KEEP OUT CHINESE

Thirty Two Chinamen Refused Admission at Liverpool.

CONSIDERED IMPORTANT CASE

Immigration Board of Liverpool Take the Question of Permitting Chinamen to Land in Great Britain Under Advisement.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—The first attempt to exclude Chinese from landing in Great Britain is now occupying the attention of the immigration board. Thirty-two Chinese from Hong Kong who arrived at Gravesend, made their way to Liverpool, where they had been engaged to work in laundries, but were refused permission to land, the immigration officers basing their refusal on the Chinamen lacking means to support themselves. The case was appealed to the Immigration Board and after consideration, decision was postponed, the chairman of the board pointing out that this was the first case under the law and one of great importance.

CARTOONIST ARRESTED.

Mexican Authorities Displeased With Some of His Productions.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Nov. 22.—A dispatch from Del Rio says Pedro N. Gonzales, Demitrio Castro and S. V. Marquez Mexican newspaper men, were arrested there yesterday by United States marshals at the request of the Mexican government. Marquez is a cartoonist and is alleged to have displeased the Mexican government by caricatures of President Diaz. He will be brought here today for trial before the United States commissioner. Six other Americans were brought here from Del Rio yesterday by United States officers. They are charged with having participated in the raid on Jiminez, Coahuila, September 26.

PAINTING COMPLETED.

Sculptor Finishes Painting Begun 53 Years Ago.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Thomas Ball, the sculptor, of Mont Clair, N. J., has just completed a painting he began fifty-three years ago. The picture, which covers a canvas more than four feet by five, depicts Christ chiding Martha, as told in the Gospel of St. Luke.

Mr. Ball began the picture in Boston in 1853, when he was 34 years old, but was unable to finish it until now, because his work as a sculptor took up all his time.

ITALIAN WARBLER.

(Continued from page 1)

orously deny and they are bending every effort to prove the charges against the tenor.

Caruso stood questioning for nearly three hours in the stuffy police court yesterday while a crowd of nearly 500 curious people thronged the place to listen to the testimony. "Mrs. Graham," who made the original complaint that Caruso annoyed her, did not appear. Diligent search by both the prosecution and the defense has failed to reveal her whereabouts and it is not thought likely now that she will appear in the case at all.

Officer Cane, who asserts that he witnessed the offense, testified to the facts, and Jeremiah McCarty, a visitor in the park during the alleged occurrence, corroborated the officer's statements.

Caruso took the stand in his own defense, and entered vigorous denial of the charges. His examination was not concluded when an adjournment was taken until today.

There was a large crowd of Caruso's fellow countrymen in court and they gave him a salvo of "viva Caruso," when he left; a number of Americans present hissed.

WASHINGTON LETTER

Interesting Capital Gossip From Astorian News Bureau.

KUTZ TO MAKE EXAMINATION

Report That Senator Platt of New York Will Soon Resign from the United States Senate, Account of Ill Health.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Love of luxury in these United States has reached a pitch never dreamed of in the most luxurious days of ancient Rome. Within the last fiscal year this nation brought from abroad articles that cannot be classed as necessaries to the value of $100,000,000. Of this amount $40,000,000 went to buy diamonds and other precious stones for the decking out of American women. In fact, the women are chargeable with the greater part of this big sum, for $40,000,000 went to purchase laces, edgings, embroideries and ribbons, while $7,000,000 represents the amount invested in feathers natural and artificial, which probably by this time are raving from millinery "creations". The men, however, are not altogether simple in their tastes. Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes were imported to the extent of $25,000,000, and there was $5,000,000, which they undoubtedly shared with their wives and sweethearts, for the American man is nothing if not gallant. There is another side to the picture, however, for the amount of opium for smoking imported reached a valuation of $1,250,000 as compared with $75,000 a decade ago. The vice, it may be seen, is growing rapidly, and as the customs tax is very heavy, it is likely that vast amounts of the drug are smuggled despite the vigilance of the customs officers.

Persistent rumors are in circulation that Senator Platt of New York will resign his seat, the resignation to take effect before Dec.3, when Congress convenes. It is said that the Senator's ill health and the notoriety consequent upon his separation from Mrs. Platt have spurred him to take the action. For some years the senior Senator from New York has been in precarious health, and his resignation has been expected nearly a score of times, but he has held on with grim tenacity. His colleague, Senator Depew, is said to have almost completely recovered his old-time health and spirits, and he is expected back to the capital within a few days.

