

Morning

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Astorian.

COVERS THE MORNING FIELD ON THE LOWER COLUMBIA

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ASTORIA, OREGON, SUNDAY, MAY 21, 1905.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

STRIKE ENDED

President Shea Agrees to Conditions.

EXPRESS COMPANIES

Will Probably Reinstatement All Their Men Under New Conditions Named.

OPEN SHOP WILL PREVAIL

Terms Provide That the Teamsters Shall Recognize the Employers' Association as a Permanent Institution With Non-Union Teamsters.

Chicago, May 20.—Lacking only an official declaration, the great teamsters' strike in Chicago came to an end tonight. The executive committee of the International Brotherhood of teamsters' the only body within the organization that has the power to declare the strike at an end, was in session all through the early part of the night, and the strike will not be called off until that body has announced the fight has ceased.

It has been a day of conferences and consultations. There were propositions and counter propositions and at nightfall the situation was practically the same as in the morning.

The teamsters have accepted all the terms of the employers, with the exception of that relative to the reinstatement of the drivers of the seven express companies. These men were informed that when they went out on a sympathetic strike they were violating their contracts with the company in so doing, and that none of them would ever be re-employed again in any capacity. It is possible that the executive committee of the teamsters may declare tonight in favor of continuing the strike against the express companies.

To protect themselves against such a contingency, however, the members of the Employers' Association this afternoon insisted that if the strike was called off in all places except the express companies, the drivers of other business houses should not refuse to deliver goods to the express companies. The unions agreed to this and the express drivers will be compelled to make their own fight if the strike is called off in the other places. The terms announced by the employers follow:

Teamsters shall recognize the Employers' Association as a permanent institution, employing non-union drivers and the "open shop" will prevail. All strikers to be reinstated whenever vacancies exist, except that employers are not to consider their application, that is of men who have been guilty of lawless conduct during the strike.

The settlement of the strike with other concerns not to include the express companies.

The union drivers must deliver goods to the express companies irrespective of the strike conditions.

Working conditions to be the same as before the strike. These in fact were never an issue in the strike.

These terms were verbally accepted by the leaders this afternoon, and were submitted to the executive committee of the teamsters tonight. It is understood that this body will ratify the agreement and their decision will be submitted to a local convention tomorrow. They will also accept the terms.

Later—Strike of the teamsters instead of being declared off, will be spread to greater proportions. This was decided tonight by the members of the teamsters' joint council, which was in session until midnight. The council met at 8 o'clock to hear the report of negotiations in progress with the employers throughout the day. They agreed to all the stipulations of the employers with the exception of that which declared that the drivers of the express companies would not be taken back. This was the rock upon which the peace program split and after several hours of debate it was decided by the teamsters' union not to leave the

express drivers to make a lone fight, but to stand by them. It was decided to call off all negotiations and prepare for a further fight.

The first effect of the spread of the strike will be in the building trades unions and trouble is looked for in this direction. It is expected that the drivers of the lumbermen's association numbering 2000, men will walk out and that the team owners' association will come out for deliveries for boycotted firms. In this case their men will probably be out within a few days. They employ about 8000 men.

THEY ARE AT IT AGAIN.

War Correspondents Trying to Pull Off Fight in Manchuria.

New York, May 20.—All news from Manchuria indicates the imminence of a battle, according to the views of the Times' Tokio correspondent.

The Russians occupy a line 42 miles in length, strongly entrenched.

The Japanese are advancing in three columns. The Russian main position is at Hallung, where General Matorloff commands.

RADICAL EXPENSES.

Chilian Government to Stop Important Improvements.

New York, May 19.—The cabinet ministers are doing their best to prevent a deficit in the present year's budget, says a Herald dispatch from Valparaiso de Chile. They have resolved to suspend the appropriation of \$2,520,000 for public works. Plans and estimates for the construction of a great longitudinal railroad from Tacna to Santiago have been delivered to the minister of public works.

CALIFORNIA GRAFT

Gigantic Scheme for Fleecing Taxpayers.

CAUSE OF SMITH'S DOWNFALL

Connived With Tax Scalpers by Charging Erroneous Assessments Against Property, Enforcing Payment and Dividing the Swag Among Thieves.

