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WASHINGTON HUSTLING

Roosevelt's Return Signal for Renewed Activities.

POLITICIANS GATHERING

Enter Presence With Foreboding But Leave With Smiling Faces.

TAWNEY'S VIEWS PROPHECIC

Veteran Political Seer Anticipates Reseat Hue for Republican Campaign—Now Being Anticipated.

BY SHELDON S. CLINE.

Washington, Oct. 13. It was to be expected that when President Roosevelt returned to the White House there would be "things doing," but the most optimistic had not looked for such a whirlwind of strenuousness. It must be true that Mr. Roosevelt has taken some time to eat, and the chances are that he has slept now and then, but there has been no outward evidence that the fires under the boiler have been banked.

When Washington awoke from its summer siesta it was not with a yawn and a luxurious stretching of arms. The awakening was as if some had shouted "Fire." And the fire brigade has been busy every minute since. Cuba, Panama, politics and what not have been touched by the magic wand of Roosevelt, and have gotten a hustle on them. There may be, in some dark corner, something yet hibernating, but the President will soon find and root it out. He is the "Mr. Steplively" of the governmentment and carries for the laggard a stick of exceeding sharpness.

Diplomats, statesmen, and plain politicians are still discussing Mr. Root's ultimatum to the Cuban people, handed in the form of a carefully prepared statement to Mr. Rivero, of Havana, editor of the Diario de la Marina, who came to Washington for the avowed purpose of learning the attitude of this government toward the future of the Cuban government. This is what the Secretary of State told Editor Rivero.

"You can be certain that the United States will not permit chaos and disorder to rule in Cuba. The means to prevent it in the future must always be determined by then existing conditions and with reference to our solemn obligations to the people of Cuba."

The diplomats, the statesmen, the plain politicians, and the Cuban people, no doubt were awfully glad to hear from Mr. Root. If they had but the slightest idea what Mr. Root intended they should understand he meant, the only fly in their ointment would be removed. But Mr. Root won't tell. Having spoken, the oracle relapses into silence; and not only in Washington, but in the chancelleries of Europe and Latin America the cryptic experts are at work trying to solve the riddle.

It will be observed that nowhere in Mr. Root's statement is there a declaration that annexation is impossible. Reading between the lines, one may read almost anything that suits his fancy. Cubans may take it as a threat, or a promise of brighter things. If Talleyrand was right in his theory that the art of diplomacy consisted in veiling the meaning of one's words, then Mr. Root is a past master of diplomacy. It is true that we have been bragging a good deal of late about the "American school" of diplomacy, which went

(Concluded on page 6)

CRACK NAVAL SHOTS.

Gunners on Maine Make Splendid Record with Big Guns.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—A dispatch to the Herald from Barnstable, Mass., tells of some remarkable shooting on the battleship Maine, the flagship of Rear Admiral Evans. The forward turret, commanded by Lieutenant Williams, planted eleven 12-inch shots in a space 15 by 20 feet, at 4,000 yards, unmeasured range. A six-inch battery, commanded by Ensign L. R. Leahy, firing volley at 4,000 yards made the center of the target look like a pepper sieve. Rear Admiral Evans expressed himself as much pleased with the general results of the autumn practice, much of which is of the nature of battle practice. He said short range shooting had established the American fleet as leaders in that practice and after watching the long range shooting, he felt sure no enemy could hit his ships as often as they could hit the enemy.

BEATEN AND ROBBED.

Castle Rock Man Gets Rough Treatment Last Night.

PORTLAND, Oct. 16.—A special from Castle Rock, Wash., states that late last night Fritz Dierks was shot, beaten, robbed and left for dead by a man supposed to be Tom Miller, who was later arrested on the charge and taken to the jail at Kalama. After the robbery, when Dierks recovered consciousness, he declared that Miller committed the crime and on his statement Miller was arrested. Miller denies the charge.

