



## SAN JOSE FIRE TRAP

### Several Believed to Have Perished.

## WORK OF INCENDIARY

### Fire Started in Livery Barn Many Horses Also Burned to Death.

## FOUR BODIES RECOVERED

### Blaze Started in Barn With Candle in Bucket of Shavings Near Loose Hay—Many of the Inmates Escaped Half Clad to Street.

SAN JOSE, Cal., May 25.—Two identified bodies were taken from a disastrous fire on Market street this afternoon and with the one identified as that of John McDonald an employe of the San Jose Water Company and one recovered this forenoon, brings in the death list up to four.

That ten or a dozen other bodies are in the ruins the fireman and the searching party have little doubt from examination of burned premises which were a veritable fire trap, and the statements of the keeper of the lodging house. G. W. Laverty was arrested today on suspicion of having set fire to the feed store where the blaze started. It is alleged that Laverty was seen yesterday by one of his former employes in the act of cutting up a lap robe, a portion of which was found by the police and firemen and was well soaked with coal oil.

At 3 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the rear of Brown's commission store and a few minutes spread to Laverty's livery stable and to the Union Lodginghouse, directly above it. Twenty horses in Laverty's stable were burned but those in Brown's barn were saved. A large bucket in which was a piece of candle surrounded by a quantity of rags, saturated with coal oil, was found in the rear of Brown's place, near a lot of loose hay, indicating that the fire was the work of an incendiary. When the fire was first discovered there about 40 people asleep in the Union Lodging House and the stamping of the terrified horses in the stables below gave them timely alarm. Rushing into the halls, half clad, groping their way through the choking, blinding smoke, many of the frightened inmates reached the street in safety.

## LOVE FEAST.

### Labor And Capital To Meet In Chicago On July 4th.

CHICAGO, May 25.—A labor and capital "love feast" to take place on July 4, is being arranged by a number of labor leaders and business men of Chicago. The scheme was given an impetus last night when the Associated Building Trades, representing 35 labor organizations with a membership of more than 40,000 men gave its indorsement to the plan and agreed to cooperate in carrying it to a successful conclusion. It is expected many other unions will assist. Vice President Fairbanks has accepted an invitation to speak on the occasion. Other public men, including Governor Folk of Missouri, Governor Deneen of Illinois, United States Senator Cullom and Hopkins and several members of the Illinois Legislature also will be asked to deliver addresses. The feast will be held in some large park, where 10,000 to 20,000 people can get together.

## DEFENDS MCGRAW'S MEN.

### President Pulliam Of National Defends The Giants.

NEW YORK, May 25.—Harry C. Pulliam, president of the National League has issued a statement defending the New York players against criticism in the Chicago series. He calls attention to the fact that but one New York player has been removed from the game this season and says:

"The New York management is doing all in its power to co-operate with me in ridding the game of objectionable features and it should not be condemned for the action of a few roughts in a crowd of 20,000 who took advantage of the denial of police protection to the home club, a condition which does not exist in any other city of our circuit."

"In all cases where players of any club have transgressed the rules they have been disciplined without fear or favor, and there will be no deviation from this policy in the future."

## SENTENCED TO DEATH.

### Nineteen Men Charged With Complicity in Plot on Cabrera's Life.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 25.—News was received here yesterday of the imprisonment and sentencing to death of 19 men charged with complicity in the recent attempt to assassinate President Cabrera of Guatemala.

## FRISCO JAPS KICK

### Restaurant and Bath-house Demolished by Mob.

## OFFICIALS INVESTIGATING

### Japanese Government and Officials Protest to Secretary Root Who Orders Investigations Through Two Different Routes—Protest Sent To Governor.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Information that the Japanese have been subjected to ill treatment and indignities in San Francisco came to the State Department today from two sources, and Secretary Root has taken measures for the protection of the Japanese through two channels.

Ambassador Wright, at Tokio, cabled that the Jap restaurants and Jap bath house in San Francisco had been demolished by a mob, and Viscount Aoki, the Japanese Ambassador here, laid before Secretary Root dispatches from the Japanese counsel-general at San Francisco detailing the same occurrences. Root at once made a request on Attorney-General Bonaparte, that the United States District Attorney in San Francisco be directed to make an immediate investigation, Bonaparte thereupon telegraphed both the United States District Attorney and the United States Marshal at San Francisco to forward their reports by telegraph.

