

HONEY

PURE COMB HONEY 20c COMB, 2 COMBS 35c.

We are receiving shipments of Fresh Vegetables Daily

- OREGON ASPARAGUS
- H. H. LETTUCE
- RHUBARB
- STRING BEANS
- TOMATOES
- PEAS
- NEW POTATOES

A. V. ALLEN

Sole Agents For Baker's Barrington Hall Steel Cut Coffee.

BLAME THE MUMMIES

Spread of Tuberculosis Caused By Mummies.

BACCILLI INFECT BODIES

Alleged That Great Spread of White Plague in America is Due to Importation of Egyptian Mummies.

CHICAGO, May 12.—"Egyptology versus health," was the title of a monograph received at the headquarters of the tuberculosis institute of Chicago yesterday in which it was alleged that the great spread of tuberculosis and in America in the last 100 years found its cause in the disinterment and shipment broadcast over the land of the mummies which had reposed so long in the tombs of the Pharaohs.

The monograph was written by Dr. Raffaele Sorgnac, one of the lecturers at the Sorbonne in Paris, who was an interested visitor at the recent Tuberculosis exhibit in this city.

"That the disinterred mummies started the spread of the tuberculosis germs in Egypt cannot be doubted," says Dr. Sorgnac in his monograph. "There are more tuberculous germs in the almost impalpable dust around a mummy than in many cuspidors of effluvia."

"These germs live for thousands of years, as has easily been proven, and the exhumation of the bodies, even the well preserved ones, caused an epidemic of consumption among the workmen and scholars who first exhumed the bodies. It is also well known that the keepers of the mummy cases have been subject to the disease."

"The start of tuberculosis in France in a serious sense may be traced to the great importation of mummies and mummy cases at the time of the Napoleonic invasion of Egypt and this start gave the disease its first great foothold in Europe, whence it has spread all over the western world. Dead bodies may not secrete the germs, but dead bodies are undoubtedly a favorite lodging place for the tubercular bacilli."

"The bacilla from the mummies are undoubtedly of great age and it has been shown by experiments in Paris that these agent bacilli are infinitely more deadly than those obtained from the sputum of live persons who are infected."

INVEST IN SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 21.—Within the past few days it is said new accounts have been opened at several of the commercial banks of San Francisco by men from the East who have deposited sums ranging from \$10,000 upward. Some of them are known by reputation to banking men to be possessed of large wealth. Others are supposed to represent wealthy clients in eastern money centers. The evident purpose of these men, the bankers say, is to make investments of their funds in San Francisco.

KEEP EXPORTS SECRET.

MONTEAL, May 12.—Under a ruling from Ottawa, no further figures are obtainable respecting exports from the port of Montreal. Strenuous objection is being made by the board of trade officers and later on there may be a revision of the ruling.

The present trouble arises over the fact that the cheese operators object to having their business made public and the government in obliging them has made a sweeping alteration in its mode of affairs, which prevents anything being given out.

ALLEGED UNCONSTITUTIONAL

NEW YORK, May 2.—A brief upholding that section of the labor law which forbids the employment of women in factories after 9 p. m. or before 6 a. m. was filed in the Court of Special Sessions here yesterday by Attorney-General Mayer. The brief was filed in reply to a demurrer alleging that the law is unconstitutional, which was put in by counsel for an employing printer, who was arrested charged with violating the labor law.

GOVERNMENT VICTORY.

Real Significance of Result of Paper Trust Suit Set Forth.

NEW YORK, May 12.—James M. Dieck of this city, who, with Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul, represented the government as special counsel in the case brought by the attorney-general against the General Paper Company last night said:

"Yesterday's decision is gratifying to the government's counsel, but was clearly foreshadowed by the decision of the Supreme Court in passing upon the refusal of the General Paper Company to show its books and papers. That decision indicated that if the facts were as the counsel for the government said they were the testimony was relevant and would support a decree."

"The real significance of this case consists not merely in the important decision rendered by the Supreme Court as to the power of the government to compel a corporation to produce its books and papers, notwithstanding the fifth and fourteenth amendments but in the fact that it was held to be within the provision of the Sherman anti-trust law for a number of competing corporations to establish a common sales agency."

"In this case some twenty-eight corporations, which were manufacturing paper formed a corporation called the General Paper Company and practically sold all of their product through the General Paper Company to the trade. The General Paper Company fixed the prices made the allotments among the mills and after deducting a percentage for its expenses, remitted the balance to the constituent companies in proportion to their output."

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The recent fire on Astor street disclosed a state of affairs that is intolerable.

Old mattresses, umbrellas, broken furniture, rags and combustible filth of all descriptions are thrown into the back yards of the houses. Such refuse makes good kindling for fires and furnishes food for flames, thereby endangering the lives and property of the people.

This condition of affairs obtains, not only on Astor street, but also on Bond, Commercial and other streets; and after consultation with the Committee on Fire and Water, it has been decided to give public notice to all concerned, that all such premises must be cleaned up within thirty days from date.