San Francisco, May 20.—The Chronicle today says:

A scheme which has been in operation in the tax collector's office for many months, has just been uncovered by which nearly \$1,500,000 of property has been secured for little more than \$100,000. The victims are the city's tax payers who are charged, in some instances, it appears, wrongly, with delinquencies. The profits have gone to a ring of tax scalpers, who were assisted in every possible way by the alleged defaulting Tax Collector Smith, and his subordinates in office. Records have been manipulated to keep the truth from coming out and many poor people have had their homes placed in jeopardy without so much as knowing that a shortage is charged against them.

A thorough investigation will be made at once into the matter, to develop if possible, the extent to which these irregularities have been carried on.

MANUFACTURE BRICK.

An Important Industry That Has Been Overlooked.

An enterprise that promises to some day become an important one for Astoria, but which as yet is in its infancy, is the manufacture of a new quality of brick. The new brick is made entirely of sand and cement. No burning is required, and the brick enjoys a decided advantage over the ordinary building brick in that it hardens with age. Ordinary brick must be cemented to keep out the water, but no such process is required with the new brick. At present the manufacturers, the Astoria Fuel and Supply Co., have but two men engaged in the work of manufacture, but the output is 2500 a day. The supply on hand is 16,000. The brick is a decided improvement over the old brick. It does not warp or otherwise lose its shape, and its perfect shape makes it lay one-third more a day than can be laid of ordinary brick. The company is prepared to meet the demands and it is expected that eventually an important industry will be built up.

RACING RULES

Bookmakers and Gamblers Prohibited.

BETTING IS ALLOWED

Five Thousand Dollars Received From Bookmakers Given Back.

GAMBLING FREE FOR ALL

Every Retiring Association in New York Has Announced the Absolute Severance of Business Relations With Metropolitan Association.

New York, May 20.—One of the most important steps since racing in New York state has been conducted under the present law has just been taken. Every retiring association in the state has announced the absolute severance of all business relations, directly and indirectly with the Metropolitan Turf Association and all other organizations or individual bookmakers.

Hereafter while there may be layers of odds and a betting ring, as of old, it will be absolutely without restriction, free of admission to any person purchasing one ticket, known to the track police as personally reputable, and financially liable for the amount of their wagers.

The innovation will begin today at Belmont park, \$5000 received yesterday from the bookmakers for extra tickets bought according to the prevailing customs, having been returned to them. While there has been growing friction between certain elements and the bookmakers for some time, which recently came to a head when an opening wedge was driven by breaking the monopoly, the bookmaking fraternity held in the "big ring" at the eastern tracks by the Metropolitan Turf Association, reasons for the latest move are said to be twofold. One is stated to be that the owners of the race tracks of New York state have made up their minds to clear themselves of any alliance with bookmakers, to the end that they may not be attacked by any crusade against racing or in any suits instituted by any influence opposed to betting at the tracks.

Whether the condition has been hastened by the fear of a determined fight by pool room interests cannot be learned. The second reason assigned is that the racing association has declared themselves against further attempts to dictate by outside organizations in the conduct of affairs about the tracks.

Just what will be the outcome is a little uncertain. One thing is certain—that the racing associations had voluntarily put off dealings with the organized bookmakers, have cast aside a revenue for racing days in season amounting to nearly \$1,200,000. Various schemes are being broached to make up for the lost revenue, but it is generally expected that the admission fees will either be raised to \$3 for men and \$1.50 for women of that race goers will have to pay for the privilege of betting by purchasing at extra cost a ticket to the betting ring.

By refusing to accept as heretofore, the jockey club will be freed from legal entanglements which are said to have been carefully prepared by an old-time pool room proprietor who had planned to begin proceedings against the racing officials the opening day at the Gravesend track, May 25. The courts have held that it is not a violation of law when one man makes a bet with another. The bookmakers have been allowed to operate under this ruling.

NOT IN IT WITH ACTORS.

Plays of Actors Worth More Than Lincoln's Speech.

New York, May 20.—At a sale here of rare and autograph editions, together with several manuscripts chiefly from private collections, the highest price was fetched by an illustrated copy of David Garrick's life and let-

ters, together with the records of the New York stage by Joseph N. Ireland and J. S. G. Hagan, both of which belonged to the collection of the late Augustin Daly.

