

STORE CLOSING AT 7 P. M. EXCEPT SATURDAY.

A great gathering of Waists for Fall

Stylish, yet inexpensive

If our store had to charge extra for style, ours would be a short business career. It doesn't, and that fact is proved by just such offerings as we are giving in all our Fall lines.

The A. Dunbar Co

Headquarters for Dry Goods on the Lower Columbia.

SENSATIONAL BANK ROBBERY

Three Desperate Men at Midday
Got Away With \$15,000.

ALL DONE IN FIVE MINUTES

Five Men in the Bank Were Marched About
at the Robbers' Will—Many Shots
Were Fired But No One
Was Hurt.

RENO, Nev., Sept. 19.—A special to the Gazette from Winnemucca, Nev., says:

The First National bank was robbed at noon today by three desperate men who entered the front door of the building and with revolvers made all present throw up their hands.

There were five people in the bank. The robbers threatened with instant death the first man who made a show of resistance. One robber, at the point of a pistol, made Cashier Nixon open the safe and take from it three sacks of coin. They threw this in an ore sack, together with all the gold coin in the office drawer. The robbers then marched the five men out through the back door to an alley where they had their horses waiting. The men were kept covered with guns until the desperadoes mounted their horses and escaped. The whole affair occurred in but five minutes.

Several shots were fired at the desperadoes as they sped through the town but without effect. The robbers returned the fire but no one was hit.

Officers and armed citizens have started in pursuit of the robbers. The amount secured by the robbers is in the neighborhood of \$15,000.

BOER ENVOYS REPLY.

Issue an Answer to the Proclamation of Lord Roberts.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Charles D. Pierce, consul-general of the Orange Free State and trustee and treasurer of the Boer relief fund, has received the following cable from the Boer envoys who are now at Dordrecht, Holland:

"We have been informed that a proclamation issued by Lord Roberts, commander-in-chief of the British troops in South Africa, contains a statement to the effect that President Kruger has crossed the borders of the republic and, consequently, should have formally resigned as president, and that his forsaking the cause of the Boers ought to convince the burghers how useless it will be going on fighting.

"I feel obliged to protest against this new insinuation, desiring to say that if the state president of the South African republic should have crossed the borders of his country he must have done so by order of the 'Uitverreende Raad' (executive council), which body, by virtue of a special warrant of the 'Volksraad' in its session of 1899, is fully entitled to authorize the president to go abroad for some purpose or other; according to the constitution the vice-president in such a case immediately enters upon the duties of the state president, and the government is carried on as before.

"So there is no question about abdication as president or of forsaking the cause of the Boers. The proclamation thus can have no other purpose than, by a false representation of facts, harming the enemy, who cannot be brought into submission even by the application of measures contrary to law and justice."

GRAIN TRAFFIC POOLED.

Agreement Made Between Railroads Which Enter New York City.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The Journal of Commerce says:

The railroads coming to this port have entered into an agreement the effect of which will be to pool all their grain traffic.

The agreement is not officially termed a pool, and it will undoubtedly be conducted in such a way as to avoid a violation of the interstate commerce law. But in practice it will amount to the Vanderbilt getting over the New York Central and West Shore roads about 55 per cent of all the lake and rail grain coming to New York from Buffalo, while the Erie will get 25 per cent, leaving 20 per cent to be distributed between the Lehigh Valley and the Lackawanna in the proportion of 16

UNIONISTS WILL WIN.

English Liberal Leaders Concede the Defeat of Their Party.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

Lord Salisbury has passed a busy day in London, holding his usual weekly reception and seeing six or eight ambassadors. His health has improved during his holiday in the Vosges and he has the manner of a statesman who considers himself equal to any political exigency and to all anxieties of state.

The Marquis of Lansdowne is almost the only colleague who has been closeted with him during the last twenty-four hours, but the war office is the point at which the press of cabinet reconstruction is naturally open.

Sir William Rind, the chief government whip, has kept a large force of clerks busy since the announcement of the dissolution of parliament was officially confirmed, but that is not proof that he was taken by surprise or that the Unionist canvass was in an advanced state of preparation.

Herbert Gladstone has been in Leeds where he had an appointment to address his own political supporters, and the Liberal headquarters have been deserted.

The Liberals have not been making a noisy canvass but conducting what is designated in America as a still hunt. They do not expect to carry the election and, indeed, would be embarrassed if the unexpected should happen and they should find themselves in the majority and then be unable to form a homogeneous ministry.