At the expiration of that period, members of the Committee on Fire and Water, together with the Chief of Police and Chief of the Fire Department, will make a tour of inspection, and all corporations, firms or individuals, failing to clean up will be prosecuted, in accordance with the ordinances of the city.

HERMAN WISE, Mayor.
Astoria, May 7, 1906.

Sore Nipples.

A cure may be effected by applying Chamberlain's Salve as soon as the child is done nursing. Wipe it off with a soft cloth before allowing the child to nurse. Many trained nurses use this salve with the best results. Price 25 cents per box. Sold by Frank Hart and leading druggists.

FERRIS WHEEL GOES

Famous Amusement Device Destroyed By Dynamite.

REAPED ENORMOUS PROFITS

Big Wheel Blown up by Dynamite—First Used at Columbian Exposition in Chicago—Operated at St. Louis.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Blown to pieces by a monster charge of dynamite the ferris wheel came to an ignominious end yesterday at St. Louis, after a varied career of thirteen years. At its ending it was unwept and unsung.

Constructed as one of the engineering feats of a century the wheel first was a feature of the Chicago World's Fair in 1893. Then for a long period of monumental and unprofitable inactivity it towered in an amusement park at North Clark street and Wrightwood avenue, it finally was removed to St. Louis to form for the second time the huge mechanical marvel of a great exposition.

For more than a month heavy wagons laden with 4600 tons of steel of its construction through Chicago's streets. The old wheel, which had become St. Louis's white elephant, died hard. It required 200 pounds of dynamite to put it out of business.

The first charge was exploded under the supports at the north side of the structure, wrecking its foundation and permitting the wheel to drop to the ground, a matter of but a few feet.

As the wheel settled it slowly turned, with its bottom as a support and then, after tottering a moment like a huge giant in distress, it collapsed slowly. Within a few minutes it was a tangled mass of steel and iron thirty or forty feet high. The huge axle, weighing seventy four tons, dropped slowly with the remnants of the wheel, crushing the smaller braces and steel framework. When the mass stopped settling it bore no resemblance to the wheel which was so familiar to Chicago and to St. Louis and the 500,000 amusement seekers from all over the world, in the days when it was in operation, made the trip to the top of its height of 264 feet and then slowly around and down to the starting point.

Following the blast that wrecked the wheel, but which failed to shatter its foundation, came an explosion of another charge of 100 pounds of dynamite. The sticks were sunk in holes drilled in the concrete foundations that supports the pillars on the north side of the wheel.

The wheel was the wonder of two continents, by reason of its cost of \$360,000, its dimensions, and its utter uselessness. It was the rival of the Eiffel tower of Paris. Chicago was glad to get rid of it, and St. Louis is said to have witnessed its destruction with satisfaction.

George Washington Gale Ferris, president of the Pittsburg Engineering firm, originated the idea of the wheel that bore his name, taking the notion from a bicycle and adapting the constructive principles of steel bridges in its erection.

Ferris financed the wheel; built it in Pittsburg; erected it at the Chicago Columbian Exposition, and took in \$750,000 at 50 cents a ride. Then Ferris took a kaleidoscopic trip to Europe. Later he lost all interest in the monster, and died in Pittsburg of tuberculosis. He was only 40 cents old.

The stockholders, who had made 100 per cent profit out of the wheel in 1893, later leased the ground in North Clark street and re-erected it there. Ferris' wheel Park was not a success and the wheel was taken down again and removed to St. Louis on June 3, 1903. The cost of taking the wheel down was \$40,000. Its ruins are estimated as worth \$8000 as scrap iron.

NOMINATE ENTIRE BOARD

NEW YORK, May 12.—The Times today says:

It became known yesterday that the plan of the administration party in the Mutual life insurance company is to nominate for re-election the entire board of trustees as it will stand on July 18. That is the date on which the companies are required under the new law to name their tickets. The policy holders or their organizations have a month longer. This "Stand pat" policy in the Mutual means, according to information equally direct, that the Trustees investigating committee is through with anything that could be called "dislosures" and that except for such criticism as it has already passed on members of the expenditures committee for the loose manner in which vouchers were handled and on the finance committee for fixing the salary of ex-President McCurdy at \$150,000 a year, it will not hold any individual trustee now in the board responsible directly for misdeeds of the McCurdy administration.

Morning Astorian 65 cents per month.

CHARGES DECLARED FALSE.

Salvation Army Hotels Are Not Unsanitary Nor Money Making.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Charges that the Salvation Army hotels were either unsanitary or a means of financial gain were denied strenuously at the territorial headquarters of the army yesterday.

"It is a shame and an outrage to compare our hotel with the cheap lodging houses where neither ventilation nor sanitation is cared for," Brigadier Ashley Peebles said. "In every Salvation Army hotel every care that modern science can give is bestowed upon the sanitation of the place."

