

## STRIKERS' PROPOSAL REJECTED

### Packers Pronounce Donnelly's Reply Unsatisfactory and Negotiations for Peace Will Be Continued.

### Employers Demand That Arbitration Shall Take in the Entire Scope of the Strike.

### ALL ARE ANXIOUS FOR PEACE

### But Neither Side Is Prepared to Allow the Other to Dictate the Basis for Arbitration.

Chicago, July 15.—Negotiations for peace in the butchers' strike are at a standstill tonight, and the strike will continue until one side or the other abates the demands made up to the present time. Both sides are anxious for a peaceable settlement, but the stumbling block is that neither is prepared to allow the other to dictate a basis of arbitration.

This afternoon the packers announced that Donnelly's reply to their proposal last night was unsatisfactory. In their answer the packers declared themselves willing to arbitrate, but stipulated that arbitration should include the entire scope of the strike, and not be limited. This communication of the packers was identical with the one sent yesterday by them to Donnelly and to which his counter proposition today was the reply.

With the reply of the packers was sent a note to Donnelly advising him to be ready with his answer tomorrow, and if he desired another conference they would be pleased to meet him. No arrangements have as yet been made for another conference, but the reply of the unions to the latest note of the packers will be sent tomorrow morning, after which Donnelly will leave for St. Louis, where he will address a mass meeting of strikers Sunday afternoon.

### Ice Men Strike.

Seattle, July 15.—Local dealers and their employes had another falling out yesterday and, as a consequence, the men are on a strike and the dealers are delivering their product the best way they can. The Diamond Ice Company is the concern most affected and is accused by the union men of being unfair.

As far as can be ascertained, there is no quarrel on the part of the men save that the company refuses to recognize the union. The men are making no complaints of hours or wages. They simply refuse to work until the employers decide to attach their signatures to a document recognizing the existence of the union.

### BAND OF SHEEP ATTACKED.

### Party of Men Makes Attack Upon Herder in Baker County.

Baker City, July 15.—A party of five or six men made an attack on Miles

Lee's sheep camp, on Old Baldy mountain, 15 miles south of this city, last night about 9:30. G. W. Brooks, the herder in charge, had just arrived in camp and was startled by several shots fired close to camp. He rushed out of the tent with his rifle, when he observed several men busily engaged in firing upon the band of 2300 sheep scattered about the camp. The sheep were all lying down, and the men were firing as fast as they could.

Brooks got behind some trees and opened fire on the men, when the entire party of raiders began firing at him. Brooks had 11 cartridges, all of which he fired at the men. He tried to crawl to where he had more ammunition cached, after he had fired all he had with him, but the raiders made it so hot for him that he was obliged to flee for his life.

He managed to escape, bareheaded and coatless, by dodging behind rocks and trees until he got out of range. He started for Baker City as soon as he got clear of camp, followed by his two dogs. He arrived in Baker City at an early hour this morning and notified Miles Lee of the trouble. Brooks thinks he shot one of the men in the raiding party, although he is not certain.

Miles Lee sent a party of men out to investigate and find out the extent of the damage done early this morning. No further reports have been received from the seat of war.

### GAMBLER TRIED MURDER.

### Attempted to Throw Overboard One of His Victims at Cards.

New York, July 15.—Soon after the liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse left Cherbourg for New York, Captain Cuppers discovered among the passengers five card sharps. He ordered the posting of warning notices.

According to the story of several passengers, C. A. Partens of New York was playing with one of the suspected men a few nights ago and lost to him a sum of money. To several passengers Partens declared that his opponent had not played squarely and said he was going to denounce him as a common gambler.

The two men met on the promenade deck and after an argument the gambler lifted Partens and attempted to throw him overboard. Several deck stewards who had heard the sound of scuffling rushed up and separated the two men.

It is alleged by passengers that "Doc" Owens was on board the vessel, traveling under another name.

### New Christian Science Church.

Concord, N. H., July 15.—A new Christian Scientist church will be dedicated here next Sunday. Christian Scientists have been arriving in large numbers from all parts of the country and special trains have been chartered from New York and Boston.

