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OUR GLOAK SALE

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Continues Until Saturday Night.

The A. Dunbar Co

Headquarters for Dry Goods on the Lower Columbia.

BRYAN ALONE IS NOMINATED

Silver Republicans Could Not Agree on a Vice-President.

LEFT TO THE COMMITTEE

Teller Talks Two Hours for an Indorsement of the Democratic Ticket, But to No Avail, But Late Last Night Committee Nominated Stevenson.

KANSAS CITY, July 6.—The delegates to the Silver Republican convention were very late in assembling this morning, notwithstanding practically all the important work of the convention was scheduled for today. It was past 10 o'clock when Chairman Brown rapped for order.

A committee was appointed to invite former Assistant Secretary of State Webster Davis to address the convention.

The committee on resolutions announced that it was ready to report, and D. C. Tillotson, of Kansas City, took the platform to read the party's declaration of principles.

It was practically the same as the Democratic platform, placing the question of imperialism first and bimetallism second.

Great cheering greeted the reading of the silver plank, the indorsement of the initiative and referendum and the Nicaraguan canal. The most enthusiastic demonstration occurred when the speaker read the plank extending sympathy to the Boers, the delegates rising en masse and cheering for over a minute.

"We would like to hear from the committee on conference," shouted a delegate.

"The committee is still in session," said Senator Teller. "There has been no formal expression by the Democratic members, but I betray no confidence when I say a majority of the members are friends of Mr. Towne. Let us do what the friends of Mr. Towne in the Democratic convention want us to do, wait and give them a chance to show the convention that Mr. Towne is the logical candidate of the Democratic party."

"But there is no objection to nominating Bryan now, is there?" asked a delegate.

"No, sir," replied Senator Teller. "He has been nominated for the past four years."

A storm of cheers came from the delegates at the mention of Bryan's name. Senator Teller, though still hoarse from his speech of Wednesday, then launched into an eloquent tribute to W. J. Bryan. In conclusion, he placed William Jennings Bryan in nomination as the candidate for president of the Silver Republican party.

Long continued cheering followed the nomination. Delegates stood on their chairs, waved hats and flags and shouted acclamations of the Nebraska statesman until they could shout no more.

H. S. Hazard, of California, made the first seconding speech of the nomination of Bryan, and he was followed by Senator Ransom, of Nebraska. "Gentlemen of the convention," said Speaker Brown, "the name of William J. Bryan has been placed in nomination for the presidency. It has been unanimously seconded. Are you ready for the question?"

"Yes," thundered the delegates. A rising vote was called for and every delegate jumped to his feet shouting for Bryan.

"The vote is unanimous," shouted Speaker Brown.

The convention adjourned until 3:30 p. m., after passing a resolution making every delegate a member of a committee to attend the Democratic convention and work for the nomination of Towne for vice-president.

In the afternoon session, after a long

and exciting debate, during which it looked several times as if Charles A. Towne would be nominated for vice-president in spite of his protest against such action, the convention adjourned.

The whole matter being referred to the national committee with power to act.

William J. Bryan was made the unanimous choice of the convention for president during the morning session, and it was the intention to complete the ticket in the afternoon by the nomination of former Congressman Towne. The action of the Democratic convention, however, in placing Stevenson in nomination, took the delegates off their feet, but most of them asserted their determination to nominate Towne, notwithstanding. For two hours Senator Teller and others made speeches in favor of endorsing the Democratic ticket, but it was not until Towne himself appeared, and appealed to the convention not to nominate him, but to concentrate their forces, that the delegates calmed down and the vice-presidential nomination was referred to the national committee.

The national committee of Silver Republicans organized by selecting D. C. Tillotson, of Kansas City, chairman, and Gen. E. S. Corser, of Minnesota, secretary and treasurer. Senator DuBois offered a resolution pledging the support of the Silver Republicans to Stevenson, but there was opposition, and action was postponed until after a conference with the committee appointed by the Democratic convention.

