GRAND DUKE IS LOCATED

Friederich August of Oldenburg Visits America---Crosses Atlantic to See Niagara.

INSPIRED BY PRINCE HENRY

Unceremonious Departure From European Shores Caused Alarm Among His Relatives and Friends.

New York, March 14.—Friederich August, Grand Duke of Olderburg, whose unceremonious departure from European shores is said to have raised much excitement among the inhabitants of the grand duchy, has returned to this city, having accomplished the object of his journey across the Atlantic, which was to gaze upon the beauties of Niagara, described by Prince Henry of Prussia.

Rumors that he went from Niagara to Washington before coming back to New York cannot be confirmed. The grand duke this evening will go on board the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II, which sails for Bremen at 5 o'clock Tuesday morning, making his stay in the United States less than a week.

Reforms Not in Effect.

New York, March 14.—Optimistic reports of the successful activity of the newly appointed civil agents of the powers in the Macedonian reform scheme, are not confirmed, according to a Constantinople dispatch to the Herald by way of Berlin. On the contrary, it is said, the agents are completely convinced they have not the slightest influence on the course of events and there is no prospect of their effecting any good.

Map of Plant Life.

In the great map, the first of the kind ever made, are 819 distinct species of plant life, and each species is plainly outlined and labeled. This includes not only a specimen of every plant grown in the United States, but in the plots bordering the map are many plants of all lands.

The map is an exhibit of the United States government and is made by the bureau of plant industry. David A. Brodie is the superintendent in charge and many of the plants were installed a year or more before the date of the opening of the world's fair, while many of the plants that could not survive the winter were kept in hothouses, or the seed were not put into the ground until the present spring. The exhibit is made at a cost of $10,000.

A San Diego, Cal., woman will exhibit at the wodld's fair, butter made in 1858. The butter was placed in a spring house in that year and it disappeared in the quick sand. It was recently recovered and was found to be in a remarkably good state of preservation. It is now in the cold storage.

The Belgian building at the world's fair, one of the largest and handsomest in the foreign section, is remarkable in that the walls are not broken by a single window. The large structure is well lighted by immense sky lights, 75 feet above the floor.

Progress in medicine and surgery will be shown by an excellent exhibit of appliances, instruments and apparatus for surgery and medical research in the Palace of Liberal Arts at the world's fair. A complete modern hospital, with all of the accessories and apparatus known to the most abvanced surgery will be the most prominent feature of this group.

Nine years ago there were 300,000 telephones in use. That was the year the Bell patents expired. Today there are 3,000,000 instruments purveying business and gossip, but it is largely because there are so many independent concerns. The organization of the independent companies has not, so it is said, caused the business of the Bell company to be any the less, but has caused it to expand in proportions far beyond what it was expected it would develop. At the meeting of the telephone companies of the country at Cincinnati last week the above figures were given out. There too, it was predicted that in all probability the next advanceward step will be made in telephone exchange construction will be an automatic board that will do away with the hello girl and will make it possible for patrons to make direct connections with other people's telephones.

Every one of the 5,000 different collections of plants comprising the six-acre map of the United States in growing crops at the world's fair is plainly labeled. The visitor will have no difficulty in determining the name of a certain plant and at a glance may learn something of its origin, history and habits.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed for thirty days at Astoria post office, March 14, 1904.

Barnard, Gail, Miss.
Buchel, Andrew.
Christ, Antone Mr.
Clements, Andrea Miss.
Clark, Newton Esq.
Corcoran, T. Mrs.
Craig, James.
Devaney, Clifford Mr.
Ellingson, O. K. Mr.
Gibbs, Geo.
Guelame, N.
Heart, Pearl Miss.
Hendrickson, Herman.
Higgins, J. W.
Holton, Hans.
Howard, Matie Mrs.
Hurd, Laura Mrs.
Inman, John L. Dr.
Johnson, B. D. Mrs.
Johnson, John C. Mrs.
Kalin, Theodore
Kempler, Sallie
Lamont, Frank Mrs—2
Larson, Victoria Mrs.
Larsen, Annie
Magee, Harry Ells
Mattson, Gustave W.
McRae, Annie Miss
McDonald, N. Chas.
McVean, D.
Mickelson, Victor Mr.
Miers, C. C. Mr.
Nelson, Soren
Oxford, Morton Mr.
Patterson, Otis, Mr.
Patterson, Edward Mr.
Prace, Fer.
Prevost, A. L. Dr.
Robeson, O. W.
Ross, Chas. Esq.
Santer, Bros.
Smith, Edith Miss
Sundguist, Oscar.
Van Orden, Bessie Miss
Wellington, R. B. Mr.
Wilson, William Mr.

Foreign.

Basta, Nikola Mr.
Bjork, Emil Mr.
Dahlgren, Oscar E. Mr.
Eikeland, Hans Herr
Gorvin, Davn Mr.
Johnston, H. Esq.
Neilsson, Alma Mrs.
Ozgan, Carrie Mrs.
Olsen, Stessen Mr.—2
Piekowski, Gustav Mr.—2
Wikman, Paula Miss
Aetaoin shrdlu cmfwyp—11

TROOPS ARE WITHDRAWN

Colombia Will Make No Further Attempt to Recover Lost Territory.

PANAMA SAFE FROM ATTACK

Hostile Troops Ordered Returned From Frontier and Are Now Enroute for the Capital City.

New York, March 14.—A French steamer which has just arrived at Colon brought the news that the Colombian government has definitely desisted from any movement to recover its lost territory, cables the Herald's correspondent at Panama, and has prohibited further attempts to attack the Panamanian frontier.

Nine hundred Colombian soldiers are now returning to Bogota. Several Colombian officers from Cartagena have arrived at Colon, probably on their way to Cauca. The last Colombian expedition to Tutmati, consisting of 80 men, has been obliged to return to Cartagna on account of illness among the men.

British Surgeons For Japs.

New York, March 14.—Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister here, on behalf of the English admiralty, has, says a Times dispatch from Tokio, offered the British naval hospital at Yokohama with the services of the surgeons for the use of Japanese sick and wounded.

Summer Cars Burn.

Chicago, March 14.—The car barn of the Chicago Union Traction Company at Blue Island and Leavitt street was destroyed by fire today. About 600 summer cars, stored in the building, were burned. The loss is estimated at $150,000. Crossed electric wires caused the blaze.

Maude Winter Dead.

New York, March 14.—Maud E. Packard, a native of California, known on the stage as Maude Winter, is dead at her home here from consumption.

Brigham H. Roberts, who was expelled from congress for polygamy, sees "the finger of God" in the testimony of President Smith. Senator Smoot sees his own finish.

PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS

Perhaps Grover Cleveland would now be glad of the opportunity to dine a negro in the White House.

Captain Dreyfus will probably soon have command of a regiment. His military career will be watched with interest.

The Russian general who declared that Corea will be a mouse trap for the Japanese should get busy and try to make his prediction come true.

WORLD'S FAIR NEWS

New Zealand has decided to have an exhibit at the world's fair.

The national guard of South Dakota will camp at the world's fair in the latter part of September.

Robert Fitzsimmons, the freckled faced pugilist from the antipodes, has obtained a cafe concession on the Pike at the World's fair.

Forty cases of relics of the state of Nebraska and the Mississippi valley will be displayed in the Nebraska building at the world's fair.