

Daily Astorian.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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The Astorian guarantees to its advertisers the largest circulation of any newspaper published on the Columbia river.

Advertising rates can be had on application to the business manager.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Mr. A. Leberman is now in charge of the circulation department of The Morning Astorian, and is authorized to collect and receipt for all subscriptions.

The journalistic Simon deVos's most of his time to self-praise. Occasionally, however, he finds time to deal uncharitably with others. For instance, he says the Astorian has "cribbled" editorial matter from the Spokane Spokesman-Review, the alleged stolen article referring to the New York majority contest. The Review is not on the Astorian's exchange list. It is perhaps unnecessary to add that the expression referred to originated in this office, and that the Astorian gives proper credit to other journals when it uses matter taken from their columns.

Of course, it was to have been expected that the Telegram would dodge the issue. The Astorian has not been abusing the Columbia river, but it has been stating conditions that exist, however unpleasant it may have been to the Portland papers. The Telegram does not say that expenditure of money on the Columbia between Astoria and the mouth of the Willamette is necessary, but contents itself with saying that appropriations will continue to be made. This is another way of saying that the holdup of farmers will continue to the financial loss of every person living in the basin of the Columbia. However, when Astoria gives its sawmills going and increases its population about 1000 per cent, it will force a change of events. In the meantime, we trust that there will be few delays in navigation out of Portland, that the farmer may realize the greatest possible price for his grain.

Ex-Secretary of State Kincaid is inclined to be pessimistic. He says, in his Eugene Journal: "Portland has two candidates for governor in opposition to the Republicans—George E. Chamberlain and R. D. Inman. Both are now in office. Chamberlain is district attorney and Inman is state senator. The opposition in Portland are quite confident that they will be able to elect the governor, and a good many Republicans in that city are of the same opinion, based on the belief that one of the factions in the Republican party will be beaten in the nominating convention and will then bolt or knife the ticket fearfully. If Geer is nominated the Mitchell faction will be red-hot, and if he is not nominated the other faction will bolt or still-burn." Is it possible that the ex-secretary is trying to open that old breach in the Republican ranks?

Science is making some peculiar deductions nowadays. The New York Herald says: "The growth of tuberculosis is attracting increased attention in France. A special cable dispatch from Paris to this morning's Herald notes that the minister of public works has addressed a circular to the railway companies indicating how they shall combat the propagation of the disease among their employees. More suggestive is the paper just read by a physician before the Medical and Surgical Society at Paris. He asserts that mortality from tuberculosis is three times as great in France as it is in England. This he attributes to the relatively enormous taxes, which decrease the purchasing power of the French working classes and condemn them to poor and insufficient food. It is a truism that poor nourishment means diminished resistance to the encroachment of disease. That the tax on food products must be added to their price is equally familiar. And yet the enterprising declaration that "taxation produces tuberculosis" will strike the popular mind with renewed force.

Under the management of Robert E. Horton, of the United States geological

survey, investigations are being conducted in Michigan which are expected to lead to increased use of water power in the state on rivers at present not fully utilized. Gaging stations have been established on five or six of the important rivers and measurements of the volume of their flow are made every two or three weeks. Thunder Bay river is one of these streams. It drains an area of 1267 square miles, lies largely within the timbered region, which insures it a steady and constant supply from its small tributaries, and has a relatively rapid fall for Michigan rivers. It is typical of a number of good water-power streams north of Saginaw Bay, which all have considerable undeveloped power and lie within the radius of economic transmission to the populous centers of Saginaw and Bay City. Hitherto the accurate flow of these streams has been more or less a matter of conjecture, which was sufficiently exact for high water stages but unreliable at times of low water. As the real value of streams for power purposes through the year depends largely on the amount of their smallest flow, unless some means is taken to control the flood waters by damming, the value of these investigations is apparent.

The most recent provisions of the rural delivery system make every wagon in a postoffice and a money-order office as well. Stamps are sold, money orders are both issued and paid, and letters are registered. The carriers are allowed to deliver packages, other than mail parcels, when such tasks do not interfere with prompt service. The farmers were at first inclined to look at the plan as short-lived. The receptacles which they prepared for the mail were in thousands of instances of the crudest material that could be found about the farms. Tomato cans, stoves turned on end, clear boxes, and tin plates all served for mail boxes, and one farmer in Washington county, Pa., constructed a box by making over an old hobby horse and mounting it upon a stake in front of his gate. The carrier often discovered the box nailed to the nearest fence or attached to a tree half way between the road and the family residence instead of being within easy reach of the mail wagon. It is estimated that the value of land along rural delivery routes has increased from \$2 to \$5 an acre, says W. Frank McClure in the World's Work. Then too, there is an educational value in the rural free delivery, in that thousands more magazines and periodicals are finding their way to people's homes. The oldest route in the United States runs out from Hovey, Ind. More carriers are now making daily rounds within the boundaries of this state. If it were a straight line in relays they would cross the continent every day. The total length of the routes is 1205 miles, and the area covered is 494 square miles. They serve 196,712 people who two years ago were compelled to travel from one to ten miles for their mail.

