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SAN FRANCISCO STRIKE.

San Francisco Examiner.

The pinch of the lock out is beginning to be felt in San Francisco. In the northern coast towns which are supplied by steamer, supplies are very scarce. Many of the canneries in San Francisco being shut down, the farmers are deprived of their best market for fruit, of which enormous quantities are rotting, and such as is being marketed is only selling for one-half its value. The steamship line plying between here and northern ports has ceased operations entirely. Shipments of wheat are at a standstill. Coal is very scarce in San Francisco and becoming more difficult to obtain every day. Before long it is probable that some of the light and power companies will be put to great straits for fuel. The streets of San Francisco are practically unprotected by police. One stabbing and two highway robberies took place within two blocks of Lotta's fountain during the past three nights. Many crimes are going unreported, the police for reasons of their own suppressing information about them. If these dreadful conditions had been caused by a strike in any trade, the farmers, retail dealers and public generally would be very apt to denounce the strikers, unless their demands were founded upon absolute necessity. But the condition of things in San Francisco is not due to a strike; it is due to a lockout. The teamsters had a union and that union had an agreement with the master draymen. The master draymen were ordered by the Employers' Association to break that agreement with the teamsters under penalty of forfeiture of their business. The Employers' Association that made that threat had the power to enforce it, as their members received most of the goods hauled by the draymen of San Francisco.

Now, in discussing this question, we want the public to understand thoroughly what the position of the Employers' Association means. Supposing they had said to the draymen: "You shall not employ in your service any men who drink," and a large number of the teamsters who were addicted to the use of liquor were discharged, the matter would have ended there. If they had even gone further and ordered the draymen to discharge all of their employes who were less than five feet nine inches in height, no one would have interfered. But if thy had ordered the draymen to discharge all of their American teamsters or their German teamsters, every one would expect that the Americans and the Germans of the city generally would in some way express their disapproval at discrimination against their fellow-countryman. Or, supposing they had ordered the draymen to discharge all of the men in their employ who belonged to the Roman Catholic faith, would not every Catholic in San Francisco feel it was his duty to rally to the defense of his co-religionists We will answer these questions in the affirmative. Every man worthy of the name will go to the defense of his religion, even though he is not particularly devout towards one or patriboutic towards the other.

When the Employers' Association ordered a lockout of the teamsters in the employ of the draymen, the Employers' Association threw down the gage of battle to unionism, and the men of the unions of San Francisco would be unworthy of the name of men, would be cowardly beneath the contempt of the meanest people that ever lived, if they had not rallied to the defense of their fellow-workers, who were denied the right to engage in a legitimate avocation simply because they believed in the principles of unionism. No one can possibly take exception to this presentation of the case. It is obvious if men of the union do not stand by each other they will be destroyed in detail. In order that there may be no possible ground for misunderstanding this situation, we will say that the unimpeached record of everything that has taken place, and every document that has emanated from the Employers' Association, shows that the employers' purpose from the outset of their organization was the destruction of unionism in San Francisco.

We ask, do the people of San Francisco intend to look on idly while this battle between the allied wealth of the wholesalers and the allied forces of unionism continues? Do the people of San Francisco intend before taking any action to wait until the trade of the port is destroyed? If they do, we warn them that they may make up their minds for a very long siege. The unions can keep up their battle for many months. So can the members of the Employers' Association. Most of the latter made enormous sums of money by charging the government the highest prices for the poorest quality of supplies sent to the Philippine Islands. Many of them made fortunes out of the charter of ships to the government at prices which would have justified their indictment for treason, and they are nearly all of them in a position to lose the profits of business for several months Of course, the Employers' Association will go to pieces sooner or later and leave its supporters in the lurch. We base this assumption on the record of the past. Five times within the last twenty years has this same body of jobbers banded together to fight the Southern Pacific when that company was oppressing the business interests of the city. Five times has this body sold out to the Southern Pacific or disintegrated as soon as the members were offered the bribe of special rates. It is possible that in the final test of endurance the employers may outlast the labor unions. But what good will that do them? As soon as normal conditions are resumed new unions will be formed. Six months before the strike at the Union Iron Works occurred the Scots asserted that they had not a union man in their employ, yet when the vote of the men was taken over 4000 voted in favor of a strike, and only 22 against it. It will be the same if the teamsters are forced to surrender. Just about the time that business assumes its normal condition the employers will find that a new union has been formed under their very noses, demanding the same conditions that brought about the trouble that now exists. The right to form a union and to make that union effective is as sacred as the right to practice one's own religion, and no set of employers can ever successfully destroy that right in an American city in this country. It is the duty of every one in San Francisco to use all of his influence in every direction in which it can be exerted to stop the fight now being waged by the Employers' Association against trades unionism.

