WAS MORE REAL THAN EXPECTED

British Naval Maneuvers Attended by Many Accidents.

TWO TORPEDO BOATS LOST

Crew of the Violent Has Narrow Escape From Being Scalded to Death—Similar Incidents on Other Vessels.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Commenting upon the naval maneuvers in which the attacking squadron supposed to represent "the enemy," has just been declared victor, the Tribune's London correspondent says:

There has been more realism in these maneuvers than the admiralty authorities had expected. Not only have two torpedo boat destroyers been lost, but it is reported that several others have been crippled. The wreck of the Viper was, of course, the most serious accident of the maneuvers. This vessel was an experiment and her performances were being witnessed with a critical eye by the admiral experts.

The destroyer Violent is said to be in a bad way. Nearly all her water tube boilers have been disabled through split tubes and it was only by great presence of mind and prompt action that the stokers were saved from being scalded to death.

There are rumors of incidents of a similar nature on other vessels about which there will probably be a full inquiry.

WAR ON MOSQUITOES.

At Last New York Will Be Rid of the Pest That Spreads Malaria.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Dr. A. H. Doty, health officer of the port, and his assistants have at last commenced the war of destruction on the mosquitoes of Greater New York and vicinity. They have at last taken their paraphernalia which consists largely of kerosene oil, to the pond near Concord, Staten Island, and forced barrels of the oil under the surface of the water.

It is expected that while the fluid is making its way to the surface it will destroy all the embryonic mosquito life therein. Dr. Doty said he could not be positive about the success of the experiment for a month to come, but he though; it would work well.

Dr. Eugene Monaghan, sanitary superintendent of the borough of the Bronx, says he believes the malaria at Fordham was caused by the mosquitoes. The experiments of Dr. Doty are being watched and if they are successful, the scattering of oil on the swamps and low places in Fordham will be begun. Dr. Monaghan said that the malaria bearing mosquitoes did a great deal of damage but he did not believe that they caused so much sickness in this climate as they did in the tropics.

In discussing the prevalance of malaria in Fordham, Health Commissioner Crosby said the same steps would be taken to destroy the malaria bearing mosquitoes there as in other parts of the city.

CANAL TO GREAT LAKES.

Association in Charge of Promoting the Plan Favor 1000-Ton Barge Waterway.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The executive committee of the Canal Association of Greater New York has just reached an important conclusion in regard to its future work, says the Journal of Commerce.

The committee has been wavering on the question whether the promise of a deep waterway from the lakes to the seaboard entirely under national control, did not offer better prospects for prompt attainments than a 1000-ton barge canal.

The cause of the wavering was the publication of the detailed report of the deep waterways commission. This report has now been thoroughly digested and studied by the committee and it has been formally decided that the interests of New York will be better served by a 1000-ton barge canal than by the large project.

MAKE IT A MUSEUM

Suggestion for the Future Use of the Historic Frigate Vermont.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—According to the Tribune, the latest proposition concerning the old receiving ship Vermont, which comes as a result of a number of protests to the navy department against the conversion, on sanitary grounds of the old boat into junk is to establish a naval museum or trophy room, the claim being made that some of the most valuable war relics are exposed to the open air absolutely unprotected from the weather. The room now used as a museum is small and it is needed for offices.

WHOLESALE GROCERY TRUST.

One-Tenth of the Firms in the United States Will Be Consolidated.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—A special to the Tribune from Philadelphia says:

A gigantic combination is about to be formed with a capitalization of $100,000,000 to be known as the National Wholesale Grocery Company. It is said that there are about two thousand, seven hundred leading grocery jobbers in the United States and the plan is to unite under one control ten per cent of the entire number.

A general meeting is to be held in New York in September to complete a permanent organization. The proposed union of the extensive tea interests in this country and Japan to regulate the output of all teas imported from Japan and also to establish rules for the betterment of the trade is interesting the leading tea importing houses of Philadelphia. It is said that all of the tea houses in the United States that have firing houses in Japan are to be taken in.

MURILLO TREATED WELL

Colombian Government Holds Him a Close Prisoner in Cartagena Jail.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The Atlas line steamer Allair, which has arrived here from Colombian ports, is the first one from Cartagena since the arrest there on the steamer Alleghany of Colonel Murillo.

