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New Neckwear For Women.

We expect to do the business this fall, so we have bought lavishly, and what a multitude of beauties we have. Come and see them.

The A. Dunbar Co

Headquarters for Dry Goods on the Lower Columbia.

THREE HUNDRED BOXERS SLAIN

Allied Forces Had Heavy Fighting Near Tien Tsin.

FIVE AMERICANS WOUNDED

Hundreds of Boxer Flags, Spears and Swords Captured—Body of Baron Von Ketteler Found in a Chinese Cemetery.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Five hundred American troops participated in a signal defeat of the Boxers outside of the city of Tien Tsin, August 19. The fact is briefly reported from Vienna. Details of the engagement came from a Reuters agent at Tien Tsin in a dispatch dated August 20. In addition to the Americans, the force consists of 375 British and 200 Japanese, all under the British General Dowager.

The fight took place at a village six miles southwest of Tien Tsin, where the allied forces found a considerable number of Boxers whom they engaged, killing over 300 and taking 64 wounded prisoners who were sent to hospitals of the allies. The village was burned.

The Americans had five wounded, the Japs six and the British none. Hundreds of Boxer flags, spears and swords were captured.

From Shanghai comes a report, qualified by the assertion that it is from purely Chinese sources, that the empress dowager, after proceeding one day's journey from Peking, became terrified at the looting by General Tung Fuh Siang's troops and went back to Peking. A Chinese telegram from Tsin Nan Fu says that Prince Tuan has been captured by a detachment of the allies.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The Chinese situation developed little of importance today. It is stated frankly by officials in the state, war and navy departments that no dispatches have been received bearing on the problem which has yet to be solved, namely, the disposition of China's affairs at the hands of the powers. It was stated at the war department, however, that no advices have been received, indicating that General Chaffee had left Peking.

A cabinet officer is authority for the statement that there is no information in the possession of this government that Russia had declared war or that she is pursuing a course in any way different from that of the other governments represented in China. Regarding the attitude of this government in case differences among the powers should arise as to their future course in China, it was stated on authority today that this government remained opposed to any territorial division of China, as was plainly stated in Secretary Hay's note of July 3. Every resource of diplomacy will be exhausted to prevent the partition of the empire.

BERLIN, Aug. 24.—The Lokai Ameger in a special from Che Foo, announces the finding of the body of Baron Von Ketteler, the murdered German minister, in a Chinese graveyard in Peking. A number of papers publish letters from German soldiers now in China. One of these epistles says that German troops during the fights at Tien Tsin killed all the Chinese prisoners but that the Russians murdered everybody, women and children being bayoneted.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—General Gascois, commander of the British forces at Peking, telegraphing from that place August 16, says he hoped to assault the imperial city that day.

PEKIN, Aug. 17, via Che Foo, Aug. 23.—The Japanese command the gates of the forbidden city, and are awaiting

instructions as to whether to hold them or destroy them.

Prince Tuan, the leader of the insurrection, is reported to have been seen here and diligent search is being made for him.

Chinese cavalry are operating in squares near Tung Chow, and a squadron of Sikhs and American cavalry have been sent in pursuit of them.

It is believed that the empress dowager has established her court at Sian Fu, the ancient capital.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—While the commanders of the allied forces are waiting for instructions from their governments as to what to do next, which, in the present condition of the telegraphic service, will probably take ten days, work of repairing the railroad beyond Yang Tsun is progressing slowly, and the transportation of supplies by boats on the Pei Ho river is improving.

A dispatch from Che Foo, dated yesterday, says there has been further fighting near Tien Tsin. The Chinese sought to cut the line of communication but were driven back with small loss on the part of the allied forces.

Official advices from Peking, received at Tokio, say the allies burned Prince Tuan's residence.

According to a dispatch from Hong Kong, dated today, turbulent mobs are devastating portions of the provinces of Fu Kien and Kiang Fu. It is added that a mandarin with 300 Chinese soldiers left Amoy August 23 to restore order. Japanese bluecoats were landed at Amoy, August 23.