WHAT'S YOUR FACE WORTH?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin,—all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks, Rich Complexion. Only 25c at Hart's Drug Store.

Colonel Roosevelt has hit the timber limit in Colorado and gone wolf hunting. Now let the coyotes show their teeth if they dare.

WHITE MAN TURNED YELLOW.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by Frank Hart, Druggist.

A Tennessee man found a lost tooth in his vermiform appendix. Which the same it did not pay his $1000 doctor's bill.

WOULD HAVE COST HIM HIS LIFE.

Oscar Bowman, Lebanon, Ky., writes: "I have been using Foley's Kidney Cure and take great pleasure in stating it gave me permanent cure of kidney disease, which certainly would have cost me my life." Take none but Foley's. Hart's drug store

Jealousy is a substance which clogs the wheels of the domestic carryall and frequently causes a hot box.

A. H. Davis, Mt. Sterling, Ia., writes: "I was troubled with kidney complaint for about two years, but two one dollar bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure effected a permanent cure. Hart's drug store.

In the gloaming, gentle Annie,
We shall nestle close together,
Half my words shall be sweet lovetalk,
With the rest I'll —— the weather,
In the gloaming, gentle Annie,
We will spoon with one another—
With one hand I'll hold your fingers,
Swat mosquitoes with the other,
—Chicago Journal.

JOB COULDN'T HAVE STOOD IT.

If he'd had itching piles. They're terribly annoying; but Bucklen's Arnica Salve will cure the worst case of piles on earth. It has cured thousands. For Injuries, Pains or Bodily Eruptions it's the best salve in the world. Price 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Hart's Drug Store.

A. C. Buck, Beirne, Ark., says: I was troubled with constipation until I bought DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Since then have been entirely cured of my old complaint. I recommend them. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

As Mr. Croker is apparently intent upon returning to New York to take part in the campaign we desire to impress upon the men of substance of Gotham that Omaha has some lovely banks in which money can be hidden with absolute safety.

If the action of your bowels is not easy and regular serious complications must be the final result. DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove this danger. Safe, pleasant and effective. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

The kissing-bug has come again, and the pretty girls had better hide. It is horrible to think of them being kissed—by bugs.

James White, Bryantsville, Ind., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve healed running sores on both legs. He had suffered six years. Doctors failed to help him. Get DeWitt's. Accept no imitations. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

There is an evident disposition on the part of the government to separate Captain Carter from his plunder as well as to deprive him of his liberty. We wait with interest, not unmixed with alarm, the commencement of proceedings to locate Mr. Neeley's plant.

Eruptions, cuts, scalds and sores of all kinds quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Certain cure for piles. Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you get the original—DeWitt's. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

May Yohe is said by her lawyer to be going to Japan in the hope of getting a divorce there. May should write to Earl Russell in regard to these foreign divorces.

Mrs. S. H. Allport, Johnstown, Pa., says: "Our little girl almost strangled to death with croup. The doctors said she couldn't live but she was instantly relieved by One Minute Cough Cure." CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

Europeans are said to be complaining because there isn't so much American money floating around as there was a year ago. We anticipate this when we sailed from Cherbourg last September.

In cases of croup give the little ones One Minute Cough Cure. Then rest easy and have no fear. It never fails. Pleasant to take, always safe, sure and almost instantaneous in effect. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

It is said that a million dollars worth of food is wasted every year in the country through bad cooking. And the stomachs of the land sadly complain that there is a lot of bad cooking that isn't wasted.

P. T. Thomas, Summerville, Ala.: "I was suffering from dyspepsia when I commenced taking Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I took several bottles and can digest anything." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only preparation containing all the natural digestive fluids. It gives weak stomachs entire rest, restoring their natural condition. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

Our sympathy goes out to the Pullman porters who have formed a union to compel somebody to support them. But sympathy is all the porters will get out of us.

Don't be satisfied with temporary relief from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure permanently and completely removes this complaint. It relieves permanently because it allows the tired stomach perfect rest. Dieting won't rest the stomach. Nature receives supplies from the food we eat. The sensible way to help the stomach is to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which digests what you eat and can't help but do you good. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

"A word to the wise is sufficient."
We're told; yet it's never occurred
To all wiseacre to tell us
Just what is that word.
Philadelphia World.