According to the mail advices and newspaper dispatches, Colonel Murillo is not incarcerated in the underground dungeons of Cartagena. He is imprisoned in the city jail and it is said he is well cared for. The arrest of Colonel Murillo, it appears, was to prevent him from joining General Uribe-Uribe in his new rebellion.

It is claimed that not only was this his intention but the officials suspected that he had even important verbal messages for his chief.

Passengers on the Allair report a desperate state of affairs in the country. Business as a result of the revolt and the uncertainty of the future, is at a standstill. Gold is at a premium of 2000 per cent which is unprecedented, even in Colombia, and several large failures are reported from Bogota.

Another danger which is said to threaten is the renewed activity of the followers of Manuel A. Sanclemente, who was deposed from the presidency a year ago by a coup d'etat of Vice President Marroquin. Dr. Sanclemente still insists that he is the legal head of the government and it is feared that his adherents will out of revenge, join the revolution of the Liberals.

ITALIAN PRIEST'S MISSION.

Seeks to Establish Parochial Schools for His Countrymen's Children.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Monsignor Scalabrini, bishop of Placencia, Italy, who is in this country in the interests of the St. Joachim Italian Mission, in an interview explained his program. He said:

"The main object of my mission here is to ascertain the conditions prevailing in the various Italian missions and parishes throughout the country. It is my desire to see established a system of parochial schools in which Italian boys and girls may be taught their native tongue together with the English they are now taught so well.

"It has been our experience that the immigrants who come here, especially the children, are more likely to retain a stronger grasp of the rudiments of their religion if it be taught them in their native tongue. I shall stay in this city until after the retreat, which is to be held for the Italian priests at St. Joseph's Seminary, Dunwoodie, for eight days, beginning August 19.

"After that I shall attend the dedication of the orphan asylum now building at Newark and afterwards I shall go to Cleveland, Detroit, Kansas City, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Columbus and New Orleans. In all of these cities I am to take part in ecclesiastical duties and shall try to start movements toward building parochial schools of the kind I have outlined.

TORPEDO BOATS MOVEMENT

Winslow Towed in Heavy Sea by Her Companion the Cushing.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The torpedo boats Cushing and Winslow which reached the city, had a difficult passage from Norfolk. They are on their way to join the North Atlantic squadron. Lieutenant Douglass was in command of both boats and Lieutenant Stone was in command of the Winslow.

The Winslow developed leaks in her fresh water tanks and about 8 o'clock on Sunday the water gave out. The Cushing then ran lines to the Winslow, a difficult job at sea, and towed her for five hours. At that time Lieutenant Douglass discovered that the Cushing had only fresh water enough for herself into port. So the lines were cast off and the Winslow ordered to keep afloat with salt water for part of the distance, it is injurious to the pipes.

The Winslow will probably be laid up in the yard for repairs for a week. The Cushing is expected to leave at once. The crews of both boats were completely fagged out.

ROYAL TITLES BILL

House of Lords at Last Realizes It Will Not Pass This Session.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Says the Tribune's London correspondent:

It is a curious illustration of the detachment of the house of lords from the outside world that it was not until last evening that the prime minister realized what had evidently been done in the house of commons for many days past—that the royal declaration bill could not be passed into law during the present session.

SICK CHAMBER SCENES

LAST HOURS OF THE DOWAGER EMPRESS.

Was Much Changed and Had Become an Utter Wreck From Suffering.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The Herald's correspondent at Cronberg gives the following details regarding the death of the dowager empress of Germany:

The mournful intelligence soon spread from the tower to the town where flags were placed at half mast and the inhabitants at Cronberg met in small groups to discuss the tidings of the death. The village of Oberursel is the half way house between Hamburg and Cronberg, and, therefore, from the news point of view, is of strategical importance.

All day, in fact since the kaiser hurried through it, the place has been filled with troops. Late at night it is still teeming with blue hussars with long lances, on which black and white pennants flutter. It is a great military demonstration.