Marines from the French cruiser Comet have cleared the streets of Swa Tow and freed the besieged priests. A dispatch to a news agency from Shanghai, dated August 23, says eight survivors of the fourteen English missionaries who started together from Shan Si have reached Hankow after suffering frightful barbarities.

(Copyright, 1900, The Associated Press.) PEKIN, Thursday, Aug. 16, via Shanghai, Thursday, Aug. 23.—The allied troops have surrounded the imperial city and stationed sentries at the gates. They refrain from entering pending instructions from their governments. General Chaffee says the fighting is ended.

The Japanese troops have relieved the Pei Tsang cathedral, where 15 French nuns and 40 French and Italian soldiers have been isolated and besieged two months. They found that five had been killed.

Captain Kelly, battery F, United States artillery, who was killed at the imperial palace, was buried in the legation grounds. General Chaffee, the British and Japanese generals and many civilians were present at the interment.

The Japanese troops are encamped in the grounds of the "Temple of Heaven."

The emperor and empress dowager are supposed to have fled northward.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The Standard correspondent at Tien Tsin says that the line of communication with Peking is in an unsatisfactory state and the force available for holding it is insufficient.

It is reported in Shanghai in Chinese circles that the empress dowager and Prince Tuan have been captured. The emperor is said to be in Peking with the allied forces.

Russia now has Manchuria at her mercy. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Mail states that after Sialmar and Moulken have been stormed, the subjugation of the province will be complete.

The reply of the British foreign office to Li Hung Chang, conveyed through the Chinese minister here, has not yet been delivered. The delay is sufficiently explained by the distance of Lord Salisbury from London and the fact that all official communications have to be transmitted to a remote village on the Franco-German frontier, where the foreign secretary is now residing. The reply, however, is settled in principle. Its general tenor will be similar to that of the German government, which has just been handed to the Chinese legation at Berlin. Great Britain will declare that it cannot enter into negotiations owing to the lack of a properly

accredited representative on the Chinese side. Sir Chih Chen Lo Feng Luh, Chinese minister here, presents the assertion that Li Hung Chang has received full authority to negotiate from the empress. He also maintains that he is still in communication, not directly with the emperor, by means of a viceroy of the southern provinces. No official news from China has, however, been received at the legation for the last three days.

Minister Conger's statements as to the hostile attitude of the Chinese court and their direct complicity in the Boxer attacks have made considerable impression here, but it is also thought that Mr. Conger's health and nervous system are exceedingly likely to have suffered from the strain through which he has passed. It is known that Sir Claude MacDonald is ill.

The absence of direct news from Peking for the last few days continues to cause some anxiety in military circles. The undoubted fact remains of an outbreak at Hankow and though this was promptly suppressed by the viceroy of Ho Pei, it is feared that the unrest is spreading through the central provinces and may be increased when the flight of the emperor is known. The theory of some conservative journals that England is at war with China is not yet officially accepted by the British government, which has not broken off relations with the Chinese legation pending the receipt of further information from its diplomatic and military advisors in Peking.

NEW TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Formed by the Chicago Board of Trade for the Distribution of Its Quotations.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Arrangements for the formation of the Exchange Telegraph Company, with which the Chicago board of trade will displace the Western Union and Postal Companies in the distribution of market quotations among outside exchanges, have been drawn up and are ready to be submitted to the exchanges which will become shareholders. At a meeting of the board of trade committee, it practically was decided to go ahead with the formation of the new company. As projected, the Exchange Telegraph Company will extend its lines from Chicago to twenty-seven cities.

At present the only quotations going out from the Chicago board of trade are sent by members to branches or customers or are stolen quotations. The president of the board of trade yesterday issued a circular letter to outside exchanges, in which he said quotations were cut off because it was necessary to suppress bucket shops which, he declared, threaten the life of all legitimate trade.

WANT TO KEEP TEDDY AWAY.

