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THE YELLOW PERIL
Russia and other European powers that sympathize with it in its present contest with Japan are doing what they can to alarm the rest of the world it in case Jauan triumphs. A warning is sent out from St. Petersburg that Japan and China united would possibly overrun the earth, as the Asiatics did in the time of Attila or Zengis Kahn, and that
Russia is the sole wall of defense against such a grave Russia is the
M. Kurino, late Japanese minister at Berlin, has taken pains to assure the world that there is no possibility of danger from this source. "We pledge ourselves," he says, "to the maintenance of the open
door, whenever the fortunes of war clothes us with ascendancy in the far east. I find commercial Ger many exploiting the bugbear that if we humble RusEurope and America, and hoist the banner of Asia for the Asiatics. Japah has no such intention. The idea that Japan plans the organization of the yellow is a rediculous fantasy.'
There was seareely need for a denial of this repor from any representative, either of Japan or China, the characteristies of the people, anil the relation now existing between them, are a stronger guarantee that they can not be united for any purpose aggression against the rest of the world than an
statement from whatever source, no matter how aut oritive, possibly can be. The two peoples have nothing in common. The Japanese are fond of war, an able than any other. 'The Chinese are not good sol diers, but are good merchants. They prefer a con dition of peace and they hate a condition of war
They prefer relations with other people to relations with Japan. They submit to Japanese domination aggressive policy against the rest of mankind. So far as Japanese control in China might affec
the rest of the world, there is no occasion for us to fear. We know how to defend ourselves agains an invasion of labor from that quarter, and we shal
know how to make defense against any other form of peril that may threaten us. No peril of any sor peet of any. On the contrary, we have reason to hope for an increase in trade, both in China an Jion. Russig has not ret begun to Re a undian domina power. Her people are not familiar with any of the more profitable modern arts. Her policy ha do so while it remains what it is now, and there a no indications that it is likely to greatly change it

## THE MATTER OF FRIENDSHIP

 with its reprimands because of the decidedly friendly spirit manifested by our government for the Japaninto the history involved in the sentimental discusis under no particular obligation to Russia for anysaw fit to a
our countr
festation of love for us; the circumstance is attribut country America was then waging a revolution. What Russia has or has not done for ux in the pas friendships are merely temporary. Twice in the history of the American republic England tried to wipe her citizens off the face of the carth. During
the revolutionary war and during the war of 1812.14 the people of the United States hated England with erty-loving people whose enemy sought to destro them. Today England is our best friend. We en-
tertain a natural feeling of friendship for France,


#### Abstract

old world powers. Were France to identify her self with interests hostile to ours, however, th friendly feeling would at once disappear: National friendship depends entirely upon the at ing for menowely concerned. Russla is now hight seeking to shut us off from our share of oriental commerce. Japan, on the other hand, is waging tieal with those of the United States and England, No matter what has transpired in the past, our plain duty today is to lend encouramement to our present-day friends. Traditional sentiment has its proper place in history, but commercial security absolutely replaces it in practice. We are not maniin the present struggle, but we can not but admine heir wonderfully progressive spirit, which equals that of our own people, and actually surpasse that of any other nation; but we are triendly to th cause which she has esponsed. Japan, Great Brit ain and the United States have/mutual interests a ain and the United States have/mutual inturests a stake in the far east, and those interests demand our stake in the far east, and those interests demand our earnest attention, no matter how friendly the pre earnest attention, no matter how friendly the pre ent opposing interests may have, been in the past It's not a matter of sentiment, but of interest.

\section*{ART, LABOR AND BUSINESS.}


 The union and non-union house painters of 1 says the Saturday Evening Post. It appears that ortain person who mixes paint on a palette instea he new state capitol. He calles himself a "murn ainter," and, as if that were not enough, he from New York. To check this invasion resident labor, four Minneapolis house painters ha pplied for an injunction to stop the execution egal because bids were not advertised for, no bo as taken, and no preferance was shown for Minne ota bidders, as required by lawAt first sight this position seems to be impregn ind a modus vivendi between art on one side ani abor and business on the other. If the contra for decorating the Sistine chapel had been advertise
no donbt some competent house painter would hav inder bidden Michael Angelo. Yet it might not hav een best to accept the lowest bid. The walls of the Coston public library could have been covered with the Decorators and Plasterers' Union, at a lower ate per square yard than was paid for the work of ven happen sometimes that it would be better for Oskosh to let a New York artist decorate its publi
buildings than to depend entirely upon Oskosh. But the exact place of art in the commercial labor world really ought to be settled. Uncertainty is bad for business. How are seulptors, who work ander the jurisdiction of the Dirt Diggers' Union the Brotherhood of Stonecutters, or the Amalgamat painter properly subjeet to the regulations of the Onited House Painter

Henry Clews' letter says of the effect of the war o stocks: "The stock market acts as if confuse
y the multiplicity of influences. Chief of these, course, is the war and its potentialitiess. If the strug
gle is confined to Japan and Russia, as it probably will be, its effeets upon the world's financial mar
kets will not be serious. But those who control pets will not be serious. But those who control thing in Europe are more sansitive
purs the effects of the war than financial leaders in the United States. While Japanese success appears to
be regarded with satisfaction throughout the be regarded with satisfaction throuphout the civil
ized world, there are those who are appreheni of the effect of defeat upon the Russian empire which is weak financially, industriously and polit
ieally. Russia is ruled by a czar of highly human ically. Russia is ruled by a czar of highly humane that he is surrounded by a bureancracy which is entirely at variance with his ideas and beyond his
control. Further, Russia is seething with disen tent, arising from misgovernment and the corrup. tion which prevails among the official classes. It itary and naval reverses upon the Bussian governprobable, the driving back of Russia to the Amur river. Importmt developments in Russian affair fore quite within the range of possibilities, should Japan continue on her victorious course. Added spring in the Balkans, the outcome of which is en irely beyond calculation; so that the foreign sitn

The Washington Post refers to the editor of t Oregonian as "Colonel" Harvey Scott. It is to be ime he commanded scott acquired the title at the mas county, to accept an opportunity which the
editor deemed favorable to an ambition he onee chereditor deemed favorable to an ambition he onee cher-

home is ensily marred by lack of taste in wall decorations. We wish to state that the New Year will find us in a better position to do decorating than ever before. New patterns are beginning to arrive, and all we portunity you favor us with an
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