Beside setting to work the machinery of the Federal Government, Root telegraphed the information to Governor Gillette of California. In this telegram he called upon California to perform the duty imposed upon her by the treaty between the United States and Japan, which stipulates that Japanese shall have the right to reside in the United States and shall have full protection to their persons, property and business. No reply has been received from Gillette.

The double move affording protection to the Japanese was taken by Root because of what is regarded as doubtful authority vested in the officers of the Federal Government to prosecute violations of the criminal law. The secretary did not go so far as to say the Federal Government is without authority in this respect, in the absence of procedure by the state, but he admits that the Federal jurisdiction may be weak. As to the merits of the case Root is inclined to ascribe the occurrences, both reports of which come through Japanese sources, to the dis-

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## MILLIONAIRES INDICTED

### Grand Jury Finds More Bribery.

## RUEF STICKS TO ELISOR

### Others Indicted Give Large Bail Required—The Boss Makes no Effort.

## \$3,350,000 BAIL REQUIRED

### Enormous Sum Required of Persons Indicted For Bail—Ruef's Bail Alone Reaches Total of \$1,250,000—Grand Jury Adjourned Until June 10.

## SAN FRANCISCO, May 25.—Six more

millionaires and multi-millionaires, some of them well known throughout the country, fell under the accusation of the Oliver Grand Jury this evening, when that body just before adjournment till June 10, returned 14 indictments jointly against G. H. Umbsen, J. E. Green and E. I. Brobek, charging them with the attempted bribery of public officials and 14 indictments, jointly against Frank G. Drum, Eugene De Sable and John Martin charging them with the bribery of public officials. With the former group, Ruef was jointly indicted; with latter both Ruef and Schmitz. In all 28 indictments were found today, containing 126 counts and calling for bail bonds in a total sum of \$1,250,000. Umbsen, Green, Brobek and Ruef are accused by the grand jury of offering a bribe of \$1000 each to Supervisors Boston, Coffey, Coleman, Davis, Duffey, Furey, Gallagher, Harrigan, Keller, Loneragan, Mamlock, McGushin, Phillips and Walsh on November 10, 1906, to award to the Parkside Company a street railway franchise. This franchise was voted on December 31, 1906, but owing to the bribery graft investigation getting under way about that time, the Parkside deal was abandoned and no money was passed, say the prosecutors. In addition to the money to be paid to the supervisors it is alleged Ruef and Schmitz were to have \$8000 each for "seeing" the deal through.

Indictments against Drum, De Sable, Martin, Ruef and Schmitz charge them with giving a bribe of \$5000 each to Supervisors Boston, Coffey, Cole, Davis, Duffey, Furey, Gallagher, Harrigan, Keller, Loneragan, Malock, Phillips, Wilson and Rea in consideration of their vote, cast March 12, 1906, by which the legal gas rate for 1906-07 was fixed at 85 cents. It is also charged by the prosecution that Ruef and Schmitz received large sums in connection with this deal.

The grand jury late in the afternoon adjourned to Judge Coffey's department of the Superior Court, where Foreman Oliver filed 28 true bills. Coffey issued a bench warrant for each of the indicted men fixing the bail of each at \$10,000 on each of the 126 counts, and announced that no arrests would be made until the accused have an opportunity to come into court Monday morning and give bail.

