

The Morning Astorian.

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ASTORIA, OREGON, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1900.

NO. 150

WE ARE SELLING AGENTS IN ASTORIA FOR

BRIDGE, BEACH & CO.'S Superior Steel Ranges
Sylph Heater
Olio Heater

COLE MFG. CO.'S Hot Blast Heater for Coal
Dome Top Heater for Wood
Russia Iron Heater for Wood

We also manufacture a Russia Iron Queen Heater for Wood. These comprise the best line of stoves in the state. We sell no second-class stoves. An inspection of our line of stoves will pay you.

ECLIPSE HARDWARE CO.

...CHRISTMAS PRESENTS...

To suit everybody, old and young, big and little. Our stock never was so complete or prices so reasonable. Books in all styles of bindings.

ALBUMS, BIBLES AND PRAYER BOOKS, WATERMAN'S FOUNTAIN PENS, CELLULOID NOVELTIES, BOHEMIAN WARE, LEATHER GOODS, SILVER NOVELTIES, GOLD PENS AND HOLDERS, PICTURES, ETC., AND THOUSANDS OF OTHER INEXPENSIVE GIFTS.

Ask to see Baby Goose and Mr. Bunny and his book, the two leading juveniles of the year.

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WE ARE READY FOR THE CHRISTMAS RUSH

With a Huge Stock of Good Things

Extra Fine Xmas Beef, Turkeys, Geese, Chickens, etc., Candies, Fruits and Nuts of All Varieties, Plum Pudding, etc., etc.

ROSS, HIGGINS & CO.

FOR CHRISTMAS

PRIME... TURKEYS EASTERN

ORDER EARLY

Foard & Stokes Co.

A LONG ROW



Of our new and up-to-date Air-tight Heaters are still on hand. We figured on considerable cold weather and purchased an unusual quantity; but the weather has moderated, consequently sales have been slow. We are overstocked and must have the room. From now on these splendid heating stoves will be sold at a reduction of 20 per cent FOR CASH.

W. J. Scully,
431 BOND STREET,
Between Ninth and Tenth Streets

C. J. TRENCHARD,

Commission, Brokerage, Insurance and Shipping. Custom House Broker, ASTORIA, ORE. Agent W. P. & Co., and Pacific Express Co's.

CUDAHY PAID THE KIDNAPPERS WELL

Gave Them \$25,000 for Returning His Son.

TWO MEN HAD BOY CHAINED

Mr. Cudahy Took the Money to a Spot Designated and the Boy Was Then Sent Home in a Hack Unharmcd.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 20.—The Bee, in an extra edition, says \$25,000 in gold was the price paid by E. A. Cudahy, the millionaire packer, for the return of his son, Edward Cudahy, jr., who was abducted by a gang of kidnapers last Tuesday night. Yesterday about noon and several hours after the letter had been left in the front yard of the Cudahy residence, another missive was delivered to Mr. Cudahy at his residence. It came through the mails and contained a proposition to return the boy, safe and unharmed, provided the sum of \$25,000 was paid that night. The money was secured by a trusted messenger, who was sworn to secrecy and was brought to the Cudahy residence. It was all in gold. After dinner Mr. Cudahy had one of his horses harnessed to a light buggy, and taking the money in it with him left for the designated place.

In the meantime the captors of the boy had seen the buggy coming up the road and as soon as the buggy had disappeared again in the direction from which it had come, they visited the spot, took away the money and prepared to keep faith with the father of the boy. The lad was bundled into a hack and set down close by his father's house about 1 o'clock this morning.

The boy says that he was seized on the street by two men, who told him he was a fugitive from the reform school, and that they were deputy sheriffs from another county. They placed him in a closed carriage and threw a baby shirt over his head, with which they gagged him. They took him, according to his best judgment, to a lonely cottage west of South Omaha, where he was chained to the floor and there kept a prisoner until put in a hack and returned to his home this morning. At the cottage he was guarded by two men and provided with sufficient food.