From a theatrical standpoint the work was considered of great value. It was extended to 49 folio volumes and cost Mr. Daly more than \$50,000. After some spirited bidding it went for \$6664.

Two hundred and seventy articles were sold for an approximate sum of \$20,000. Next to the "History of the Stage" the highest price paid was \$5300 for the complete original manuscript of "Charles Dickens' Sketches of Young Gentlemen," published in 1838; entirely in Dickens' own handwriting, with many corrections and unpublished writings.

The original manuscript of Abraham Lincoln's speech on the formation of the republican party was sold for \$290. The buyers largely represented private collectors.

LEAVE FOR VICTORIA.

California and Stanford Varsity Crews Leave for Victoria.

San Francisco, May 19.—The varsity crews of the university of California and Stanford university left for Victoria today, where they will row against the crew of the James Bay Rowing Club on May 24. From Victoria they will go to Seattle to race the Washington crew.

Baseball Scores.

San Francisco, Portland 10, San Francisco 7.
Los Angeles, Tacoma 1, Los Angeles 4.

WARSAW EXPLOSION

Police are Investigating Friday's Bomb Throwing.

IS UNFAVORABLE COMMENT

Not Much Sympathy for Governor General Maximovitch, Who It is Claimed, Evincing Every Desire to Aid the Poles to Secure Concessions.

Warsaw, May 20.—The explosion of the bomb in Midowa street Friday, which resulted in the death of the Polish shoemaker, Dobrowolski, who was carrying the bomb in his pocket, and two detectives and the injury of many persons, excited general indignation of the evident intent against Governor General Maximovitch, who, it is contended, evincing every desire to aid the Poles to secure reasonable concessions. The police are conducting a rigorous investigation into the matter and there have been many arrests.

DON'T WANT MUCH.

Marble Cutters Want Reduction in Hours and Output.

New York, May 20.—Trouble in the marble industry has led to the closing of a number of the largest yards in this city. It began with a strike of the marble mill hands in one or two yards and has spread until seven yards are now closed, throwing several hundred men out of employment.

The strikers demand a reduction in the hours of work, 25 per cent increase in wages and 2 1/2 per cent reduction in output.

CHICAGO TEAMSTERS' STRIKE.

Question as to How Many Striking Teamsters Will Be Reinstated.

Chicago, May 20.—Opinions vary as to the number of strikers who will be reinstated now that the teamsters' strike practically is ended, but the general belief is that 35 per cent is a conservative figure. This estimate comes largely from union sources.

The employers maintaining that the Employers' Teaming Company was a permanent institution, placed the percentage of strikers who would get their old places back at even a lower figure. The Employers' Teaming Company will employ no union men at all.

The total number of men on strike, including 500 helpers, at the end, is 3772. From the most trustworthy estimates 1300 of these will get their places back in the course of time, leaving 2472 who will have to seek other employment.

READY TO FIGHT

Oyama Preparing to Open Hostilities.

STRUGGLE TO DEATH

Russian and Japanese Armies Preparing for Greatest Fight of War.

BOTH ARMIES ARE PREPARED

Tokio and St. Petersburg Agree in Their Opinion That a Great Battle is Near at Hand and Heavy Japanese Forces Are Being Rushed to Scene.

St. Petersburg, May 20.—The war office confirms the report from Gonson Pass that Field Marshal Oyama is on the eve of taking the general offensive, and no doubt is entertained here that General Linievitch will accept battle in his present position. The general staff believes Oyama's advance was precipitated by the doubt regarding the issue of the coming naval battle between Admiral Rojestvensky and Togo. With an unbeaten army in front of him, Oyama's position might be critical if his communications with Japan were interrupted even temporarily.

Gunshu Pass, May 20.—108 miles north of Tie Pass, Manchuria, May 20.—A general engagement is imminent. Field Marshal Oyama is deploying heavy forces against General Linievitch's left, and is concentrating his troops along the center, but his base is opposite the Russian right. It is not yet clear which wing is making a demonstration and which will deliver the main blow. It is evident from Linievitch's preparations that he intends to accept a decisive battle.

New York, May 20.—All news from Manchuria indicates the imminence of a battle, according to the views of the Times' Tokio correspondent. The Russians occupy a line 42 miles in length, strongly entrenched. The Japanese are advancing in three columns. The Russian main position at Hallung, where General Matorloff commands.