The order has just come in for the entire road to be patrolled the whole night and the almost famished officers and men are rushing about trying to find food for man and beast, both of which have had a hard time. They looked pretty exhausted after having been on duty for eighteen hours.

Up to a late hour the entire road from Oberursel to Cronberg was full of people watching for the kaiser and they unanimously interpreted ominously his non-return. The officers of the Hussars were greedily eating supper at the local Schutzenhof Hotel and what with troops everywhere appearing unexpectedly out of strange corners and from between trees and the continual tramp of patrols one might easily believe it was a time of war and that the little village was occupied by the enemy.

In the sick chamber during the last hours of the empress the nursing duties were taken alternately by Princess Christian, the empress' sister, and the Princess Victoria (Princess Adolf of Schaumburg-Lippe), the empress' second daughter.

Those who saw her say the empress was much changed. She had become an utter wreck and instead of looking twenty years younger than her age as was her wont, she looked twenty years older. The awful pains which racked her for months at last reduced her splendid physique to a complete wreck. Fully aware of this, the empress had refused for sometime to see her friends, even her faithful marshal of court, not wishing to be seen in her changed condition. She prayed constantly that the end might come. Extreme weakness followed the intense agony of excruciating pain, but, mercifully, this gradually lessened until death relieved her.

PURSUED BY BISMARCK.

Dead Empress' One Enemy Could Not Forgive Her English Birth.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The London correspondent of the Tribune cabling concerning the death of the dowager empress of Germany says that nothing has yet definitely been decided with regard to the action which parliament will take in the matter but precedent is likely to be closely followed.

In that case formal resolutions of condolence with the king and German emperor will be submitted by Lord Salisbury in the house of lords and by Mr. Balfour in the house of commons and be supported in one case by Earl Spencer, in the absence of Lord Kimberly, and in the other by Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman.

The blow which has fallen on the king is a severe one. In the course of twelve months he has lost not only his mother but his brother, the Duke of Coburg, his nephew, Prince Christian Victor, and now a sister to whom he was devotedly attached. The sympathy of his surrounding subjects will go out to him in his affliction. The kaiser is sure assured of the sympathy of the people of this country who have not forgotten how he hurried to the bedside of his dying grandmother at Osborne last January.

It was 8 o'clock at night before the announcement of the empress' death was made at Marlborough house and Buckingham palace and the news quickly spread throughout the metropolis, at once changing the joy of the holiday season into sorrow. The empress was not well known except by repute, to the great generation of English people. Germany had been her home for forty-three years and her public appearances in England, especially during the past decade, were rare. But she never forgot she was princess royal of Great Britain and this fact endeared her to British hearts.

She was by far the most clever and of all of Queen Victoria's children and her judge of character long ago described her as the cleverest woman in Europe. In many respects it is said she greatly resembled her mother. It is generally admitted that she had only one enemy. Prince Bismarck never forgave her for being English by birth and sympathy, and he pursued her with intrigue and resentment. It is an open secret that even state papers, emanating from the German foreign office during Bismarck's chancellorship, contained the grossest and most insulting allusions to her.

All social features in London will be for the present abandoned or postponed and it is probable that throughout the United Kingdom mourning for the king's sister will be of six month's duration for the court and three months for the general public. The coronation festivities will not, however, be affected by the empress' death.

COTTON OIL COMBINE.

Believed That the Principal Factors in the Industry Will Join Hands.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The Journal of Commerce says:

While considerable surprise was expressed over the fact that several large interests identified with the American Cotton Oil Company has asked for deposits of stock of that company, with the privilege of selling the same, it does not appear that the current report of a consolidation of that company with other cotton oil interests is well founded.

By some the movement is regarded as indicating that the object of securing stock is to bring about an immediate consolidation with the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company. The latter company has already secured the Southern Cotton Oil Company, the chief competitor of the American and has also purchased in the neighborhood of a score of other cotton oil properties.

One report is that a $100,000,000 consolidation is contemplated. Apparently, however, such a deal is not under way at this time. A person closely connected with the American Cotton Oil Company is authority for the statement that the proposed deposit of the stocks of the company in the First National Bank of New York was merely to prevent control from passing to other interests. This statement, however, was given with the reservation that it was impossible to tell what the future might bring forth and that if the new combination offered a tempting price the control of the American Cotton Oil Company might pass.

