STORE CLOSES AT 7 P. M. EXCEPT SATURDAY.

BELT SALE

A Large Assortment of Ladies' Belts, Pulley, Dog Collar and Cinch, all colors. Black Patent Leather, Seal and Morocco, regular price 25c to 50c.

Special 15c and 25c

The A. Dunbar Co

Headquarters for Dry Goods on the Lower Columbia.

CHING AIDS FOREIGNERS.

(Continued from First Page.)

saying that they would only take orders from Viceroy Liu Kung Yi.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The American consul here has received a communication from Taku, under date of Thursday, saying that ten thousand Chinese under General Nieh appeared outside of Tien Tsin on Wednesday and re-occupied the eastern arsenal, says a Che Foo dispatch to the Herald. The Chinese are fortifying the native city of Tien Tsin. The situation there is considered critical.

Communication between Tong Ku and Tien Tsin is again threatened. Boxer influence is increasing in Shan Tung province. The Christians at Chinan Fu have been called on to renounce their faith. The French consul reports that the Chin Chou Fu orphanage has been pillaged. A steamer arrived from New Chwang with nine refugee sisters and one priest from Moukden, where the Catholic mission was burned, with three sisters and the bishop murdered. An inflammatory placard was posted in the Che Foo native city last night.

The United States cruiser Brooklyn, Admiral Remey called here, 45 hours from Nagasaki and going to Taku with 50 marines who intend landing Sunday morning. The Logan, bearing the Ninth regiment of United States infantry, passed Che Foo Friday on her way to Taku.

LONDON, July 9, 10:52 A. M.—Admiral Bruce has sent a telegram to the admiralty department from Taku, under date of July 7, to the effect that there are grounds for hoping Prince Ching, with his army, is at Pekin protecting the legations against Prince Tuan, his army and the Boxers.

NEW YORK, July 9.—A dispatch from London to the Tribune says:

The news from China remains very black, but there are some gleams of light. If the two legations where the foreigners have taken refuge can stand and hold out for a fortnight, and can be relieved by a strong column from Tien Tsin, the revolutionary dictatorship may be overthrown and some substitute found for it by the united action of the powers. The chances are heavily against these results, but the situation is not so desperate and hopeless as it has appeared during the last 10 days.

The European governments are sending out fleets and armies and preparing for a defense of foreign interests on a large scale. The emergency is so critical that divisions are not likely to arise, at least until Pekin has been occupied with a strong force.

The operations in South Africa against De Wet have an important bearing upon the China question, since dispersion of commandoes which have been raiding the lines of communication in the Free State will enable Lord Roberts to dispense with several divisions, which can be transferred to Taku and Hong Kong.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The Chinese merchants of this city are said to be considering the advisability of calling a meeting of the prominent Chinese to outline their feelings toward the uprising of the Boxers in China, and the consequent endangering of American lives and property.

Chinatown was anything but quiet Sunday. Mott and Pell streets were impassable. Some Chinamen who work in other parts of the city flocked to this quarter to hear the latest news. A Chinese mission preacher, who held forth at the junction of Mott and Pell streets, spent some time in explaining the week's developments in China.

At the gospel tabernacle, Dr. Wang, a convert of the Christian and Missionary Alliance, who has just arrived from Tien Tsin, China, preached in the afternoon and evening. At the beginning of his sermon, he outlined his idea of the situation in China. He said in part:

"When I left Tien Tsin on May 17, we expected this trouble to come, but did not look for it so soon. The fate of the missionaries in the danger district is still unknown, but I do not believe they can escape, at least not many of them. The thousands of native Christians in northern China have even fewer chances. The rioters hate them worse than they do the missionaries. Some of them will be forced to give up their new religion and may escape by that means. I believe, however, that most of them will die for the faith, like the martyrs of old. China will doubtless learn a valuable lesson from this trouble. The Chinese will see what civilization can do with them. It will not make them any easier to convert. They don't want religion and no amount of war will make them change their minds."