It is estimated that 4,000 persons will be present for the dedication. An important feature of the services will be a dedicatory message from Mrs. Eddy, supreme head of the church, who donated more than half of the \$200,000 expended in erecting the edifice.

### Graded Rate Scheme Defeated.

Ottawa, Ont., July 15.—In the house of commons a motion by W. F. McLean (East York) for a graded passenger rate on railways starting at two cents has been defeated. A resolution to place express companies under the railway commission also was defeated.

## TOKIO DENIES STORY OF DEFEAT OF JAPANESE AT PORT ARTHUR FORTRESS

### Report Is Discredited at Capital, Where It Is Set Down as Another Myth Having Its Origin at Shanghai

### Latest Russian Report of Alleged Reverse Says Russians Used Bayonets in Their Defense, Driving Off Japs in Wildest Confusion—Chinese Estimates Place Japs' Loss at About 22,000 Men.

Tokio has taken occasion to deny knowledge of the reported disaster to the Japanese third army before Port Arthur. The report of the loss of 30,000 men is discredited at the Japanese capital, and the opinion prevails that the story originated at Shanghai, where most of the cock-and-bull tales come from.

Because of the fact that nothing of an official nature has been received at St. Petersburg which would tend to confirm the story, the disaster is beginning to be seriously doubted. A delayed dispatch from Tai Tche Kiao conveys the information that latest reports of the Japanese repulse place the loss of the Japs at 25,000, and those of the Russians at 5500.

A Mukden dispatch states that the Japs were defeated July 4 and 5 at Lunsantan pass, and that they lost 2000 men. This is taken as evidence that there has been heavy fighting at Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, July 15.—The lack of official news regarding the engagement at Port Arthur is puzzling. That the Japanese were heavily defeated is not doubted here, but in the absence of further information the extent of the disaster is beginning to be seriously questioned.

Definite news has been received from Alexieff's headquarters at Mukden. General Fock administered severe defeat to the Japanese on July 4 and on July 5, driving them from the heights commanding Lunsantan pass, with the loss of 2000. This is regarded as proof that there has been heavy fighting before the fortress at Port Arthur, and makes the silence of Tokio regarding it all the more significant.

A special dispatch from Tai Tche Kiao, dated July 14, repeats the account of the attempts at attack on July 10 and says the Russians assumed the defensive, attacking with bayonets. The Japanese retired in the wildest disorder. Chinese estimate the Japanese losses at 22,000. The spirit of the Japanese, the dispatch says, is sinking as a result of the battle at Port Arthur.

The statement of the Russian correspondent of the disaster at Port Arthur, July 10, states that there are no details except the repulse of the Japanese, who were pursued by the Russians.

### TOKIO DISCREDITS REPORT.

### Places No Confidence in Story of Defeat of Japanese.

London, July 15.—The Tokio correspondent of the Times says the St. Petersburg story of the Japanese re-

### BANQUET TO MORTON.

### Chicago Merchants' Association Honors Secretary of Navy.

Chicago, July 15.—The Merchants' Club of Chicago has given a banquet at the Chicago Club in honor of Paul Morton, newly appointed secretary of the navy. Nearly 150 friends and business associates and cabinet members were present.

Alfred L. Baker, president of the Merchants' Club, presided. Senator Cullom responded to the first toast of the evening: "The President of the United States."

Congressman Foss, chairman of the committee on navigation, responded to the toast, "The Navy."

To Speaker Cannon was assigned the response to the toast, "When the Spirit Moves."

Mr. Cannon gave a review of historical events, showing the growth of the nation and humorously recalling the struggle of the government with the annexation question and boundary disputes. Of the navy he said:

"It is worth all and 10 times more in strength and diplomacy if it never fires a gun."

Edward F. Kenna responded to the toast, "Our Guest," and then Secretary Morton replied. He said of the navy:

pulse at Port Arthur is wholly discredited in Tokio, where no such reports have been received. It is believed the story originated at Shanghai.