Some additional light may be thrown on the situation today when the directors hold their meeting. It is understood that the proposition to deposit the stock at the First National Bank will come under discussion and if it is possible that a statement will be made fully explaining the reasons for its issuance. This statement will probably show that the pooling of the stock is for community of action. Outside of New York interests the largest holdings of stock in the company is that of N. K. Fairbanks & Company, of Chicago.

NEED NOT INTERFERE.

Colombian Revolution Will Not Affect American Interests There.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—A. Diaz Guerrera, agent in this city for the Colombian revolutionists, who has recently received advices from South America concerning military movements there, in an interview upon the situation said:

"There will be no cause for the United States of America interfering because of the revolution in Colombia. The insurgents will not disturb the operation of the railroad or the digging of the canal at the Isthmus. They were up in that section of the country and these operations were not disturbed."

SERVIAN ELECTION RIOTS.

Gendarmes Herded Rioters Who Were Compelled to Support Government Party.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Describing the disorders attending the Servian elections, the Servian correspondent of the Morning Leader says:

The Servian government used troops and gendarmes freely to intimidate the electors of the opposition. At Crandishte, the voters were driven by gendarmes and compelled to vote for the government candidates. At Sugubica voters were brought in irons to the polls. This intimidation caused riots in various places and three hundred persons, all told, were injured.

SERVANTS OF THE EMPRESS.

Were Allowed to Look Upon Her in Death—Lines of Pain Had Vanished.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The London Mail's correspondent in Cronberg states that last night the servants of the deceased empress were allowed to look upon her in death. She lay most peacefully amid a mass of white flowers, her hands folded on her breast and her head inclining to one side.

All lines of pain had vanished from her face and their place was a smile of happiness. One by one the servants passed through the room paying their little tribute.

LOUIS T. HOYT DEAD.

Was Commodore Vanderbilt's Broker in Big Deals of the Past.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Louis T. Hoyt, one of the oldest members of the stock exchange, is dead in Germany. Information of his death has just reached the exchange.

He was interested in many large stock deals and among his customers when he was most active as a broker was Commodore Vanderbilt.

NEW YORK'S TAX RATE.

In Spite of Increased Valuation on Personality and Realty Rate Will Be Raised.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—An advance in the tax rate of New York City from $2.24 to $2.32 on the $100 has been decided upon, says the World.

The total increase upon the value of personal property and realty this year over last is about $133,000,000 the personality increase being $64,000,000 and that of realty $69,000,000.

TO SIGN CONTRACTS

UNION IRON WORKS EMPLOYING MECHANICS.

Company's Representatives Guard Their Movements and Say Nothing of Their Business.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Representatives of the Union Iron Works of San Francisco are in the city to engage machinists, boilermakers and molders for the company's employ. These representatives however, apparently wish the nature of their business to be kept as secret as possible and will say nothing about their movements.

It was learned from one of the few men who answered an advertisement, says the Tribune, that the company's representatives had a lot of contracts, one of which the applicant for a place was obliged to sign. The purport of this contract was that the company agreed to pay to second class machinists 30 cents an hour for all work done from the date of their arrival in San Francisco. It furthermore set forth that none but sober, industrious men would be engaged.

What seemed the stumbling block to those who applied was that the applicant was asked to put up a guarantee of $25 to help defray expenses of transportation from here to San Francisco, this sum to be returned to the employe after six months of faithful service.

Several of the leading laboring men among the iron trades of the city thought it highly improbable that the company could get men to engage with them under the conditions imposed.

GRAPE CROP ENORMOUS.

France Must Find Outlet for Surplus and California Is Alarmed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 6.—Representatives of California agricultural interests have learned that French exporters propose to enter into active competition with the wine makers of this state. It is asserted that in the Perigord district of France, the crops of grapes have been so enormous that wine has fallen to less than one cent a gallon.

The French growers, according to the Chronicle, do not intend shipping wine to this country owing to the tariff, but they propose to send over condensed must. This is unfermented juice of the grape which can be quickly converted into fair wine by the addition of water. The duty on must is only 20 per cent ad valorem, it coming under the head of "unenumerated articles" in the tariff schedules.