FOR WHOOPING COUGH.

"Both my children were taken with whooping cough," writes Mrs. O. E. Dutton, of Danville, Ill. "A small bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar cured the cough and saved a doctor's bill." Hart's drug store.

The shirt-waist man has been vindicated at last by a resolution of indorsement passed by the Texas legislature. It will hardly be safe to call a Texas shirt-waist man a dude.

Mr. Daniel Bantz, Otterville, Ia., says: "Have had asthma and a very bad cough for years, but could get no relief from the doctors and medicines I tried, until I took Foley's Honey and Tar. It gave me immediate relief and done me more good than all the other remedies combined. Hart's drug store.

If the court of inquiry will issue subpoenas for the ghosts of the Spaniards whose bodies are lying at the bottom of the sea off Santiago, Admiral Sampson won't have a ghost of a chance of recognition.

Wm. Finn, of Lima, O., obtained excellent results from the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. "It relieved my backache and severe pain over the hips. It toned my system and gave me new vim and energy. It is an honest and reliable remedy, a sure cure for all kidney diseases." Hart's drug store.

Professor Sparks is the latest university candidate for fame. He has a story about hard times ahead. Professor Sparks will have to be better than that if he hopes to be in the money with the immortal Triggs.

High living, intemperance, exposure and many other things bring on Bright's disease. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent Bright's disease and all other kidney or bladder disorders if taken in time. Be sure to take Foley's. Hart's drug store.

Three California crooks did more to reduce the visible gold than have all the gold-bug orators since Grover Cleveland's first time on earth.

SAVED TWO FROM DEATH.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and today she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds; 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by Hart's Drug Store. Trial bottles free.

From Various Sources.

THE HEALTH FOOD MAN.

His eyes are balls of polished steel;
His lungs are sponges dried;
His blood is bouillon-concentrate
In veins of leather hide.

His muscles creak like pulley ropes
When hurried into play;
His hair is like piano chords—
Some chords are lost, they say.

His heart's a little globe of punk—
A house of constant gloom,
For love can never burn within,
Because there isn't room.

His appetite has dwindled down
To fit his little food,
Till fruit is "water in a poke"
And bread is "so much wood."

Hot apple tarts and pumpkin pies—
He reads of them aghast;
And waffles brow and chicken stew
Are "terrors of the past."

And, smiling, from his vest he slips
A tiny box of tin,
With capsules brown and pellets pink
All rattling within.

Then, with a gulp, he swallows down
His dinner from the can—
This product of the health-food school
The concentrated man.
What to Eat.

MONKEY INTELLIGENCE.

What is the exact measure of the intelligence of monkeys?

A series of experiments to solve this interesting problem has recently been made by Prof. Edward L. Thorndike, who, in an article contributed to the July number of the Popular Science Monthly, describes his methods and the results obtained as follows:

I had one monkey for over a year and two others for about four months. All three were of the genuine Cebus.

"Boxes three feet square were made with small doors held by all sorts of contrivances. For instance, one was held by a hook, another by a bar, another by a bolt, another by a wire fastened firmly at the side and wound round a nail at the end.

"A bit of food was put inside such a box and the door of the box left open. The box was then put inside one of the large cages containing a monkey. It would come down, reach into the box and get the food.

"After this had been repeated a few times the box would be put into the cage, with its door shut. The monkey might try to get in as before. He might chance to operate the simple mechanism that held the door.

"If, however, he did not succeed of his own impulsive activity I would show him or put him through the movement a few times and then leave him to himself again to see if he had profited by the tuition.

"The general result was that they did not profit by the tuition, that they did not gain and use ideas of how to open the doors, but learned only by a process of selecting from their own impulses.

"In order that such experiments shall be valid tests of the workings of an animal's mind, it is necessary that he surely desires to get into the box, that he be not disquieted by the surroundings in any way that will alter his mental efficiency, and that the experimenter be able to handle him easily without frightening him or taking his attention away from the box.

"In all cases it is further necessary to make such that the monkey sees you perform the acts you expect him to imitate, and sees and feels himself make the movements you put him through.