STORY OF THE ABDUCTION.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—A special to the Tribune from Omaha says: When a call was made at the Cudahy residence at 2 o'clock by the representative of the Tribune, it was stated that Mr. Cudahy had retired and could not be seen. The manager of the packing house, however, told the following story: "The boy was abducted shortly before 8 o'clock on Tuesday night and, as we now learn, was taken out into the country five miles west of South Omaha and was secured by the abductors, who blindfolded him and kept him in that condition until he returned home this morning. He was at once conveyed into the country and placed in a vacant house far removed from any other habitation and, thus incarcerated, he was guarded there all night and all of the succeeding day by part of the gang while other members were in Omaha endeavoring to secure a settlement with Mr. Cudahy. "As to the nature of the settlement, whether any money was paid or not, I must decline to state. "When it became known that the boy was safe at home, a number of friends

called up the residence by telephone. Mrs. Cudahy refused to answer all questions and would only say that her son was safe and well. "I will not talk about it tonight," she declared positively. "All that I can say now is that he was abducted."

The most important light thrown upon the Cudahy disappearance, after the anonymous note, was found when W. B. Glynn, who runs a livery stable, stated that a man had come to his barn Wednesday forenoon and asked to use the telephone. Frank Glynn, a son of the proprietor, was in charge of the office at the time and readily gave his consent. The stranger without taking the trouble to look up the number in the telephone book called for Edward Cudahy's house. The Cudahy telephone was busy at the time and he hung up the ear trumpet and stepped outside the door and looked up and down the street as if watching for some one. In a moment or two he returned and again called up Cudahy's house. This time he was successful, and he said: "Have you looked in the front yard for a letter?" The answer evidently was "no," for he added: "Do so at once and you will find one."

He then hung up the phone and stepped outside, mounted a pony he had come on and rode rapidly west in Leavenworth street.

As soon as the man had finished talking, Officer Dempsey called up Glynn and asked that the men at the stable keep watch of the direction the stranger had taken. In five minutes Dempsey and Officer Jorgensen arrived at the barn, but the man who telephoned had disappeared.

They were in the Cudahy house when the man telephoned about the letter.

PARENTS REFUSE TO TALK.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—A special to the Chronicle from Omaha, Neb., says: Mrs. Cudahy, when asked about the safe return of her son, refused to answer all questions and would only say that her son was safe and well. "We are in no shape to talk tonight," said Mr. Cudahy. "Neither is the boy. He can tell his story in the morning just well. He was abducted all right. I just as well. He was abducted all right. I taken. He was returned to the house late tonight by the men who took him away. They brought him to the gate and left him there. The reward will be paid. Further than that I positively decline to speak. Nothing beyond that will be given out now."

GOVERNMENT ATTACKED.

Cuban Superintendent of Schools Would Drive Out the Anglo-Saxons.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—A dispatch to the World from Havana says: Prof. Frye, the superintendent of public schools in Cuba, has just issued over his official signature and through the Spanish newspaper, Diario de la Marina, a sensational "proclamation" to the Cuban people.

He speaks in derogatory terms of the government and of intervention in general by the Anglo-Saxon race. He urges that all words offensive to Spain be blotted out of Cuban hymns and that others be substituted which would be calculated to inspire the natives to prepare to drive out and resist all foreign foes to the island or to its absolute independence.

ENORMOUS BRICK CONTRACT.

Southern Pacific Orders Fifty Million Bricks to Line Tunnels.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 20.—The Southern Pacific Company has let a contract to a local firm for 50,000,000 bricks to be used in lining the tunnels of the New Bay Shore road to run through the hills of South San Francisco.

This is said to be the largest contract of the kind ever entered into in the world.

INVASION OF CAPE COLONY SPREADING

Boers Are Reported to Have Occupied Another Town.

BATTLE NEAR KRUGERSDORP

Horses Rather Than Men Needed—British Will Not Send Large Reinforcements From England—Boers Follow Up Successes.