INSURANCE PROBE

Peabody Appears Before the Kentucky Board.

WILLING TO GIVE TESTIMONY

Refutes Contention that Officials Were Led to Block for Opposing Administration Policy in Approaching Election.

FRANKFURT, Ky., Oct. 16.—President Peabody, of the Mutual Life Insurance company, appeared today before the Insurance Commissioner Pruitt, to answer to charges of coercing and intimidating the company's agents into soliciting votes for the "administration ticket," and threatening their discharge unless they supported that ticket. That several managing agents of the company had been discharged because they or their kinsmen had accepted a nomination on the ante-administration ticket, or because they would not support that ticket, Peabody denied the charges. Regarding the dismissal of Col. Hinman, formerly manager for the company in Kentucky, Peabody said he could not have dismissed him for being on the trustees' ticket, because Hinman had told him he would not accept the nomination. Hinman was discharged for avowedly attacking the integrity of the management of the company. Peabody in a statement declared that the by-laws of the company provide that with the exception of the president and vice-president, no officer of the company shall be a member of the board of trustees, and to comply with these by-laws, he had felt bound to terminate all contracts with such of those managers as have announced their intention of accepting their nomination for a trustee. In his statement he also declared that no action by the company can properly be characterized as coercing to any employees and no money of the corporation has been used in electioneering. Peabody went into some further details, after which the commissioner announced that his decision on the matter could not be announced for several days. Peabody's willingness to appear, although the commissioner's power to compel him to is questioned, created a favorable impression. Under a recent statute of Kentucky, the commissioner's power to oust any company from the state is absolute.

WITH THE BANKERS

St. Louis the Scene of a Big Convention.

PRESIDENT SPEAKS

On the Direct and Far-Reaching Benefits of the Trust System Generally.

OREGON MAN TO DIRECTORATE

Trust Section of American Bankers Association Has Seven Hundred Members and Billions of Dollars in Available Assets.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 16.—The feature of the bankers' convention here today was the annual address of President Clark Williams, before the trust company section. At the afternoon session of this section, Festus J. Wade, of St. Louis, was elected president and Ben. F. Cohen, of Portland, Oregon, a member of the executive committee.

In Mr. Williams' address he said, in part:

"We are a part of the warp and woof of the financial fabric of this country and it is to our interest to stand as an integral part of the American Bankers' Association, which aims to bring within its fold the financial powers of the United States. The functions of national interstate banks and trust companies are co-operative rather than competitive, and it is a satisfaction to recognize in this common association the evidence of a friendly independence between the classes of institutions. From a small beginning, ten years ago, the trust company section has become a great power with its 700 members, whose assets run into the billions of dollars. The enormous growth of the trust company system was the result of the demands of existing business conditions and the progressive spirit of our time has required a response from this organization, and we are under an ever increasing responsibility to see that the power which in us lies is directed to the protection and safeguarding of our institutions.

"It has been our purpose, so far as possible, to secure the enactment of laws in the different states prohibiting the use of the word 'Trust,' the title of any corporation not a moneyed corporation or chartered to do a trust company business.

"Our clerks should feel a responsibility that would take them further from personal loyalty to their officers' employment in a trust company imposes as well a trust to the patrons of the institution and the public at large. These men are human, their first impulse to reveal wrong doing and degradation is frequently overcome by the sense of dependence, and they answer their conscience in the easiest way—It is none of my business.' It is our duty to assure them that it is their business and to make it possible for them to do their full duty. I do not advocate a system of tattling, but rather an honor system that may save the clerk at least his self-respect and our institutions pecuniary loss."

An important feature of the day was the interstate currency reform conference, attended by representatives from every State Bankers' Association in the country, at which resolutions were adopted, looking to the enactment by Congress of laws providing for a more elastic currency.

SUBMARINE DISAPPEARS.

Possible Fatality in French Naval Experiments.

