

# Daily Astorian.

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## HAWAII'S DEMANDS.

One of the most serious problems presented by the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands by the United States was the question of Chinese immigration to those possessions. It was recognized that the question of cheap labor was of vital importance to the sugar and other industries of the islands, and a strict application of our laws regarding importation of cheap labor would result in serious loss to those enterprises. The industries of Hawaii had been built upon the foundation of cheap labor, and a sudden change to a more skilled and higher priced labor would mean incalculable loss to the commerce of the islands.

It was believed that congress would find a solution for the problem and at the same time guard against the evil of opening up our own country to the danger of an influx of this cheap, and in this country, undesirable class of labor.

As yet this has not been done. Our laws have been applied to Hawaii, and the result is already noticeable in the depreciation in the value of the stocks of the great enterprises of the islands.

In his annual report, which has just been received at Washington, H. E. Cooper, acting governor of Hawaii, draws attention to this condition and suggests that a limited number of Chinese laborers be permitted to immigrate to the islands conditioned upon their engaging in agricultural pursuits and their return to their own country upon ceasing to be farmers. He says:

"The prosperity of the islands depends upon the successful and economical production of sugar. The employment of Chinese and Japanese by the planters never has interfered and never will interfere either with American skilled or unskilled labor, but if an ample supply of desirable labor can be obtained, it means millions of dollars spent for machinery, buildings, tools, steel and iron and other supplies of American make. Since the annexation the immigration of unskilled laborers has practically ceased, while many Chinese and Japanese have returned to their native countries. All sugar plantation stocks have fallen far below their former value, and this has had the effect of producing a stringency in the money market from which many have suffered loss. If no relief is forthcoming the most disastrous results surely will follow. It is a physical impossibility for the Anglo-Saxon race to satisfactorily perform the severe labor required in the sugar fields. Hawaii, therefore, is entitled to legislation favorable to its greatest prosperity."

It is to be presumed that this is a fair and impartial statement of the facts, and it is quite sure congress will dispose of this question in such a manner as will be to the best interest of the inhabitants of the islands and make them beneficiaries with us of the unprecedented prosperity we are now enjoying.

A writer in November McClure's on the "Marvels of Modern Production" reviews the advances made during the past century—mostly in the last fifty years—by the substitution of machinery for hand labor, and shows why almost every article of daily use is much cheaper than it was before, while wages of producers are higher. Take, for instance, stockings such as our grandmothers made. It took from twenty to forty hours to knit them by hand but a modern machine will knit a pair in nine minutes. In carding and spinning cotton and wool in a modern mill one person will do as much in a day as 2500 persons would a century ago. Shoes are made ten to twenty times as fast. One man will make as much furniture in a day as ten men would in the old days. In making such things as pins, needles, screws, machines, etc., one workman will do as much in a day now as 500 to 1000 workmen

could at the beginning of the last century. The result has been that our homes are filled with comforts and luxuries that were unknown to our great-grandfathers.

When congress meets, it is likely that the Presidential Succession law, as well as the laws for the protection of the president, will get some attention. The succession law, as passed in 1886, has never been called into service, but critics have pointed out that it is faulty in its provisions. It provides, in brief, that in the event of the death of both president and vice-president, the secretary of state, or other cabinet officer, shall act as president, until a president shall be elected. If no further provision of law were made, the secretary of state would under such circumstances act as president until the electoral vote of the next election is counted on the second Wednesday of February following the election. The three weeks between the election and the inauguration of the president is not provided for. The law could be made to cover this point by providing that the cabinet officer shall act until a new president shall be elected and qualified. Presumably there will be no difficulty in amending the law to fit this difficulty.

For six miles through the forest in Hancock and Wood counties, Ohio, says the New York Tribune, may be seen a wide swath through the treetops, the once open spaces being grown thick with smaller timber. It tells the story of General Hull and the army that blazed its way north to Fort Meigs in the war of 1812. On several farms near Findlay are still found sections of the old corduroy roadway built of the tree trunks that were felled to gain a passage for the army. The logs are well preserved and are found from two to five feet under the soil. It was at the close of the memorable campaign that Colonel Findlay camped on the south side of Blanchard's Fork of the Auglaize and established the old stockade fort named after him, Fort Findlay.

