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Talking About CLOTHING

Do you know that there is a vast difference in the make up, lining, sewing and general finish of clothing.

There is the "made to sell" kind, pretty patterns, gaudy linings, but there's no satisfaction in the wear; it is made in a hurry by underpaid labor; just "made to sell."

Then there's the "made to wear" kind, properly shrunk, plain but strong linings, the "vitals," or inside paddings, properly adjusted sewed with silk, made by skilled labor and sold on honor.

The "made to wear" kind costs a little more than the "made to sell" kind, but, dear me, it is ever so much better.

We sell the made to wear kind.



SOME MORE NEW BOOKS.

IN THE FOG.....Richard Harding Davis
AUDREY.....Mary Johnston
THE FIFTH STRING.....Souza
THE SIGN OF THE PROPHECY.....Naylor
LAZARUS.....Mary Hartwell Catherwood
SYLVIA.....Evalyn Emerson

They are the leaders. \$1.25.

GRIFFIN & REED.

ABOUT COFFEE

The Best Brand of Coffee is
"WHITE HOUSE" Mocha and Java
For Sale only by

FISHER BROS.



QUEEN



PRINCESS

Of course I sell Hats. My Stock is absolutely new and complete. The very latest shapes and shades are now at your service. They are not sold at cost, but you cannot duplicate them in Astoria or Portland for the same money.



MASCOT

It costs you no more to dress in style if you buy of the leading clothier

P. A. STOKES.

RODE ROUGH SHOD OVER HOUSE

Democratic and Republican Insurgents Overthrow Rulings of Chair.

A SCENE OF EXCITEMENT

Beet Sugar Men Take the Bit in Their Teeth and Carry Things With a High Hand.

Democrats and Republican insurgents rode rough shod over the house leaders today when voting began on the Cuban reciprocity bill. They overthrew the ruling of the chair in committee of the whole on the question of germaneness of the amendment to remove the differential from refined sugar during the existence of the reciprocity agreement provided for in the bill.

The vote to overrule the decision of the chair was 171 to 136, Republicans to the number of 37 joining with the solid Democratic vote to accomplish this result.

Having won this preliminary victory the amendment was adopted in committee, 164 to 111, and later in the house by a still larger majority, 199 to 165. On this occasion 64 Republicans voted with the Democrats for the amendment.

The bill was then passed by an overwhelming majority, 247 to 52. Analysis of the vote shows 134 Republicans and 123 Democrats voted for amended bill and 42 Republicans and 19 Democrats against it.

Today's debate was of exceedingly lively character, features being echoes of last night's Democratic caucus.

To that caucus the defeat of the Republican leaders who sought to pass the bill without amendment is attributable. Previous to the holding of the caucus Democrats were very much divided and the opposition of the Republican beet sugar men showed signs of disintegrating. Today, when it became apparent that the Democrats would act together, beet sugar men decided at a meeting attended by 32 of them to take the bit in their teeth and overrule the chair. Soon as this combination was effected the Republican leaders realized that they would be defeated so far as the removal of the differential was concerned and Payne, Republican leader, contented himself with warning his beet sugar colleagues that in removing the differential they were taking off the bit of protection placed in the Dingley bill especially for the benefit of beet sugar producers. Democrats attempted to follow up their advantage when the differential amendment was adopted by offering the Babcock bill and other amendments to reduce the Dingley schedules, but on these amendments Republicans declined to stand with them, and the Democrats did not press them vigorously.

The bill as passed authorizes the president, after the establishment of an independent government in Cuba, and the enactment by said government of immigration, exclusion and contract labor laws as restrictive as those of the United States, to negotiate reciprocal trade agreement with Cuba by which, in return for equivalent concessions the United States will grant a reduction of 20 per cent from the Dingley rates on goods coming into the United States from Cuba, such agreement to continue until December 1, 1903. During the existence of such agreement the duty of refined sugars and all sugars above No. 16 Dutch standard is to be 1.825 per pound.

GOVERNMENT FOR PHILIPPINES.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—At today's session of the senate, consideration was begun of a bill temporarily to provide a form of government for the Philippines. The measure was read and the committee amendments were agreed to tentatively, but no action on the bill was taken.

Fifty-five private pension bills and a

few other measures were passed.

CHINA PROTESTS.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The secretary of state today transmitted to the senate a communication from United States Minister Congler inclosing a protest from the Chinese government against the exclusion of Chinese from the Philippine Islands.

BANKRUPTCY LAW.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The house committee on judiciary today directed a favorable report on the bill of Chairman Ray, amending the bankruptcy law in a number of particulars. One of the most important amendments allows corporations to become voluntary bankrupts with the proviso that this shall not release corporation officers and stockholders from individual liabilities under the state or federal law.

