

Special This Week



Women's Vici Kid Oxford Ties, hand-turn soles, THIS season's best styles; Regular \$3.00 values at

\$1.95

PETERSON & BROWN Astoria's Leading Shoe Dealers

GREAT RUN OF SALMON

Hatchery Fish Reach the Columbia and Fishermen are Making Immense Hauls.

PACKING HOUSES BLOCKED

Some of the Boats Come in With as Much as Three Tons and Very Few Fall Below 1200 Pounds.

The long-looked-for hatchery run of salmon has at last entered the river. Yesterday receipts at the canneries were so heavy that the offerings could not be cared for, and, while the boats were not limited during the day, the packing houses were blocked. It was a repetition of the conditions existing last year at this time, and the spectacle gladdened the hearts of all Astorians.

A big run of salmon was reported to have entered the river on Saturday night's flood, and receipts on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday were gratifying. However, the fish were not the hatchery run, but rather the advance guard. Tuesday night the run increased, and yesterday all of the receiving docks were piled high with great fish of unequalled quality. Many of the boats made two deliveries during the day, and so far as could be learned all of the offerings of salmon were accepted at the various institutions.

Nearly all of the packers paid the original prices yesterday, 6 cents being given for fish weighing over 27 pounds and 5 cents for fish under that weight. It was stated that the Tallant-Grant company had reduced the price to 5 cents for all sizes of fish at 4 o'clock yesterday morning, but the other canneries paid 5 and 6 cents. At the Kinney cannery late yesterday afternoon 6 cents was paid for large fish, although the higher priced salmon were canned and not sent to the cold storage plant. The receipts at the cold storage were too great to permit of any cannery fish being sent there. It was freely predicted last evening that all of the packers would reduce the price to 5 cents flat this morning.

Some Inspiring Scenes.
The scenes at the various packing houses were indeed inspiring. From all points of the compass heavily-laden fishing boats were to be seen making for the canneries. The boats were loaded almost to the guards. Already there were long lines of waiting boats at the canneries, and the incoming fishermen raced along before the afternoon breeze in order to get a good place in the line. The receiving docks were stacked high with fine salmon, and the cannery forces worked zealously in a vain endeavor to make fall back on Anarshan.



Eye-strain is no imaginary ill, but one which effects the whole nervous system and if neglected will impair the general health

No Charge for Examining the Eyes
KATHERINE WADE, Graduate Optician
At Owl Drug Store

GOVERNMENT GETS PLANT

Upper Clackamas River Hatchery Turned Over to United States Fisheries Bureau.

REPORT OF THE FISH WARDEN

Denies Stories Published About the Loss of Salmon at the Dam on Rogue River.

The report of Fish Warden Van Dusen for the month of July was made public yesterday. The report shows that the receipts of the office for the month aggregated \$1784.25, of which \$1727.10 was collected in the First (Columbia river) district. The report, after detailing the receipts, is as follows:

Considerable complaint has been made of late about the salmon being stopped in great numbers by the Ray dam across the Rogue river, and articles have been published in some of our papers to the effect that thousands of salmon were killing themselves in their efforts to get over this dam.

In regard to this matter, I beg to report: That while the salmon are being stopped and interfered with to a considerable extent by this dam, very few are being injured in any way and they are passing up through the fishways that have been provided and are getting above the dam as fast as it is possible for us to expect. Upon an investigation recently made I found that they were going up through the fishways at the rate of 2000 or 3000 a day, and that they have been going at this rate during the past two weeks.

Two thousand a day is a very conservative estimate, and by a very careful count, made by State Water Bailiff Williams, who is there continuously to see that the fishways are kept clear and the fish are not molested in any way, it appears that some days five or ten thousand have passed over the dam.

Also, from a letter received from Mr. D. H. Miller of Medford, who fishes a great deal with rod and line on the upper Rogue river, and who has been very much interested in seeing that the fish get above this dam, I learn: That he was down to the dam on the 25th and inspected both of the fishways, and counted very carefully the number going through, and he figures that they are going through both fishways at the rate of 250 an hour; he was there in the middle of the day, but from evening to morning he figures that we could count on double that number. If they were going through the fishways in such numbers, and I have no reason to doubt it, it shows very clearly that during that particular day from five to ten thousand salmon and other fish passed above the dam.

Notwithstanding the fact that they are passing above the dam in such numbers, others are continually coming up the river to take their places, which keeps the pools below the dam literally alive with salmon and other fish eager to get by the obstruction, which makes it appear to a casual observer that the same fish are there today that were first stopped, and has caused all this complaint.

With a massive structure, like this dam, conditions will always be about this same way; the fish ascending the stream will be stopped, sometimes in great numbers, and it will take them a few days or a week before they will satisfy themselves sufficiently to enter and take the ladder fishway contrivance in order to get above the obstruction.