Their leading men frankly concede a Unionist victory and assert that Mr. Chamberlain must have the responsibility of settling the war.

What they do expect is that by a careful and judicious course of candidates and by avoidance of wasteful contests they may be able to reduce the Unionist majority to fifty or seventy.

Every appeal to the electorate is fraught with surprises, and the Liberals may do better than their most hopeful politicians imagine. Without doubt it is true that the last parliament was more strongly Unionist than the country and that at least thirty seats naturally Liberal were captured accidentally.

These seats, under normal conditions, would be regained by the Liberals this year, but as many more are imperiled because their radical holders were out of touch with British policy when the "soldiers of the queen" were fighting in South Africa. Political experts for this reason are disposed to believe that Liberal gains will be balanced by losses, and that the new parliament will be as strongly Unionist as the old parliament.

While the China question does not enter into the political canvass and indeed is temporarily laid on the shelf until Count Von Waldersee can arrive at Peking from Hongkong to take command of the international forces and save the dignity of the German empire. South Africa has again become the centre of public interest.

General French has been converted into an electioneer agent whose captures of engines and military stores are invested with political significance and whose arrival at Koomatipoort is looked for about the date of the final nominations for parliament. Special dispatches describing the demoralization of the Boer forces and forecasting a general surrender of the burghers still in arms are well timed for election purposes, and the rumor has been revived that Lord Roberts will resign the command and leave General Buller in charge of the army of occupation about the time the first contests are held in England and Scotland. Lord Roberts is, however, a good soldier and a poor politician.

The war is coming to an end but is not yet finished, as the siege of a British garrison for weeks on the Western Transvaal sufficiently indicates, and his judgment would be indispensable in the final stages, when police work is substituted for military campaigning and the defeated and desperate burghers need to be alternately coaxed and bullied into laying down their arms and abandoning a hopeless conflict.

FIRST GUN FIRED.

Herbert Gladstone Opens the British Electoral Campaign.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The first public utterance in the British electoral campaign comes from Herbert Gladstone, who addressed his constituents at Leeds last night. He argued that the government, in order to gain a somewhat shabby party advantage, was putting the country to the trouble of dissolution at a most inconvenient time.

As to the question of the annexation of the South African republics there was no wide divergence of opinion in the Liberal party, as it was already an accomplished fact.

NO DUM DUM BULLETS.

Government Denies That It Has Used Them in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The ordinance bureau of the war department recently called on manufacturers of cartridges to stop printing and using a label for cartridge boxes which indicated that the United States government was using soft nosed dum dum bullets.

The bureau received from two officers in the Philippines the tops of pasteboard boxes in which cartridges are packed, upon which was a label saying that the cartridges were soft nosed bullets, used by the Krag-Jorgensen or standard United States rifles. As none of these bullets has ever been purchased or manufactured by this government, the two firms using the label were notified that such use must stop.

LATEST DEATH LIST.

MacArthur Cables Names of Soldiers Who Have Recently Died in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—General MacArthur cables the following death list:

Dysentery—August 15, Nineteenth infantry, Charles Sharp; August 31, hospital corps, Edward Nichols; August 24, Eighteenth infantry, Herman Nagele; September 13, Twenty-eighth infantry, Corporal Harold McLaughlin; September 8, Third cavalry, Fred Lacharite; Thirty-ninth infantry, Lawrence Corley; September 7, Thirtieth infantry, Henry Hillman; August 21, Forty-third infantry, Ray Gearhart; September 14, Fortieth infantry, James P. Gardiner; July 13, Thirty-first infantry, Lauren Brown; August 5, Sixth infantry, John A. Sloan;

Diarrhoea—September 11, Eleventh infantry, Harry Fern; Thirtieth infantry, George M. Sampel; September 10, Thirtieth infantry, John Stone. Typhoid fever—September 12, Twenty-fourth infantry, James T. Watson; September 1, Forty-seventh infantry, Musician Arthur W. Miles; August 29, Forty-third infantry, James R. Campbell.

Malarial fever—August 26, Forty-seventh infantry, John E. Bryan. Drowned—September 6, Forty-third infantry, Milton Anderson, Frank W. Johnson; August 4, Eighteenth infantry, Albert C. Laigle; August 24, Fourth cavalry, James Dixon.

Killed by comrade—September 12, Seventeenth infantry, Sergeant Joseph McEntee.

Traumatic poisoning—September 10, Thirtieth infantry, Quartermaster Sergeant Raymond Clark. Anaemia—September 2, Twenty-sixth infantry, Edward Moore.