The alleged threat of the Emperor of Germany to smash things if the United States does not negotiate some commercial treaties to please him, should be received with more amusement than real interest. Nobody believes that anything the Emperor has said or may say will have the slightest weight with either congress or the administration. Uncle Sam knows too much about the game of poker to be bluffed into doing anything or leaving anything undone.

The United States treasury is overflowing with money, and the country now has a practical example of that truth uttered several years ago by General Grant that "a surplus is easier to handle than a deficit." However, if the next effort of congress to reduce the revenues of the country is successful, the surplus may arise that even a surplus is a bothersome thing at times.

People who are finding fault with poor old Philadelphia for failure to imitate the example of New York and throw off the corrupt yoke of the bosses, should remember the dear old woman is so much slower than father Knickerbocker that it is unreasonable to expect her to accomplish that Herculean task with equal alacrity.

The news sent out from Chicago to the effect that the price of beef is going up because of a lack of range is more or less misleading. It is not just clear whether the shortage of range referred to is that upon which beef cattle feed, or that upon which the hogs who control the beef supply of the country fatten.

It is to be presumed the Chinese joss has been duly informed that the man who died in this world as Earl Li Hung Chang will appear before his "joss-ship" as Marquis Li Wen Chung.

The Boers in South Africa seem to be not only holding their own, but considerable that the British are strenuously claiming as their personal property.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The report of the Munich Senate Nachrichten from St. Petersburg to the effect that the Kaiser and the Tsarina will shortly meet at Skidnits, is semi-officially denied.

The New York Herald's correspondent in Guatemala reports that the French cruiser Trombe and the Chinese cruiser The Ministro Cento have arrived there.

A dispatch from Panama says it is expected in Panama that a battle will

soon take place. There are indications that the insurgents are preparing to advance on the city.

A Rome dispatch to the effect that the powers composing the triple alliance have demanded the most favored nation rights such as France has obtained from Turkey, is semi-officially declared to be unfounded.

As the result of adverse voting in the senate the Chilean cabinet has tendered its resignation but everything indicates that the crisis will be only partial, affecting only one portfolio and will be of short duration.

According to a Post of Spain correspondent the revolution is daily gaining ground in Venezuela. General Caceres, Attorney General Caceres's chief staff officer, has again succeeded in making his escape and is in the mountains of the district around Valencia. He is endeavoring to reach Guirica.

The corporation of London has decided to entertain the Prince and Princess of Wales at a dinner in Guild Hall on December 3. Since the death of Queen Victoria, no member of the royal family has publicly visited the city and the hope is general that their royal highnesses will proceed to Guild Hall in state.

## MODERN SURGERY SURPASSED.

"While suffering from a bad case of piles I consulted a physician who advised me to try a box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. I procured a box and was entirely cured. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a splendid cure for piles, giving relief instantly, and I heartily recommend it to all sufferers. Surgery is unnecessary to cure piles. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure any case of Cuts, burns, bruises and all other wounds and are quickly cured by it. Beware of counterfeits.—CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist."

## GERMANY IN TROUBLE.

Prostrating Depression in Business—Poor Grain Crop.

Pittsburgh Dispatch. There is no question that Germany is in great trouble, and that there is a prostrating depression in business. Consul Monaghan, at Chemnitz, has sent a report to the state department showing on the authority of German journalists the extremity of the trade troubles in the empire. The whole iron industry is in a state of depression. Certain branches are comparatively occupied, but the business can not be compared with that of former years. The cause is the loss of railroad supplies, and even they have not as many orders as last year. The smaller iron industries are suffering from a falling off in exports. The cause is the loss of machine factories. They are running on short time, and great numbers of workmen have been discharged.

Even the textile industries are in exception. Wherever mills are running they are generally at the cost of the price of the wares. This lowering of the price of manufacturers is overcome by decreasing the wages of the employees, who are working at anything rather than remain idle. The production of cotton fabrics has been limited, and the same is true of the textile trades—cotton, wool and flax. To add to this there are complaints of the grain harvest.

