



## ROCHESTER CLERGYMAN

### Rev. A. S. Crapsey Excommunicated from Church.

## TRIBUNAL QUESTIONED

### Rev. Crapsey Has Never Associated With the Aristocracy of New York.

## BISHOP POTTER BLAMED

### Friends Contend That He Has Been No More Heretical Than Bishop Potter, and Several Other Prominent Divines.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—In a statement issued here today, Edward M. Shepard, of counsel for Dr. A. S. Crapsey, the Rochester clergyman who was convicted of heresy by an ecclesiastical court of the Episcopal church sharply criticized recent utterances of Bishop Potter. During a session of the diocese of New York in this city November 14, Bishop Potter defended the creed of the church, declaring that those who attacked it should do so from without, rather than from within the church. In his statement Mr. Shepard says that Dr. Crapsey's subsequent resignation of his ministry was contrary to the advice of his counsel, who assured him that civil courts would hold as void the decision of the ecclesiastical tribunal. Dr. Crapsey, however, he says, refused to avail himself of a proposed appeal to the civil courts.

"While the accused was still under judicial consideration and while every consideration of fairness made it proper for one of his responsible place to be silent in it," says Mr. Shepard, Bishop Potter told his clergy in unmistakable fashion though resorting to the device of not mentioning a name, that Dr. Crapsey's motive has been a morbid desire to hold on to the money revenues of his place. This false and indecent imputation comes from a bishop who has for many years been conspicuously indifferent to preaching in his own diocese more heretical than Dr. Crapsey's was deemed to be. The deserves, and I believe it will receive, moral contempt from every right thinking man who knows it. Dr. Crapsey, has not, ever since he entered the ministry, lived with the rich; he is not served to day by a butler and a 'second man' and a footman, and a coachman; he is not one of the chief figures at the dinner tables of the private palaces of his city; he is neither used to nor fond of sycaritic allegiance. But although Dr. Crapsey is deficient in these, he has given his entire life the industrious poor of the city where he lives.

The Tribune today says indications are that the resignation of the Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey, of Rochester, after his conviction of heresy by an ecclesiastical court, will set in motion an effort with the Episcopal Church to broaden and liberalize its tenets. George Foster Peabody is quoted as saying that while no steps had been taken in that direction yet, a meeting of men who desired a more liberal church faith was likely to discuss the sentence pronounced on Dr. Crapsey, and its bearing on themselves and the general situation with the Church. A Rochester N. Y., special to the Tribune says that after a talk with the Rev. Algernon S. Crapsey, yesterday, it was developed that

after three years service in the Episcopal Church, and after having built up a church property valued at \$150,000, he withdraws from the priesthood without even a home. His personal charities, added to what he has given to the church have been many and large and have depleted his resources. Dr. Crapsey, it is stated, will now devote himself to disseminating his views on the platform and through the medium of the press and reviews.

## WILL PROVIDE LIFEBOAT.

### Will Be Used for Service on Southern Vancouver Island.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 27.—The Victoria city council was advised by the department of marine tonight that the government intended to provide a suitable life boat for service on the Southern portion of the Vancouver Island coast and to construct a trail on that portion of the island for life-saving purposes. Moreover, the government proposes to consider further life saving arrangements during the coming session of parliament.

## FLOATING MINE.

### Driven Ashore, Explodes, Killing Ten and Wounding 56 Villagers.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Kobe correspondent of the London Standard cables that a floating mine, a legacy of the Russo-Japanese war, was driven ashore at Akita, on the west coast of Hondu, where it exploded, killing ten villagers and wounding fifty-six.

## DOWIE STEPS DOWN

### Zion Church to Be Reestablished Under New Head.

## DOWIE'S DOCTRINE EXPUNGED

### Receiver Appointed for the Organization Whose Liabilities Aggregate Over Six Millions of Dollars With No Assets.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Announcement was made last night that John Alexander Dowie, Wilbur Glenn Voliva and the other leaders of Zion, are prepared to assign all their interests in the industrial affairs of the church to the city's creditors. Henceforth, Zion's factories will be administered by a board of directors consisting of seven members, headed by Receiver John C. Hatley. Its constitution will include three capitalists who are not followers of Dowie's faith, and this, it is believed, will insure the disinterested management of its affairs in accordance with business methods. The indebtedness of Zion City amounts, it is said, approximately to \$6,000,000, distributed among Zionists throughout the world, owners of the land on which Zion City is built, and smaller individual holders of Zion paper.

## KING MEETS KING.

### King George of Greece Leaves Rome for Home.

ROME, Nov. 27.—King George of Greece, who has been visiting King Emanuel, left Rome for Greece today. Rumors are current that the Grecian king's hesitation before finally calling upon the Pope resulted from an international struggle in government matter. France, it is declared, urged him not to go, and in this was supported by Great Britain and Russia, while the vatican pressed the advisability of a visit through Austro-Hungary and Germany. Italy was the only power indifferent.

