



TORPEDO BOATS ARE ORDERED TO SINK POTEMKINE ON SIGHT

Russian Government Adopts Desperate Expedient. Battleships and Torpedo Boats Have Left Kustenji, Presumably for Odessa. Destroyer With Volunteer Crew Will Leave in Search of Vessel.

St. Petersburg, July 4.—According to dispatches received by the official agency the torpedo boat destroyer Smeltlvy with a volunteer crew, started from Odessa with the intention of sinking the Kniaz Potemkine. With Kustenji and other unprotected ports of Roumania Bulgaria and Turkey at the mercy of the battleship's guns and with the inability of Kruger's squadron to interfere with her by practically removing them from commission, this desperate expedient was seized upon to prevent complications in the Black Sea. This is a problem for a single destroyer, which is difficult and dangerous enough at best, as she will have to encounter both the Kniaz Potemkine and her attendant torpedo boat.

Matters are now complicated by the departure of the battleship from Kustenji and by ignorance as to where she will next turn up, but a dispatch from Kustenji throws a considerable amount of hope in the dark situation by intimating that a considerable number of her crew are anxious to desert the leaders and escape the consequences of their mutinous actions.

Odessa, July 3.—The fact that the Kniaz Potemkine remains on the high seas in charge of mutineers causing so much apprehension and uneasiness that the government has resolved to take the matter in hand and show no further hesitation, even though the measures adopted involve the loss of the battleship and the one torpedo boat destroyer here. Torpedo boats received orders this afternoon to sink the Kniaz Potemkine. The torpedo boat destroyer here was reinforced this afternoon by two torpedo boats and others are expected.

Sixty-seven mariners from the Georgi Pobiedonosetz were brought ashore and imprisoned in the citadel. British Consul General Seving released the five British vessels which had been held in readiness to remove British subjects. The consul general considers all danger as passed.

PRIESTS TAKE ADVANTAGE OF POPE'S ENCYCLICAL

Vote in Italian Election and Assist in Defeat of Liberals.

New York, July 4.—The municipal elections in Rome, Italy, have taken place after a week's active campaigning, says a cable dispatch from Italy, published today in the Times-Herald. The liberals were much divided, and the clericals and the moderates made a firm stand, the result being, defeat for the liberals.

Much interest was shown, as the clericals, for the first time since 1890, went generally to the polls, taking part in the election. Many priests also took advantage of the recent encyclical of the pope which practically annulled the "non-expedit" rule of Pope Pius Nono, which had been in force since 1871 and prevented clerical participation in the elections.

Seventeen thousand electives voted. It is likely the Duke Quenea of the moderate party, will be elected mayor. Most of the newspapers deplore the liberal defeat through dissensions. Signor Tittoni, minister for foreign affairs, was elected to represent Rome.

FORTUNE AWAITS HIM.

Former Resident of England is Left Thousands of Dollars.

New York, July 4.—George Adams, who came to this country from England 30 years ago, is sought by a Hartford, Conn., lawyer, who says that \$25,000 awaits Adams in England. No trace of Adams has been found since he went to Illinois.

He was left an orphan in Wakefield, England, when a small boy. An aunt and uncle put him to work in a coal mine, but soon afterwards he had both legs broken. He had no medical care, the broken bones were never set and his legs were left crooked. As soon as he could walk he left his foster parents and came to America.

CHINESE GAMBLERS ARRESTED

Chicago Police Apprehend Over Hundred Gaming Celestials.

Chicago, July 3.—The love for gambling has resulted in the arrest of 119 Chinamen, in a hall above a saloon, at 229 Canal street. Two patrol wagons were compelled to make four trips before all the men who were crowded into the hall could be taken to the station.

When they entered the room the policemen found a number of tables, around which players were seated and games in progress.

The Chinamen made a rush to the back of the room to escape down the stairs, but they were stopped by detectives. Several ran to the windows to jump out but were prevented.

STRIKERS NEED FUNDS

Lack of Finances Affords Chicago Teamsters Much Cause For Worry.

Chicago, July 3.—With a strike of several hundred parcel-wagon drivers practically certain today, which would add to the financial burdens of the teamsters strike, the leaders laid out a negotiation to secure funds with which to continue the struggle.

In addition to the teamsters joint council meeting called for tonight, other meetings will be called during the week.

FINANCERS ARE GRILLED.

Prominent Minister in New York Says Honest Men are Hard to Find.

New York, July 3.—Addressing the Holy name society on the Church of the Nativity, Brooklyn, Rev. J. J. Donlon said, among other things:

"In the whole business world it would be difficult to find men who are honest, according to the strict interpretation of the word. Within the past few months we have seen financiers to whom the people had unhesitatingly entrusted their money, exposed as knaves. 'People are no longer surprised at dishonesty in high places. They have come to look upon it as a matter of course and the phrase 'tainted money' has become a byword and a jest. We are accustomed to breaches of trust on the part of office holders and financiers, but when we see these men show a disposition even to use judges of the supreme court to further their selfish ends, it is time to call a halt.