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 20.—The invasion of Cape Colony is spreading. It is reported that the Boers have occupied Colesburg, south of Philippolis, and near the Orange River Colony frontier. The people here are much disturbed. A mixed force of 1000 men was dispatched north yesterday evening.

HEAVY CANNONADING HEARD.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Johannesburg says: Heavy cannonading was heard this morning northward of Krugersdorp. Marauding Boer parties still infest that district.

REVIEW OF SITUATION.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: There are persistent rumors that General Kitchener has asked for large reinforcements of mounted men. Various figures ranging from 20,000 to 40,000 men are named, but the war office is silent and the reports are not credited by military men. No action in the direction of strengthening the army in South Africa is probable until Lord Roberts' return. If reinforcements are sent it is not believed that they will exceed ten thousand men. A picked body of mounted infantry is already under orders to sail early in January, but it will not outrun one thousand men.

The supply of horses is reported to be scant in South Africa. Some experts consider that there are men enough already in the field and that the proper course would be to send horses by the thousands and put in the saddle the infantry now suffering from inaction and weariness of camp routine. Attempts on the part of the press agencies to magnify the services of mounted infantry under Clements and explain away the recent reverse are not convincing. The strictures of veteran officers here upon the management of the British forces in that engagement are most severe.

Lord Kitchener maintains silence with respect to the invasion of Cape Colony and there is bound to be considerable anxiety until the truth is known. It is difficult to believe that the Boers who crossed the Orange river can be in sufficient numbers to frighten the war office authorities or to cause General Kitchener much annoyance. One of the commandos is, however, reported to be in the neighborhood of Allwal North, which is about the worst center of defection in the whole colony. The invading Boers are probably receiving considerable assistance from the local Dutch and in case of a general uprising the troops at the disposal of the British authorities would not be sufficient to cope with the situation, which advisers depict as somewhat ominous.

Delarey seems disposed to follow up his success at Notgedacht. Hitherto the Boer generals have been content to rest on their oars after a victory, but Delarey, if he intended profiting by his defeat of General Clements, should not have given the latter time to be joined by General French.

As was generally expected, the losses of the Northumberland fusiliers at Notgedacht a week ago were much heavier than official accounts at first reported. Owing to the altered arrangements for Lord Roberts' return and the short route in London which the field marshal will cover in his drive to Buckingham palace, it is feared by a good many people that the crush will be very great. The authorities are, however, determined to prevent a repetition of the scandalous scenes which marked the return of the city volunteers.

Society gossip now proposes to reward Lord Roberts with an earldom and £50,000.

St. Paul's was well filled at the service in memory of the soldiers and sailors who have fallen during the war. The lord mayor and sheriffs attended in state and there were files of gold streams and blues with a full military band. Lord Wolseley and Mr. Broderick represented headquarters and the war office. The service was impressive with funeral marches and dirges by Beethoven, Wagner and Chopin.

ANTI-CANTEEN CONFERENCE.

Prominent Churchmen Insist That Senate Must Pass Provision, Passed by the House.

favoring the anti-canteen section of the army bill has been held here. The bodies represented by the delegates or communications were the permanent committees on temperance in the Presbyterian church in the United States, the M. E. church, the Evangelical Lutheran church, the Disciples of Christ, the Universalist church, the Friends, the National W. C. T. U., the National Non-Partisan W. C. T. U., and the division of the Sons of Temperance of North America.

Representatives of the Baptist and Congregational churches and Independent Order of Good Templars participated as individuals.

Rev. E. C. Dinwiddie, legislative superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, subsequently said:

"The conference indicated that the bodies represented, having a constituency of about 6,000,000, will not be content with any compromise such as has been reported by the sub-committee of the senate committee on military affairs, but will insist upon the anti-canteen provision as it passed the house. It is not true that we are opposed to the post exchange system, we believe in it and desire to have it extended and improved, but we are opposed to the sale of beer and other intoxicating liquors in the canteen section of the exchange."

