

The Morning Astorian

VOLUME LVIV.

ASTORIA, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 9.

NUMBER 30.

ROOSEVELT ELECTED BY ASTONISHING MAJORITY

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT IS PLEASED

Expresses His Appreciation to the People of the Country for the Magnificent Vote Given Him.

Regards It as Confidence in His Endeavor to Look Out for Their Interests.

TWO TERMS ENOUGH FOR HIM

Announces That He Will Not Again Seek Nomination After Completing Term He Now Enters Upon.

Washington, Nov. 8.—President Roosevelt tonight, after the election returns clearly indicated the result, issued the following statement:

"I am deeply sensitive of the honor done me by the American people in thus expressing their confidence in what I have done and tried to do. I appreciate to the fullest the solemn responsibility which this confidence imposes upon me, and I shall do all that lies in my power not to forfeit it. On the 4th of next March I shall have served three and one-half years, and this three and one-half years constitutes my first term. The wise custom which limits a president to two terms regards substance, not form, and under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination."

PARKER CONGRATULATES HIM.

Sends Early Message to the President From Rosemount.

Esopus, Nov. 8.—At 8:30 o'clock Judge Parker sent this telegram to the president.

"Rosemount, Esopus, N. Y., Nov. 8, 8:30 p. m.—The President, Washington: The people by their votes have emphatically approved your administration, and I congratulate you. (Signed.) 'ALTON B. PARKER.'"

The President Replies.

Washington, Nov. 8.—President Roosevelt's reply to Judge Parker's telegram was as follows:

"Alton B. Parker, Rosemount, N. Y.—I thank you for your congratulations. 'THEODORE ROOSEVELT.'"

Bryan Has Nothing to Say.

Lincoln, Nov. 8.—Alton B. Parker's message of congratulation to President Roosevelt was shown to William J. Bryan tonight. Mr. Bryan said it was too early to comment on the result, and declined to make any statement.

Cleveland Also Silent.

Princeton, Nov. 8.—Ex-President Cleveland tonight declined to comment on the result of the election.

Cortelyou Wires Congratulations.

New York, Nov. 8.—Chairman Cortelyou, of the national republican committee, sent the following telegram to the president tonight:

"The country has given an overwhelming vote of its confidence in you and your administration. My associates of the national republican committee join me in the heartiest congratulations. GEORGE CORTELYOU."

Roosevelt Carried It.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 8.—The first district polling place, at which ex-President Cleveland voted today, gave Roosevelt a majority of 191 over Parker.

Wyoming.

Cheyenne, Nov. 8.—Roosevelt has carried Wyoming by from 7500 to 8000.

Only the Solid South Goes for Parker and Roosevelt Will Have 325 Votes in the Next Electoral College.

New York, Nov. 9, 2 p. m.—If Maryland has gone republican, as unofficial returns at this hour indicate, the republican vote in the electoral college will be the unprecedented one of 325 for Roosevelt and Fairbanks to 151 for Parker and Davis. Not only is this far in excess of McKinley's vote, 292, in 1900, but Judge Parker's vote is four less than that given Bryan four years ago.

It is practically certain that the national republican ticket has carried every state in the union outside of the so-called solid south. It may take an official count to decide the result in Maryland.

The republican majority in the next house of representatives will be not less than 50.

New York, Nov. 8.—The national republican ticket has been elected by a vote in the electoral college that will exceed that of 292 given for McKinley in 1900. The result of today's balloting is astounding to even the most sanguine of the managers. Confident as they were of success, they were not prepared for the astonishing figures which followed the closing of the polls, bringing to the republican column not only those states they had claimed as sure for their candidates, but, with the possible exception of Maryland, every state classed as doubtful.

Democratic successes are confined to the solid southern states, in which Kentucky is included, and Judge Parker has not carried a single state which did not give its vote to Bryan four years ago. Unofficial returns indicate that he has lost some of those which the Nebraska candidate held for his parties. The official figures from some of the northwestern states may slightly change the totals, but the returns available at a late hour tonight indicate that the electoral vote stands as follows:

State	Dem. Rep.
Alabama	11
Arkansas	9
California	10
Colorado	5
Connecticut	7
Delaware	3
Florida	5
Georgia	13
Idaho	3
Illinois	27
Indiana	15
Iowa	13
Kansas	10
Kentucky	13
Louisiana	9
Maine	6
Maryland	8
Massachusetts	16
Michigan	14
Minnesota	11
Mississippi	10
Missouri	18
Montana	3
Nebraska	8
Nevada	3
New Hampshire	4
New Jersey	12
New York	39
North Carolina	12
North Dakota	4
Ohio	23
Oregon	4
Pennsylvania	34
Rhode Island	6
South Carolina	9
South Dakota	4
Tennessee	11
Texas	13
Utah	4
Vermont	4
Virginia	12
Washington	5
West Virginia	7
Wisconsin	13
Wyoming	3
Totals	151 325

Roosevelt by over 300,000, electing two of six state senators and 25 of 32 congressmen. They have also elected about 175 of the 204 members of the house of representatives. This gives them control of both branches of the legislature by a large majority, insuring the election of Governor Pennington's appointee, A. G. Knox, as United States senator to succeed the late Mr. Quay.

