THE MORNING ASTORIAN, TUESDAY, MAY 17, 1904.


## RATES.

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY ASTORIAN
By mail, per year, in advancé

## astorian publishing company.

DANGERS OF STREET SWEEPING.
Recent diselosures of the rapid and extensive spread of tubereulosis and other diseases among the street-sweepers of New York eity not only confirn saspicions long entertained by physicians and others, but show the ravages of the noxious germs to be far more serious than any one had previously supposed says the Brooklyn Standard Union. As related in that journal a few days ago, one of the city's mediea examiners make the astorishing statement that a third of Commissioner Woodbury's entire foree are afficted with consumption, about three cases a day on an average coming to light, which amount to abou 1800 cases a year. This is certainly a very alarming condition, calling for hercie remedies, for it must be remembered the "white wings" were mostly healthy men when originally appointed, all of them being compelled to pass a thorough physieal examination, and as the majority of them have served less than sir years, it is plain the deadly tuberculosis germs must have been inhaled while sweeping the streets. Dr. Woodbury, though he himself professes to believe the case is not so bad as reported, has ordered a thor ough investigation and a physical examination of all the 50,000 street-sweepers and drivers, which will take at least 15 days, and he is also searching for a disinfectant to be used in street sprinkling whieh shall be neither too expensive nor poisonous nor cor rosive in itself.

But the dangers of street-sweeping are not connea to the "white wings." They threaten every the eity, for the germ-laden dust ascends and enter the nostrils of pedestrains and passes through every open window in the immediate neighborhood, as the vineingly testify. Every preventive or remedy that can be devised should be utilized, for the sake of of the latter would not the danger of infection be considerably reduced by the use of some suitable form considerably reduced by the use of some suitable form fine wire over the mouth and nostrils wonld really prevent or minimize the inhaling of disease-breeding germs, the question of cost should not be considered, for the saving of health and life cannot be measured in dollars. The fact that many pedeatrians instinet ively cover their mouths with a poeket handkerchief shile passing a cloud of dius is prest handiverchiel hile passing a lood of dax a presiptive proor of the value of such a preasion, and it would be health department, Dr. Darlington says, is working hard to find a chlorine or other disinfectant which the enormous quantities required, and it would seem that another safeguard would be the use of closed reeeptacles to gather the dust. instead of scattering a
large part of it to the winds. In fact, the streets hould always be sprinkled before sweeping, if only with salt water, which in itself would be a potent purifier. Frequent and systematic examination of
the street sweepers should also be insisted upon, so hat the contraction of disease may be discovered in its early and curable stages. New York can not and must not expose its servants and citizens to deadly peril which can be avoided by the resources of civili-
zation and modern science, no matter what the cost.

OUR MONETARY SYSTEM.
The amount of money now in cireulation in this country, both aggregate and per capita, is at high water mark. On May 1 the aggregate amount in cir eulation was $\$ 2,530,000,000$ which, on the assumption
that the population of the republie is now $82,000,000$, that the population of the repubie is now $82,000,000$, largest proportion of this circulation consists of gold of certificates iss
federal treasury.
leven the most rampant Bryanite can not complain now that there is a deficiency in the money sup. papers declared that the nation was suffering from papers declared that the nation was suffering from
monetary starvation, our per capita cirenlation has monetary starvation, our per capita circulation has inereased praetically 50 per cent; while since 1873 , - although we long ago ceased to coin silver as standard money and have retired virtually all of the $\$ 156$,-
$\left.\begin{aligned} & 000,000 \text { in United States notes that were isued to pa } \\ & \text { for silver purehased under the Sherman act of } 1890\end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ The total amount of money in circulation has is Hi 1 ter of gold currency, we are still behind in the mat ter of gold currency, we are stil behind outher lead The latest available statistics, on this subject an The latest available statisties, on this subject ar those compiled by die direct of the mint under dat of January 1, 1903. At that date the gold currency
of this country per capita amounted to $\$ 15.64$ agnins of this country per capita amounted to $\$ 15.64$ aguins
a total per capita circulation of $\$ 29.78$, while the a total per capita circulation of $\$ 29.78$, while the
figures under these respective beads for other gold standard countries were as follows: Great Britain $\$ 13.18$ and $\$ 18.81$; France, $\$ 24,36$ and $\$ 39.22$; Ger many, $\$ 13.54$ and $\$ 20.48$; Austria-Hungary, $\$ 6.01$ and $\$ 8.72 ;$
$\$ 3.24$. \$3.24.
Our showing in the matter of gold currency re lative to total circulation is not so good as the show-
ing of most of the countries becanse we had, and still ing of most of the countries becanse we had, and still
have, a vastly larger volume of both "uneovered" have, a vastly larger volume of both "uneovered" paper money and silver money. No has as harge a volume of uncovered paper money as our own, and with the single exeeption of China wone has as large a volume of silver money.
Our monetary system undoubtedly rests now on solid basis, but the foregoing statisties show that so far as the supply of gold money to total circulation is concerned, we have still considerable ground to travel before we are abreast with the greater goldtandard countries, says the New York Commercial The faet is timely in demonstrating that there shonld be no yielding to demands of the cheasp money elebe no
ment.

