

TO KILL THEM ALL

America Soldiers Will Exterminate Treacherous Pulajanes.

CONSTABULARY FIGHT WELL

Governor Curry Makes His Report to Government Concerning the Recent Engagement With Pulajanes on the Island of Samar.

MANILA, March 26. Governor Curry in a report to the government of the recent engagement with Pulajanes at Magtan, says:

"Had a hard fight in which Captain Jones of the constabulary lost half of his command, gaining a magnificent victory in the face of overwhelming odds.

"The Pulajanes under a flag of truce, and while promising to surrender, immediately opened fire, charging the constabulary.

"The leader of the Pulajanes ordered his men to first wipe out the constabulary and then to capture myself and the other Americans.

"I have requested a company of federal troops immediately and later on when joined by this additional force will prepare to wage a war of extermination against the fugitives, which is the only alternative.

"The constabulary did splendidly, though their inferior fire arms which were minus bayonets, placed them at a disadvantage. With the assistance of the federal troops we will be able to exterminate the fugitives who are now in the mountains and will destroy the crops.

"The natives of Samar with the exception of the Pulajanes are in sympathy with us and are assisting us.

"Every town is endeavoring to assist in the extermination of the fugitives.

"Several prominent Filipinos were present and witnessed the treacherous action of the Pulajanes.

"Judge Lobinger and all the other Americans are safe."

THE MAKING OF TOYS.

An Art That Flourished Before the Days of History.

To tell the whole story of the art of making toys it would first be necessary to find some means of exploring the ages that antedate history. The love of toys is as instinctive as it is universal. No barbarous land has yet been found which was so uncivilized that its children did not have their playthings—shapeless and clumsy, perhaps, but still capable of fulfilling the purpose for which they were created—and there is no record of any time when little ones have not possessed some kind of puppets with which they might divert themselves. Archaeologists in delving among the tombs of ancient Greece and Egypt made the surprising discovery that the art of toymaking was not only known, but had attained a high degree of development as far back as 5000 years ago. In those days both Grecian and Egyptian children had their dolls, and they were jointed dolls at that. As compared with the magnificently attired French conceptions of the present time they were crude inventions, of course. Their bodies were made of wood, of clay or of stone, and their little limbs were wax-laths fastened to the body by means of a wire. The carving of the bodies, however, was not badly done, and many a child since that time has been glad to mother a more unsightly doll.

By the side of the dolls of the children of ancient Egypt the archaeologists unearthed other playthings which children still love to possess—the dolls' furniture, the utensils for cooking and, what is even more interesting from an antiquarian's point of view, the articles used in the making of sacrifices, cleverly duplicated in miniature, that the children might be able to conduct their dolls through the ritual of their religious exercises, a circumstance that suggests that the word "sacrilege" had not then the same meaning which it has today.

It is a long step from the year 3000 B. C. to the fifteenth or sixteenth century, but it was within that time that the art of toymaking was both brought to a high state of perfection and then once more forgotten. Like other arts, it could not survive the neglect and vandalism of that period known as the "dark ages." Just what the children used for playthings during these long centuries of darkness and ignorance one can only surmise, but it is safe to say that they found things to play with, not only because the making of toys was one of the first objects to which man devoted his attentions when he plunged into the renewed activities of the renaissance, but also for the reason that, as the psychologists have recently taught us, playthings are and

always have been quite as necessary a constituent of human health and development as food and medicine. In other words, children crave toys because it is natural for them to want them. They need them, and to deprive them of these pleasures would be to retard their progress in their work of becoming men and women.—Public Opinion.

"The Grand Old Man."

The Rev. Edward Lloyd Jones of Manchester, England, is credited with having originated the phrase "the Grand Old Man" as applied to Mr. Gladstone. During the Irish agitation it became necessary that detectives should follow Mr. Gladstone for the purpose of protection, and as the Liberal leader lived in Hawarden, in Flintshire, that county, then governed by quarter sessions, was asked to pay the bill. The magistrates, nearly all Tories in those days, objected, whereupon Lloyd Jones, who was then a minister at Rhyl, promptly called an indignation meeting. He asked a lawyer who was present to state whether, if the life of a common tramp was in peril, it was not the duty of the county to protect him. The lawyer said that undoubtedly it was. "Then," shouted Mr. Jones, "if it is the duty of this county to protect the beggar at our doors, are we going to allow the precious life of that grand old man at Hawarden to go unprotected?" That meeting settled the quarter sessions' objections, and the title stuck.