YALE DEFEATS HARVARD.

Yale Team Showed Superiority in Dual Meet.

New Haven, May 20.—Yale's track team won the annual dual meet with Harvard today. Score: Yale 65 1-6; Harvard, 28 5-6. In only one event was there anything like upset. This was in the mile run when Alcot of Yale outspurred D. Grant of Harvard in the last quarter. The games were held under more favorable conditions than for many years, a cold northwest wind sweeping across the field. The wind is credited with having helped the sprinters to the extent of a broken record in the 220-yard dash when Shick of Harvard won it in the final in 21 2-5 seconds, one fifth second better than his own record in these games two years ago. The judges did not decide Shick's new record and it will likely not be allowed. In the 100-yard dash Shick equalled his own record of 9 4-5 seconds.

Yale's team showed superiority in all the field events except the broad jump and shot put. In pole vault Yale took first place by a tie between Dray and Hinton and third place split between two other Yale men and Harvard vaulter.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

What Might Have Happened if Matters Had Come Right.

New York, May 20.—Some efforts were made to lift prices on the stock exchange early in the week but liquidation developed on account of anxiety over the future of the iron and steel trade. The discussion of the

termination of the administration to purchase Panama canal supplies in cheaper markets abroad aroused a fear that the whole subject of tariff revision was to be opened. Confidence in the working out of plans for harmony in the northwestern railroad field was impaired by the dropping of the Hariman representative from the Northern Pacific directors.

Unfavorable crop weather also contributed to the depression and political uneasiness abroad induced some selling here for that account. The money market was undisturbed by some large transactions.

STRUCK PROHIBITION COUNTRY.

Four Persons Rescued While Attempting to Cross a Desert.

San Diego, Cal., May 20.—George W. McKane, who has arrived from Imperial, tells of the rescue of four persons on the desert who were almost dying for lack of water. The party comprised a Mr. Friend, his wife and two sons, formerly of Boston, but more recently living at Phoenix, Ariz. They undertook to cross from the latter place to California. Their water supply gave out, and at a point between Ehrenburg and Old Beach they were almost ready to give up.

Just then McKane and R. H. Benton, cattlemen, appeared on the scene, revived them with water and directed them to the nearest well. Their subsequent movements are not known.

CUT WIFE'S THROAT.

Then Did a Good Act by Cutting His Own.

Las Vegas, N. M., May 20.—Word has been received from Los Alamos that Manuel Montoya, a rich stockman, cut his wife's throat with a razor while in an insane rage, tore down part of his house, broke much furniture and then severed his own jugular vein.

RIOTING IN CHICAGO

War Declared by Union Teamsters Against Negroes.

TO AVENGE CARLSON DEATH.

Sheriff Barrett Will Call Out the United States Troops to Quell Strikers—Union Teamsters Arming Themselves for Non-Union Drivers.

Chicago, May 20.—Seeking to avenge the murder of Enoch Carlson, the 8-year-old boy, shot and killed last Tuesday by negro, scores of men have armed themselves with revolvers tonight determined to drive the non-union teamsters from the district. Negroes leaving the branch yards of the Peabody Coal Company at Twenty-sixth and Canal streets were followed and assaulted and as a result two riots occurred in which one man was probably fatally wounded, and many others were hurt. Six men were arrested.

Sheriff Barrett said, after being informed of the actions of the strikers, that it simply meant that troops would be required and they will be called out at once, Barrett said that the present peace force found it difficult to maintain order and with an increased number on a strike it would be impossible to handle the trouble without the aid of troops. The governor will be notified tomorrow and it is probable that United States troops will be sent to Chicago at once.

FLOODS IN WYOMING.

All the Rivers Out of Their Banks and Raging Torrents.

Cheyenne, Wyo., May 20.—The streams of Wyoming are carrying a large volume of water down into the Missouri through the Platte, Laramie, Big Horn, Shoshone and other waterways than at any time in the recollection of the earliest pioneer. Every stream is out of its banks, while dry creeks and canyons that have not contained running water for many years are torrents.

Many bridges have been carried out and most of the fords are unsafe. Some stock has been lost and hay meadows have been damaged.