

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED-GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Apply to Mrs. Christensen, Flavel Building. 5-28-tf.

WANTED-SALESMEN, MANY MAKE \$100 to \$150 per month. Some even more. Stock clean; grown on Reservation, far from old orchards. Cash advanced weekly. Choice of territory. Address Washington Nursery Company, Toppenish, Washington. 9-25-tf

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE.

I HAVE TWO HOUSES AND SIX lots in Warrenton centrally located. O. F. Morton, the real estate dealer, 430 Commercial street, opp. Astorian office.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED-UPHOLSTERING AND all kinds of repair work; mattresses made over and returned the same day. Leave orders for Bob Davis, Parker House. 5-26-07.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST-AN IRISH WATER SPANIEL; bitch; color, pearl brown; answers to the name of Jessie. Return to Hoag No. 1 and receive reward. 5-28-tf.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE OF A 9-ROOM HOUSE for sale; this is a good chance if you are looking for furniture. Address M. W. P., Astorian.

BOAT AND NET (2 1/2 MESH) FOR sale at Booth Cannery. Apply 357 Bond street. Joe Therlich. 5-26-07.

A FINE LOT OF LACE CURTAINS at Henningsen's Furniture Store, 304 Bond. 1mo.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons owing any money to the old firm of Foard & Stokes Co., to pay same by the first day of June, 1907, at the Foard & Stokes Hardware Store. After that date all the old accounts will be turned over to our attorney, Mr. Abercrombie, for collection.

FOARD & STOKES CO. 5-23-107.

HOUSE MOVERS.

FREDRECKSON BROS-We make a specialty of house moving, carpenters, contractors, general jobbing; prompt attention to all orders. Corner Tenth and Duane.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NICK PAPAZERES, THE GREEK DIVER, has just received a new diving machine from the old country. Dives from 25 to 30 fathoms in shallow water stays down half a day at a time. Leave orders at 417 Bond St. Market, or D. Falangos, Clifton.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. A. GILBAUGH & CO., Undertakers and Embalmers. Experienced Lady Assistant When Desired.



Calls Promptly Attended Day or Night. Patton Bldg. 12th and Duane Sts ASTORIA, OREGON Phone Main 2111

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritation or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painful, and not straining or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, \$1.00, or 3 bottles \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

LAUNDRIES.

BUTTON HOLE AT THE BACK. Your experience with it has no doubt lead to much vexation, possibly profanity. Broke your fingernail trying to pry it up from the neck-band, eh! You won't have that that experience if you send your shirts to us; we save you this trouble, and danger of tearing the shirt. Try us and see, TROY LAUNDRY, Tenth and Duane Sts. Phone 1921

JAPANESE GOODS.

L. S. ANDERSON 405 Bond St., Corner 9th. Just received \$1500 worth of Ladies' Underwear. All the latest fancy styles. Also fine line of Wrappers at very reasonable prices.

New Spring Stock Of Chinese Silk Shirt Waists. Finest New Patterns.

\$4.50 and \$5 Waists for \$3 and \$3.25. \$3.50 Waists for \$2.75

Great Reduction in Tilt-Kenney Shoes \$5 to \$6 Shoes For \$4.50.

INEXPENSIVE JAPANESE FIXINGS, MADE OF BAM BOO, LIGHT, STRONG, HAND-MADE, TABLES, STANDS, CHAIRS, WHAT-NOTS, CASKETS, SHELVING, ETC.

Yokohama Bazaar 425 Commercial St., Astoria.

PLEASANT HOUR

ENTERTAINMENT

VAUDEVILLE AT THE LOUVRE

And Vaudeville that really Amuses and Interests you. Weekly Changes of Program and Each Change an Improvement

SPECIALTIES THIS WEEK

SIGNA ROBERTS Magnificent Contralto Singer in all the Current Gems of Song and Realistic Swedish Character Act

LENA OMEEN Turkish Dancer

ELAINE FOREST High Soprano Singer

MARIE WANDRUTH Flute Solist. Mistress of all Lady Melodists

FLORIENE Soprano Vocalist

ADMISSION FREE LINDBECK & WIRKALA Props.