Finances of Knighthood.

Sordid questions of finance enter into the consideration of the eligibility of those upon whom the British sovereign would confer the distinction of knighthood, and there are many who might use the coveted prefix "Sir" did they possess a larger income. It is, roughly speaking, a rule that knighthood shall not be conferred upon any one who has not an income of at least \$15,000 upon which to maintain his knightly dignity, while a baronet, before his creation, must not only be found to have an income of at least \$50,000 a year, but must further be able to purchase a country seat and be able to suitably provide for his eldest son. While knighthood, or ennoblement, is a mark of distinguished merit, it is held that its conferment would only embarrass those who could not afford to keep up the dignity of their station.

The Best Cough Syrup.

S. L. Apple, ex-Probate Judge, Ottawa Co., Kansas, writes: "This is to say that I have used Ballard's Horehound Syrup for years, and I do not hesitate to recommend it as the best cough syrup I have ever used." 25c 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Hart's drug store.

JOSEPH SCOTT DIES.

Wealthy Citizen of Spokane Dies in Naples.

SPokane, March 26.—Joseph Scott, of Spokane, who died yesterday in Naples, is better known throughout the Pacific Northwest as "Joe" Scott, friend or President Theodore Roosevelt, ranch owner, proprietor of lands and estates in various parts of Washington, California, Nevada, and Montana. He was 62 years of age, and passed most of his life in the West and the Northwest, in which he had large interests. In Spokane, he and F. C. Robertson of Seattle, owned the Chemical and the Norman buildings, besides a lot of other property. He also owned a cattle ranch of 35,000 acres in Nevada, besides lands and banks in Montana, Idaho and Washington. He also controlled big interests on the Pacific Coast.

EDUCATE CHILDREN.

Late Anarchist Most's Children to Receive Education.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The education of Johann Most's two sons is the tribute which New York anarchists will pay to the memory of their late leader. The first step was taken yesterday, when a theatrical performance was given for the benefit of the fund. Yesterday's affair also commemorated the organization of the Paris commune and the death of the Czar Alexander II. A mass meeting will be held next Sunday and a collection will be taken for the memorial fund. The widows of several anarchists hanged for their connection with the Haymarket riots in Chicago in 1884 will be guests of the committee.

Most's boys will be taken in charge by the committee selected by anarchistic organizations and educated in the manner indicated by their father shortly before his death.

IN RECEIVER'S HANDS.

Prospect That Two Railroads Will be Thrown Into Receivership.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 26.—The Journal says:

"Two or more railroads may be thrown into receivership by proceedings to be instituted by Attorney General Hadley after the ending of his fight against the Standard Oil Company. He has chosen the railroads owning parallel and erstwhile competing lines, which have violated the action of the State of Missouri

CONCERT

The Musical Event of the Season. Under the Auspices of Astoria Lodge of

ELKS

Logan's Hall, Thursday Evening, March 29, 1906.



Waldemar Lind, Violin Soloist,

Assisted by the BELASCO ORCHESTRA of Ten Artists.

Violin... L. Winters and F. C. Harnack
Viola... Fritz Zilm,
Cello... Ferdinand Konrad,
Bass... G. Bertram,
Flute... F. Straub,
Clarinet... Morris Gumbert,
Cornet... Wm. Livingston,
Drums... F. Bickel.

VOCAL SOLOISTS.

Miss Laurie McCann,
... Contralto
Mr. Nello Johnson,
Tenor
W. F. Gratke,
Baritone

Admission \$1.00

Tickets on Sale at Hoefler's Candy Emporium.

The Committee kindly requests the audience to be seated at 8:30 p. m.

by combining. Principal among the roads to be attacked are the Burlington and the Frisco system. The Rock Island and the Chicago & Alton, which parallel each other in Missouri and the Missouri Pacific and Wabash, both Gould properties and parallel, may also be proceeded against.

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