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W. H. MEAD, General Agent, 243 Alder Street, Portland, Oregon.

SOME QUER STRIKES.

Choies, Paupers, Convicts, the Pope's Broomers and the Vatican's Guard.

London Globe.

The causes of choir strikes are numerous, but one that rarely fails to succeed in bringing about a lock-out is the extending of an invitation by the vicar to another choir to sing in its place at any special festival; while in the case of ladies' choirs the same result can always be brought about by an edict against fringes. Sometimes, as in the case of a Primitive Methodist church, as Cranwell some four years ago, to substitute a fresh hand at the organ in place of the ordinary practitioner is sufficient to cause the choir to rise en masse and join the congregation; but the strikers rarely, it must be conceded, proceed to the benches of another striking choir, who having prepared an edict of an unpopular vicar, paraded in front of the town and placed it in the ancient stocks, and afterwards hung it at an altitude similar to that once affected by the one-time favorite of King Ahasuerus—Haman. An Australian hansom, hearing that the executioner of France received a salary of £2000 a year, went on strike, for an all too short a period.

A couple of years ago seventy-five prisoners in the Fremantle jail elected to go on strike, not because their wages were unsatisfactory, but on account of one of their number being confined to his cell. The strikers, in view of their position, did not go to the length of a "lock-out," being apparently satisfied with their very effectual "lock-in," but like the puppers of Rochester, who went on strike a few years ago, it was stated that their purpose was to work on Good Friday, they refused to perform their allotted tasks until they were paid for their fellow laborers.

The strike three years ago at Llandely was not without its humorous side. It appears that the town council of Llandely undertook a piece of work solely for the purpose of providing the strikers with something to do. No sooner, however, had the unemployed got to work again than they struck for an advance in wages and were once more unemployed. In the same town the following year in order to complete a large and important contract, which appeared unlikely to be fulfilled on account of the innumerable strikes, the promoters of the contract struck a section of the clerical staff to act as turn-out men to keep one furnace going. So successful were the amateur strikers that they continued to work the furnace until the conclusion of the strike. It was in Llandely, by the way, that in 1898 200 hands were thrown out of work owing to 30 lads refusing to go on strike because the directors refused to terminate a discharged boy, who, it was admitted by all except the juvenile strikers, had been rightly sent away. The lunatic labor market, seemingly, is the site of a species of strike-making war, named to credit as the minimum motion.

The peaceful protests of the Vatican are well known, would be the last place in which a strike would be organized and carried out; nevertheless, in the course of rather over two years a strike was only averted by the aid of the pope. In the first instance the members of the pontiff's sedan chair having conveyed his holiness some distance in his own limousine, planted him on the ground and loudly asserted him to be the usual Christmas holiday of \$25 had not been forthcoming in the year in question, and the action—hey had not gone far and were still within call—had been taken in order to emphasize the depth of their grief. In the second instance, which also ended in a satisfactory manner, the members of the Pontifical Guard complained that their ranks had been decimated by rheumatism and toothache brought on by the inclement weather which rendered the holidays anything but hygienic. The ultimatum published, which was not, perhaps, calculated to stagger humanity, ran as follows: More pay, better barracks, the right of salutes and an earlier firing of the guns. Failing these the noble guard determined not to mutiny, but to go on a military strike, and, all things considered, they had far more reason for their action than some of our native strikers.

A BIT OF HISTORY.

New York Commercial.

The much-talked declaration of the late President McKinley, in which he confessed confederates equally with federal glory as belonging to the crown of Americanism has a history.

It was on the 15th of December, 1898, that Atlanta determined to hold a "peace jubilee." The event had been preceded by jubilees in Chicago and Philadelphia, with which Atlanta could not afford to compete, so that some distinctive feature had to be brought into play. There were gathered there President McKinley, Secretary Long, Governor Allen, General Joe Wheeler, General Shafter, General Lawton and General Laffay. The day was cool and bright, and the feature was a parade to the state capital, where the celebration was then in session.

But, they heard, at the president's private apartments, where he found the one executive in the act of shaving. "Lift Mr. Gladstone," said Mr. Howell, "from where you are."

