OFFICIAL VOTE CITY ELECTION AS CANVASSED

******************************** ditor yesterday and canvassed the vote carried by 79 majority. of the election held on Wednesday. Another amendment over closed in the ballot boxes.

In the election, sufficient to go to the ing after the election is over. polls and vote, the amendment would. The following shows the official

pend any officer in any department of a part of the organic laws of the the city. It was generally conceded city:

The board of canvassers, consisting that this was placing too much power of the Auditor and Police Judge Olof in the hands of the mayor, and the Anderson, P. J. Goodman, justice of voters who are now kicking, are the the peace, and J. C. Clinton, county ones that didn't have time to go to clerk, met at the office of the city au- the polls and vote. The amendment

Several changes were made in the vote there was considerable oppositions in on the amendments, owing to No. 5 the minds of the stay-at-homes was precinct not being official, the judges the one providing for municipal ownfalling to make a tally of the vote ership of saloons. This was carried by outside of the official tally sheets in- 161 majority. Every amandment was carried by a substantial majority-not The two amendments over which by the business men and property ownthere was the most opposition was the era, as they did not vote-but by one providing for electing the water those who have no financial interest commission, providing for nine mem- in the city government and who, in bers and placing the commission in recent years, have dictated nominathe hands of the common council. This tions and elected tickets, owing to amendment was carried by 31 major- the apathy on the part of representaity. Had five hundred of the lead- tive citizens, who take no part in ing property owners taken an interest elections, but put in their time kick-

vote as canvassed yesterday. Mayor The second amendment was giving Wise will issue a proclamation declarthe mayor power to remove or sus- ing all the amendments carried as

CANDIDATES.	77 80	Pres	77 8	Prec	Prec	Prec	Tota
	1 P	10	94	*	91	9	, 5
Herman Wise, for Mayor	107	110	127	112	26	115	597
C. H. Abercromble, for City Attorney	85	. 8	123	122	26	111	590
J. H. Hansen, Councilman, 1st ward	92	109	19	***	***		279
L. Lebeck, Councilman, 1st ward							
T. R. Davis, Councilman, 1st ward							
L. O. Belland, Councilman, 3rd ward						110	110
Axel Jacobson, Councilman, 3rd ward			***		****	40	40

Water Commission elective and fixing the term of office at eight years, increasing the number of Commissioners to nine members and providing the method of filling vacancies in the Board.

Yes, 307; No, 276.

An amendment to Section 40, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, defining the duties of the Mayor, and providing that he shall see that the laws and ordinances are enforced, and giving the Mayor the power to suspend from service any officer or employee of the Police Force, Fire Department, Street Department and Surveyor's Department, who shall refuse to enforce the laws and ordinances of the City.

Yes, 340; No. 261.

An amendment to the Charter of the City of Astoria, fixing eight hours as standard for a days work, and \$2.50 as the minimum wages of employees of the City, and that Citizens or those who have declared their intention to become such shall be employed by the City, and providing that contractors shall be required to give bond conditional for the payment of all persons performing labor or furnishing material in executing the contract.

An amendment to Section 108, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, providing the method of assessing damages and benefits in laying out, widening and opening streets and alleys, and providing the method of collecting assessments levied for that purpose.

Yes, 394; No. 132.

An amendment to Sections 4, 5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 127, and 118, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, creating four wards and defining the boundaries thereof, and providing for two Councilmen from each ward and one Councilman and providing for two Councilmen from each ward and one and are all and any and are at Large, fixing the time of election bi-annually on the second Wednesday in December, in the even years, and providing that the term of Councilman shall be four years, and all officials of the City of Astoria, in office when this Act takes effect, shall hold until the first Monday in January, 1909, and extending the term of office of each Police Co year, and providing that commencing with the election of 1908, one Police Commissioner shall be elected every two years, and a person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold the remainder of the unexpired term.

An amendment to Section 122, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, fixing the limit of indebtedness at \$230,000.00 and defining the assets and liabilities to be taken into consideration in fixing such limit.

An amendment to Section 129, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, exempting the City from liability from damages for accidents or injuries upon any street, unless the claim is filed with the Auditor and Police Judge within thirty days from the time of the accident, exempting Councilmen from lia-bility for words uttered in debate and fixing their salary at \$100.00, per

Yes, 376; No. 176.

Yes, 367; No. 210.