Bail bonds in total amount of \$750,000 were given in Judge Coffey's court today by President Calhoun, Assistant President Thornwell Mullaney and Attorneys Tiry L. Ford and William M. Abbott of the United Railroads; Vice-President Louis Glass and Agent Theodore V. Halsey of the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph Company and Mayor Schmitz, all of whom with Ruef, were indicted by the grand jury yesterday. Ruef made no effort to supply the \$140,000 bonds required of him, as he prefers since pleading guilty 10 days ago, to remain in the close custody of

Elisor Biggy and his eight armed guards. With the exception of Schmitz, each of the men indicted yesterday gave surety company bonds. Mayor Schmitz brought as his sureties President Tom Williams of the California Jockey Club and former Park Commissioner William J. Dingee, each of whom qualified in the sum of \$100,000. Each of the six corporation officials indicted today will be called on Monday to furnish bail bonds in the sum of \$140,000, as will the Mayor. Ruef's bail required will be \$280,000, of a total of \$1,250,000. The grand total of the bail demanded on all of the 335 indictments for bribery, attempted bribery, extortion, conspiracy and perjury thus far returned by the Oliver Grand Jury as the net partial results of investigations into the municipal corruption is \$3,350,000.

## REVOLT IN TURKESTAN.

### Brother of Shah Started Trouble and Caused Anxiety.

PARIS, May 25.—A dispatch from Teheran, Persia, says that Salar Dowle, brother of the Shah, who recently started a revolt in Turkestan province with 15,000 followers, has advanced to Nevendou. He has sent orders to the City of Hamadan to provide him with supplies. Anxiety prevails at the palace in Teheran and troops have hastily been mustered and sent to the front.

## SLOWLY SINKING

### Mrs. McKinley Not Expected to Live Many Hours.

## CONTINUES UNCONSCIOUS

### Attending Physicians In Doubt As To How Long Before The End—She Is Kept Alive By Concentrated Nourishment and Stimulants.

CANTON, May 25.—That Mrs. McKinley is falling into a deep sleep seemed evident at 11 o'clock tonight. How long the spark of life will last before the final flutter is a question which the attending physicians would not undertake to answer. That they think, however, that her vitality and the action of concentrated nourishment and stimulants may keep her alive ten hours or more is indicated by a scheduled conference of Doctors Portmann, Eymann and Roey for 1 o'clock Sunday. Against this hope, however, is the set statement that the dissolution may occur at any time and a careful vigil will be kept for indications of the end. Mrs. McKinley continues unconscious.

The following official bulletin was issued from the McKinley home at 9:15 o'clock tonight: The doctors report that Mrs. McKinley continues unconscious and is slowly losing strength although stimulants and concentrated nourishment have been administered freely. There appears little or no prospect of improvement."

## MUSIC TEACHERS MEETING.

### Meeting Held in Carnegie Hall and Formed New Association.

NEW YORK, May 25.—About forty music teachers held a meeting in Carnegie Hall last night and formed the National Association of Teachers of Singing.

Mme. Zeigler presided and after a short address introduced the vice-president, Arthur de Guichard, as the speaker of the evening.

## YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL SCORES.

Coast League.  
At Portland—Portland 0, Los Angeles 9.  
At San Francisco—San Francisco 2, Oakland 4.  
Northwest League.  
At Vancouver—Seattle 1, Vancouver 0.  
At Spokane—Butte 4, Spokane 5.  
At Tacoma—Tacoma 5, Aberdeen (11 innings.)

## ANGRY TIGER KILLS GIRL

### Victim But Four Years Old.

## BURSTED DOOR OF CAGE

### Ferocious Circus Animal Stalks Through Crowd of Spectators Unhampered.

## SHEPHERD PONY IS KILLED

### Finally Killed With 32 Calibre Revolver In Hands of Spectator—Women and Children In Panic—Other Animals In Uphear.

## SALT LAKE CITY, A special to the

Herald from Twin Falls, Idaho, says a tiger escaped from the menagerie of the circus there today, killed a little girl and a Shetland pony and was finally despatched by a brave spectator armed with a 32 calibre revolver. The tiger broke down the door of his cage by beating it with his paws. He first sprang upon the pony. A keeper drove him off with an iron bar. The beast attacked a second and third pony and when driven away by the keeper, leaped into the crowd. The guns kept for an emergency like this were too far away to be available. A panic followed. Women, grasped their children and dragged them from the path of the maddened animal. The screams of the frightened spectators, mingled with the trumpeting of the elephants and the cries of excited animals in the crowd. Through the crowd the tiger rushed toward the main entrance. Mrs. S. E. Rosell and her four-year-old daughter Ruth could not get out of the way and were knocked down. Holding the mother with his paws the tiger sank its teeth in the neck of the child who died two hours later.