SERIOUS REBELLION.

HONG KONG, April 18.—Rev. Mr. Landis, an American missionary who has arrived from Nan King, province of Kwankai, confirms reports of seriousness of rebellion in the Southern provinces of China. He says all trade beyond Nan King is paralyzed. Stores there are packed with goods stopped on their way to the interior. The total rebel force numbers about 10,000 well armed men.

RIOTS IN BELGIUM

THE GUARDS FIRE ON THE MOB.

Five Persons Killed and a Dozen or More are Wounded.—Other Riots.

BRUSSELS, April 18.—A serious riot occurred at Louvain near Brussels. The Socialists held a demonstration. The police attempting to disperse them were received with a shower of stones. The Irish guard then fired on the mob. Similar riots occurred in another part of Louvain, altogether five persons were killed and 12 wounded. A riot is reported at Bruges, in Flanders. Here the police charged the socialists with drawn swords and 10 of the latter were wounded.

DENIES THE STORIES.

Says That the Reports of British Cruelty to Boers is Absurd.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Rev. D. Joseph Hertz, who was a member of Lord Milner's high or advisory committee in South Africa and chaplain of the Rand Rifles, has arrived in this city, his former home. When the war broke out Dr. Hertz was expelled from Johannesburg by Mr. Kruger for being a Uitlander. He has since visited many of the British concentration camps in South Africa. Of these camps and on kindred subjects, Dr. Hertz says:

"The stories of the British cruelties towards the wives and families of the Boers in the concentration camps are absurd. It is not the fighting Boer who makes these charges, but the stay-at-homes. Why, the Boer in the field sends his family to the British to take care of, so that he will not be hampered by them while fighting. While there were but 9000 children attending school in the Orange Free State before the war started, there are now 14,000 at school under the British governmental rule."

OLD SHOES

And old boots are made almost as good as new in my shop at small expense. I can also sell you

NEW SHOES

and new boots of the best quality, warranted as represented, at lower prices than you can buy for elsewhere

S. A. Gilmre.

Opposite Ross, Higgins & Co.

NEW LAW FOR FOREIGNERS

Their Duties and Rights as Defined by the Government of Venezuela.

CIVIL RIGHTS FOR ALL

Not Subject to Military Service Nor to the Payment of Any Contribution in Case of War.

(Correspondence of Associated Press.) CARACAS, Venezuela, March 19.—The new law defining the duties and rights of foreigners who may be found within the territory of Venezuela has just been submitted to congress by President Castro. In substance it is as follows:

Foreigners shall enjoy the same civil rights as Venezuelans, as determined by the constitution of the republic. They shall be considered as either domiciled or as in transit.

All who have resided within the territory voluntarily and uninterruptedly for upwards of two years without a diplomatic character or for purposes of trade or any other industry provided they have a permanently established home although they may even be invested with a consular character. All who possess real estate within the territory of the republic who are not included in the foregoing provisions shall be considered as foreigners in transit.

Domiciled foreigners shall be bound to the same obligations as regards both their persons and property as Venezuelans but are not subject to military service nor to the payment of any contributions in case of war. Foreigners shall not mix in the public affairs of the republic nor in anything relating thereto, either publicly or through the press.

Resident foreigners who violate the last named provision in whole or in part shall lose their conditions of foreigners and shall be subject to the responsibilities, etc., which may attach to nationals. Foreigners in transit who may similarly transgress the provisions shall be expelled from the country forthwith.

The penalty for the violation of the last named provision shall not be inflicted without due legal proceedings and there shall be no resort to the diplomatic channel except when, having exhausted all legal means before the competent authorities, it clearly appears that there is a denial of justice or notorious injustice.

Foreigners, like Venezuelans, have the right to claim from the government by way of indemnification all losses or damages which might be occasioned to them in time of war by legitimately constituted authorities, but they cannot claim compensation for loss or damage by the agents of armed bodies in the service of any revolution.

The executive decree of February 14, 1901, concerning the duties and rights of foreigners and the executive decree of July, 1897, which relates to the meddling of foreigners in the electoral business of the country, are repealed.

M'KEEVER DEAD.

NEW YORK, April 18.—John T. McKeever, for seven years treasurer of Wallack's Theatre is dead from cirrhosis of the liver at his home in this city.

A SKILFUL OPERATION.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—The life of Aaron Johnson has been saved at the City and County Hospital through an operation never before performed on this coast, the complete extirpation of the larynx, on which was a cancerous growth. This will rank as one of the three or four successful cases on record in the world. An artificial larynx is being made for the patient which, it is asserted, will enable him to speak though his voice will be confined to a monotone.

CONTEST CALLED OFF.