"Yes," responded the president. "This is something that I have always done myself. As my time is limited before the house for the public function, I concluded to give you as much leisure as I could."

"When I greatly appreciate," responded Mr. Howell, "that Mr. President

dent there is a subject I wish to suggest to you. This is a peace jubilee, to celebrate the end of a foreign war. General Joe Wheeler can tell you how hard it was of the South have stood by the flag. There is a deeper meaning than you can give to a peace jubilee here by declaring the end of sectional strife and reconciliation. You represent the successful side and can afford to speak. Recognize the valor of Americans, North and South, as shown in Cuba! Declare that the valor of Confederates is equally an American heritage with Federal!"

President McKinley thought a moment and taking the manuscript of his short address from his pocket he added in pencil the paragraph that only an hour later took the Georgia legislature by storm and thrilled the whole country.

"I rejoice in this opportunity," he said to Clark Howell, as he put his pencil in his pocket and went over his lip with the razor for the third time.

STREET NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council of the City of Astoria intends to establish the grade on Stevenson street from the south line of Commercial street to the south line of Franklin street, and that the grade of said portion of said street will be at the following height above the base of grades established by ordinance No. 71 of the City of Astoria, to-wit:

At the intersection of Stevenson street with Commercial 19 feet above the base of grades at the intersection of Stevenson street with Duane street 14 feet above the base of grades at the intersection of Stevenson street with Exchange street 25 feet above the base of grades at the intersection of Stevenson street with Franklin street 20 feet above the base of grades on the north side and 22 feet on the south side of the crossing. All of said portion of said street to be level and well and on a straight and even slope north and south between the points designated.

This notice is published in the Morning Astorian for ten days in pursuance to a resolution of the Common Council, declaring its intention to establish said street and ordering and directing the city engineer to cause the same to be laid out, adopted on the 24th day of September, 1901. H. E. NELSON, Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria.

NOTICE TO VOTERS TO REGISTER.

Notice is hereby given that all persons are required to register as a condition to the right to vote at the city election of the City of Astoria to be held on the 11th day of December, 1901, and on to the hour of 1 o'clock p. m. of said day at the office of the auditor and police judge in the city hall of the City of Astoria. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. H. E. NELSON, Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria.

Astoria, Ore., Sept. 23, 1901.

Norris Silver, North Stamford, N. H., writes: "I purchased a bottle of Little's Kidney Cure when suffering with a cough. The doctor told me it was incurable. One bottle relieved me, the second and third almost cured. Today I am a well man." CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

The announcement that the Duke of Cornwall and York is to be made Prince of Wales leads to the hope that the young man will not try to live up to the traditions associated with the title.

R. W. Pinedo, Kintnersville, Pa., says he suffered 25 years with piles and could obtain no relief until DeWitt's Little Ears Cure effected a permanent cure. Counterfeits are worthless. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

President Harper, of the University of Chicago, has opened a cafeteria in the college campus. He is probably presiding a classroom in which Professor Triggs can lecture on food.

Sid Darling, 1012 Howard street, Port Huron, Mich., writes: "I have tried many pills at last I have found DeWitt's Little Ears Cure. They never give CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist."

Dina may have waiting extraordinarily should not overlook Emma Goldman.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated but take DeWitt's Little Ears Cure now and then. They will keep your liver and bowels in good order. Easy to take. Safe pills. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

Prince Chun has decided not to come to the United States. Perhaps the spectacle of Minister Wo's waiting is more than he could stand.

Henry Bradley, Harris, N. C., says: "I took medicine 30 years for asthma but one bottle of DeWitt's Little Ears Cure did me more good than any thing else during that time. Best Cough Cure." CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

A news item says that King Edward's \$100,000 yacht, the Victoria, rolls so much that the passengers have to throw up all hope of pleasant sailing. If that is all they throw up the rolling can't be so bad after all.

Many physicians are now prescribing Kodol Dyspepsia Cure regularly having found that it is the best prescription they can write because it is the one preparation which contains the elements necessary to digest not only some kinds of food but all kinds and it therefore cures indigestion and dyspepsia no matter what its cause. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

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George W. Lane, Pawana, Mich., writes: "Your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the best remedy for indigestion and stomach troubles that I ever used. For years I suffered from dyspepsia, all times compelling me to stay in bed and causing the most agony. I am completely cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. In recommending it to friends who suffer from indigestion I always offer to pay for it if it fails. Thus far I have never paid." CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

A Denver shot and line that threw out a photograph when a penny was dropped into it has counted a man and his wife. What Chicago needs is a shot machine that will produce divorce by an automatic process.