BIG SURPRISE IN NEW YORK.

Roosevelt Will Have Lead Over Parker of 185,000 Votes.

New York, Nov. 8.—Theodore Roosevelt's plurality in his native state is second only to McKinley's plurality of 268,000 in 1896. It exceeds McKinley's in 1900 by about 41,500. Late returns show that there were cast for him in New York state about 185,000 votes more than were cast for Parker. Not only was his vote heavy in the country districts, where the republican strongholds are, but in Greater New York, traditionally democratic, he ran much closer to Judge Parker than had been expected, even by his own campaign managers. In Greater New York Parker's plurality was from 12,000 to 14,000 larger than Bryan's, but in the state, according to late reports, his total vote fell 16,000 short of Bryan's.

The small plurality for Parker in New York city caused great astonishment. When reports came in showing that he would lead Roosevelt by only 40,000 they were received with amazement. Parker's plurality in the city is 35,000 less than that given for Herrick, democrat, for governor. There was great surprise at the proportions of the vote for Higgins, republican, for governor. He is running ahead of Odell's vote in many counties, winning by about 55,000. Herrick did not carry Albany, his home county, nor did Parker carry Ulster, in which he lives. The results of the election were celebrated in New York in the demonstrative manner characteristic of the city.

COLORADO FOR ROOSEVELT.

State Gives Him 10,000, but Adams Is Elected Governor.

Denver, Nov. 8.—Estimates at midnight from scattering and incomplete returns indicate a plurality of over 10,000 for Roosevelt in Colorado. In 130 precincts outside of Denver, Peabody received 10,069 votes and Adams 10,085, with 9188 scratched ballots uncounted. The scratched ballots in the entire state are estimated at over 40,000. The scratched ballots in Denver, which have been counted run in favor of Adams in the ratio of 2 to 1. The Times, democratic, concedes that Roosevelt carries Colorado by 5000 or 6000 plurality, and claims that Adams, democratic, will have 8000 majority over Peabody for governor.

OREGON'S GREAT PLURALITY.

Estimate From Returns at Hand Place It at Fully 40,000. Portland, Nov. 9.—The Oregonian estimates from complete and incomplete returns at hand that Roosevelt has carried Oregon by 40,000.

Returns from 238 precincts in 23 counties in Oregon outside of Multnomah county, give Roosevelt 24,934, Parker 8125, Watson 271, scattering 2692. These counties entire in 1900 gave McKinley 30,757, Bryan 24,604. Lane county goes republican by nearly 2000. Twenty-six out of 50 precincts give Roosevelt 2215, Parker 745.

Returns from 81 precincts in Multnomah county out of a total of 83 precincts give Roosevelt 12,574, Parker 2310, scattering 2421. The vote for prohibition was 4564, against prohibition 12,273. Two missing precincts can not be obtained tonight. In 1900 the county gave McKinley 9848, Bryan 4436.

MEAD PROBABLY SUCCESSFUL.

Republicans Say Turner Will Be Unable to Defeat Him.

Seattle, Nov. 9.—Chairman Palmer, of the state republican central committee, says that Mead, republican candidate for governor, has carried the state by a comfortable plurality. The race for governor is close, however, and the result will not be known until further reports are received. Republicans are confident that Turner will not be beaten, while democrats are equally confident. Turner's strength lies west of the mountains. Complete and incomplete returns from 76 precincts in King county give Mead, the republican candidate for governor, 2944; Turner, democrat, 1523.

At 1 o'clock a. m. but a small portion of the vote on the state representatives in Washington had been counted. If the present ratio continues, both houses will be strongly represented by republicans.

Palmer Claims 40,000.

Chicago, Nov. 9.—Secretary Dover, of the national republican committee, has received the following telegram: "The democrats concede Washington to Roosevelt by 20,000. We claim it by 40,000. PALMER, Chairman."

RESULT IN DELAWARE.

Warring Factions Sanguine Over Senatorship Struggle.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 8.—The republicans claim they will have 40 of the 52 members of the legislature on joint ballot. Members of the Addicks faction of the party claim a majority of the legislature for their leader on joint ballot and say they will elect Addicks to the United States senate in January to succeed Senator Ball, whose term expires next March. The state goes for Roosevelt.

Massachusetts.