An amendment to Section 75 of the Charter of the City of Astoria, providing for the manner of making assessments to defray costs and expenses of improving streets, and providing that assessments may be levied without regard to the assessed valuation of the property.

Yes, 385; No, 196.

An amendment to Section 91, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, providing for establishing and re-establishing the grades of the streets of the City of tion thereof, except upon a written petition of the owners of at least three-fifths of the property abutting upon said street or that part thereof upon which the change of grade is proposed. Astoria, and that no grade shall be changed on an improved street or por Yes, 403; No. 133.

An amendment to Section 47, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, defining the powers and duties of the President of the Council Yes, 375; No. 176,

An amendment to Section 38, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, defining the powers of the Council and providing for licensing, taxing, regulating, restricting and prohibiting barrooms and drinking shops and places where liquors are sold; prohibiting gambling and providing for levying taxes, providing for contracting indebtedness and prohibiting any officer from being interested in any contract, and restricting the granting of
franchises for street rail-ways for a longer period than thirty years, and
regulating the manner of issuing franchises. Yes, 368; No. 207.

An amendment to Section 2, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, giving the City power to build, purchase, lease and operate Street car lines, Telephone, Telegraph and Lighting Plants, and to control, lease, sell or dispose of the same for the benefit of the City.

Yes, 423; No. 149.

An amendment to Section 15, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, defining the the right to vote and providing for registration of electors. Yen, 453; No. 114.

amendment to Sections 27 and 28 of the Charter of the City of Astoria, relating to vacancies in office, and providing for filling vacancies by appointment by a majority of the remaining members of the Common Council, to continue for the remainder of the unexpired term.

Yes, 416; No, 143.

amendment to Section 51, of the Charter of the City of Astoria, defining the duties of Superintendent of Streets and making it his duty to inspect the construction of street improvements and sewers, and, with the City City Surveyor, and Committee on Streets and Public Ways, certify in writing of the completion of the same, and to perform other work.

Yes, 459; No, 112.

THE IVORY MARKET. Tunks by the Acre Exhibited at the

One of the sights of London is the great lvory floor at the London docks, where previous to and during the pe riodical sales ivory may be seen literally by the acre, for the tusks are laid out in lots on the floor of one of the great werehouses for tuspection by in-tending purchasers. For weeks previ-ous to the netuni sale the special staff of the tvory department has been busy preparing the various consignments sizes and quality and classing them into the various grades, each of which has some particular use for which it is

especially adapted.

There is practically no waste in the manufacturing of articles from ivory. The smallest chip is not thrown sway but carefully preserved to be utilized for some purpose. Even the shavings from the turning down of a billiard ball have a market value for use in inlaid work. Consequently the lots in an ivory sale by no means consist of tusks and sections of tusks alone, but include the residue from many previous sales. Buyers purchase the particular class that they require for their own individual industry and subsequently return what in most other materials would be waste to be resold to manufacturers of a different class of goods.

Though there is "no waste," oddly nough the most important consideration, from a buyer's point of view, is "how much waste" will a certain lot produce in the course of transforming It into his own particular line. Thus a lot that would be dear to one would be a gift to another, and vice versa. The most valuable class of ivory is that suitable for making billiard balls. To conform to the requirements the tusk must be perfectly sound and solid, without the slightest suspicion of a crack or flaw, and, moreover, they must measure only a trifle more than the regulation size billiard ball or they will cut to waste, from the manufacturers' point of view. On the arrival of a consignment of unworked elephant ivory from abroad the first preparation for the sale floor consists of a thorough cleaning of the interior or hollow part of the tusk. This is done by means of wads attached to long sticks. The exact length of the hollow is thereby revealed, and in addition cracks and flaws that cannot be observed on the exterior are at times dis-Soundness is the one thing that sways every class of buyer; flaws mean wiste; waste means resale at a lower figure per pound.

THE CONGREGATIONALISTS.

They started the first foreign mis mary society in the country. They started the first home mission

ary society in the country They started the most effective city mary society in the country.

They started the greatest Christian roung people's movement of this coun try or any other country.

They started the first college in the

They started the first theological mining in the country.

They started the first religious news paper in the country.

They published the first hymn book In the country.

They started the town meeting-the initiative and referendum.

They started the first temperance so

ciets in the country. They have given to America the three

greatest evangelists it has ever had-Chicago Advance.

An Avaricious Woman.