Rev. F. Bell, of the Christian and Missionary Alliance, cabled the station of the Alliance at Wu Hu, in Central China, asking for information about the missionaries in the Pekin district. He has received news which leads him to believe that there are at least two missionaries visiting at Pekin besides the five regularly stationed there. The regular Pekin force includes Miss D. M. Doan, of Albany; Miss Amy Brown, of Meadville, Pa.; Miss Anna Gowans, of Scotland; Miss H. Rutherford, and Rev. M. C. York.

The Alliance has thirty stations beyond Pekin at which there are 32 European missionaries, most of whom are from Sweden. They have 17 children with them. All of these stations are in the greatest danger if, indeed, they have not already been destroyed.

NEW YORK, July 9.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

War with China would certainly be detrimental to American trade with that empire.

This statement was made by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson. He continued:

"For the time being American trade would be destroyed, because the merchant would not be able to reach the interior of the celestial empire with his goods. Of course there would be a special demand for wheat, oats, breadstuffs, horses and mules, and the United States would have to meet the demand of the allied armies, consequently the exportation of cereals and animals would be increased many fold. On the other hand, there would be a marked falling off in general trade, especially in such exports as cotton manufactures, kerosene oil, iron and steel manufactures, tobacco, lumber, manufactures of wood, parts of clocks, books, maps, etc.

"The total value of these articles of export in 1898 was $9,296,521. The value of wheat exported to China has averaged barely $100,000 a year for several years. On the other hand, the value of wheat flour exported in 1898 to Hong Kong, much of which undoubtedly went into China, amounted to $3,835,727. The total value of our agricultural exports direct to China ports in 1898 amounted to $895,749, the principal articles being cotton, flour, ginseng, malt liquors, canned beef, milk, canned fruits and leaf tobacco.

"To show how remarkable has been the growth of our trade with China, it is only necessary to give a few statistics as to the commercial relation for 10 years. From 1889 to 1899 there was a gain of $13,293,168. The increase was almost entirely in exports which advanced in value from $2,791,128 in 1889 to $14,493,440 in 1899. Our imports for 1899, amounting to $18,819,268, were only slightly larger than in 1889, when a value of $17,028,412 was reported.

"Taking these figures as a basis, it is easy to see that war would, for the time being, increase agricultural exports beyond the average of five per cent for the past 10 years, but would practically stop the exportation to China of other American products that in 10 years have averaged 95 per cent. War would also interfere materially with our import trade from China, which for the years from 1894 to 1898, inclusive, averaged only $20,986,832. The principal commodities were tea, $7,062,725; raw silk, $5,062,825, and raw wool $1,460,855.

"Meats for the allied army in China would probably have to be obtained from Australia. The difficulty in warm climates is to keep the carcasses of animals cool. Our soldiers in Manila are fed on fresh meat, but it is owing to the recent erection of a fine refrigerator at that point."

ENGLAND EXPORTING GOLD.

Great Tension and Nervousness in the London Money Market.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The Times' London financial correspondent cables:

The English market has fallen into a state of uncomfortable cheapness, which may have an unpleasant ending. Thanks to the necessities of the government, bankers have been deluged with credits, originating in its borrowings at the Bank of England. These the week before last amounted to £5,500,000, part of which was disbursed before dividend day. Dividends, British and Indian, came out on Thursday and immediately the balance of the borrowings at the bank was paid off, while at the same time short credits in the open market fell to 1½@1⅝ per cent.

Generally speaking, cheap floating credit brings low discount rates, but it has not been so now. Such is the nervousness of the city that bill brokers have actually raised their commissions since money became overabundant, and on Friday and Saturday 90 day remitte l paper at 2⅝@2¾ per cent. There are reasons in plenty for this nervousness, not the least cogent of which is the persistent export demand for gold. Not only is the gold that comes into the open market snapped up by the foreigners, but small parcels daily leave the bank for Paris. The result is that we enter the second and trying half of the year with only £560,000 more visible gold in stock than we had at the beginning of January last.