## FRENCH SQUADRON.

TOULON, Nov. 27.—The French squadron left here at midnight for Tangier upon instructions from the minister of marine.

## JAPANESE IN FRISCO

### Secretary Metcalf Submits Report to President.

## NOT BE MADE PUBLIC

### Alleged Discrimination of Japanese in the Frisco Schools Discussed.

## PRESIDENT WILL INTERVENE

### Expresses Hope That Difficulty Will Be Satisfactorily Adjusted and Will Do All in His Power to That End.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—President Roosevelt had a long conference with Secretary Metcalf at the White House tonight regarding the alleged discrimination against the Japanese residents of San Francisco, which Mr. Metcalf went to San Francisco to investigate at the request of the President. Mr. Metcalf's report regarding his recent investigation of the matter has been prepared and is ready to lay before the President and was carefully considered.

Secretary Metcalf had uniformly refused to discuss any of the conclusions he reached, after his thorough investigation, but it has been generally understood that it would show the people of San Francisco maintained what they did in the matter of school accommodations was entirely within their rights and that the whole matter was one of local administration. It was undecided tonight whether the President will make Secretary Metcalf's report public or not. The President expressed the hope that all the causes for the complaints made by resident Japanese would be removed and he has stated that he would do his utmost to bring about a satisfactory settlement of the whole matter.

It is considered by statements made by the Japanese minister, that the Japanese government has no ill feeling against the United States over the matter, and whatever the result, it will not disturb the friendly relations now existing between the two countries. They regard the matter as solely discretionary with the San Francisco school board and believe matters will finally adjust themselves satisfactory to all concerned.

## GREAT POLICE CHASE.

### Constable Dinsmore of Victoria After Notorious Outlaw.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Nov. 27.—The greatest police chase ever experienced in the boundary district is now going on near Chesaw, as the result of a report that Frank Cedlo, alias Angilo, alias Bainblac, the perpetrator of the Niagara dynamite outrage, was seen a couple of days ago. Constable Dinsmore with a staff of assistants is in hot pursuit of the murderer among the snow mountains surrounding Chesaw.

## TONOPAH FAMINE.

### No Coal and Engines Unable to Move or Procure Fuel.

TONOPAH, Nov. 27.—The fuel famine is causing great worry here. The board of trade and mine owners' association have taken the matter up and are doing everything possible to

prevent suffering. Yesterday the railroads could not move their freight, as there was no coal for the engines. Today the company is sending a train along the line gathering up old ties for the use of the towns. Wood is selling as high as \$35 a cord. A foot of snow covers the ground making it impossible to haul wood.

## LARGE DIVIDENDS.

### Standard Oil Company Will Disburse Nearly Ten Millions.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Preliminary compilations of dividend and interest payments to be made in December indicate that about \$90,000,000 will be expended for these purposes. The largest single disbursement of the month will be a dividend payment of \$9,750,000 by the Standard Oil Company. The American Tobacco Company is next with \$4,024,245 and the United States Steel Corporation third, with \$2,542,476. The Atchison, with a payment of \$2,566,275, will distribute more money than any other railroad.

## CAMP DESTROYED.

### Yuba Dam Destroyed by Fire and Wiped Out of Existence.

MARYSVILLE, Nov. 27.—Yuba Dam, the once famous mining camp and made more famous by Brete Hart's poem, is a thing of the past. What remained of the old camp was destroyed by fire early today and wiped out of existence.

## SATISFY PRESIDENT

### Conditions on Panama Isthmus Progressing Satisfactorily.

## SPECIAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

### Will Contain Complete Statement of the Undertaking, Stating that the President Appreciates Magnitude of the Work.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—With but two exceptions the President expressed himself as completely satisfied with the conditions on the Isthmus of Panama in all lines of canal work. One of the exceptions related to the sanitary features of the bachelor negro laborers and this he stated would be adjusted within a short time. The President expressed himself as thoroughly impressed with the importance and magnitude of the undertaking at Panama, and of the way in which the work in all lines and branches is being carried on. He is preparing his special message to congress on the matter, but has not decided whether he will recommend any special action in connection with the Isthmian work. The message will contain a complete statement of the progress of the work with recommendations necessary for its prosecution and ultimate completion.

## STEAMER WRECKED.

### Twenty-six Lives Lost by Wrecking of Canadian Steamer.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 27.—A bulletin from Collingwood, Ont., says: The Canadian steamer Jones has been wrecked in Georgia bay and twenty-six lives were lost. A number of bodies were washed ashore at Collingwood.

## MINER KILLED.

RED LODGE, MONT., Nov. 27.—Gabriel Sediak was shot and instantly killed by S. Novota yesterday at Bear Creek, a coal camp near here, following an altercation between the two men in which one is believed to have poked fun at the other. Novota is under arrest. Both men are Slavonians and worked in the mines together.