### ANOTHER BATTLE EXPECTED.

### Japs Have Changed Their Front Since Port Arthur Defeat.

Tai Tche Kiao, July 14.—(Delayed.)—The latest reports regarding the attempted storming of Port Arthur, July 10, place the Japanese losses in killed or wounded at 25,000, and those of the Russians at 5500. The Japanese retired and the Russians occupied the position.

The Japanese have now changed their frontal position and a big battle is expected at the eastern portion of the defenses, owing to the Japanese turning movement.

### DETAILS ARE LACKING.

### Report Comes That Russians Recaptured All Their Positions.

London, July 15.—A dispatch to the Central News bureau from St. Petersburg says the war office announces the receipt of a dispatch from Port Arthur confirming the report that the Japanese sustained considerable losses on July 11, the exact particulars of which have not been ascertained. According to this dispatch the Russians recaptured all the positions lately taken by the Japanese.

### Another Jap Defeat.

Liao Yang, July 15.—General Samsonoff seriously checked the Japanese advance upon Yinkow July 11. His Cossacks ambushed the Japanese column and put 1000 out of action.

### LETTER FROM GENERAL MILES.

### Is Felicitous in Congratulating Parker on Nomination.

Esopus, N. Y., July 15.—The heaviest mail in the history of Rosemont came in for Judge Parker today, and an enormous number of letters went out. Almost every state in the Union was represented in the mail.

Judge Parker allows nothing unimportant to interfere with his early morning swim, and bright and early he was in the Hudson.

Judge Parker was unusually early in starting for his horseback ride, going away before he had read his mail. He glanced over the New York papers at breakfast, but had not seen Mr. Bryan's last statement relative to the democratic platform when he was asked about it as he was starting for his ride.

Judge Parker received a letter today from General Nelson A. Miles, dated

St. Louis, July 10. The entire letter is in General Miles' own handwriting, and is as follows:

"Safety for the good ship of state is of first importance.

"At a time when a material crisis is pending, when democratic institutions are in peril, when great evils should be eradicated, when important political questions must be decided, it is fortunate that the democratic party has given to the country a candidate for president in whom that great council of representative men have every confidence, and we have the best of reasons for believing that that confidence will be confirmed by the intelligent patriotism of the people of the country.

"We all do know that the instincts and traditions of the judge are to hold in sacred regard the constitution and the faithful interpretation and execution of laws. Hence, we believe that under your administration its laws will be administered with fidelity and integrity. I believe you will be elected and thereby have an opportunity of rendering our country a service of immeasurable value, that will redound to the honor of the democratic party and the glory of the republic."

### GRAIN ELEVATOR BURNED.

### Early Morning Fire at Chicago Causes Loss of \$500,000.

Chicago, July 15.—The Baltimore & Ohio grain elevator, Eighty-seventh street and Ontario avenue, South Chicago, was burned early today. A quantity of grain was in the building and the loss is put at \$500,000.

The occupants of a number of frame houses and cottages adjoining the elevator were forced to flee from their homes in scanty attire.

The fire is believed to have been caused by an explosion of dust in the elevator.

The elevator is in the midst of the railroad yards, surrounded by other elevators and railroad cars. Many freight cars were soon in flames. Switch engines and crews were put to work to remove them from the fire zone, but it was said that there would be heavy loss of railroad property. There were about 200 cars, many of them loaded, in the yards and near the building when the fire began.

### DARING CRIME OF ROBBERS.

### Sandbag Wealthy New York Contractor and Leave Him Unconscious.

New York, July 15.—It is said that three men, in silk hats and white kid gloves, sandbagged William Graftney, a wealthy contractor, in Tremont avenue, The Bronx, tonight and robbed him.

The men were driven to a hotel in Tremont avenue in a carriage driven by a coachman in livery, and there they met Graftney. They induced him to go with them a few steps from the hotel, where they robbed him and left him unconscious.

The police are working on the case, but thus far have no clues.