BISERTA, Tunis, Oct. 16.—The French submarine Lutin left here this morning for plunging experiments. Signals received at 10 o'clock tonight report her disappearance. Two torpedo boats and three tugs have gone in search. No further news has been received. The Lutin carries a complement of 14 men.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Minister of Marine Thomson received an official dispatch from the naval commandant at Biserta, confirming the sinking of the submarine boat Lutin. The message says that while exercising off the jettes, the submarine disappeared from the view of the accompanying tug. Drugging was begun at once and resistance was felt at the depth of 150 feet near the place where the Lutin sunk.

It now appears almost certain that the crew of the Lutin suffered the same fate as overtook the crew of the submarine Farfadet last year. Admiral Bellue said late tonight that owing to heavy seas and obscurity, it was impossible to continue the salvage operations until dawn. The tugs and torpedo boats will remain through the night near the place where the Lutin made the final plunge. The British Consul General here proposed to the French Resident General to telegraph the British admiral at Malta for salvage and assistance. The offer was accepted.

SPOKANE SPIRIT UP

Chamber of Commerce Goes After City Public System.

MONDAY'S MURDER THE CAUSE

Demands That Police Scour the City of Desperate Characters or That Citizens Arm and Take the Situation in Full Charge.

SPOKANE, Wash., Oct. 16.—In view of the murder last night of Reno Hutchinson, the popular young secretary of the Y. M. C. A. of this city, and formerly of Portland, the following resolutions were unanimously passed by the Chamber of Commerce today:

"Resolved, that it is the judgment of the Chamber of Commerce that the time has come for the city government to take drastic measures to put a stop to the carnival of crime which is going on in this city. Burglary, highway robbery and murder are of common occurrence and unless the police department can come to life and rid us of the perpetrators of these outrages, it is time for the citizens to organize for self-protection."

The police are entirely in the dark concerning the murder last night of Reno Hutchinson, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. No arrests have been made, and apparently the authorities have no definite clew. They are divided between the theory of assassination, with revenge as a motive, and murder by a footpad. The coroner's inquest resulted in a verdict of death resulting from a gunshot wound inflicted by a person or persons unknown.

HAZING PENALIZED.

Annapolis Student Punished Under the New Law.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 16.—Midshipman R. P. Guiler, Jr., of Calais, O., today was given 200 demerits for hazing Godfrey D. Chevalier, of the fourth class. Guiler's offense was in going to Chevalier's room and applying a nickname to him. The punishment is the maximum for light offenses, and is the first to be administered by Admiral Sands, under the new law, which gives the superintendent of the academy power to deal with cases of a mild character.

STANDARD ARRAIGNED

Prosecution Finishes in Ohio Case.

DEFENSE IS TECHNICAL

Supreme Court Document Basis of Plea of Exemption.

OWNERSHIP IS NOT PROVEN

Inability to Prove Control of Defendant Company by Standard May Result in Another Acquittal—Evidences All In.

FINDLAY, Oct. 16.—That the case of the Standard Oil company, on trial for conspiracy against trade, will be in the hands of the jury tomorrow, is confidently predicted by attorneys on both sides. The evidence is all in and the arguments progressed for four hours today.

The jury has yet to hear from Attorney Kline for the defense, and the closing argument for the State by Attorney General Ellis. Prosecutor David began his argument this morning, after the defense had closed its case with the submission of a single document, the decree of the Supreme Court of the State declaring the defendant "not guilty" in contempt proceedings in 1900. The prosecutor told the jury that there never had been an actual cessation of the Standard Oil trust of 1882, although the form of the organization has been changed. The defense made its main point that, while the evidence showed all so-called subsidiary companies to be owned by the Standard Oil company of New York, no evidence was adduced to show that the defendant company was so owned.

JACKSON, Tenn., Oct. 16.—The special federal grand jury today read a voluminous indictment against the Standard Oil company of Indiana. The charge is the transportation of several carloads of oil at rates discriminating in favor of the Standard of Indiana.