A report from Supp. J. C. Gluck, Revere School, Plymouth, W. Va., Oct. 18, 1901: "After trying all other advertised cough medicines we have decided to use Foley's Kidney and Urinary Cure. I find it the most effective and absolutely harmless." Harts Druggist.

Reds Low evidently knows whom he must fight for he has pointed his rifle at Croker.

Chas. R. Woodman, Evanston, Ill., writes: "My boy, 24 years old, had a severe cold which refused to yield to any treatment, until we tried Foley's Kidney and Urinary Cure. He was completely cured before using one bottle. Take some but Foley's—Harts Druggist."

John Muel says he feels perfectly safe. As John is in jail the public rests so, too.

After exposure to when you feel a cold coming on, take a dose of Foley's Kidney and Urinary Cure. It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time—Harts Druggist.

An Illinois man has killed his wife for refusing to back his boots. Much may be forgiven a man who wears under extreme circumstances, but attempting to grow his own corn!

When suffering from backache, a dose of Foley's Kidney and Urinary Cure will relieve and a warm, grateful feeling and healing of the kidneys will be experienced. Harts Druggist.

President Roosevelt's relation with the camera first took a snap shot at him while on his way to the White House. He was seen by a camera.

I. O. Rogers, of Portland, Me., writes: "I had every bad attack of kidney complaint and tried Foley's Kidney Cure which gave me immediate relief, and I was perfectly cured after taking two bottles." He says you like Foley's—Harts Druggist.

Every time an anarchist has anything to say John Muel has to go to jail and take a compulsory bath.

Backache should never be neglected. It means kidney disease which, if allowed to run its course, may result in Bright's disease, diabetes or other serious and often fatal complaints. Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidneys well—Harts Druggist.

Although the city of New Haven has appropriated \$100 for the Yale centennial celebration, the sons of old Eli will be able to make things hum on their own pocket money.

S. A. Ingalls, Crown Point, N. Y., writes: "My wife suffered from kidney trouble for years. She was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure and in less than a week she was cured. It was greatly improved and then she was cured." Harts Druggist.

Georgie Pansky's plucky play, the victim of appetite with hanging with his last record.

Max T. Billheimer, of Parkville, Mo., was troubled with kidney trouble for several years and had tried a number of doctors without relief. After two applications of Menzer's Kidney Cure, his kidneys became better and in a short time he was completely cured of his kidney trouble—Harts Druggist.

Probably Mr. Muel will still have some interesting facts from Croker.

TODAY'S NIGHT ALARM.

"One night my brother's baby was taken with a cold," writes Mrs. J. C. Rogers, of Cleveland, Ky. "It seemed to me that the child was in danger, so I gave it Dr. King's New Discovery, which gave quick relief and permanently cured it. We always keep it in the house to protect our children from colds and whooping cough. It cured me of a chronic bronchial trouble that no other remedy would relieve." Infants for coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Harts Druggist.

"Kodol was little more than a spectator at his own trial."

A DEEP MYSTERY.

It is a mystery why women endure backache, headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, fainting and dizzy spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. After suffering for years with kidney trouble, writes Mrs. Phoebe Cherley, of Pottersburg, Pa., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and although 73 years old, I now am able to do my housework." It cures every ailment. Improves appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at Harts Druggist.

No politician seems to care to cater to the anarchist vote.

SHE DIDN'T WEAR A MASK.

But her beauty was completely hidden by a severe, blotchy and pimply face. She used Barker's Astringent. Then they vanished as well all eruptions, fever, sore throats, ulcers, carbuncles and skin diseases from her face. Infinitely for cure, burns, wounds, and skin diseases. Guaranteed. See at Harts Druggist.

General Klutznick seems to have got it in Schenck's Net.

OLD SOLDIER'S EXPERIENCE.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of rapid doctor treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 50c at Harts Druggist.

The revolution in Brazil sets thirteen lines in the telegraph columns.

A never failing cure for cuts, burns, sores, ulcers, wounds and sores is DeWitt's Kidney Cure. A most soothing and healthy remedy for all skin affections. Accept only the genuine. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

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At Woodburn (daily except Sunday), morning train connects with train for Mt. Angel, Silverton, Brownsville, Springfield, and Natchez, and evening train for Mt. Angel and Silverton.

Corvallis passenger train 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p. m. 7:30 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 9:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 11:30 p. m. 12:30 a. m. 1:30 a. m. 2:30 a. m. 3:30 a. m. 4:30 a. m. 5:30 a. m. 6:30 a. m. 7:30 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 9:30 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 11:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m. 1:30 p. m. 2:30 p. m. 3:30 p. m. 4:30 p. m. 5:30 p. m. 6:30 p