Captain Charles W Kutz, of the Corps of Engineers, left this week on a tour of inspection of the rivers of the Middle West and South, and to attend publis hearings to be held in a number of cities and towns by a committee of the board of engineers for rivers and harbors. In addition Captain Kutz will make a careful examination, at the request of the House committee on rivers and harbors, of the proposed fourteen foot ship canal from Lockport, Ill. to St. Louis. This is the project that is intended to join the waters of the Great Lakes with the Gulf of Mexico, giving the Mississippi and Missouri river valley states direct water transportation to the outside world and insuring them a share in the great trade with South and Central America certain to be opened up once the Panama Canal is finished. The inspection tour made by Captain Kutz will not amount to much, however, unless Congress adopts a more liberal policy with regard to waterways development than it has followed in the past. Already there are improvement projects approved by the government engineers amounting to upward of $300,000,000. The National Rivers and Harbors, which meets in convention here Dec 6 and 7, is striving to have the Federal government provide means for carrying out the recommendations of the engineers. An annual appropriation of $50,000,000 is to be asked at the hands of Congress and the sentiment in favor of such an appropriation is growing very strong among commercial bodies throughout the country.

If there is any anti-American feeling in Japan, it is not evidenced by the editorial expressions of the principal newspapers of the Island Empire. Despite reports that all Japan is aroused over the treatment said to be accorded their countrymen on the Pacific Coast, a batch of clippings received by the State Department from Ambassador Wright at Tokio breathe nothing but peace and good-will toward the United States. The articles are extremely moderate and friendly in tone, setting forth that the troubles in San Francisco are entirely local and that they cannot be permitted in any sense to interfere with the growth of closer business and political relations between Japan and the United States. They also indicate a readiness on the part of Japan to enter into a reciprocity treaty with this country to further commercial interests between the two nations.

The American Bankers' Association convention has met, pondered over currency reform, adopted a plan and adjourned. To the layman the scheme of the men of money seems to go a long way toward preventing monetary troubles and consequent panics but it remains for some of the Treasury officials or opposition bankers to pick flaws in it. A number of bankers have gone home, but several have gone down to Hot Springs, Va., where their headquaters will be the Homestead hotel for a couple of weeks while they take the baths at the noted winter resort. One Western man of affairs, who is badly twisted with rheumatism but who was the life of the party, bade his friends good-bye in the lobby of the New Willard.

Since we've done our best to cure the financial body of its ailments", he said, laughingly, "I think it's up to me to look out for my personal shortcomings in circulation. I'm not legal tender, although I'm not counterfeit. It isn't the "immunity bath" I'm going after, but I hope it'll prove as effective."

"The People of the United States vs. Theodore Roosevelt, President," will be the title of a suit that will be filed as soon as the Chief Executive returns from the Isthmus, if James B. Green a negro lawyer of this city carries out his intention. The lawyer will take up the case of the three companies of the Twenty-fifth Infantry, whom the President discharged because of the Brownsville, Tex, race troubles. The negro soldiers, it will be remembered, refused to divulge the identity of several of their number who engaged in a shooting affray with citizens of the town, and the President discharging the batalion, which took from the members the right to serve again in the military or naval service of the nation, and furthermore abrogated their civil rights. This order, contends Mr. Green, is in direct violation of the Constitution, and he proposes to bring suit to compel the setting aside of the Presidential order and the return of their civil rights to his clients. Only by a courtmartial can men be punished as the President punished them, is the contention.

Secretary Wilson is back at his desk after a two-week's visit in his native state of Ohio. The Secretary has a number of pet projects on hand, but the one in which he is taking the most interest is the pure food law, for he believes it is of the most vital importance to all the people.

He will recommend to Congress next month that an apprpriation of $250,000 be made to permit of the efficient enforcement of the law, for at the present time there are no funds with which to compel its observance. The Secretary is enthusiastic over the bumper corn crops of the Western states. His own state, he said on his return, is in the same sad condition with regard to labor as are its neighbors. Farmers are offering 4 cents a bushel for huskers, a price which enables a good man to make from $3 to $4.50 a day, with his board furnished. Even at these liberal figures the supply of men is not nearly sufficient to meet the demand.

There is wailing and weeping in Annapolis and West Point because of the new railroad rate bill. It has been the practice of the railroads to carry the embryonic Admirals and Generals to the annual football game without charge. When the usual courtesy was diplomatically asked this year, it was learned that, under the ruling of the Hepburn bill, the cadets would be compelled to pay their own fares. The War Department, after a full investigation of the matter, has bowed its head to the inevitable and has ordered the cadets, if they want to chase the pigskin against the jackies of the other arm of the service, to scrape together the price of a railroad ticket or stay in barracks.