The wine interests of California will at once take steps to have the omission of must from the tariff rectified by congress and it is likely that the measure to that effect will be placed in charge of Hon. Senator Kahn on his return from the Philippines.

WILL BUILD NEW BRIDGE.

Plan for Doubling the Capacity of the Present Brooklyn Structure.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—As a result of the recent breaks, plans for increasing the strength and practically doubling the carrying capacity of the Brooklyn bridge have been prepared by William Hildenbrand, superintendent of the John A. Roebling Sons Company.

His idea is to erect another structure above the one now in use and similar to it. The work of construction, he says, could be carried on without interruption to traffic and would cost about $3,500,000.

Edwin Duryea, the engineering expert appointed by District Attorney Philbin to investigate causes of the recent breaks has not yet made his report.

NO CHANCE FOR BETTERMENT

Neither Side Will Yield Points at Issue and Negotiations Are Off.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 6.—Negotiations for a settlement of the labor troubles having resulted in failure, the indications now are that the strike will not be ended until after a bitter and protracted struggle. Mayor Phelan's closing statement of his efforts as mediator presents both sides of the controversy.

It shows that the final difficulties now existing between the contending parties lies in the fact that the Employers' Association declines to recognize their men unless they will agree not to go on sympathetic strikes or use sympathetic boycotts. As an offset the employers say they will not discriminate against employers of union labor or against union employes.

Neither side will yield either of the points at issue and the mayor therefore considers the negotiations closed. That the San Francisco labor council entertains the same opinion is evidenced by its course in entering the contest for the first time and calling out the sand teamsters. It was expected by many that the council which controls about 25,000 union men would order a general strike but this will not be done at present. The quitting of work by the sand teamsters today will seriously cripple the building trades and may deprive many other men of employment.

Andrew Furuseth, secretary of the Sailors Union of the Pacific, and one of the strike managers, says that for the present at least the strike would not be extended beyond San Francisco and San Francisco bay.

Shipping in this port remains pretty well tied up, though some of the big steamship companies are keeping on board vessels which have been converted into temporary floating hotels.

Governor Gage is now in this city and has been for two days watching the progress of events in the labor troubles. He has been gathering information at first hand and has interviewed the labor leaders. He came to San Francisco expressly to be on the ground in the event of any emergency arising requiring his presence and has declared his intention to act as a mediator between the employers and the employes should his services be desired. About 500 journeymen painters are on strike for increased wages and the iron workers are still out but they are not directly involved in the contest between the City Front Federation, the Labor Council and the Employers' Association.

NEW UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT.

Berkeley Will Have a Veterinarian Attached to Dairy School.

BERKELEY, Cal., Aug. 6.—Dr. Archibald R. Ward has arrived in this city from Ithaca, N. Y., under appointment as veterinarian of the agricultural college of the University of California, a new position recently created by the board of regents.

His work will be closely associated with that of Leroy Anderson, head of the dairy school, buildings for which are now in course of construction.

ADMIRAL HOWISON APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Rear-Admiral Howison, retired, has been appointed on the Schley inquiry board in place of Admiral Kimberley.

WHEAT MARKET.

TACOMA, Aug. 6.—Wheat, bluestem, 57½; club, 56.

PORTLAND, Aug. 6.—Wheat, Walla Walla, 56@56½.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—Wheat, September, opened, 70⅝@⅞; closed, 70@⅞.

A WAR OF DESTRUCTION.

The war of devastation in South Africa is still continued, and the towns in the war swept regions are much damaged by military operations. War is a terrible thing and the loss of life is appalling. Yet it is nothing compared to the destruction that is going on every day by stomach, liver and bowel disorders. The number of victims to constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, indigestion and malaria outnumber those of war by many thousands. There is no reason for this when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will cure the above ailments without fail. It has been the standard medicine of the world for over fifty years, and its merit has been fully proven. When in need of a medicine of this kind, do not fail to give the Bitters a trial.

FOR SALE.