MEDICAL.

Unprecedented Success of DR. C. GEE WO THE GREAT CHINESE DOCTOR Who is known throughout the United States on account of his wonderful cures.

No poisons nor drugs used. He guarantees to cure asthma, lung and throat trouble, rheumatism, nervousness, stomach, liver, and kidney, female complaints and all chronic diseases. SUCCESSFUL HOME TREATMENT. If you cannot call write for symptom blank and circular. Inclosing 4 cents in stamps.

THE C. GEE WO MEDICINE CO. 162 1/2 First St., Corner Morrison, PORTLAND, OREGON. Please mention the Astorian

A. GOLDSTEIN FINE PANTS TAILOR 207 Commonwealth Building PORTLAND OREGON EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE TRADE

Morning Astorian, 50 cents per month, delivered by carrier.

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JOHN C. McCUE. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY Page Bdg. Room 37.

HOWARD M. BROWNELL.

Attorney-at-Law. Office with Mr. J. A. Eakin, at No. 425 Commercial St., Astoria.

DENTISTS.

DR. VAUGHAN, DENTIST Pythian Building, Astoria, Oregon.

DR. W. C. LOGAN DENTIST Commercial St. Shanahan Build

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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HOTEL PORTLAND Finest Hotel in the Northwest. PORTLAND, ORE.

RESTAURANTS.

Tokio Restaurant 531 Bond Street Opposite Ross, Higgins & Co

First-Class Meals.

Coffee with Pie or Cake 10c

Regular Meals 15c, up

First Class Meal 15c

Coffee with Pie, Cake or Doughnuts 10 cents. U. S. RESTAURANT 434 Bond Street.

Telephone 1681 Main. 399 Bond Street. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

THE ASTORIA RESTAURANT MANG HING, Prop. The Finest 25c meal served in Astoria. Your Patronage Solicited. Courteous Treatment to All. GAME IN SEASON ASTORIA, OREGON.

BROWN-FORMAN CO.

DISTILLERS

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

Old Forester Whiskey High in Quality and Price

Tucker Whiskey Best Value on the Coast

Major Paul Whiskey Noted for its Fine Flavor

AMERICAN IMPORTING CO

DISTRIBUTORS

ASTORIA, OREGON

THE SAVOY

Popular Concert Hall.

Good music. All are welcome. Corner Seventh and Astor.

A REPLY TO "THE STRIKE-BREAKER"

ASTORIA CENTRAL LABOR COUNCIL TAKES EXCEPTION TO AN ASTORIAN EDITORIAL ON A VITAL LABOR QUESTION.

Editor Morning Astorian:

In your issue of May 14th, in an article headed "The Strike Breaker," he is described as representing a high type of manhood, as a man who engages in breaking a strike because he is brave, because he is "caring for some cherished mother, wife, sister or other dependent kin," and that "he is a potent factor in the new future, and his hands should be held aloft."

The Astoria Labor Council, the federation of the labor unions of this city, has instructed us to expose the fallacy of this eulogy of the man who is commonly known as "scab." We therefore most respectfully ask you to give space to our communication.

We have to admit that the article is ably written, that in it appeal is made to man's regard for him who braves danger for his independence and of his loved ones. But when the article is closely examined in the light of actual events, very quickly it is discovered that it is simply another case of the devil quoting scripture to compass his ends, that with peculiar ingenuity "the worse, is made to appear the better reason."

To fairly present the type of the strike breaker for judgment, it is necessary to inquire into the causes that bring about strikes.

Men and women, united in unions of their various callings, at times cease work, "strike," either against an attempt on the part of the employers to lower wages and lengthen the working hours, or they strike for better wages, shorter hours or for other conditions that will insure better terms of employment. When a strike occurs, the employers, to subdue this insubordination of their employes, bring in other workers, the "strike breakers," to compel the strikers to give up their contentions and return to work at the employers' terms. In nearly all cases the strike breakers are only temporarily retained as employes, for as soon as the strike is lost, that is, as soon as the old employes lose hope of winning the strike and declare it off and apply for work, the strike breakers are discharged and the old and experienced hands again taken on. The history of strikes fully proves this statement.

