



## IN A STATE OF SEIGE

### Valparaiso is Under Charge of Military.

### LLAILLA IS RUINED

### Not Single Wall Remains Standing—Thirty Killed There—Cemeteries Destroyed.

### \$4,000,000 IS APPROPRIATED

### Cemeteries Are Unfit For Use and the Morgues Are Crowded With Coffins Awaiting Burial—Postal Service Operating.

VALPARAISO, August 23.—Governor Blanco has proclaimed Valparaiso in a state of seige and conferred supreme authority upon Captain Gomez Carreno. At Llailla there is not a single wall in good condition. Thirty were killed there. At Quillota many buildings are prostrated. The earthquake was very severe at Acon and Colmo. The dead in those places number 25.

One of the greatest difficulties encountered by the authorities is the interment of the bodies recovered from the ruins, as all the cemeteries were destroyed. At the various temporary morgues heaps of coffins have been accumulated, awaiting the designation of their place of burial. The work of recovering the bodies is being pushed to the utmost in order to avoid an epidemic, in fear of which many families are leaving the city.

Through the whole length of Brazil avenue and all over Victoria Square large sheds have been constructed to shelter the homeless from the severe rains.

Survivors of the earthquake say that during the shocks it was impossible to stand erect without support. A movement is on foot to organize a company to facilitate the raising of the money necessary to reconstruct the city. It is proposed to advance the sums needed without interest for the first six months. The plan is to construct the new buildings of light materials and to lay out the streets so that they will have a uniform width of 20 metres.

### SEVERE RUNAWAY.

BLAIRGOWRIE, Scotland, August 23.—While a party of American tourists were driving from Glen Shee to Blairgowrie on Tuesday their horses bolted at the foot of a hill, overturned the carriage and throwing out the passengers with much force. Miss Elma Van Norden, daughter of Warner Van Norden, a retired financier of New York City and who was for some years private secretary to General William Booth and had shown much practical interest in the Salvation Army was pitched against a rock, sustaining a fractured skull, a portion of the brain protruding. She is reported tonight as doing fairly well. Miss Van Norden's cousin, Ottomar Van Norman, sustained a dislocation of the shoulder. Rev. Oliver H. Bronson, another of the party, received scalp wounds, while Edward S. Avery was cut on the leg. The coachman had his ear almost torn off. The carriage was completely wrecked.

### YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL SCORES

#### Northwest League.

At Spokane—Spokane 9, Tacoma 1.  
Pacific Coast League.  
At Los Angeles—Seattle 1, Fresno 3.

### GREAT ENGINEERING FEAT.

#### Western Pacific Road Into California Will Have 45 Tunnels.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 23.—The Western Pacific is perfecting plans to enter California, and when the road is completed it will be one of the greatest engineering feats in modern times.

The engineers in charge have instructions to keep their object in view the straightest line with the least grade. To accomplish this 45 tunnels will be bored in Eastern California between Oroville and Beckwith Pass. Instead of going around mountains the Western Pacific is going through them.

The longest of the tunnels is that at the head of Spring Garden, 12 miles east of Quincy. This is cut under the ridge dividing the north and middle forks of the Feather river. It will be over 7000 feet in length when completed. The next longest tunnel on the road will be the one under Beckwith Pass. This will be over 4000 feet in length and it is being bored at both ends. The third tunnel will probably be the most difficult engineering feat of all, as it will be cut through solid rock for a distance of 1200 feet. This will be north of Quincy or Spanish Creek.

### NO CHANGE IN SITUATION.

SAN PEDRO, August 13.—The strike situation is unchanged. The railroads have not succeeded in getting many men to take the place of the strikers, and they have lost some of those brought down from Los Angeles. Deputy marshals still guard the wharves and union men accuse them of preventing some Mexicans from quitting who desire to.