"We see too, judges hemming and hawing over the cases of these powerful wrong doers, instead of treating them as they deserve. Though we may not realize it, this is gradually becoming a pagan nation. These evils are permitted to expand because most officials

perform their full civic duty. Persons should not be strict parliamentarians, but should insist upon honest men and honest measures, and vote for them without regard to partisan bias."

LONDON LAMENTS DEATH OF SECRETARY JOHN HAY

All Papers of English Metropolis Comment on Demise.

London, July 3.—All the London morning papers print extended obituaries of Secretary Hay, and editorials lamenting his death, eulogizing his statesmanlike qualities and expressing a sense of deep regret that so warm a friend to civilization had passed away.

The plans for the celebration of the Fourth of July in London will be postponed until July 6 out of respect of the late secretary.

Will Settle Labor Dispute.

New York, July 3.—First vice-president Sweeney, of the brotherhood of electrical workers, has come to this city to settle the troubles of the electrical workers, if possible, on the same basis as the lockouts of the carpenters and tile layers. International President McNulty and other officials will join him this week.

TOPEKA BANK FAILS FOR HALF A MILLION

Topeka, July 3.—No definite statement was obtainable up to a late hour today, regarding the condition of the First National bank, controlled by Chas. J. Devlin, the big coal mine owner, which closed its doors this morning. W. H. Rossington, vice president of the bank, locked the institution's books in the vaults to await the arrival of J. T. Bradley, national bank examiner, whom the comptroller has appointed receiver of the failed bank. He would only say: "The bank's trouble is not caused by dishonesty on the part of any one, but by lending too largely to one borrower. There has been no stealing." This borrower is, of course, Mr. Dev-

lin, and the bank is said to hold the capitalist's paper to the amount of a million dollars. Devlin, whose sudden illness brought about a tangle in his 26 big coal mining and railroad properties, estimated at a value close to seven million dollars, is still under the care of his physician. Following the announcement of the failure, a lively run started on the Central National bank and before closing time today it was known that something more than \$100,000 had been withdrawn from this institution. Other runs, of lesser degree, were started on the State Savings bank of Topeka and on the Merchants banks, however, the demand for withdrawals great.

These are intended to revive interest in the struggle, and start again the system of contributions from outside labor organizations which recently are said to have dwindled to practically nothing.

WILL WORK UNDER NEGRO

Grand daughter by Adoption of Wendell Phillips Becomes Stenographer

New York, July 3.—Miss Ida Smalley, daughter of George W. Smalley, the author and correspondent of the London Times, and grand daughter by adoption, of Wendell Phillips, the abolitionist, has taken the position as a stenographer in the office of Collector of Internal revenue.

Charles W. Marshall, a negro, took charge of the office as collector, by appointment of President Roosevelt, last under his direction. The position pays \$1,000 a year.

SEEK TO SETTLE STRIKE

New York, July 3.—A committee of brewery workers and firemen and engineers employed in breweries has been appointed to bring about a settlement of the strike of brewers in the city. Troubles in the city breweries started about two weeks ago. The strikers are willing to compromise, it is understood.

Noted Financier Dead.

New York, July 3.—Ward Campbell, President of the National Newark, N. Y., banking company and one of the best known financial men in New Jersey, is dead at Lake George, N. Y., where he went to recuperate from illness. He was receiver of the Middlesex county bank, which was wrecked several years ago by defalcations of its cashier. Mr. Campbell was 55 years of age.

ARE SNATCHED FROM DEATH

Precarious Plight of Pleasure Party in New York.

Propellor of Launch Snaps and Boat is Driven on Bronx Kills. Policemen After Much Work, Save Drowning People as Launch Goes Down.

New York, July 3.—Four policemen last night rescued four men and three women who were stranded in great peril on the rocks of the Bronx kills. The party had returned from a trip up Long Island Sound on a large naphtha launch and it was intended to take a moonlight trip up the Hudson River, passing through the Kills. The propellor snapped and the launch was hurled upon the rocks in midstream. A strong tide was running and the boat was whirled about like a feather. The men were helpless and the women in a frenzy of fright.

All screamed and shouted, but for a long time, there was no one to give assistance. At last the boat struck a sharp ledge and began to fill. The four policemen put off in a launch, towing large row boat, but on account of the swiftness of the current, were unable to reach the stranded party for some time. They succeeded, finally, and just as the last person was rescued, the launch went down.

"Steeple Jack" Dead.

New York, July 3.—John Moffit, known through the country as "Steeple Jack," who has climbed many steeples and spires, without accident, is dead from a fall from a staircase. He was 32 years old and came here from San Francisco about a year ago.

New Japanese Loan.

London, July 3.—K. Takahira, the special financier commissioner of Japan, has definitely announced Japan will take the earliest favorable moment to issue a new loan and London and on the continent. It will probably be \$100,000,000.

JURY FINDS MITCHELL GUILTY

Senator Receives Verdict With Fortitude.