Something must be done to stop the export and attract the metal, if the storm is to be staved off in the autumn, and therefore discount houses have begun to struggle against the delirious infringement of cheap credit brought into bearing by the profuse war exports of the government. We might hope that something would be done, by the payment of the "Khaki" loan installment next Tuesday, to stiffen the short loan market and so help the brokers, but unfortunately the expenditures of the war have caused this money to be anticipated, and what we are much afraid of now is the issue of yet another loan.

Provision for a campaign in China may be given as an excuse for fresh demands, but South Africa will take a heavy share in what may be going. No sooner, therefore, is the open market denuded of the credits poured into it by the treasury than fresh payments flood it again, and all the time it is being forced toward a crisis.

Abroad the tension is less, especially in Germany, but thanks merely to liberal resort to over issue of paper money, and experienced bankers are apprehensive that the German emperor's ambitious Chinese war program may place an unbearable strain on the Berlin market. Even Paris is not altogether comfortable, but the very universality of apprehensiveness may avert anything more injurious than a convulsive spasm of stringency.

Already the beginning of such a spasm has darkened the trade outlook, and I am unable to report anything cheerful about British commerce. Lancashire has been suffering for some time through the Indian famine and plague, and now the Chinese imbroglio is sending depression into the woolen and metal trades. With all this coal keeps extremely dear, to the curtailment of profits, and our railway stocks have been falling because speculators expect reduced dividends in spite of improved gross receipts.

On the stock exchange one hears nothing but growling, so that members welcome a holiday such as they had yesterday with shouts of delight. Even the investment brokers cannot make both ends meet.

The best opinion here leans to the view that the scare about a shortage in the wheat supplies has been over done, and prices on our markets tend downward.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The developments in the Chinese situation were considered by members of the cabinet today. Results followed in the shape of renewed activity in the dispatch of reinforcements to China. It is understood that the pith of Admiral Kempff's communication today is the necessity of speedy reinforcements, if quick action is desired, and on the latter point there is not a dissenting voice among the cabinet officers. If reinforcements are to be gotten to China speedily they cannot come from the United States. This state of affairs caused the revival today of a report that General MacArthur is to be again called upon to relieve the situation by dispatching from the Philippines at least two regiments in addition to the Ninth infantry already sent to Taku. Secretary Long has given orders for 750 marines to leave at once for China.

SWINDLER ARRESTED.

Wanted in San Francisco and Found at St. Louis.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Percy Young, who was arrested at St. Louis last night on a telegram from the chief of police of this city, is accused of obtaining money under false pretenses. Five charges are booked against him. It is charged against him that he is the head of a swindling advertising concern which it is alleged he operated successfully in Denver, St. Louis, Chicago, Kansas City, and in all the large cities on the Pacific coast. Requisition papers will be forwarded to St. Louis at once.

COLLEGE FOUNDER DEAD.

Prominent San Francisco Philanthropist.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 9.—Dr. Henry D. Cogswell died last night, aged 80 years. He was the founder of the polytechnic college in this city which bears his name, but will be remembered chiefly for the drinking fountains which he presented to the many cities throughout the Union. He was an ardent prohibitionist and well known as a philanthropist.

SEATTLE ASSAY OFFICE.

Report for Fiscal Year Shows 5,808 Deposits.

SEATTLE, July 9.—The report of the United States assay office at Seattle for the fiscal year ending June 30, has just been issued. During that term 5,808 deposits, aggregating $13,630,326, have been received.

INDIANS VISIT M'KINLEY.

Red Men Shake Hands With the President.

CANTON, O., July 9.—A delegation of full-blooded Indians waited on the president this evening and were received with very cordial handshakes. They are connected with the Pawnee Bill Wild West show.

MEN IN PHILIPPINES.

WASHINGTON, July 9.—The statement prepared by the adjutant-general shows that the total strength of the United States army in the Philippines June 30 last was 63,426 officers and men.

SUMMER RESORTS.