### EXCESSES CONTINUE

#### South Carolina Mob Lynches One More Negro.

### HE TRIED TO ENTER A HOUSE

#### Because Colored Man is Found Trying to Enter House, Mob Hang Him and Fill His Body With Bullets.

COLUMBUS, S. C., August 23.—Wm. Spain, a negro, was shot to death by a mob near St. George, Dorchester county, this afternoon. It is the third lynching in South Carolina in ten days. S. L. Connor, manager of the Dorchester Lumber Company's store, was notified that a negro was attempting to enter the window of his home. Connor immediately started after the negro, coming upon him in a canfield. Connor grappled the negro, striking him a severe blow, which broke several bones in the negro's hand. The negro finally freed himself and fled to the woods. Connor summoned the neighbors and about two hours later Spain was captured and locked in jail. Shortly afterwards a posse of 40 or 50 men secured the negro, took him to Connor's house where Connor's 11-year-old daughter positively identified the negro as the one who tried to climb into the window. The mob then took the negro to a nearby oak, and strung him up and fired about 500 shots into his body.

### GIVES GOMPERS THE LIE.

LEWISTON, Me., August 23.—Congressman Charles E. Littlefield, at a rally in North Bay, last night replied in detail to statements made by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, against Littlefield. In reference to the charge of Gompers that in the ship subsidy bill, Littlefield desired to pass a law to compel seamen to enter the naval service in time of war, Littlefield said the bill did provide that if seamen would agree to go into the naval service when wanted, they would have higher pay, but was entirely a matter of contract and not compulsory for all seamen.

## BY THE JEWS

### Developments in Poland Indicate Trouble.

### SIEDLICE IS AGITATED

### Chief of Police Killed By Jews and Russians Attempt to Retaliate.

### BIALYSTOK SCENES REPEATED

### Russians Explode Bomb in Siedlice Jewish Quarter—Jews Open Fire and the Troops Reply—One Christian Killed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 23.—There is great alarm in Jewish circles on the developments at Siedlice, Poland, where events seem to be shaping for the starting of a Pogrom similar to Bialystok. The development is parallel almost exactly to the preliminaries at Bialystok. The long series of revolutionary and terrorist signs have been attributed by the police to the Jews, culminating, as was the case at Bialystok, in the assassination of the chief of police. The funeral of Gotsch, the chief, today was the occasion of a demonstration by the Russian population. The condition of the feeling is shown by the refusal of Gotsch's widow to receive the wreath sent by a Jewish society as a mark of disapproval of the assassination.

Similar to the incident which occurred at Bialystok, it now develops that after the explosion of the bomb in a street of the Hebrew quarter, which according to the police was accompanied by revolver firing from four Jewish houses the troops opened a fusillade in which five Jews and one Christian were killed and many wounded. Thirty-three Jews were arrested on the spot on suspicion of complicity in the bomb throwing and firing. The Jews are in a panic and are fleeing from the city. Siedlice is about 60 miles from Bialystok.

Excesses are increasing and sporadic disorders are reported in the provinces of Moscow, Yara Yaroslav, Volhynia, Simbirska, Kazan and Yekaterinoslav. Premier Stolypin has sent a circular to all the governors ordering them to employ the most energetic measures to prevent the peasantry from taking possession of the private estates, to which they are being incited by the revolutionists.

The disaffection of the Cossacks at Novo Teberikask, which resulted in sending the infantry to disperse the peasants culminated in the staying of the Cossack commander. The circumstances of the affair are not yet known.

The manager of the Odessa branch of the New York Life Insurance Company today received a letter demanding a contribution of \$10,000 to the revolutionary cause on pain of death. Instead of the paying money, the manager notified the police and informed General Kaubars that he demanded protection which was furnished.

### HIGGINS AGAIN CANDIDATE.

NEW YORK, August 23.—William Barnes Jr., chairman of the republican state executive committee tonight announced that Governor Higgins is a candidate for renomination. Barnes added that the governor had never chased after the nomination and is not now chasing after the nomination. Barnes says the friends of Higgins will control the convention and nominate him.