CHARGE IS SURPRISE

Bailiff Summons Judge De Haven, Attorneys and Mitchell at 11 O'clock to Hear Decision. Was Severe Blow to Defendant. New Trial Asked For.

Portland, July 3.—On almost the stroke of eleven o'clock tonight, the jury in the case of United States Senator John H. Mitchell returned a verdict of guilty as charged. The jury recommends the defendant to the mercy of the court. The charge is that Senator Mitchell, while occupying a high position, accepted a pecuniary compensation while practicing before the Federal departments, at Washington. There was little belief in the city that a verdict would be reached, and when the hours wore away, and the jury hung far into the night, hope even among the remaining few in the courtroom ebbed to the lowest stage.

A few minutes before eleven the bailiff, as he had been a number of times before, was summoned to the jury room. A moment later he reappeared and communicated to those in waiting the news that the jury had agreed.

Judge De Haven, the attorneys, and the aged senator, whose last days are to be crowned with disgrace, were summoned, and in an incredibly short time they appeared. Judge De Haven, ascending the bench without removing his overcoat, directed the jury to be brought in. They filed in and took their places in the jury box. Captain J. A. Sladen, clerk of the court, was handed the verdict by the foreman and opening it, proceeded to read it amid the crash and rattle of fire works being exploded in the streets on all four sides of the court house.

Captain Sladen spoke low, and with the din without, but two sentences of the verdict were audible, "guilty as charged," and "recommended to the mercy of the Court."

The aged Senator received the verdict with remarkable fortitude. Severe and

evidently unexpected as was the blow, he showed no outward sign, save a ghastly pallor and by the nervous stroking of his beard, which evidenced that he felt the blow. As Captain Sladen concluded, Judge De Haven said:

"Gentlemen, is this your verdict?"

"It is," responded the foreman. Clerk Sladen polled the jury and Judge De Haven directed it to be discharged.

When these proceedings were complete, Judge Bennet arose and on the part of Senator Mitchell moved for a new trial. Judge De Haven directed that that the motion be continued until Monday and declared the court adjourned.

All the morning and a portion of the afternoon were consumed by District Attorney Heney finishing the argument large part of the time to demonstrating to the jury that Senator Mitchell had known where the alleged illegal fees came from.

In alluding to Mr. Mitchell's age and long service, he compared him with Lord Bacon, who, in old age, notwithstanding his services to a country greater far than Mitchell's was tried and convicted by the House of Lords, and a sentence imposed.

Judge De Haven delivered his charge to the jury immediately after the conclusion of Heney's speech. The charge was fair and satisfactory to both parties. Judge De Haven told the jury their duty was to convict, if no reasonable doubt was in their minds as to the senator's guilt, otherwise, the verdict should be for acquittal.

The gist of the matter was whether or Senator Mitchell knew, at the time the money was paid, what and wherefore it was paid and whether he had done his work before the department expecting compensation. This was for the jury to decide. The case went to the jury at 3:03 P. M.

CURIOUS REQUEST.

California Man Suicides and Wants His Heart Placed Beside His Body.

Hoister, Cal., July 3.—Gustave A. Kohn, a native of Hamburg, Germany, committed suicide here by taking morphine. He left a will in which he directed that his heart be cut out and placed in his coffin outside the body. The doctor performing the service is to receive \$50. He asked that no one should see him after death and that no mourners should follow him to the grave.

Mexican Laudation of Hay.

Mexico City, July 3.—The news of the death of John Hay, secretary of state, was received with sorrow. The Mexican Herald says:

"The world may well mourn this just and humane statesman who belonged not merely to America, but to civilization."

Separation Bill Passes.

Paris, July 3.—The bill for the separation of church and state passed the chamber of deputies late tonight by a decisive vote of 343 to 233. The result was greeted by governmental applause and opposition hisses. There is much excitement.

FIVE HUNDRED ARE DEAD

Flood at Guanajuato, Mexico, Killed Half a Thousand. Property Loss Over a Million. Raging Waters Undermined Massive Masonry.

Guanajuato, Mexico, July 3.—Five hundred persons have perished and property valued at \$1,500,000 destroyed as a result of the flood which swept over the town following the cloudburst. Two Guanajuato, owing to its situation in a great ravine, or gorge, is subjected to floods swooping down and much loss of life has been recorded, but the present storm, which began Friday night and continued through Saturday, was unprecedented.

built over with masonry, burst through augmenting the flood and the scene became one of terror and consternation. People made haste to gather their valuables and flee and many did so at the risk of their lives. The streets in the lower part of the city filled with rushing water and the wind and rain added to the general panic.

By four o'clock Saturday afternoon the clouds banked up black and threatening in the North and within less than twenty minutes, rain came down in torrents and water surged down the streets with great violence. Part of the river,

With one rush the mighty flood burst its bonds, foundations, solidly built masonry and houses being undermined and many buildings fell with a deafening crash. Their inmates, in many instances, were crushed beneath the falling masonry. From the center of the city the flood rolled to both sides of the town and people madly rushed out to flee to the mountains.