Six Mormon witpesses wanted in the Smoot hearing have disappeared. It will be deternined later whether they recelved a revelation or just a plain tip to skip out until the trouble blows ovar.

Russia now proposes to callect 500,000 troops be fore going into the nest fight, and Japan will be acased of riolating the international code if she buttagain before Rossia is ready
In our humple opinion, there is less danger in admitting foreigners who compete with American labor than in admitting foreigners who compete with Americans who refose to labor.

Corrected reports show that in addition to losing 400 men in ber recent encounter with the British, Tibet also put herself in the way of losing about 98 per cent of her territory.

Prof. Langley is quoted as having said that with $\$ 50,000$ be could fy to Canada. Thet feat has already been performed by defaulting coshiers for nuch smaller sum.
The savage Filipinos at St. Louis lock upan the right, new $\$ 10$ bills as ornaments. The serages are not alone in the possession of that kind of artistie taste.
The Japanese are a courteous and considerate naWon. But this fact does not now prevent them from
hoping for a few aceidents on the Siberian railway

Colonel Younghusband reports that be will have o difficulty in teaching the Tibetans the beauties civilization if his ammunition holds of

A man has been sent to the penitentiary in Minesota for stealing a locomotive, while in New York men steal whole railroads with impunity.
Grover Cleveland must feel that the present sit man to quit work and go fishing.
Those who are criticising congress should remem$r$ that there is one thing to the credit of that body. It always adjourns.

Japan knows where to get quick results for her money, having ordered 15 steel bridges from an
American firm.

If the law of supply and demand holds good in ar times, Russia will not lose many more battle hips.
Senator Aldrich is said to be the best golf player congress. The polker championship is still in dis

Russian would be more impressive if she were to hoot more Japs and talk less of killing correspond

The Russians are praying for spring, while the Japs are hoping for fall in the Port Arthur distriet

The political crop is one that is never blighted unfavorable seasons.

The Japanese ar
How refreshing!

| Republican Ticket. | D. vaughan, <br> Dextist: |
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| (turank a woone, | Dr. T. L. Ballt |

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For School Superintendent
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For Supreme Court Justice,
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of Multnomah County.

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Serilin, May 16.-King Edwar
Beriln, May 16 -King Edward h
sit Emperor willam during rega
Ran Third at st. Cloud.
Paris, May 16 . W. $K$. Vanderbies
Calco came in third today in the race
tor the rix Clochetes at the s. Cloud
ECREMAA sims own
No disease causes so much bodily discomfort, or itches, and burus like
Eczema. Beginning often with a slight redness of the skin it gradually spreads, followed by pustules or blisters from which a gummy, streky fluld
oozes which dries and scales off or forms bed pears ond different parts of the body but oftenest upon the back, arras, hendi,
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