The Columbia River Packers Association has for sale, two schooners and one launch. A description of the schooners follow: Schooner "Kinney"—Length, 35.5; beam, 11.3; depth of hold, 3.10½. Schooner "Hattie"—Length 31.9; beam, 9.9; depth of hold, 3.8.

Offers will be received at the office of the association, where full particulars may also be had.

SKIN TORTURES

And all Forms of Itching Scaly Humours Instantly Relieved and Speedily

CURED BY CUTICURA.

Complete Treatment consists of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin, scalp, and blood humours, when all else fails.

Millions of People use Cuticura Soap, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT for beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp, and stopping of falling hair, for softening and whitening the hands, for baby itchings and rashes, in baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. Newbery & Sons, 27-31 Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props.

STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Notice is hereby given, that the Common Council of the City of Astoria has declared its determination and intention to improve Commercial street in the City of Astoria as laid out and recorded by John McClure and extended by Cyrus Olney, from the west line of Seventh street to the west line of Sixth street, upon the present established grade thereof and to the full width thereof, by removing all the old planking and side walks, grading the same to the established grade, and constructing side walks on each side thereof eight feet wide, and planking the same from curb to curb throughout the width with plank of three inches in thickness by twelve inches wide, and planking the crossing at the intersection of Commercial street with Sixth street to the full width thereof, except the portion thereof covered by the side walks, with similar planking. All material used in said improvement shall be good sound red or yellow fir lumber and said improvement except as herein otherwise provided shall conform to the requirements of general ordinance No. 1901, in relation to the improvement of streets. That the costs and expenses of making said improvement shall be defrayed by special assessment upon the lots, lands and premises abutting upon and otherwise benefitted by said improvement, prorata according to the estimated benefits, which said district of lots, lands and premises to be assessed to defray the costs and expenses of said improvement is as follows, to'wit: Commercial st. the northeast corner of lot five (5), in block twenty-two (22), and running thence west to the northwest corner of lot six (6) in block twenty-one (21), thence south to the southwest corner of lot three (3), in block thirty (30), thence east to the southeast corner of lot four (4) in block twenty-nine (29), thence north to the place of beginning, and containing all of the north half of block 29, and lots 3 and 4 in block 30, and all of the south half of block 22, and lots 5 and 6 in block 21, all in the Town (now City) of Astoria as laid out and recorded by John McClure and extended by Cyrus Olney, and which said district includes all lots and lands and premises to be assessed to defray the costs and expenses of making said improvement.

That the City Surveyor of the City of Astoria has been directed to prepare and file with the Auditor and Police Judge of said city, estimates of the costs and expenses of constructing said improvement and plans and specifications for the proposed work.

That this notice of the intention of the council to make said improvement is given by publication in the Morning Astorian for eight days by order of said council, directing the same, the first publication being in the issue of Aug. 7th, 1901.

H. F. NELSON,
Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

OF ASTORIA.

At Astoria, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, July 15, 1901.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$252,415 27
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		2,716 36
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		12,500 00
Stocks, securities, etc		88,261 74
Other real estate owned		6,160 45
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		2,307 78
Due from State Banks and Bankers		85,594 34
Due from approved reserve agents		90,558 54
Internal-Revenue Stamps		266 04
Notes of other National Banks		240 00
Nickels and cents		52 94
Lawful money reserve in Bank, viz:		
Specie	$101,800 00	
Legal-tender notes	590 00	
		102,390 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		625 00
Total		$597,180 46

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		50,000 00
Surplus fund		25,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		30,179 67
National Bank Notes outstanding		12,500 00
Dividends unpaid		1,800 00
Individual deposits subject to check	$384,265 89	
Demand certificates of deposit	94,234 90	478,500 79
Total		$597,180 46

STATE OF OREGON, County of Clatsop, ss: I, S. S. Gordon, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. S. GORDON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 23d day of July, 1901.

C. H. THOMSON,
Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
Jacob Kamm,
W. F. McGregor,
Geo. Flavel,
Directors.

I. W. HARPER KENTUCKY WHISKEY

for Gentlemen who cherish Quality.

For Sale by

FOARD & STOKES CO.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

Sold by all Druggists.

Foley's Honey and Tar heals lungs and stops the cough.