"To the mountains our people in increasing numbers yearly look for those days of relaxation and recreation necessary to maintain the human machine in fair working condition. The languorous sloth of the seashore proves very seductive while it lasts, but many have decided that the annual outing should provide not only radical change of air and surroundings, but also such stimulation of flagging energies as will provide brawn and vigor for the return to labor. For this they urge the mountain climb and ramble, the balsam of the mountain pines, and the clear, unadulterated mountain air.

"In this direction the Shasta Route now affords a wealth of attractions. The entire line of road from Ashland to Redding is studded with charming and accessible hotels and camps, where are cheer and comfort and healing at reasonable cost, and where you can hunt, fish, ride, loaf, or play with equal facility.

"Or if you look for healing waters, none better can be found, hot or cold, than the springs of Ashland, Colestin, Anderson, Bartlett, Byron and Paso Robles.

"Before visiting Europe, the people of the Northwest should see the glories of Yosemite valley, and the wondrous groves of Mariposa and Calaveras; the Parisians are likely to make inquiries concerning these attractive resorts."

Send to Mr. C. H. Markham, general passenger agent, Portland, for new booklets on Castle Crag, Shasta Springs, McCloud river, Yosemite, and excursion rates thereto.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED WEEKLY EXCURSIONS.

An experienced excursion conductor whose duties are to look after the wants and welfare of passengers will be in charge of Tourist sleeping car to Chicago via Union Pacific. This car leaves Portland on "The Portland-Chicago Special" at 9:15 a. m., making close connections at Chicago with similar service to Boston and New York. Elderly people and ladies traveling alone or with children will find this service very convenient and satisfactory.

For tickets, berth reservations and full information, call on

G. W. LOUNSBERRY,
General Agent, O. R. & N. Co.,
Or Astoria, Oregon.
J. H. LOTHROP, General Agent,
135 Third St., Portland, Oregon.

IMPROVED SERVICE AND EQUIPMENT.

The new schedule of the O. R. & N. which went into effect April 22nd, shortened the time to Chicago 12 hours, and gives a double daily service between Portland and Chicago.

Train No. 2, leaving Portland at 9:15 a. m. is known as the "Chicago-Portland Special." Its equipment is new throughout, making it fully the equal of any train now in service from the Pacific coast to the East.

The "Overland Express" leaves Portland at 6:20 p. m. and furnishes complete service both via Huntington and Spokane to the East, together with the best of service to all local points on the O. R. & N. lines.

THE CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY

On June 17th opened up for traffic their new line from Belle Plaine, Ia., to Mason City; also their new Fox Lake branch. The length of this new line is 195 miles, which added to their mileage, gives them a total of 8,462.85 miles, the largest mileage of any railroad in the world.

A NEW TRAIN.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co. will place in service April 29th a New Train between St. Paul and St. Louis, called the "Flying Dutchman." The train will have through sleeping cars and be first-class throughout. Ask any ticket agent for particulars or address

C. J. EDDY, General Agent,
Portland, Oregon.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that there are funds in the city treasury to pay all warrants drawn on the general fund and endorsed prior to December 1st, 1899. Interest will cease after this date.

F. J. CARNEY,
City Treasurer.

Astoria, Or., July 3, 1900.

EVENT OF THE SEASON

Fisher's Opera House

FRIDAY, JULY 13.

THE GREAT COMEDY

"HOME"

And the One-Act Play

"A HAPPY PAIR"

Played by a competent company headed by Miss MARY SCOTT, formerly leading lady with the Frawley and R. L. Stockwell Companies, and Mr. LAWRENCE GRIFFITH, of the Richard Mansfield and Claiment-Stockwell Companies, assisted by prominent local talent,

For the Benefit of the Public Library.

ASTORIA AND COLUMBIA RIVER RAILROAD.

Leave.	PORTLAND.	Arrive
8:00a.m.	Portland Union Depot	11:10 a.m.
*6:55p.m	for Astoria and inter-	9:40p.m.
12:30 "	mediate points.	5:50p.m.
	ASTORIA.	
7.45 a.m.	For Portland & in-	11:30 a.m.
6:10 p.m.	termediate points	10:30 p.m.