NO MONEY FOR AMERICANS.

Unscrupulous English Claim Agents Live by Raising False Hopes.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from London says:

So many expectant American heirs of vast fortunes supposed to be held in the English court of chancery are being fooled by unscrupulous agents that the American embassy made a formal request to the court for a statement of unclaimed property in which Americans might be interested.

The court sent to Mr. Choate an official statement showing the absurdity of the American expectation. The court holds a total of \$200,000,000 worth of property, of which \$150,000,000 are designated trusts for wards in chancery and known heirs of estates in process of adjustment, leaving a balance of \$50,000,000 open for claim. But a large part of the latter sum is already claimed and only awaiting a decision of the court for settling. Most of these unclaimed estates are very small, only one being more than half a million.

A coterie of claim agents in London has been living off the contributions of American heirs for many years.

HAY-PAUNCEFOTE TREATY PASSED

Provision for Fortifications Included by the Senate.

VOTE WAS 55 AYES, 18 NOES

Will Now Be Considered by President and Secretary of State Who Are Opposed to Provision for Fortifications.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Hay-Pauncefote treaty, as amended, was ratified by the senate today. The vote was 55 to 18.

The roll-call was as follows:

Ayes—Aldrich, Allison, Bacon, Beveridge, Burrows, Carter, Chandler, Clay, Cullom, Deboe, Dillingham, Elkins, Fairbanks, Foraker, Foster, Frye, Gallinger, Hale, Hanna, Hansbrough, Harris, Hawley, Hoar, Jones of Nevada, Keam, Kossy, Lindsay, Lodge, McBridge, McComas, McCumber, McNary, McLaurin, McMillan, Mallory, Morgan, Nelson, Penrose, Perkins, Pettus, Platt of New York, Pritchard, Proctor, Quarles, Scott, Shoup, Spooner, Stewart, Sulzhan, Tallafero, Thurston, Turner, Warren, Wetmore, Wolcott—55.

Noes—Allen, Bard, Bate, Berry, Butler, Cockrell, Culberson, Daniel, Helfeld, Martin, Mason, Money, Pettigrew, Teller, Tillman, Turley, Vest, Wellington—18.

MEN FOR MANILA FLEET.

Buffalo Will Take Out Four Hundred and Fifty Via Cape of Good Hope.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Buffalo which is now at Hampton Roads, has been ordered to make ready to carry another draft of men for the fleet at Manila. She will take about 450 landmen and apprentices to Trinidad, where she will fall in with the training ship Hartford and Monongahela. She will exchange her green men for an equal number of trained sailors on the Hartford and Monongahela and will proceed to Manila, going by way of the Cape of Good Hope and the Indian ocean.

Baking Powder Economy

The manufacturers of Royal Baking Powder have always declined to produce a cheap baking powder at the sacrifice of quality.

The Royal is made from the most highly refined and wholesome ingredients, and is the embodiment of all the excellence possible to be attained in the highest class baking powder.

Royal Baking Powder costs only a fair price, and is cheaper at its price than any similar article.

Samples of mixtures made in imitation of baking powders, but containing alum, are frequently distributed from door to door, or given away in grocery stores. Such mixtures are dangerous to use in food, and in many cities their sale is prohibited by law. Alum is a corrosive poison, and all physicians condemn baking powders containing it.

...OUR STOCK OF HOLIDAY CHAIRS... HAS JUST ARRIVED

On account of their late arrival we have put an exceedingly low price on them. The line includes Handsome Morris Reclining Chair with Reversible Cushions upholstered in Velours. Large Mahogany and Golden Oak Arm Chairs upholstered in Leather and Imported Tapestries. Also a large assortment of Reception Chairs. In Framed and Unframed Pictures we have the largest assortment ever carried in Astoria.

OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST

CHARLES HEILBORN & SON

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—A conference of church and temperance societies