"As far as running the hotels for gain is concerned, if a man has not the necessary ten cents a lodging and breakfast are furnished in many instances and no questions asked. Some of our hotels are self-supporting, but none of them is a money-maker. Our charity is not of the scamped and led variety, nor are we the worshippers of a cautious, statistical Christ, though we have often incurred the enmity of charity workers who are of the statistical variety and must have a man's pedigree for three generations before they will give him food when he is hungry."

ESTABLISH OPEN SHOP.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Plans for establishing the "open shop" in the iron manufacturing industry in Chicago will be discussed today at a convention of the leading foundrymen of the country. The cause of the iron molders' strike, which is in progress here in this city, has become the most important point in the fight now being waged nationally by the National Foundry Association. It is expected more than fifty manufacturers will attend the meeting. The local employers also will be well represented. The latter will report that they have been unable to open their furnaces owing to a scarcity of non-union men and hope some method will be devised by the association for remedying the conditions.

Sciatica Cured After Twenty Years of Torture.

For more than twenty years Mr. J. B. Massey, of 3322 Clinton St., Minneapolis, Minn., was tortured by sciatica. The pain and suffering which he endured during this time is beyond comprehension. Nothing gave him any permanent relief until he used Chamberlain's Pain Balm. One application of that liniment relieved the pain and made sleep and rest possible, and less than one bottle has effected a permanent cure. If troubled with sciatica or rheumatism why not try a 5-cent bottle of Pain Balm and see for yourself how quickly it relieves the pain. For sale by Frank Hart, and leading druggists.

OPTIMISTIC VIEW

Earth Can Support Life 100,000,000 Years.

SAYS CHICAGO PROFESSOR

Believes That Earth Will Be Inhabitable For One Hundred Million Years to Come—Sets Forth Reasons.

Chicago, May 12.—That the earth will be habitable for a hundred million years to come is the belief of Dr. Thomas C. Chamberlain, head of the department of Geology in the University of Chicago. This view is expressed in a lecture before the members of the geographic society in the municipal museum tonight. Professor Chamberlain declared that climatic phenomena and the temperature conditions of the last hundred million years, warranted him in offering the foregoing optimistic prophecy. His basis for the theory of perpetuation for human life was his own planetesimal hypothesis, that the world is not gradually cooling from a ball of fire but that it gradually has grown in size by absorbing other smaller masses of matter.

"The pseudo-romanticists picture the world as cooling to a frigid mass which one day in the near future is to become uninhabitable," said the speaker, "but if we are to consider the past we must admit that the temperature of the earth has remained always within the range where human life is possible. Therefore it is only reasonable to suppose that the temperature in some parts of the globe will remain within that life range."

"The earthquake is really only a trivial phenomenon of the earth. The great question for us is not what disasters impend, but what agencies are likely to perpetuate life."

"We cannot look with indifference on the future," concluded the speaker. "The human race really has just come into possession of the earth. The fact that the rocks and the animals have the eras of prosperity is the basis for my belief that we shall have millions of years to work out our ideals of intellectuality. I believe the world will be inhabitable for millions of years."

SIMINGTON DRY GOODS CO.

25c Buster Brown Stockings 12 1/2c Pair

BEST Oil Cloth 15c



Ribbon Sale

2000 yards of pure silk taffeta and messaline. Ribbon consisting of all the popular shadings in widths from 3 to 7 inches, nothing reserved.

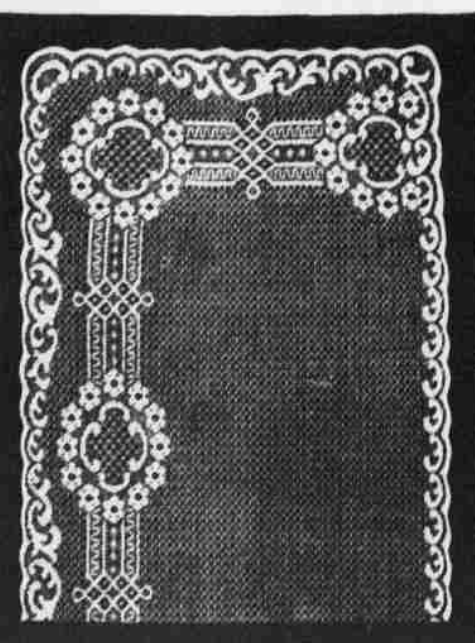
40c to 50c values, 90 in this at 23c
35c values 19c
30c values 15c
25c values 12 1/2c

Kid Glove Specials



600 Pairs of the celebrated Centaur Glove in colors, Tan, Brown, and cream, Regular \$1.50 Value for

69c



Lace Curtains Half Price

30 pairs lace curtains in this lot ranging from 50c to \$7.50 a pair, but slightly soiled, while they last 1/2 regular price. House wives and rooming-house keepers should avail themselves of this opportunity as it cannot last but a few hours.

New Spring Jackets

Just received in white and cream, serge and new greys, neatly trimmed and skillfully tailored.



4344
Leather Hand Bags 1/2 price.

15c Toile De Nord Gingham 10c yard, 25c value, black all over lace and boot hose 19c pair.

TO THE CASH TRADE ONLY