Boston, Nov. 8.—Sufficient returns from today's election have been received up to 11 o'clock to indicate that Roosevelt and Fairbanks have carried the state, and also the defeat of Governor Bates (republican) for re-election by William Douglas. Complete returns from the city of Boston for president give Parker 49,463, Roosevelt 38,559. The total vote for governor in Boston is: Bates 28,576, Douglas 62,619. Parker carried the city by 10,874 plurality. Douglas carried Boston by 34,043 plurality.

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Maryland.

Baltimore, Nov. 9.—The Sun, which supported the democratic presidential nominee, concedes at 2:30 a. m. that Roosevelt has carried the state by about 1000.

Though returns from all the counties of Maryland are incomplete, those that have been received indicate that Maryland has gone for Roosevelt by a small majority, probably a few hundred votes.

Minnesota.

St. Paul, Nov. 8.—Roosevelt received a record-breaking plurality in Minnesota, going far beyond McKinley's margin of 77,000 four years ago. On the face of the returns so far as received, the republican electoral ticket has a plurality of over 100,000. Parker's vote was much smaller than that received by Bryan four years ago.

Tennessee.

Nashville, Nov. 8.—At 11 o'clock both democratic and republican chairmen are claiming the state. Returns received by the American indicate 15,000 plurality for the national democratic ticket and probably 1500 less for Fraser, democrat, for governor.

Prohibition Downed in Umatilla.

Pendleton, Ore., Nov. 8.—Umatilla will give Roosevelt 1200 majority. All but a few county precincts are in. Pendleton gave a majority against prohibition of 453 out of 1018. The county vote against prohibition will be 1000 majority.

Ohio.

Columbus, Nov. 9.—Based on returns received at 1 o'clock a. m. if the present ratio of gains is maintained for the unreported precincts, Ohio will give Roosevelt 200,000. Indications are that the republicans will elect 20 of 21 congressmen.

Rhode Island.

Providence, Nov. 9.—Indications at midnight are that Roosevelt has carried Rhode Island by a plurality of over 5000. The result for governor is still in doubt, with Utter (republican) slightly in the lead.

Michigan.

Detroit, Nov. 8.—The state republican central committee announces that the returns indicate that Roosevelt will have a majority of from 125,000 to 130,000.

Missouri.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—At 1 o'clock the results of the election in Missouri are in doubt.

Illinois.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—National Committee

(Continued on Page 8.)

PLANS FOR NEW PARTY UNDER WAY

Having Defeated Parker, Radical Democrats and Populists Will Now Organize New Political Movement.

Announcement Comes From Man Who Managed Campaign of Populist Candidate.

CONFERENCE WILL BE HELD

Hearst, Bryan and Watson Will Meet at New York to Discuss a Scheme for Launching the New Organization.

Washington, Nov. 9.—As a dramatic climax to the sensational majorities given him, came President Roosevelt's formal announcement that he would not be a candidate for re-election, lending the only exciting aspect to an election night otherwise so one-sided that it is impossible for even the victors to attain that degree of enthusiasm that usually marks the occasion.

Late in the night came the announcement from M. G. Falliser, manager of the campaign for Thomas E. Watson, candidate of the people's party, that as a result of the overwhelming democratic defeat steps would be taken to form a new party. To this end, according to the announcement given out, Mr. Bryan, Mr. Watson and William R. Hearst will hold a conference in New York in about a week's time.

The period of suspense following the closing of the polls was not prolonged. In no election in recent years had the result been definitely known so soon.

(Astorians will doubtless recall that the statement was recently made in this paper that steps looking to the formation of a new party had been taken, and that the plan was known to local leaders. The above dispatch would seem to bear out the Astorian's article, which, however, limited the new organization to the states west of the Missouri. That Parker was knifed yesterday by the reorganizers admits of no doubt.)

A PERSONAL TRIUMPH.

Republican Secretary Says Result Is Compliment to President.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Secretary Elmer Dover, of the national republican committee, says Roosevelt will have 317 electoral votes, which is six more than pre-election estimates. He said:

"Owing to differences in time and great distances in the western states, the returns are more meager and incomplete. We have carried every doubtful state. In addition to party endorsement, this victory is a great personal triumph for Theodore Roosevelt."

TAGGART CONCEDES INDIANA.

Legislature Will Elect Two Republicans to United States Senate.

Indianapolis, Nov. 9.—National Democratic Chairman Taggart concedes the election of Roosevelt and Fairbanks, and has telegraphed his congratulations to National Republican Chairman Cortelyou.

State Democratic Chairman O'Brien concedes that the republicans have carried the state by 20,000 or over. He concedes the legislature to the republicans, and this insures the election of two republican senators to succeed Senators Fairbanks and Beveridge.