HEARST CONDEMNED.

Policy Criticised by King's County Politicians.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—A special meeting of the Democratic General Committee of King's county ratified the nominations made on the state and local tickets tonight. Senator McCarren, who offered a resolution of endorsement, denounced the head of the ticket, who, he said, had bolted the ticket in this county. Never in his recollection had such a situation confronted the party, as in this campaign. The spectacle of a leader refusing to recognize a ticket was a novel one. It was an insult to every Democrat in the county and they would be less than human if they did not feel a spirit of resentment. He called on all voters to resent what he termed an "unjust vilification of respective candidates." McCarren concluded at length in a bitter denunciation of Hearst, who, he declared, was trying to disrupt the Democratic party in the States of California and Illinois. The Independence League was also roundly condemned by the speaker, who styled it a body organized "for the purpose of blackmailing the Democratic party." A motion that the committee express their approval of the attitude of Senator McCarren was adopted with a rising vote.

BREWER'S FAMILY DIVIDED.

"Lavender Lady's" Husband Defers to Son's Happiness.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—William J. Lemp, who succeeded his millionaire father as head of the Lemp Brewing interests, today left the Lemp family home at 3343 South Thirteenth street, and took quarters at the Washington Hotel, where his brother has rooms. Young Mrs. Lemp and her son now occupy Lemp's residence alone. Her picturesque title, "Lavender Lady," is due to her preference for a stunning toilette in which lavender is a dominant note. She is a daughter of A. H. Handlan, president of the Handlan-Buck Manufacturing company.

"My wife and I," said Mr. Lemp, "have not been getting on for some time as husband and wife should. If these conditions affected me alone I might have continued to bear them, but they also affect my son William, who is now 6 years old." The ground for a divorce suit will probably be incompatibility.

CATTLE THIEVES CAPTURED.

EL PASO, Texas, Oct. 16.—According to correspondence to this city from Guadalupe, Mex., gendarmes and a gang of cattle thieves fought a pitched battle near Layunta, in which four bandits were killed, seven arrested and twelve escaped. None of the gendarmes were wounded. The outlaws were caught in the open highway driving a band of 500 cattle which had been stolen.

SEALERS CULPABLE

Raid on St. Paul Island Was Premeditated.

DISCOVERED ON SECOND RAID

Obsessed With Success of Initial Law Breaking, Japs Are So Busily Engaged That Guards Discover Them and Kill One.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 16.—Clear evidence is forthcoming by advices received today by the steamer Empress of Japan that the raid on St. Paul Island by Japanese sealers was premeditated and the statement that the Japanese landed for water and were treacherously fired upon by the Americans as reported to the Japanese government by directors of the raiding schooner, is shown to be untrue. Hunters of the raiding schooner Toyo No. 2 which appeared off St. Paul Island two days before the raid went to the captain with the ultimatum that unless he permitted them to go ashore and club seals on the rookery, they would refuse to work and compel him to return. The master agreed. Further discussion took place as to the division of prospective spoils and knives were drawn. At midnight a boat was lowered with the oarlocks muffled and sent in, the vessel being but a mile from the rookery in the fog. Four other boats followed and in two hours 192 seals had been slaughtered and brought on board the schooner. Had the sealers been satisfied they could have escaped, but another raid was decided upon, the boats going in the second time at 4 a. m. At 6 o'clock the fog lifted and those on board sighted the guard coming. Warning shots were fired, but the raiders were too busy skinning seals to notice and only when the guards came close did they sight the natives. Then they succeeded in getting only one boat out in which four men sought to get to the vessel. One Meada, a seaman, was shot through the breast, and died. Two others were wounded. The body of the dead man was taken in salt to Japan and landed without knowledge of the authorities.

NO BLAME FOR ACCIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Secretary Bonaparte holds no one to blame for the grounding of the cruiser Boston in Puget Sound during a dense fog.