### SEA STILL SMOOTH.

#### Efforts Now Directed Toward Steadying Manchuria Until Tugs Arrive.

HONOLULU, August 23.—The agents of the Honolulu Telephone Company visited the Manchuria today with a view of connecting the stranded steamer with the shore by telephone, the advisability of which is being considered by the steamship agents. In a statement issued today the steamship company says all efforts will now be directed toward steadying the vessel in its present position until Captain Metcalf arrives. The sea is still smooth. An inter-island steamer excursion to the Manchuria is being arranged for Sunday for sight-seers.

### ADJUST INSURANCE LOSS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—The insurance loss on the Palace Hotel building has been adjusted at \$1,302,610.22. This is more than the insurance companies will have to pay, for the total insurance of the building was only \$1,265,000. It being a total loss, therefore, a liability of a trifle over a million and quarter will be distributed among 98 companies involved in the loss. This is said to have been the largest loss upon a single risk ever adjusted in this country. After the Baltimore conflagration two years ago the largest amount paid upon one risk is said to be \$771,000 upon the Equitable Life Insurance Company's building. The round value of the building before the flames consumed it was approximately \$1,802,610.22. The damage done by the earthquake was estimated at about 8 per cent.

### WILL INVESTIGATE

#### Story of Finding Valencia Victims is Doubted.

### LINEMAN LOGAN IS IGNORANT

#### Man Who Helped in Valencia Rescue Work Does Not Know of Finding Boat From Wrecked Steamer.

VICTORIA, August 23.—Captain Jas. Gaudin, agent of marine, telegraphed to Lineman Logan at Pachema asking him to investigate the finding of a boat presumably from the steamer Valencia in a cave on the west coast of Vancouver Island, with eight skeletons in it and the reply received from Logan is that he has heard nothing of the discovery. Relatives of the victims of the Valencia are asking that the report be investigated with an endeavor toward recovering and if possible identifying the victims. While some shipping men are disposed to think the boat may be one sent from the King David, wrecked on Bajo Point, the majority believe it to be from the Valencia and Mr. Lugin, counsel for the Dominican Government at the Valencia inquiry, gives it his opinion that it was boat No. 2 from the Valencia, the fate of which has never been cleared up.

### DEAD SPARROWS CAUSED IT.

THREE OAKS, Mich., August 23.—The cause of an epidemic of typhoid among one thousand inhabitants of this place was discovered today, when a member of the board of health climbed to the top of the water works' stand-pipe and found the dead bodies of several thousand dead sparrows in various stages of decomposition covering the surface of the water.

### BIG RAFT ARRIVES.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 23.—The steamer Francis H. Leggett arrived today from Astoria having in tow the largest log raft which ever came into this harbor. It contains eleven million feet.

## AMERICANS WILL HELP

### Artillerymen to Man Cuban Government Guns.

### REVOLT VERY SERIOUS

### Insurrection Seems to be Growing in Strength—Government Uneasy.

### SAN JUAN CITY IS CAPTURED

### Rebels Capture San Juan de Martinez—Insurrectionary Leader, General Bandera is Killed—Severe Blow to Revolution.

HAVANA, August 23.—Secretary-Treasurer Font Sterling late tonight cleared up a misleading statement made to the Associated Press at the Palace tonight that the Cuban Government had asked the United States for eight rapid firing guns manned by American artillerymen.

The facts are that Cuba has ordered four rapid fire guns from American arms manufacturers and these pieces will be manned by former artillerymen from the American army now here. If these guns prove a success, four or more additional guns will be ordered and it is expected experienced gunners can be procured in the United States to man them.

The subject of intervention under the terms of the Platt amendment and indeed intervention is regarded by the press and public as a remote possibility, the claim being made that all indications point to a speedy restoration of order through the medium of the constituted authorities of the Cuban republic. The killing of the insurrectionary leader, General Bandera, today in an engagement with the Rural Guards, is regarded as dealing the insurrection a heavy blow.