Turned Over to Government.
The matter of turning the Upper Clackamas river state hatchery over to the United States bureau of fisheries to operate in the future I took up with the Hon. George M. Bowers, commissioner, June 21, in accordance with an order to that effect passed at meeting held June 8.

Upon receipt of my letter Mr. J. N. Wisner, United States field superintendent in charge of this division, was commissioned to investigate the matter and report, and on July 27, through I. H. Wilson, superintendent in charge of the station at Oregon City, I received word that the United States bureau would accept the proposition, and would take the plant over to operate in accordance with the proposition submitted, with the understanding that the bureau was to have full control of the Clackamas river in the future, and that they would not be interfered with in any way on that stream by the state fish commission; that he had been directed to assume charge of the station in accordance

with letter of instructions submitted, which reads as follows.

Washington, D. C. July 21, 1904.—Superintendent Fisheries Station, Oregon City, Oregon.—Sir: Referring to your letter of June 23 with reference to Fish Warden H. G. Van Dusen's proposition that the bureau take charge of the Upper Clackamas hatchery of the state fish commission, you are advised that Mr. Wisner has just reported on this subject, and as a result you have been wired to take charge of the Upper Clackamas station as per the proposition of H. G. Van Dusen, with the understanding that the bureau has full control of the Clackamas river in the future, and will not be interfered with by the state fish commission. It is understood that the state fish commission turn over their Upper Clackamas hatchery, with all of the equipment inventoried by them, a copy of which you sent to this office with your letter of June 23. You are to employ the force of men now at the Upper Clackamas station under the direction of one of your appointees, provided all are needed and so long as they are needed during the present season.

Trusting this arrangement will be entirely satisfactory to Mr. Van Dusen and the state fish commission, I am, respectfully,

H. M. SMITH,
Acting Commissioner.

As the acting commissioner fully accepted the proposition submitted, I met Mr. Wilson July 29, and formally turned the operation of the station over to him to take charge of after July 31, 1904, and immediately directed Superintendent John Straight to that effect.

This stream should give the government an excellent opportunity for future work, for there is no question about it being one of the best salmon-breeding streams that we have in the state for the very early Chinook salmon and by them taking it off our hands it will afford us the opportunity of taking up work on the Willowa river, which is also a very desirable stream, and which should not be allowed to remain another year without being worked.

Arrests and Prosecutions.

Water Bailiff W. R. Williams reports that on June 28, 1904, he filed complaint against Frank Smith of Jackson county for foul-hooking salmon in the immediate vicinity of the Ray dam on the Rogue river; that Mr. Smith was arraigned before Justice of the Peace A. S. Jacobs, of Central Point, June 28, and, upon a plea of "guilty," was fined \$50 and costs which were paid July 18.

Hatchery Operations.

The work of taking eggs at the Salmon river hatchery began July 29 and up to the last reports received they had taken 100,000 Chinook eggs.

From the Clackamas river hatchery I learn: That the work of taking eggs began about the same time (July 20), and that they had already succeeded in getting about 500,000 eggs.

At Ontario, Superintendent Brown reports: That he has the rack in across from the main land to the island, and that he has his horses all set, and expects to have the pickets on and the rack completed across the Snake river and all salmon stopped by August 5. This is about 10 days earlier than what he was last year.

YOUNG WOMAN IS HELD.

English Girl Arrives at New York in Her Ball Dress.

New York, Aug. 3.—A young woman who made the trip from Southampton on the Red Star line steamer Kroonland in a ball dress and without baggage is now being held on board that vessel awaiting permission of the immigration authorities to land. She gave her name as Mrs. Constance Phelan and her last address as Cheltenham, England. The ship's officers know nothing about her except that

she came aboard at Southampton, followed by two men, each bearing a case of mineral water. She declared that she was going to the hot springs of North Carolina, but had only \$4 in money. Her father, she said, was James Hunter, a prominent chemist of Aberdeen, Scotland, and her mother was an American whose name was Laura Price. She showed a letter from Ikin and Crowther, solicitors of Lincolnfield's Inn, London, which had evidently been written some time and which declared that the woman had an annuity of three thousand pounds and that her debts would be cared for. It is said that the estate from which the woman draws her income is now in chancery and that she now draws but £1000 annually.

APPOINTED IMPERIAL TUTOR.

Iowa Girl Will Teach Nephews of Chinese Empress.
Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 3.—The Rev. Dr. William Sallmon, president of Charlestown college, Northfield, Minn., who is spending his vacation in this city, has received notification that Miss Mary Reynolds of Sibley, Iowa, has been appointed by imperial decree tutor in the English language to the nephews of the empress of China. Miss Reynolds will sail in October to begin her duties.