## NEGROES UNSUCCESSFUL

### Senator Tillman of S. C. Speaks in Chicago.

## DETECTIVES GUARD HIM

### Threats of Injunction Proceedings Did Not Materialize and Meeting Was Held.

## MAYOR REFUSED TO PRESIDE

### In Anticipation of Trouble, a Number of Policemen Were Kept at Near-by Stations, Including Several Negroes.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—The efforts of the colored citizens of Chicago to prevent Senator Benjamin R. Tillman of South Carolina from delivering his address here tonight because of the position he had assumed toward the negro race, were unsuccessful. When the South Carolina senator arrived in Chicago today he was told of the threats of injunction proceedings to prevent his appearance on the speaker's stand tonight and of the monetary consideration that had been offered if he would cancel his engagement, but Tillman declared that it did not make any difference to him what the colored people of Chicago did, he was going to fill his engagement tonight, and he kept his word. Senator Tillman gave his address protected by forty detectives in personal command of Chief of Police Scheuttler.

In anticipation of trouble a large number of policemen were kept in near by stations as a reserve, but they were not called for. Six colored policemen mingled with the crowd of blacks and whites that blocked the street in front of the hall to arrest anyone who made a disturbance. In the audience were many colored people, but they listened to Tillman's remarks good naturedly and although he was interrupted many times by those who wished to ask questions, the meeting passed off without any trouble. In leading up to his subject, "Shall the United States Annex Cuba?" Tillman criticized Mayor Dunne's refusal to preside at the meeting. Senator Tillman said he had never seen Mayor Dunne, had not asked him to preside, nor did he ask anyone to preside. If anyone continued the senator, has "been snubbed," it is these gracious ladies who planned this meeting to secure money for the Chicago Union hospital, who requested Mayor Dunne, the creature of a political hour, to come forward and add his mite.

Tillman declared that he could not discuss the subject of annexation of Cuba without discussing the race question, and that he proposed to go at the matter with hammer and tongs. He said that he had studied the matter for several years and believed that owing to his experience and study he was better qualified to discuss the question than any other man in America. Regarding the fifteenth amendment, Tillman said that if this law was carried out it would result in two states, at least, being dominated by negroes, while four others would be so near being governed by negroes that there would be practically an even division of the offices.

A voice—"How about the law? How about the law?"

Tillman—"The law? To hell with the law."

Tillman told how the negro is prevented from casting his ballot in the south, and was then interrupted by

some one who wanted to know about "Negro Judge" (referring to Judge Barnett, colored, the only Republican nominee for municipal judge defeated at the recent election).

In answer Tillman declared that a political machine put him on the ticket with the hope of "bamboozling the poor, ignorant baboons into electing him and when afterwards you fellows who voted the ticket without knowing what was on it, find a little truth, you cheat him out of it." Tillman said that if there was ever an attempt "to save South Carolina," they would make it red before they would make it black.

"God Almighty made the Caucasian of better clay than the Mongolian or African, or any other race. The Ethiopian is a burden carrier. He has done absolutely nothing for his race, nor has he ever achieved anything of great importance." Tillman said there was no great men among the race, yet such people had been picked up by fanatics of the north and given equal civil rights and the right of suffrage. Referring to the greatest colored man of this country, Booker Washington, Tillman said he had a white father, however, and out of his father's brains and character he has gotten his good qualities.

Tillman described the attack upon the white women and declared that the people of the north were in a great measure responsible for the present state of affairs. In conclusion he condemned President Roosevelt for discharging the three companies of colored soldiers without a court-martial.

## REACH NORTH POLE

### Walter Wellman Proposes Airship As Most Effective.

## PROPOSITION GAINS GROUND

### The Only Feasible Method of Reaching The Coveted Prize is by the Aerial Route, and Dirigible Balloon Is Being Built

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—Belief in the practicability of reaching the north pole by airship has been greatly strengthened in the mind of Walter Wellman, leader of the Wellman Polar Expedition, as a result of his observations last summer at the expedition's base of supplies in Spitzbergen.

Mr. Wellman, who has recently arrived from Paris, whither he will return in two weeks, to superintend the construction of his dirigible balloon, arrived in Chicago yesterday for a brief stay.

Mr. Wellman declared last night that his experiences in Spitzbergen last summer proved that his scheme for getting to the pole by the aerial route was even more feasible than he had at first supposed. Both he and Major Herzy, head of the weather bureau at Milwaukee, who also spent the summer in Spitzbergen, are strengthened in their opinion that the airship plan offers a very strong chance of success. Their observations showed that there were days upon days during last July and August when the pole could have been reached in about thirty hours from their base of supplies by their air ship, while the general weather conditions during almost their entire northern stay were favorable in the extreme for the flight.

The airship is now being enlarged and much improved in Paris and will afford even a better chance of getting to the pole than it did in its original form.

## INCREASE IN WAGES.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 27.—A general increase of five per cent in wages of all employes of the Alabama Great Southern Railroad, now receiving less than \$200 a month, will be made. About 5,500 men will be effected.