CHICAGO, April 18.—In the Santry-Tommy Sullivan contest at Apollo Hall, Referee Johnny McIntyre decided it was "no contest." After about a minute and a half of boxing in the third round Santry fell out of a clinch

to the floor and Sullivan fell on top of him. Santry could not arise and the referee picked him up and held him. Sullivan tried to continue the fight but the referee pushed him away and called a halt. Santry was unable to continue, saying Sullivan put his knee into the groin disabling him. A doctor found him injured as described. Santry had to be carried from the ring.

Up to the time of the accident Santry had all the better of the boxing and was slaming Sullivan around at a lively rate.

ENGINEER KILLED.

POINT RICHMOND, Cal., April 18.—By the explosion of an oil burner at the Santa Fe Railroad Company's pumping station here, Hiram Pope, the engineer, was blown out of the fire room and fatally injured. The pumping plant was damaged to the extent of \$5000.

TWO OLD SIMPLETONS.

JEFFERSON, Wis., April 18.—William Lanfare, aged 84, and his wife, aged 66, have been divorced after 50 years of married life. There was no contest.

WORLD'S FAIR FUND

NEARLY HALF A MILLION IN TREASURY.

This Large Sum is to be Divided Next Week Among the Stock Holders.

CHICAGO, April 18.—The \$450,000 which remains in the treasury of the World's Columbian Exposition Company will be divided next week between the 20,000 shareholders. The last lawsuit against the company has been decided and the board of directors has concluded to distribute the money as soon as preliminary work can be accomplished. The dividend, it is estimated, will amount to about 5 cents a share. Shares were sold for \$10. About one-fourth of the 20,000 stockholders held one share each. The city will get about \$225,000 as its dividend on the \$5,000,000 bonds issued.

The funds have been tied up all these years by litigation against the world's fair company. About 200 suits were brought for damages, the claims aggregating nearly \$500,000, and the money was held to meet possible judgments. Most of the cases were decided against the claimants, however, judgments being secured for less than \$15,000 of the entire amount.

CHURCH THIEVES.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Louis Lester and Thomas Riley, the former claiming Galveston, Texas, as his home, have been arrested with articles in their possession which had been stolen from churches. Lester has, according to the police, made a confession in which he said they had started in the burglary business at Pittsburg, making a specialty of looting churches. He admitted they had stolen articles from the altars of more than 200 sanctuaries throughout the country.

CRIMINAL OF TWO COUNTRIES

A Thief and Emblezzler, Who Went Into It On Large Scale.

AN INTERNATIONAL CASE

stole Jewelry in America and Bankrupted a Stock and Brokerage Exchange in France.

NEW YORK, April 18.—When Louis Alfred Balens leaves Sing Sing next Saturday he will have served a six-years sentence, made shorter by commutation, for misappropriating \$25,000 worth of jewelry. His freedom will be brief, according to the Herald. At the door of the prison he probably will be served with a federal warrant charging him with the embezzlement of approximately \$1,500,000 in France.

Louis Alfred Balens, or, as he is known in this country, William A. Bellwood, was born in Paris 40 years ago. In 1891 he organized the "Societe Francaise de Banque et de Change," purporting to do a general stock exchange brokerage business. All went well for five years then Balens disappeared. Two weeks later the Tribunal of Commerce of the Seine declared the society bankrupt and a similar judgment was pronounced against Balens. The investigation proceeded, and finally the Chamber of Indictments of the Court of Appeals of Paris declared on July 18, 1897, that Balens had not only misappropriated \$25,000 francs but also had converted to his own use a large quantity of valuable jewelry which had been entrusted to his care. His arrest was ordered.

Balens located in Philadelphia, where, under the alias of William A. Bellwood or William S. Redwood, he opened a jewelry store. Early in 1898 Bellwood obtained \$25,000 worth of jewelry from a New York firm on a memorandum and proceeded to hypotecate it at one of the largest pawn-broking establishments in the metropolis. He was arrested and sent to Sing Sing for six years. It had been discovered in the meantime that Balens and Bellwood were identical and during his larceny trials a United States marshal hovered nearby with a federal warrant which had been issued after an investigation had been made of the embezzlement charges in France by the United States ambassador, General Horace Porter.

JESSIE II.

An Oregon Dog Took the Honors of Kennel Club's Show.

PORTLAND, April 18.—The honor of Portland Kennel Club's bench show went to Oregon's Jessie II, 11 months old pointer bitch, owned by F. F. Wamsley, Pendleton, Oregon. She was given a special cup for the best dog in the show, besides three other special cups.

SOMETHING NEW!

The Firefly Gas Lighter

No Tapers.
No Matches Needed.
Press the Button and the Machine Does the Rest
Saves Time. Saves Matches.
Saves Your Patience.

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