Miss Reynolds will not reside at the imperial palace. Her home will be in Pekin with a missionary family there and she will go back and forth to the palace daily. Her contract calls for her to remain at her post for two years with a possible extension of time to a third year. During that time she will be in rather intimate contact with certain members of the imperial family.

Miss Reynolds has been a student at the college for the last six years and graduated with honors last June.

INSANE MAN AT LARGE.

Startles Lenox Diplomatic Circles by Talking About Bombs.

Pittsfield, Mass., Aug. 3.—Lenox has been much alarmed over the appearance of a deranged man at the country residence of the British ambassador, Sir Mortimer Durand. The stranger asked for money. He made a harangue when refused and said he admired the assassin of Minister von Plehve and that some day he would throw a bomb himself.

He was dissuaded from entering the embassy and after a time went away to reappear later at the residence of Miss Adele Kneeland of New York, where he again demanded money.

A contractor who was on the ground attempted to detain the fellow, but he ran away. The police were notified and searched the town for the man, who made good his escape. The incident stirred up the diplomatic circles in Lenox.

Identified by Woman's Photograph.

New York, Aug. 3.—By means of a woman's photograph found upon him when he was arrested last Friday, the man who is alleged to have shot a Mount Vernon detective a few days before and who was captured after a chase by an armed posse and a pack of bloodhounds, has been identified as Henry Wilkins of Buffalo, a member of the United States marine corps and said to belong to a well known family.

George E. Waddy, the man who made the identification, says the photograph found on the prisoner was that of his wife, Mrs. Waddy.

Ill Health Causes Suicide.

Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Hamilton White Swift of this city, a relative of Andrew D. White, former ambassador to Germany, shot himself with a rifle at Lost lake in the Adirondacks yesterday. Despondency and ill health were the causes. He was formerly engaged in newspaper work. He was nearly 40 years old.

Will Create Voting Trust.

New York, Aug. 3.—Steps have been taken toward the creation of a voting trust for the National Steel & Wire Company. If this plan is finally adopted, the trustees will be H. A. Huntington, Ogden Mills, and Henry W. Munroe. The trust will be created for three years. This will be the first voting trust to be created recently.

Stock favoring the centralization of the administration will be deposited with the Knickerbocker Trust Company. The plant of the National Steel & Wire Company is at New Haven, Conn., and the company has a capitalization of \$2,577,800 of preferred stock and \$2,993,700 of common stock.

THIS PAPER is kept on file at E.C. Agency, 124 Sansome Street, San Francisco, California, where contracts for advertising can be made for it.

HENRY W. GOODE ELECTED PRESIDENT OF 1905 FAIR.

Director-General is Chosen to Place Made Vacant by Resignation of Harvey W. Scott.

Portland, Aug. 3.—At a meeting of the directors of the Lewis and Clark corporation this afternoon, Henry W. Goode, director-general of the Lewis and Clark fair, was elected president, to succeed Hon. Harvey W. Scott.

Mr. Scott was compelled to resign from the presidency on account of a pressure of private business about a month ago. For a long time he had been desirous of relinquishing the office, but felt he could not conscientiously do so until the exposition was an assured fact. To that end he devoted nearly four months of his time to securing government recognition. When he had accomplished this he felt the fair had then been given a sufficient start to carry it to a successful conclusion without his further effort.

President Goode is one of the keenest business men and executives in this city and is abundantly qualified to fill the office to which he has been elected.

BASEBALL.

Pacific Coast.

At Portland—Tacoma, 5; Portland, 4.
At San Francisco—Oakland, 5; San Francisco, 8.
At Los Angeles—Seattle, 0; Los Angeles, 2.

Pacific National.

At Salt Lake—Boise, 5; St. Lake, 7.
At Butte—Butte, 11; Spokane, 19.
American.
At St. Louis—Philadelphia, 10; St. Louis, 4.
At Chicago—Washington, 2; Chicago, 2.

At Detroit—New York, 5; Detroit, 2.
At Cleveland—Boston, 7; Cleveland, 2.

National.

At Philadelphia—First game, Cincinnati, 5; Philadelphia, 6. Second game, Cincinnati, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
At Boston—First game, St. Louis, 6; Boston, 7. Second game, St. Louis, 6; Boston, 2.
At Brooklyn—Pittsburg, 3; Brooklyn, 2.
At New York—Chicago, 3; New York, 4.

Cholera Epidemic in Persia.

New York, Aug. 3.—The Presbyterian board of foreign missions of the Presbyterian church has received letters from the American missionaries in Persia regarding the cholera epidemic which has come into the country from the south and southwest and has extended as far north as the capital in Teheran. In July there were 30 or 40 deaths per day at Teheran and recent dispatches have reported a great increase. The missionaries have opened four centers of cholera relief at Teheran, using both their hospital and church and have sent notices for the guidance of the public during the epidemic. There is already great panic and much need for relief.

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