Oedematus laryngitis—August 23, Cook Henry J. Klockinger.

Appendicitis—September 3, Troop G, Eleventh infantry, Henry Frederick Gibson; September 14, Twenty-second infantry, Frank McAdams.

Pneumonia—September 11, Fourth cavalry, George Manderville. Cardiac degeneration—Thirtieth infantry, Herman W. Kramer.

FREE TRANSPORTATION.

Will Be Given Remains of Soldiers, Sailors and Civilians Who Died in China and the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Colonel William S. Patten, of the quartermaster department, on duty at the war department, has completed arrangements for the free transportation to the United States of the remains of soldiers and sailors and civilians who lost their lives and were buried in the island possessions of the United States and in China.

According to the present plans of the department a burial corps will take passage on the transport Hancock, scheduled to leave San Francisco on October 1 for the Philippines.

At the request of the secretary of the navy the same burial corps will undertake to perform similar service with respect to officers and enlisted men of the navy and marine corps buried in China and the islands of the Pacific. The corps will be in charge of D. H. Rhodes, inspector of national cemeteries, who was sent to the Philippines in November 1899 on a similar errand.

When the transport stops at Honolulu to coal, the bodies buried there will be taken up and made part of her cargo. Similar action will be taken at the island of Guam and in the Philippines.

Colonel Patten says that the prevailing conditions in China will scarcely render practicable any disinterments there earlier than next spring. The remains recovered are to be given honorable burial in the United States at places selected by the next of kin. In all cases, where not otherwise ordered, the interment will be made in the national cemeteries, with preference for the cemetery at the Presidio at San Francisco and Arlington, near Washington.

The approximate number of remains to be exhumed is 1331, distributed in the following places:

Honolulu, thirty-six enlisted men and one marine.
Guam, eight men of the navy.
China, two officers of the army, fifty-eight enlisted men of the army and thirty-seven men of the navy.
Philippines, seventeen officers of the army, 1150 enlisted men of the army and twenty-eight men of the navy.

FRAUD ALLEGED.

Defeated Cuban Republicans and Fusionists Protest Against Illegal Practices.

HAVANA, Sept. 19.—The results of the elections of delegates to the forthcoming constitutional convention are being freely discussed by the Havana delegates and other prominent Cubans. The conclusion is reached that the convention will be controlled by the revolutionary element.

In the main the delegates are capable men. Most of them, it is said, are in favor of immediate and absolute independence without the intervention of a protectorate.

The defeated Republicans and fusionists here have raised a cry of fraud and have already held a mass meeting to protest against illegal practices.

SWEDISH BOND ISSUE.

Will Be Placed in the United States Through New York Bankers.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The terms of the \$2,000,000 Swedish bond issue, which is being placed in part in the United States through the National

Park Bank, have been announced as follows:

The issue consists of bonds bearing interest for ten years from August 15, 1900, to August 15, 1910, at 4 per cent per annum, and after that date at 3 1/2 per cent per annum, the Swedish national debt office binding itself not to redeem the said loan before August 15, 1920, on and after which date the loan may be redeemed at par subject to three months' notice.

President Delafeld, of the National Park Bank, says that the portion of the loan for which that bank has undertaken to receive subscriptions in this country will not be offered to the public but to private bankers and brokers who will in turn interest their own clients in the matter.

A NEW SAFETY MATCH.

A match has at last been discovered which can be manufactured absolutely without the aid of phosphorus. This safety match contains neither red nor yellow phosphorus nor a compound of phosphorus but possesses the great advantage of being able to be manufactured with the plant and machinery hitherto in use. Invention still strides onward through every line, and yet there some things which seem impervious to improvement. For instance, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, that famous medicine, has stood unequalled for fifty years as a corrective of stomach disorders. Imitations have sprung up about it, but like a beacon light, it has stood immovable, pointing the way to health from all such ailments as constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, sluggish liver or weak kidneys.

HALF THE WORLD IN DARKNESS.

as to the cause of their ill health. If they would start to treat their kidneys with Foley's Kidney Cure, the weariness of body and mind, backache, headache and rheumatic pains would disappear. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist.

A good reputation is a poor recommendation to the society woman who wants to go upon the stage.

NO RELIEF FOR 20 YEARS.

"I had bronchitis for twenty years," said Mrs. Minerva Smith, of Danville, Ill., "and at times have been bedfast. I never got relief until I had taken Foley's Kidney Cure. It is pleasant and gives quick relief, and is a sure cure for throat and lung diseases. Take nothing else. CHAS. ROGERS, Druggist."