In this question of the strike breaker, his eulogy or condemnation, we must go to the very roots of our system of industry. With the advent of machine production in the middle and latter part of the eighteenth century, the unions of workers sprang into existence because necessity compelled them to unite. Before the machine concentrated production into large factories, the producer of an article was in most cases also its seller, he worked in his shop with a few journeymen and apprentices, who in turn set up in business for themselves when they could pass the required examination of skill. But with the coming of the machine propelled by steam, large capital was needed to start in business, large numbers of employes were required to give best results. Hence factories employing from 10 to 10,000 workers were started. Long hours of labor, from 12 to 16 hours per day, were the rule, likewise small pay. If the individual complained, he was told he could quit and seek another job, where, however, the same conditions existed. If he took that advice he was quickly replaced and the grind went on unchecked. But when the workers united in their protest and unitedly quit work when such protest was not heeded, the factory had to shut down, and before it secured another set of proficient employes, a great deal of money was lost by the owners. At times by the threat of withholding their labor power, and at times by the actual withholding of such power, the workers have steadily in nearly all industrial, civilized countries reduced the life-killing long hours of labor and secured a wage that enables them to properly clothe and feed themselves and those that depend upon them.

The world's greatest students in the economic field, men like Professor Thorndal Rogers of Oxford University, is his "Six Hundred Years of Work and Wages," and Professor Ely in his history of Trades Unions, and a host of others, have fully demonstrated that the trades unions more than any other agency have made for the advancement of civilization. Every one admits that the true gauge of a country's progress and civilization is not the wealth of the few, but the prosperity of the many. Is it then, any wonder that the strike breaker, the scab, is despised by the workers who are conscious that in unity of action

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222 Twelfth Street. Next to the Astoria Theatre.

is their only chance of improvement, for given enough strike breakers the employers can at all times impose upon their workers long hours of toil, low wages and conditions of employment which though nominally free, are sometimes worse than those suffered by the slaves of old. It is a well-known fact that human greed is callous, that it can only be checked by stern and united resistance.

Let us come down to matters of the present, familiar to all observers. When the automatic coupler was invented, the railroad managers refused to put it on the cars because it meant the expenditure of some money. The trades unions of this country, through the voting power of their members, compelled congress to pass a law requiring the placing on every car of such couplers. These couplers now yearly save thousands of lives of railroad employes. With plenty of strike breakers in the land that could be depended upon to break up our unions, the murdering and maiming of these railroad workers would continue.

There are now many railroad accidents, causing great loss of life. What is the cause of these accidents in many if not the majority of cases? Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, recently proved it on the floor of the U. S. Senate, when his bill, limiting the work of train crews to 16 hours in every 24, was up for discussion, that a large number of disastrous train wrecks were caused by train wrecks were caused by trainmen being compelled to work more than 16 hours per day. This bill, against the protest and filibustering of senators with railroad collars around their necks, became law because the railroad brotherhoods, backed by other labor unions, insisted on its passage.

With "hero" strike breakers and no railroad brotherhoods in consequence, railroad engineers could still be compelled to continuously work 20 or more hours, until exhausted nature could stand the strain no longer and a sleeping engineer, with the throttle in his hand, along with a score of passengers, would be hurled to death.

Take for instance the strike of the carmen at San Francisco. In that city since the earth quake, rent and general living expenses have enormously increased. Likewise traffic conditions, on account of congestion caused by the rebuilding of the city, are so crowded in certain limits that the carmen have to perform during the day almost twice the amount of work they did before the earthquake. They ask that they be paid \$3 for an 8-hour day. The United Railroads, a street railroad trust which never hesitates for the sake of selfish gain, to corrupt city officials, though it may cost over half a million dollars as it did in San Francisco, proclaims it cannot afford to pay these wages to the employes and imports gun fighters from Kentucky and from the slums of New York, Chicago, Boston and other large cities to temporarily run its cars, paying these gun fighters \$3.50 per day and giving them free lodging and food. Will this corporation continue to pay these wages when the strike is broken? Certainly not. It will discharge these men who will live in idleness until another call comes from some other city to act as strike breakers, as "heroes."