"These desiderata were obtained by feeling the monkeys when hungry and using bits of food of which they were especially fond as the attraction; by experimenting with them after they were quite used to their habitat and to my presence; by getting them into the habit of coming to me and enjoying being handled, having their paws taken, etc., by showing them the act of putting them through it only when they were attending to the box.

"The systematic experiments designed to detect the presence of ability to learn from human beings were practically unanimous against it. So, too, was the general behavior of the monkeys, though I did not consider the failure of the animals to imitate common human acts as of much importance save as a rebuke to the story-tellers and casual observers.

"The fact that monkeys do not possess the human type of ideas must not be taken as evidence that they are not nearer relatives to us mentally than are the other lower animals. On the contrary, they occupy an intermediate position in every main psychological feature between mammals in general and the human species.

"In point of sense powers they rely little on smell and much on vision. They possess the power of clear, detailed vision which is absent, for instance, in dogs and cats and is so important a possession of man. A monkey will notice a hair on your hand or a pin six feet off. He thus resembles man in what has been recognized as the most intellectual of the senses.

"Our native tendencies are so metamorphosed by the education of a civilized environment that in adult age they seldom appear in recognizable form. But if we take human beings at from six months to three years of age or later, we find plenty of traits that appear in the monkeys.

"In fact, the human instinct, which is perhaps of prime importance in human mentality, the instinct which is perhaps the real cause of many of our most boasted powers, has its clear prototype and homologue in the monkey.

"I refer to the instinctive enjoyment of physical and mental activity in general, to the tendency to act and feel as much as possible, regardless of any ulterior practical considerations, which we sometimes call destructiveness or constructiveness and curiosity.

"Finally, in their method of learning, although monkeys do not reach the human stage of a rich life of ideas, yet they carry the animal method of learning by the selection of impulses and association of them with different sense impressions to a point beyond that reached by any other of the lower animals.

"In this, too, they resemble man, for he differs from the lower animals not only in the possession of a new sort of intelligence but also in the tremendous extension of that sort which he has in common with them. A fish learns slowly a few simple habits. Man learns quickly an infinitude of habits that may be highly complex.

"Dogs and cats learn more than the fish, while monkeys learn more than they. In the number of things he learns, the complex habits he can form, the variety of lines along which he can learn them, and in their performance when once formed, the monkey justifies his inclusion with man in a separate mental genus."—New York World.

HEAT A MAN CAN ENDURE.

How much heat can a human being stand?

Thousands of New Yorkers asked themselves this question when thermometers on Broadway registered 102 degrees. The system of a normal person can endure twice that much. It is quite possible to tone it up to almost one degree of heat.

Nowhere in the world does the solar heat begin to approach man's capacity for resistance. In Death Valley, Cal., the thermometer has reached 140 degrees Fahrenheit. The ordinary man eats and does adjust himself to the climate in safety.

Stokers in big steamships work in an average temperature of from 100 to 180 degrees.

In the boiler room of a dozen buildings in the skyscraper districts the heat from the boilers is intense enough to cook an egg hard in ten minutes if it is laid on the floor six feet away from the furnace. Firemen work in this atmosphere year after year without visible harm. Women walk in the ovens of the La Rochfoucauld bakeries of France when the ovens are heated to 301 degrees.

Colored races can endure more heat than white races.

The educated freak, Chabert, the fire king, used to enter an oven which ranged from 400 to 600 degrees Fahrenheit.

A common modern remedy for rheumatism is in the baking of the body in an asbestos tub heated at 225 degrees.

Nobody knows what takes place in the human system under stress of sunstroke. Dr. Samboul, of London, the greatest authority upon the question, pronounces sunstroke an infectious disease. He says it is due to a microorganism. True sunstroke, says Dr. Samboul, is unknown in Europe. It does not occur in Central America or in the high table lands of the United States.

The limit of what one may endure in the way of solar heat is, of course, however, far from that at which normal heat is more or less in danger.

The doctors declare that anything above 85 degrees in a temperate climate, such as that which New York is supposed to enjoy, constitutes a menace.

The chief reason for this is, naturally, that the human system in the temperate zones is not acclimatized to so fierce a temperature and has no chance to become so owing to the comparatively short duration of the heated periods.

BALLAD OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Go, bring the dictionary, lad,
For I would write some rhyme
About the Constitution yacht
Which sailed once on a time.
So bring the book of many words
And quick the pages turn,
The while I cull some sailor-talk,
Which I have failed to learn.

