

## SAW MILL DESTROYED

### Fire Destroys Lumber Plant at Cascade Locks

### CAUSES LOSS OF \$150,000

### Flames Annihilate Every Building Between the Mill and the River—Telegraph Poles Are Burned and the Wires Laid Prostrate.

PORTLAND, July 11.—A special to the Oregonian from the Cascade Locks says:

The fire which originated in the boiler-room of the plant, destroyed the Wind River Lumber Company's mill at the Cascade Locks and driven by a heavy wind, the flames consumed every building between the mill and the river. The loss is over \$150,000. Telegraph poles are burned and the wires prostrated. The east-bound O. R. & N. trains are delayed several hours.

### WAR IMPOSSIBLE.

### Count Katozomo Says Japan is Not So Ready for War.

COLORADO SPRINGS, July 11.—Count Katozomo of Tokio, who was spending the day here en route to San Francisco stated today that the last thing Japan wants is war with the United States. He says Japan has not recovered from her war with Russia. In the first place he says his country would not have money enough to carry on a prolonged struggle and secondly that it has all the territory it can handle. Concerning the transfer of the fleet from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the Count said it is a move that might be looked for at any time. He says he does not regard it as a warlike move any more than he would if his country should send a large fleet to England or France.