### First Message Over New Line.

Seattle, July 15.—The first message over the free end of the wire to Sitka reached this city last night. The message was sent while the cable ship Burnside was at sea and was ticketed over the free end of the wire to Sitka. From there it went to Skagway and to this city over the Canadian Telegraph line. The Burnside is working southward from Sitka with the cable. The line will be completed in about two weeks.

## MERGER IS ENJOINED BY COURT

### Judge Bradford Grants Tom Parady Injunction to Prevent Distribution of Securities Company Assets.

### Decision Is in the Nature of a Defeat of Contention of the Hill Railroad Interests.

### MAIN POINTS NOT TOUCHED

### Decision Merely Affects Title to \$70,000,000 of Stock Taken by Harriman in the Big Railroad Trust.

Trenton, N. J., July 15.—Judge Bradford today granted a preliminary injunction in the suit brought by Edward H. Harriman, Winslow S. Pierce and others to restrain the proposed pro rata distribution of the assets of the Northern Securities Company. This is a defeat for the Hill interests. The opinion consists of 60 typewritten pages.

The litigation turned largely on the question as to the title to the Northern Pacific stock which E. H. Harriman and Winslow S. Pierce put into the combination and which amounted to about \$70,000,000. The contention of the Northern Securities Company was that the stock had become the absolute property of that company and that it was perfectly legal for the Northern Securities Company to carry out the pro rata plan of distribution which the company had agreed upon. Harriman contended that by reason of the corporation being declared illegal by the United States supreme court, title had not been passed from Harriman and Pierce, and in consequence they were entitled to have returned to them the particular stock they had put into the combination, and which involved control of the Northern Pacific Company.

The decision of Judge Bradford does not dispose of the main points at issue in the case, which were whether or not Harriman and Pierce should have returned to them the stock of the Northern Pacific Company, which they put into the Northern Securities Company, or whether they should have distributed to them the stock of both the Northern Pacific and Great Northern Companies on the pro rata basis provided for by the directors of the Northern Securities Company.

Judge Bradford devotes most of his opinion to the discussion of a legal question as to whether he should grant a preliminary injunction. He takes the position that as long as there is any doubt in the case and no injury can come to the defendants, a preliminary injunction would be granted. He says further that the failure to grant a preliminary injunction would permit the distribution of the stock in the Northern Pacific Company to which Harriman and Pierce claim title, and put the complainants in a position where they would not be able to secure relief to which they were entitled should the case be decided in their favor on final hearing.

## OTHER TRADES UNION MEN MAY STRIKE IN SYMPATHY

### Stockyards' Employes Becoming Restless and May Quit Work if Settlement Is Not Soon Reached.

Chicago, July 15.—All the trades unions of the stockyards are becoming restless, and unless settlement of the great strike of butchers is reached they may decide to stop work. A mass meeting of these men will be held tomorrow, when the question of their quitting will be discussed and decided.

Work in the packing plants in Chicago will be continued tomorrow on a larger scale than at any time since the strike began. Around the stockyards the opinion is expressed that the strike will last well into next week.

Non-union men were assailed today by a crowd as they emerged from the stockyards. They were beaten, kicked and stoned, but managed to reach a street car and escape. The crowd threw stones at the car and injured some of the strikers, who were aboard.

This act of violence is denounced by the strikers, who deplore the mob's work.

## ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PERSONS VIEW REMAINS

### Funeral of Toledo's Golden Rule Mayor Is Largest Ever Held in the City Which Mourns Him.

Toledo, O., July 15.—The funeral of Mayor Samuel M. Jones this afternoon was the largest ever held in Toledo. While the body lay in state, it was viewed by 100,000 people. The city is draped in mourning, and this afternoon there was a general suspension of business, all public offices, stores, factories and saloons being closed. A death mask of the mayor was made last night.

Among the distinguished persons who attended the services were Mayor Tom L. Johnson and a party of Cleveland public officials and N. O. Nelson, millionaire manufacturer and philanthropist of St. Louis and California. The services at the house were simple. One of the eulogists was Brand Whitlock, novelist and social reformer. A feature of the services was the reading of Mayor Jones' favorite poem, from Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass." Burial was at Woodlawn cemetery.