'Twas in the briny ocean once,
The Constitution sailed,
Her gaff was on the weather bow,
Her boom was martingaled,
"Luff up! Luff up!" the skipper cried,
They luffed her quick and true,
And through the bulkwarks and the keel
The breezes quickly blew.

They laid her head against the wind,
She split it like a cheese;
Her scuppers and to'gallant sail
Were floating in the breeze,
Yo, ho, my lad, we wore her off
And drove another tack,
And met the Independence and
Columbia coming back.

We doused the starboard lights away,
And reefed the flying jib,
And all the while the spinnaker
Was rocking like a crib.
Then sing yo, ho! the Constitution sailed the raging main
And Independence and Columbia chased her all in vain.
—Josh Wink, in Baltimore American.

POSTAGE STAMPS, PROBABLY.

"I want to get a bathing suit,"
The gentle maiden said,
Demureness in her hazel eyes,
And modest, drooping head.

"Step this way, please," the clerk replied,
With mien all brisk and airy,
"What kind of suit do you desire—
Real or imaginary?"
San Francisco Bulletin.

Russell Sage knocked off work long enough to celebrate his eighty-fifth birthday. Russell must be getting reckless in his old age.

HUMOURS

Pimples, Blackheads, Red Rough and Oily Skin

PREVENTED BY

Cuticura SOAP

MILLIONS of Women use CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the Great Skin Cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other *medicated* soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic *toilet* soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour,

Cuticura THE SET Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure torturing, disfiguring humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27 and 28, Charterhouse Sq., London, E. C. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

Lea & Perrins' Sauce

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. This signature is on every bottle. Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, N. Y.

Endorsed everywhere as the best and most delicious Sauce in the World for Meats, Game, Soups and Gravies.

At the same time it isn't safe to rely heavily on Professor Trigge's judgment of poetry. He said, "The Prairie Dog" was doggerel."—Chicago Tribune.

The language in which the state papers of the Venezuelan patriots are couched show that the writers could hardly avoid being members of the chamber of deputies had they happened to have chosen La Belle France for the scene of their efforts.

TO HEAL A HURT.

Use Banner Salve, the great healer. It's guaranteed for cuts, wounds, sores, piles and all skin diseases. Use no substitute. Hart's drug store.

General Count von Waldersee may be a truly great man, but he has a remarkable capacity for getting on dead ones.

A. R. Bass, of Morgantown, Ind., had to get up ten or twelve times in the night and had severe backache and pains in the kidneys. Was cured by Foley's Kidney Cure. It's guaranteed. Hart's drug store.

GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS.

Office of C. Q. M., Vancouver Barracks, Wash., Aug. 6, 1901. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 11 o'clock a. m. August 21st, 1901, for furnishing and delivery at Vancouver Barracks, Wash., 126 standard artillery horses. Delivery to commence within 60 after award of contract. Preference given to animals of domestic production, conditions and quality and price being equal. U. S. reserves the right to reject any or all bids or any part thereof. For further information see circular to bidders or apply to this office. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked: "Proposals for Artillery Horses," and addressed to the undersigned.

J. W. JACOBS, C. Q. M.

ASTORIA AND COLUMBIA RIVER RAILROAD.

EFFECTIVE JULY 6, 1901.

LEAVE	PORTLAND	ARRIVE
8:00 a m	Portland Union Depot	11:10 a m
*6:55 p m	For Astoria and Way	9:40 p m
‖2:30 p m	Points	

	ASTORIA	
7:45 a m	For Portland and Way	11:30 a m
6:10 p m	Points	10:30 p m
		10:50 p m

SEASIDE DIVISION

8:15 a m	Astoria for Warrenton, Gearhart and Seaside	7:40 a m
11:30 a m		10:35 a m
11:35 a m		4:00 p m
5:50 p m		5:50 p m
‖5:55 p m		
8:15 a m	Seaside, for Warrenton and Astoria	9:30 a m
9:45 a m		12:30 p m
2:30 p m		1:30 p m
5:00 p m		7:20 p m
		‖6:50 p m

* Daily except Saturday.
‖ Saturday only.

Trains leave Astoria for Flavel, Hammond and Fort Stevens at 8:15 a. m. and 5:50 p. m. daily. Leave Fort Stevens for Astoria 7:06 a. m. and 3:26 p. m. daily.

All trains make close connection at Goble with all Northern Pacific trains to and from the East and Sound points.

J. C. MAYO,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Foley's Honey and Tar heals lungs and stops the cough.