Building Contractors Don't Want Him to Speak at the Chicago Labor Day Demonstration.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The Tribune this morning says: Members of the Building Contractors Council are quietly working to induce Governor Roosevelt not to speak at the coming labor day demonstration of the Building Trades Council. With this purpose in view a copy of the public letter which contractors addressed to Mayor Harrison last spring, setting out their objections to the central labor body, has been sent to the governor. The contractors disclaim any intention of attempting to induce the governor to remain away, saying they do not propose to mix up in any such thing, and declare their purpose is to inform him as to the character of the organization under whose auspices he is to speak. At the same time they would not feel disappointed if he were not to come.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

Invalids Are Being Sent to American Health Resorts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—Owing to the recent change in the aspect of the Chinese situation siege battery O of the Seventh artillery now at the Presidio will not sail for China on the Belgian King as originally intended. It will probably be assigned to Honolulu or Fort Macon.

The balance of light battery C, Seventh artillery, commanded by Captain W. P. Stone and Lieutenants Berry and Newbold, has arrived from Fort Adams and encamped at the Presidio.

Twenty-two patients were sent yesterday from the general military hospital to eastern points for further treatment. The consumptives go to Fort Bayard, N. M., and rheumatics to Hot Springs, Ark., where every effort is made to restore the sufferers to perfect health.

RALSTON MANSION SOLD.

Will Be Converted Into a Hospital for the Insane.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—The famous mansion which the late W. C. Ralston built near Belmont at a cost of \$1,500,000, and which for many years was one of the finest country homes in America, has been sold and is to be converted into a hospital for the insane.

MILE MADE IN 2:02 1/2.

Fast Time Made by Pacer in Massachusetts Yesterday.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—The grand circuit meet at Readville closed today with the notable feature of Anaconda pacing a mile in 2:02 1/2, defeating Frank Hogan, Searchlight and Chehalis. The time of the second heat was 2:04 1/2.

PECULIAR ACCIDENT.

Anchor's Prong Penetrated Bark's Bottom and Plugged the Hole So Vessel Was Able to Reach Port.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—The bark Meron, which arrived from Seattle a few days ago in a leaking condition, had an extremely narrow escape from going to the bottom. When she was placed on the dry dock it was discovered that the leak had been caused by one of the prongs of the vessel's anchor, which, when the Meron grounded on the northern coast, had been forced into the bottom near the keel. Here it broke off and plugged the hole it made so well that the vessel was able to reach this port.

BRITISH STEAMER WRECKED.

Was on Its Way to the United States and Went Ashore Near Cape Guardafui.

ADEN, Aug. 24.—The British steamer Ingra, Captain Burkell, from Passarocang, July 25, for the United States, is ashore 25 miles south southwest of Cape Guardafui and will probably be a total wreck. Captain Burkell and eight Europeans and 29 native members of the crew were picked up and landed here. The rest are missing, having taken to the boats. The natives are plundering the wreck.

SAN JOSE SCALE IN BROOKLYN.

Rapidly Spreading Throughout the Borough.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The San Jose scale has made its appearance in the borough of Brooklyn. The scale has been discovered in thirty-five different places in the borough. It is feared that it may extend to Prospect park and down to the Long Island farms. The scale is distributed by nursery stock and also by birds which carry it from tree to tree.

STEAMER BROKE IN TWO.

Japanese Liner Had Cargo for the American Government at Manila.

MANILA, Aug. 24.—The Japanese liner Futami Maru, bound from Australia to Manila with a cargo of stores for the American government, went aground and broke in twain on the island of Milinao.

The passengers and crew camped for six days on the island. There were no casualties, but the cargo, baggage and vessel will probably prove a total loss.

PURTELL-JOST SCRAP.

Lasted the Limit—No Decision Was Given.

Frank Jost and Paddy Purtell gave one of the cleanest exhibitions of the manly art of self-defense that has ever been seen in this city last night at the Louvre. As both men were on their feet at the end of the twentieth round, no decision was rendered.

Jost was in the pink of condition and looked like a winner when Purtell stripped and entered the ring. Paddy seemed to be in poor form. He was fat, his muscles were not well developed and his movements were sluggish; yet those who thought he would be down and out before the limit was reached were sadly mistaken. He showed wonderful recuperative powers and was apparently as fresh at the end of the bout as he was at the start. He proved a wonderful scrapper, quick, tricky and onto all the movement used in the business.