*Daily except Saturday.
‡Saturdays only.

SEASIDE DIVISION.

8:15 a. m.	ASTORIA	7:45 a. m.
11:30 a. m.		10:35 a. m.
11:35 a. m.		4.00 p. m.
5:30 p. m.		5:30 p. m.
5:55 p. m. Saturday only.		
6:15 a. m.	SEASIDE	9:10 a. m.
9:45 a. m.		12:00 p. m.
2:30 p. m.		1:30 p. m.
5:00 p. m.		7:20 p. m.

All trains make close connections at Goble with all Northern Pacific trains to and from the east or Sound points.

J. C. MAYO,
Gen'l Frt and Pass. Agent.

WHITE COLLAR LINE

Columbia River and Puget Sound Navigation Company.

Bailey Gatzert leaves Astoria daily except Sunday at 7 p. m.

Leaves Portland daily except Sunday at 7 a. m.

White Collar Line tickets and O. R. & N. tickets interchangeable on Bailey Gatzert and Hassalo.

A. J. TAYLOR, Astoria, Agt.
U. B. SCOTT, Telephone 111.
President.

O.R.&N.

DEPART	TIME SCHEDULES From Portland.	ARRIVE
Chicago-Portland Special 9:15 a. m	Salt Lake, Denver, Ft. Worth, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago and East.	4 p. m.
Atlantic Express 9 p. m.	Salt Lake, Denver, Ft. Worth, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago and East.	7 a. m.
Spokane Flyer, 6 p. m.	Walla Walla, Lewiston, Spokane, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago and East.	8:40 a. m.
	From Astoria OCEAN STEAMSHIPS All Sailing Dates subject to change. For San Francisco—Sail May 3, 8, 13, 18, 23.	
7 a m Ex sunday	Columbia River Steamers To Portland and Way Landings.	10 m ex Mo. day
6 a m Ex Sunday	From Portland WILLAMETTE RIVER Oregon City, Newberg, Salem & Way-Land's.	4:30 p. m Ex Sunday
7 a. m. Tues, Thur and Sat.	Willamette and Yamhill Rivers. Oregon City, Dayton, & Way-Landings.	3:30 p. m. Mon., Wed. and Fri.
Riparia Leave dly 3:45 a. m.	Snake River. Riparia to Lewiston.	Lv Lewiston 9:00 a m daily
6 a m Tues, Thur Saturday	WILLAMETTE RIVER Portland to Corvallis and way Landings.	4:30 p. m. Mod, Wed Friday

G. W. LOUNSBERRY,
Agent, Astoria.
W. H. HURLBURT,
Gen. Pass. Agt., Portland, Or.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY — SUNSET OGDEN & SHASTA ROUTES

EAST VIA SOUTH

Leave	Depot Fifth and I Streets.	Arrive
*7:30 p.m	Overland Express Trains for Salem, Roseburg, Ashland, Sacramento, Ogden, San Francisco, Mojave, Los Angeles, El Paso, New Orleans and the East	*9:15 a.m
*8:30 a.m		*7:00 p.m
	At Woodburn (daily except Sunday), morning train connects with train for Mt. Angel, Silverton, Brownsville, Springfield, and Natron, and evening train for Mt. Angel and Silverton.	
‖7:30 a.m	Corvallis passenger.	‖5:50p.m
‖4:50 p.m	Sheridan passenger	‖8:25a.m

*Daily. ‖Daily except Sunday.

Rebate tickets on sale between Portland, Sacramento and San Francisco. Net rates $17 first class and $11 second class, including sleeper.

Rates and tickets to Eastern points and Europe. Also Japan, China, Honolulu and Australia. Can be obtained from J. B. Kirkland, Ticket Agent, 134 Third street.

YAMHILL DIVISION.
Passenger depot foot of Jefferson St.