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED WEEKLY EXCURSIONS.

An experienced excursion conductor General Freight and Passenger Agent, wants and welfare of passengers will be in charge of Tourist sleeping car to Chicago via Union Pacific. This car leaves Portland on "The Portland-Chicago Special" at 9:15 a. m., making close connections at Chicago with similar service to Boston and New York. Elderly people and ladies traveling alone or with children will find this service very convenient and satisfactory.

For tickets, berth reservations and full information, call on G. W. LOUNSBERRY, General Agent, O. R. & N. Co. Or J. H. LOTHROP, General Agent, 135 Third St., Portland, Oregon.

The manager has cause to thank his stars when they leave him any of the box office receipts.

Wisdom's Corrects all blemishes of the face, removes blotches, pimples, tan, sunburn, freckles and makes a beautiful complexion. It is also the best tooth wash, and excellent for deranged stomach.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ASTORIA, OF ASTORIA.

At Astoria in the State of Oregon. At the Close of Business, September 5, 1900.

RESOURCES.
Loans and discounts.....\$356,733.34
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....2,675.49
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation.....12,590.00
Stocks, securities, etc.....64,124.99
Other real estate owned.....9,414.63
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents).....11,990.01
Due from State Banks and Bankers.....35,932.11
Due from approved reserve agents.....112,831.65
Internal-revenue stamps.....896.30
Notes of other National Banks.....85.00
Nickels and cents.....63.19
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:
Specie.....\$131,920.00
Legal-tender notes.....30.00 132,000.00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation).....625.00
Total.....\$638,999.71

LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in.....\$50,000.00
Surplus fund.....25,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid.....30,013.10
National Bank notes outstanding.....11,900.00
Due state banks and bankers.....2,531.49
Individual deposits subject to check \$406,301.30
Demand certificates of deposit.....112,783.82 519,505.12

Total.....\$638,999.71
STATE OF OREGON, County of Clatsop, ss: I, S. S. Gordon, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. S. GORDON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of September, 1900.

Correct—Attest:
Jacob Kramm,
W. F. McGregor,
W. M. Ladd,
Directors.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

MONMOUTH, OREGON.



Full Term opens September 18th. The students of the Normal School are prepared to take the State Certificate immediately on graduation. Graduates readily secure good positions. Expense of year from \$125 to \$150. Strong Academic and Professional courses. New special Department in Manual Training. Well Equipped Training Department. For Catalogue containing full announcements address: P. L. CAMPBELL, President, Or W. A. WANN, Sec'y of Faculty.

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ORDERS SOLICITED

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Decorative Art Room.

Room 820 Dehum Building, 34 and Washington Sts., Portland, Or.

Full Line of Newest Embroidery Materials.
Initials a Specialty.
Choice Selection of Stamping Designs.
Stamping Neatly Done.

HOTEL PORTLAND

PORTLAND, OR.

The Only First-Class Hotel in Portland

KOPP'S BEST

A Delicious and Palatable
Drink Absolutely Pure

The North Pacific Brewery, of which Mr. John Kopp is proprietor, makes beer for domestic and export trade. Bottled beer for family use or keg beer supplied at any time, delivery is the city free.

North Pacific Brewery

MOUNT ANGELL COLLEGE

Conducted by the Benedictine Fathers

THE IDEAL PLACE FOR YOUR BOYS

Will Reopen September 5, 1900

"The World
Owes Every Man
a Living"

But what sort of living is it you get with a poor stove or range in your kitchen? Buy a

Star Estate Range

....They insure good living

W. J. Scully, Agent

431 BOND STREET



We Rent New Typewriters.

Many new improvements added.
See our latest

No. 2 Smith Premier Typewriter

New Art Catalogue Free...

L. M. ALEXANDER & CO.
Exclusive Pacific Coast Dealers
245 Stark St., Portland, Ore.
F. W. McKECHNIE, Local Agent.

NEW ZEALAND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Of New Zealand

W. P. THOMAS, Mgr., San Francisco.

UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS

Subscribed Capital, \$5,000,000
Paid-up Capital, 1,000,000
Assets, 2,545,114
Assets in United States, 300,000
Surplus to Policy Holders, 1,718,792

Has been Underwriting on the Pacific Coast over twenty-two years.

SAMUEL ELMORE & CO.

Resident Agents, Astoria, Or.