Jost not only has Purtell's poor condition to be thankful for, but also his advantage in reach, which repeatedly saved him from vicious body swings and short arm jabs. Jost is a corner, but lacks the proper training. He was unable to plant a blow on his opponent's body, but did land several on Purtell's face, which slid off as water does from a duck's back. Jost's foot work was excellent, as was also his ducks from upright and left arm swings. He has now had the experience of meeting a good man and will no doubt profit by it.

Before the main bout was called, "Kid" Smith, who claims Seattle as his home (when away from Portland) and Chick Houghton, another Portland

youth, had a ten round go for a decision. Smith was a long-legged boy with much reach and no stomach worth mentioning for his opponent to work on, while Houghton was possessed of a well knit frame, but lacked the steam to put his lanky friend out of the business.

The ten rounds were very tame affairs. So tame that the enthusiasm of the crowd was hardly aroused to a yelling pitch. The rounds were all the same. Much fiddling for openings and slaps with the open glove. Houghton was quite game and showed ring training, but Smith was also up to a few tricks in the trade. He permitted Houghton to do all the leading and crouched as if he had a solar plexus blow laid by for use when the opportunity came, but it failed to come. Smith was repeatedly chased around the ring and twice was forced to the ropes, but Houghton did not follow up the advantages gained. Both contestants have the proper stuff in them to make pugilists, but more training than they have been accustomed to is needed to bring their good qualities to the front.

When the Purtell-Jost go was called, the hall was crowded to the doors with spectators in all walks of life. Astoria, Portland and many other places were represented by a delegation of sports.

Purtell entered the ring first and was given life glad hand by his admirers, but when Jost entered it was plain to be seen which had the crowd with him. Jost's friends were very much in evidence until Purtell's backers threw twenties into the ring to be covered. Two of the gold pieces were covered, but the remainder went begging.

After some slight delays, Nace Grant was chosen as referee of the bout. He immediately entered the ring, threw off his coat and the fight was on.

The bouts were nearly all the same. The men clinched repeatedly, but observed the rules and broke clean. Purtell tried in every round to work on Jost's wind, but found that portion of the body too well developed to damage. Jost was unable to land once on Paddy's body, and there was where he lost out. Purtell kept himself well shielded and every time Jost went after the stomach, he found Paddy in his arms, smiling. Jost pounded on Purtell's head until he became tired. In every reach for the face, Jost found Purtell's head there instead. Purtell was on the aggressive at all times and the men mixed matters in every round, but with little effect.

Purtell gave up trying to work on Jost's stomach and tried for the heart, but his blows lacked steam. Falling in this, Purtell worked on Jost's kidneys and heart at the same time, but although the blows landed all right, they were wanting in force. Jost proved himself a good fighter and no doubt would have made a better showing had he forced matters instead of permitting Purtell to do so. Jost no doubt thought to wear Purtell out and then trim him down, but he underrated the staying qualities of his man. As early as the third round everyone thought Purtell would not last six, but he was good at all times.

Both men showed wonderful staying powers and the fight would have been an all night affair, had not the 20th round stopped it. At the finish neither showed much punishment. Jost's body was red where Purtell landed repeatedly but he was far from being put on queer street.

After the bout, Dud Evans of Portland and Jack Hill of Astoria were scheduled to fight to a finish for a side bet of \$100 and the receipts of the house.

A referee was chosen and the men entered the ring, the first round the honors being even. At the opening of the second round the men went at each other hammer and tongs, Hill throwing Evans over the ropes. The referee separated them, and they went at it again and Hill threw his man over the ropes on the other side of the ring. Then the referee gave the fight to Evans. But this did not stop the bout, as the men, with blood in their eyes, started in to annihilate each other. During the next round the referee cautioned Hill several times about fouling, but Hill had evidently lost his head and paid no attention to the referee's warning. The fight was then stopped, and Evans declared the winner, and entitled to the purse and the receipts.

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Use CUTICURA Soap exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for olecranon weakness, and for many sensitive antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA BLOOD-PURIFIER (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. FORMERLY DUNCAN AND CHASE, CORN., Sole Proprietors, Boston. "How to Save the Hair, Hands, and Skin." Free.

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