A woman who carried love of money to an incredible extreme was Lady Margaret Jardine, sister of the first Duke of Queensbury. Although her husband was a rich man, Lady Macgaret would actually carry foot passengers across the little river Annan for a halfpenny, and whenever there was a fair or market day she would alt on the banks of the stream all day long waiting for customers. She uso ally were raus to save her clothes, but on the rare occasions when she visited anywhere she packed up a few decent garments which she slipped on before entering the house, exchanging them for her dirty ones when leaving.-Lon-

For the sake of justice to the afflicted, and for the good of humanity, it is my right and duty to recommend Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. We owe our country and our fellowmen a duty. Tea or Tablets, 35 cents. For sale by Frank Hart.

NO OPIUM IN CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

small children, as it contains no oplum or other harmful drug. It has an established reputation of more than thirty years, as the most suc-cessful medicine in use for colds, croup and whooping cough. It al-ways cures and is pleasant to take Frank Hart and Leading Druggists. DID NOT CHOOSE A PRINCE

Praulein Krupp Reversed the Case of King Cophetus. The story of King Cophetus and the beggar maid is reversed in the case of

Fraulein Bertha Kropp and the man she has chosen as her partner for life. Fraulein Krupp is a queen in all but title, and the man who has won her love is comparatively poor. He is not by any means a beggar, and he be-longs to a family which is very proud of its ancient lineage. Nevertheless whatever he possesses is a beggarly sum in comparison with the fortune of over a bundred million dollars left to Fraulein Krupp by her father, the to ous gunmaker of Essen. The mar. this rich young woman picked for s



BERTHA KRUPP AND HER PLANCE sband, Gustavus von Bohlen-Halbach, is secretary of the German lega-

According to all accounts, he is a fine young man and will make a good hus-band for the fair owner of the big gun works, but those whose idea of mar riage is that it should be "an advan tageous match" say that when she could have married a prince it is a pity young secretary in the diplomatic service. As the daughter of a house which has often refused rank she is following family tradition in forming a matrimonial alliance without regard to such considerations. She is transfer. she should have taken up with a poor considerations. She is twenty-one years of age, has for several years been the real as well as nominal head of the great-industry founded by her grandfather and is considered a young woman of remarkable ability as well as kindliness and generosity. She spends a great part of her time in looking after the advancement of her \$6,000 employees, who often call her "Our Lady of the Cannon." Her fince was born in Holland, where his father was at the time minister from Baden, was edu cated at Heidelberg and a few years cated at Heidelberg and a few years ago was in America as secretary of the German legation at Washington. He was sent to China in 1900 as secretary of the international conference to arrange peace after the Boxer troubles.

DO NOT DOSE THE STOMACH.

Cure Catarrh by Breathing Hyomei, Sold Under Guarantee.

The only scientific and common way to treat catarrh of the nose and throat is by a local application that will kill the catarrhal

Ordinary stomach dosing is worse than useless. Taking medicine into the stomach to cure catarrh of the head can have no good effect, and often leads to serious derangement of the digestive organs.

By breathing Hyomel three or four times daily through the neat pocket inbaler that comes with every outfit, its medicated, healing air penetrates to the most remote parts of the nose, throat, and lungs, searches out and kills all catarrhal germs, and soothes and heals any irritation in the mucous

T. F. Lauren's faith in the wonderful merit of Hyomel as a cure for catarrh is shown by the guarantee which he gives with every Hyomei outfit that the money will be refunded unless the treatment gives satisfaction.

A complete Hyomel outfit consisting of a pocket inhaler, a bottle of Hyome, and a medicine dropper, costs but \$1, extra bottles of Hyomei, if needed, 50 There is not the least danger in cents, T. F. Lauren gives his per-giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy son guarantee to refund the money if Hyomei does not relieve, so that you run no risk at all in buying this reliable ramedy.

> Morning Astorian, 60 cents per month. Delivered by earrier.

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Special Kitchen Saw 25c

We have everything in Saws.

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The new artistic window decoration. A substitute for stained glass at one twentieth the cost. Easily applied.

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APPEARANCES

Often a person is sized up by his appear ance; by the tone that surrounds him. And more often a business house is sized up by the stationary it uses. A cheap letter head or a poor bill head gives a mighty poor first impression and makes business harder to transact. Good printing costs no more than poor printing. The first impression is half the battle in business You wouldn't employ a "sloppy" sales man; why put up with "sloppy" station ery, that gives a wrong impression of the importance of your business. Let us do your printing and help you to make that ten strike.

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