Leave for Oswego daily at 7:20, *9:45 a. m.; 12:30, 1:55, 3:25, 5:15, 6:23, 8:05, 11:30 p. m.; and 9:00 a. m. on Sunday only. Arrive at Portland daily at *6:35, 8:30, *10:50 a. m.; 1:35, 3:15, 4:30, 6:20, 7:40, 10:00 p. m.; 12:40 a. m. daily except Monday; 8:30 and 10:05 a. m. on Sundays only.

Leave for Dalas daily, except Sunday, at 4:30 p. m. Arrive at Portland at 9:30 a. m.

Passenger train leaves Dallas for Airlie Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 2:45 p. m. Returns Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

*Except Sunday.

R. KOEHLER, Manager.
C. H. MARKHAM,
Gen. Frt. and Pass. Agt.

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DENTIST.
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ASTORIA, ORE.
Over Schlussel's Clothing Store.

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The result will please you. If the baby nurses, the mother should take the emulsion. It makes the baby's food richer and more abundant; only buy the dollar size—it's more economical.

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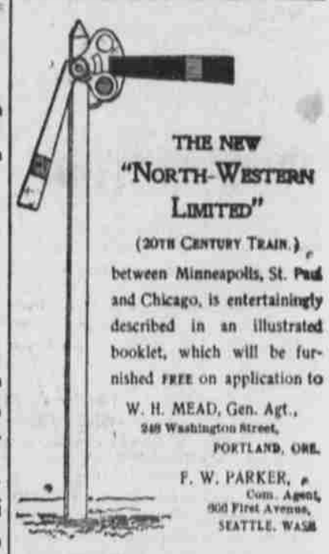

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Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

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These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. MIDY
Sold by all Druggists.

RHEUMATISM

Distorts Muscles, Shatters Nerves, Stiffens Joints.

Is due to an acid poison which gains access to the blood through failure of the proper organs to carry off and keep the system clear of all morbid, effete matter. This poison through the general circulation is deposited in the joints, muscles and nerves, causing the most intense pain.

Rheumatism may attack with such suddenness and severity as to make within a few days a healthy, active person helpless and bed-ridden, with distorted limbs and shattered nerves; or it may be slow in developing, with slight wandering pains, just severe enough to make one feel uncomfortable; the tendency in such cases is to grow worse, and finally become chronic.

Like other blood diseases, Rheumatism is often inherited, and exposure to damp or cold, want of proper food, insufficient clothing, or anything calculated to impair the health, will frequently cause it to develop in early life, but more often not until middle age or later. In whatever form, whether acute or chronic, acquired or inherited, **Rheumatism is Strictly a Blood Disease,** and no liniment or other external treatment can reach the trouble. Neither do the preparations of potash and mercury, and the various mineral salts, which the doctors always prescribe, cure Rheumatism, but ruin the digestion and break down the constitution.

A remedy which builds up the general health and at the same time rids the system of the poison is the only safe and certain cure for Rheumatism. S. S. S., made of roots, herbs and barks of wonderful solvent, purifying properties, attacks the disease in the right way, and in the right place—the blood—and quickly neutralizes the acid and dissolves all poisonous deposits, stimulates and reinforces the overworked, worn-out organs, and clears the system of all unhealthy accumulations. S. S. S. cures permanently and thoroughly, and keeps the blood in a pure, healthy state.

Mr. J. O. Malley, 123 W. 15th Street, Indianapolis, Ind., for eighteen months was so terribly afflicted with Rheumatism he was unable to feed or dress himself. Doctors said his case was hopeless. He had tried fifty-two prescriptions that friends had given him, without the slightest relief. A few bottles of S. S. S. cured him permanently, and he has never had a rheumatic pain since. This was five years ago.

We will send free our special book on Rheumatism, which should be in the hands of every sufferer from this torturing disease. Our physicians have made blood and skin diseases a life study, and will give you any information or advice wanted, so write them fully and freely about your case. We make no charge whatever for this service. Address, SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SSS