## HE KEPT HIS LEG.

Twelve years ago J. W. Sullivan of Hartford, Conn., scratched his leg with a rusty wire. Inflammation and blood poisoning set in. For two years he suffered intensely. Then the best doctors urged amputation, but he writes, "I used one bottle of Electric Balm, and my leg was sound and well as ever." For Eruptions, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Sores and all blood disorders Electric Balm has no equal on earth. Try them. For Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, etc., try the Electric Balm. It is a wonderful remedy. Only 50 cents.

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## TO CURE A COUGH.

Stop coughing, as it irritates the lungs, and gives them no chance to heal. Foley's Honey and Tar cure without causing a strain in breathing of the phlegm like coughing cough expectorants.—Hart's drug store.

Nebraska is reported to be unusually prosperous, despite the efforts of the Lincoln campaign.

W. J. Shively, Batesville, O., speaking of Banner Salve, says: "I used it for piles and it has done me more good than any salve I have ever used, and I have tried a great many kinds."—Hart's drug store.

This curing machine which will be used in New York hereafter is not the one invented by Richard Croker.

G. H. Hansen, Lima, O., engineer, L. E. & W. R. R. writes: "I have been troubled with a great deal with backache. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure, and one bottle entirely relieved me. I gladly recommend it to any one, especially my friends, among whom I am sure it will find many admirers."—Hart's drug store.

The only thing remarkable about General Butler is that he has not explained how it happened in a magazine article.

## DON'T LET THEM SUFFER.

Often children are tortured with itching and burning eczema and other skin diseases but Bucklen's Arnica Salve heals the raw sores, expels inflammation, leaves the skin without a scar. Clean, fragrant, cheap, there's no salve on earth so good. Try it. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at Hart's Drugstore.

It would be interesting to let the people whose opinions have been at all changed by the 8-hour inquiry stand up and be counted.—Washington Star.

George A. Potts, Upper Sandusky, O., writes: "I have been using Foley's Honey and Tar for Hoarseness and find it the best remedy I ever used. It stopped the cough immediately and relieved all soreness." Take only Foley's.—Hart's drug store.

Mr. Bryan's Colorado speech showed little, save that he still has no use for the man who enjoys three square meals a day.—Denver Republican.

Adolph Brumer, Grand Mount, Ia., writes: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar in my family and think it is the best cough cure on the market. I would not be without it in my home, as there is nothing so good for coughs and colds."—Hart's drug store.

The poets who have been aiding in the New York campaign will now have to fall back on the alleged merits of the magazine editor.

## FOR HOARSENESS.

Benj. Ingerson, of Hutton, Ind., says he had not spoken a word above a whisper for months, and that one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar restored his voice. Be sure you get Foley's.—Hart's drug store.

Minister Wu has been offered a professorship in Columbia. If he accepts Professor Triggs will be compelled to go—W. C. C. N. A. S. T. D. N.

## RELIABLE AND GENTLE.

"A pill's a pill" says the saw. But there are pills and pills. You want a pill which is reliable and gentle. Market agents, DeWitt's Little Early Riders fill the bill. Purely vegetable, do not force but assist the bowels to act. Strengthen and invigorate. Small and easy to take.—CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

Mr. Thomas Linton says he will not marry until he has the cure. Girls who do not believe in long engagements but better not accept any ring from him.

## RECOMMEND IT TO TRAIN MEN.

Seymour Webb, M.D., N. Y., writes: "I have been troubled with my kidneys for twenty-five years, and had tried several physicians but received no relief until I bought a bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure. After using two bottles I was absolutely cured. I strongly recommend Foley's Kidney Cure." Take only Foley's.—Hart's drug store.

What Kentucky needs is a politician who can lay down a position and make himself understood by the simple words of the English language.—Chicago Record-Herald.

## FOOD CHANGED TO POISON.

Purifying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from clogged bowels, gently, easily but surely, curing Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Fevers, all Liver, Kidney and Bowel troubles. Only 25c at Hart's Drugstore.