J. W. Bell, a blacksmith, was standing with his wife and children near Mrs. Rosell. Thrusting his family aside Bell drew a revolver and opened fire at a distance of three feet. When the first bullet struck the animal in the shoulder he winced, growled angrily and lashed his tail against the wall of spectators. The second shot caused him to release Mrs. Rosell and at the third took flight. Bell followed and sent three more bullets into the beast as it ran outside the tent. In the open air it crawled some distance, then in a final rally it started back toward the crowd. Bell had reloaded his weapon and was ready to renew the combat but the tiger was mortally wounded. He fell over on the ground dead.

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## BARRETT COMING TO SEATTLE.

### Director of Bureau of American Republics to Represent Administration.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—John Barrett, director of the Bureau of American Republics, left Washington last night for Seattle to represent the Administration and made an address at the breaking of ground on June 1, for the Alaska-Yukon Exposition in 1909. Mr. Barrett had a talk today with the President, who will send a word of greeting containing his best wishes for the success of the enterprise.

## MACHINISTS STRIKE.

### Prediction Made That by July 1, 16,000 Will be Out.

NEW YORK, May 25.—The 3000 machinists and helpers along the Erie Railroad between New York and Chicago were called on a strike yesterday

for an increase in pay and for the abolition of the piece work system. Two hundred and thirty-three men quit in Jersey City and press dispatches report about 400 men out at other points. This strike, it was declared in labor circles here last night would be followed on June 1, by a strike of 16,000 machinists in Greater New York and vicinity in the general demand for an 8 hour work day.

## FRISCO CARS STONED.

### Cars and Crews In Various Sections Were Stoned.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25.—Considerable violence of a minor character attended the operation of cars by the United Railroads today. Instead of being confined to the district south of Market street which has been the center of the demonstrations by the union sympathizers since the lines in that part of the city were opened, stoning of cars and assaults upon strikebreakers were reported by the company to have occurred, today, in many other sections of the city. Some of the cars returning to barns bore evidence of a well-aimed fusillade of bricks and stones.

## QUEEN AND PRINCE WELL.

### MADRID, May 25.—The statement that Queen Victoria has discontinued nursing her baby is incorrect. The Queen and the prince are doing well.

## FORCED TO SERVE

### Boise Talesman Opposed to Death Penalty.

## ACCEPTED BY BOTH COUNSEL

### Twelve Remain of Special Verdict Likely That Another Will Be Called Monday—Court Making Every Effort To Fill Jury From President Venire.

BOISE, May 25.—The unusual spectacle of accepting a juror opposed to capital punishment except as an extreme measure for the protection of society against war and anarchy and pleading his own disqualification, came today in the Steunberg case. His retention after he had clearly shown he was disqualified, raises a question as to the regularity of the proceedings. J. E. Tourtellotte, an architect of Boise, is the juror and his retention seemed clearly due to the willingness of both sides to gamble on his views when the jury reaches the supreme solution of the case, the state on the hope that it can meet his ideas as to anarchy and the defense on his opposition to the death penalty. Tourtellotte came with the rest of the talesmen early in the day and his direct examination by Borah developed in a mild form his scruples against the infliction of the death penalty in an ordinary murder case. His acceptance by state was a surprise that was within a few minutes intensified by the views brought forth by the questions propounded by Clarence Darrow of the defense. Tourtellotte swore that he was opposed to capital punishment except in time of war and when society must defend itself against organizations seeking to destroy it. He declared that society had no right to take from a man anything it could not give, but as for anarchists, if they were the kind of men he thought they were, he would hang them on sight. The defense seemed under the impression that Borah was not in earnest, and probably on that theory passed him, too.

When the jury filed in after lunch, Tourtellotte stood in his place and claiming the attention of the court said he was disqualified to serve in the case. He again asserted that he was opposed to capital punishment and pointed out that it would be impossible to take the oath necessary at the outlet of the trial. Judge Wood read the statute covering the matter and it showed that the juror having conscient-

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