Another instance in point. There are 2000 laundry workers now on strike in San Francisco. Six years ago, when they were not united, these laundry workers, about 1000 women and 400 men, worked from 12 to 16 hours per day. And what work in a steam laundry on a hot day means, only those who have been through one, understand. For this work the men were paid from \$10 to \$16 per week and the women from \$4 to \$7. In some of these laundries there were bunk houses where from 50 to 200 women were housed and fed by the companies on food that would nauseate a dog. One half of their weekly earnings usually went for such food and lodging. Disease and prostitution under such conditions were inevitable concomitants. Since organization these men and women have increased their wages to a decent living standard, have abolished the bunk-house system, reduced the hours of labor to nine and are now striking for the 8-hour day. The strike breaking "heroes," should they succeed in de-

fecting the Laundry Workers' Union, would bring back the conditions existing 6 years ago. And the writer in the Astorian says of the strike breaker "he is a potent factor in the new future, and his hands should be held aloft."

The work of the Fishermen's Union of this city is also illustrative how united action compels fairer treatment of the workers. In 1886, the packers offered 55 cents per salmon. The fishermen organized into a union and demanded and got after a short strike 65 cents. This increase, figured on the year's pack, gave the fishermen \$134,555.00 over and above what they would have received for their fish had they remained unorganized or if the strike breakers had caused the loss of the strike. The next year the price set by the Union was 80 cents for cannery gear and 90-cents for private gear. As the market price of canned salmon well enabled the packers to pay this price, and as also the packers knew that they had to deal with the united fishermen, that price was paid, and the fishermen's increased share was \$328,600.00. And from the date of the organization of the Fishermen's Union, from the date when men were assured that for their labor they could demand and receive a fair price, really starts in Astoria the building by fishermen of homes for themselves and families. Up to that time the great majority of the fishermen on the river were single men, who drifted here for a few months fishing and then left for other places. The prosperity and the morals of Astoria have been greatly improved because there was and is a Fisherman's Union, because there were never enough strike-breakers to disrupt that union.

Hundred, nay thousand other instances could be mentioned, where the unions of labor have made for the mental, moral and economic advancement of their members and of society generally, while the strike-breaker, like the Hessian he is, has for a few pieces of silver always been ready to do the dirty work of our industrial barons.

Professor Elliott, the defender of caste, privilege and pelf, as represented by men of the Rockefeller, Harriman and Calhoun type of Americans, has called the scab a hero, the true type of American manhood. He has been answered and answered truly that if "a scab is a hero, then Judas Iscariot and Benedict Arnold likewise were heroes."

H. M. LORNTSEN, JOS. A. BERG, J. F. WELCH, Press Committee of Astoria Central Labor Council.

More News From the New England States. If any one has any doubt as to the virtue of Foley's Kidney Cure, they need only to refer to Mr. Alvin H. Stimpson, of Willimantic, Conn., who, after almost losing hope of recovery, on account of the failure of so many remedies, finally tried Foley's Kidney Cure, which he says was "just the thing" for him, as four bottles cured him completely. He is now entirely well and free from all the suffering incident to acute kidney trouble. T. F. Laurin, Owl Drug Store.

IF YOU DON'T succeed the first time use Herbine and you will get instant relief. The greatest liver regulator. A positive cure for Constipation, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Chills and all liver complaints. Mr. C. of Emory, Texas, writes: "My wife has been using Herbine for herself and children for five years. It is a sure cure for constipation and malaria fever, which is substantiated by what it has done for my family." Sold by Hart's drug store.

NOTICE FOR BIDS. Bids will be received by the school board of district No. 1 for painting the McClure school building, both inside and outside, and for calkoming the plaster work. Bids will be received up to 2 o'clock p. m. on Tuesday, June 11, 1907. Specifications can be seen at the office of the district clerk in the city hall. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Address all communications to A. L. Clark, clerk of the district. Astoria, Or., May 24, 1907. 5-25-07.