## A PHYSICIAN TESTIFIES.

"I have taken Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and have never used anything in my life that did me the good that Kodol," says County Physician Geo. W. Scroggs, of Hall county, Ga. "Being a physician I have prescribed it and found it to give the best results." If the food you eat remains undigested in your stomach it decays and poisons the system. You can prevent this by digesting but that means starvation. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure Digests what you eat. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for all stomach troubles.

## It can't help but do you good.

Prepared only by E. C. DEWITT & Co., Chicago. The best, most reliable remedy for all stomach troubles. For Sale by CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

## THE CHILDREN'S FRIEND.

You'll have a cold this winter. Maybe you have one now. Your children will suffer too. For coughs, croup, whooping cough, and other winter troubles, use One Minute Cough Cure. It is very pleasant to the taste and perfectly harmless. C. B. George, Winchester, Ky., writes: "Our little girl was attacked with croup late one night and was so hoarse she could hardly speak. We gave her a few drops of One Minute Cough Cure. It relieved her immediately and she went to sleep. When she awoke next morning she had no signs of hoarseness or croup."—CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

## CALL FOR A REPUBLICAN CONVENTION FOR THE CITY OF ASTORIA.

A Republican convention by the City of Astoria, Clatsop County, State of Oregon, is hereby called to meet at the court house in the City of Astoria, on Thursday, November 21, A. D. 1901, at the hour of 1:30 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of nominating the following officers of said city, to be voted for at the next general election in said city, to be held on Wednesday, December 11, A. D. 1901, to-wit:

One mayor.  
One treasurer.  
One auditor and police judge.  
One police commissioner.  
One surveyor.  
One street superintendent.  
One councilman for the First ward.  
One councilman for the Second ward.  
One councilman for the Third ward.  
Notice is further given, that a primary election is hereby called to be held in the City of Astoria, Clatsop County, State of Oregon, for the purpose of electing eleven delegates in each ward of said city, in the Republican convention of the City of Astoria, aforesaid, to be held at said City of Astoria, on Thursday, November 21, A. D. 1901, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., said primary election shall be held Thursday, November 14, 1901, from the hour of 12 o'clock noon to the hour of 5 o'clock p. m. of said day.

The following polling places in each ward of said city have been established, to-wit:

In ward No. 1, court house.  
In ward No. 2, Welch block.  
In ward No. 3, Astoria Box Co.  
The following judges have been appointed, to-wit:  
Ward No. 1, George Johnson, L. E. Hovens and W. B. Young.  
Ward No. 2, John Welch, August Nelson and R. S. Davis.  
Ward No. 3, A. Brix, Gust Holmes and L. Agren.  
By order of the City Council Committee.  
W. F. MORGAN, Chairman.  
F. P. LEHNENWEBER.

## CALL FOR CITIZENS' CONVENTION.

A mass meeting of the citizens, voters and taxpayers of Astoria, irrespective of party affiliations, is hereby called to meet at the opera house on Wednesday evening, November 20, 1901, at 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of nominating the following officers to be voted for at the general city election to be held in the City of Astoria on Wednesday, December 11, 1901:

One mayor.  
One auditor and police judge.  
One police commissioner.  
One treasurer.  
One superintendent of streets.  
One surveyor.  
One councilman from the First, Second and Third wards, respectively.  
All voters, irrespective of party affiliations, who believe in an honest and economical administration of city affairs, the same that has characterized the government of the City of Astoria during the past four years, under the regime of the Citizens' movement, and who are opposed to ring rule and bossism, are cordially invited to attend and participate in the deliberations. By order of Citizens' Committee.  
P. H. ROVEY, Secretary.

## PRAEL & COOK.

TRANSFER COMPANY.  
Telephone 221.

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W. J. COOK, Mgr.  
Res. Tel. 131.

## J. A. FASTABEND.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

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C. J. EDDY, Gen. Agt., Portland, Ore.

Trav. Pass. Agt., Portland, Ore.

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## SOUTHERN PACIFIC EAST SOUTH.

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