The capture today of San Juan de Martinez by the Guerreras band was not a great surprise though it was not expected to occur so soon. The place was protected by a very small detachment of rural guards. While government reinforcements are going forward, it is not believed Guerreras following has been materially augmented by his occupancy of the two Vuelta Abajotous. Public opinion seems to vary according to the locality, from enthusiastic adherence to the government to open rebellion.

In this city the general attitude is one of loyalty. The government has not made public the news of the capture of San Juan de Martinez. The editor of the Post, which published an extra containing the news, was summoned before Governor Nunez and censured for exciting the public by printing sensational news unfavorable to the government.

A company of Havana recruits exchanged shots today with a detachment of insurgents near Guines. One volunteer and a policeman were injured. Colonel Rojas and all three companies of artillery stationed at the Havana forts have been ordered to Pinar del Rio, the authorities considering Havana sufficiently guarded by the rurals.

Pino Guerrera has sent threatening messages to members of the Agrarian league stating that he will pillage their plantations if they organize their forces against the insurrection. In consequence of Guerrera's threats against the western railway, orders have been issued to permanently guard every bridge between Pinar del Rio and San Juan de Martinez.

### WANTS BORDER PROTECTED.

DALLAS, Texas, August 23.—U. S. Senator Culberson of Texas sent the following telegrams yesterday:

"Dallas, Texas, August 22.

"General F. C. Ainsworth, the Military Secretary, Washington.

"In the morning papers here the Associated Press states that Fort Brown will be abandoned and I would thank you to wire me if this course has been determined upon. It is due of the United States to protect the frontier and as Texas borders on Mexico it has always been deemed advisable to police the frontier with regular troops, including a station at Fort Brown. While conditions on the border have improved very much within recent years, this course is still advisable and it would be regrettable that this fort should be abandoned because the people of a border city like Brownsville, object to negro troops under circumstances of raid and murder such as recently occurred there.

"Signed) C. A. CULBERSON."

Senator Culberson declined to discuss the matter last night.

### REVOLUTION IS GRAVE.

TAMPA, August 23.—A private telegram from one of the largest exporting firms in Havana to its correspondent here states that the revolution is assuming grave proportions. The information has created much alarm here, and it is noticed that all ships arriving from Havana are crowded with shipments of tobacco indicating the importers here feel great anxiety and are getting as much tobacco out of Cuba as possible before it may be impossible.

### RESULT IS IN DOUBT

#### End of Cuban Insurrection Eagerly Watched in New York.

### ANNEXATION BY U. S. POSSIBLE

#### If President Palma Finds Himself Unable to Cope With the Situation, He Will Call on the United States For Aid.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Lively interest in the outcome of the political disturbance in Cuba is evidenced in this city which has not only harbored from time to time many of her prominent men, but is bound to the island republic by ever strengthening commercial ties. Advice to business houses here from Havana insist that the revolt has not yet assumed alarming proportions, but tend to qualify the official assurances that the government has the situation thoroughly in hand. It is believed that the next few days will demonstrate whether the present uprisings may be dignified with the term "rebellion" or are to be classed with the sporadic outlaws with which the government has already successfully coped.

The active loyalty of many Cubans of influence is admittedly in doubt. To what extent, if any, the sentiment for annexation of the United States figures in the unrest and what stand the Americans in the Isle of Pines will take has awakened considerable speculation.

Unofficial efforts to quiet the disturbers are told of in a dispatch cabled early to the Associated Press. The dispatch says that 80 veterans of the revolution met last night and in a resolution pledged themselves to use their personal influence to bring the strife to a bloodless termination.

John S. Fishke, of the firm of J. M. Ceballos & Co., Cuban-American bankers, last night said that the cable dispatches received by his firm from Havana, indicate that there was no need for alarm at present. He added:

"If President Palma finds that his government is unable to cope with the situation, he will call upon the United States for aid. That would mean pacification first, and then annexation. In