A protracted meeting of the conference committee of the Democratic, Populist and Silver Republican parties was held tonight, at which the vice-presidential situation was discussed, with a view to bringing about, if possible, an agreement between the three parties.

The Democrats were anxious for the withdrawal of Towne from the Populist ticket and the Silver Republicans were willing to nominate Stevenson for vice-president. The Populists were not in favor of withdrawing Towne, and maintained that the Populist national committee, acting under instructions from the Sioux Falls convention, would be compelled to put another candidate in the field if Towne were withdrawn, and that the committee would not withdraw him. More than this, they asserted, that if Towne should be withdrawn and another man in his place, their organization would be endangered, and such action would result in the Populists going over to the middle-of-the-road ticket. It was also said that Bryan had been approved of the situation and that several men had received word from him to keep Towne in the field and to run a double-tailed ticket in order to hold the populist and silver Republicans in the Western states.

The Populists made a plea for delay, saying that 30 days from now conditions might make necessary the withdrawal of Towne or his retention would be then better understood. When the conference broke up no conclusion had been reached, the Populists and Silver men going back to their respective national committees with the understanding that the three committees should be renewed in the morning.

Whatever the outcome as to the vice-presidency, it was decided at the conference that the parties should work in harmony so far as possible in every state and congressional district. An advisory committee of three members from each of the three parties was appointed and this committee will, whenever possible, work to effect fusion on state and congressional tickets.

A meeting of the Silver Republican national committee was held immediately after the close of the conference, and it was voted unanimously to place Adlai E. Stevenson in nomination for vice-president and to co-operate in every way with the Democratic party for the success of the ticket.

TWO MILLION SPINDLES STOP.

Temporary Curtailment of Production Causes a Loss of Half a Million to Wage-Earners.

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 6.—The selling committee of the local cotton manufacturers' association estimate that by next Monday two million spindles will have joined the movement to curtail production for four weeks between July 9 and September 17. This means a reduction of a billion dollars and a loss of half a million dollars in wages to 13,000 operatives.

HENDERSON COMING WEST.

Speaker of the National House Will Visit the Pacific Coast.

CHICAGO, July 6.—A special to the Times-Herald from Dubuque, Iowa, says: Speaker D. B. Henderson, wife and daughter, left last night in a private car for Yellowstone Park and the Pacific Coast, going via St. Paul.

STEVENSON FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

(Continued from First Page.)

aided Grafty completed his remarks placing Hill before the convention. Before he stepped from the platform the man who had just been placed in nomination took his place. Hill looked out sternly, even savagely, on the shouting thousands. When he could be heard, he made due acknowledgement of the honor done him. "But I cannot, I must not be the nominee of this convention," he declared with explosive emphasis. He was frequently interrupted with enthusiastic shouts of approval, but when he left the platform the delegates were firmly convinced from his words and manner that he was sincerely desirous of having his name withheld. It is probably this alone prevented his nomination by acclamation then and there, for the tempestuous spirit manifested showed that the convention was on the point of being carried off its feet.

It was soon apparent that with Hill out, Stevenson was a strong favorite. State after state seconded his nomination, Georgia, Indiana, Virginia, Iowa, Kentucky, Illinois and some of the devoted friends of Hill still maintained their allegiance to him, and the delegations of New Jersey, Louisiana and some others seconded his nomination.

It was after 2 o'clock when the seconding speeches, many of them warlike, were concluded, and the balloting began. The vote was followed with intense interest, for when Alabama announced three for Stevenson and 19 for Hill, it looked as though a close and exciting contest was to occur. But it was soon evident that Stevenson had a strong lead. At the close of the call he had 539 votes, which, however, was not enough to nominate, the requisite number being 624. Hill had 209 votes and Towne 894. But before the announcement of the result, a strong-linged delegate from Tennessee stood on his chair and announced: "Tennessee changes her twenty-four votes from Hill to Stevenson."

That started the tide irresistibly toward Stevenson. Even New York finally and reluctantly changed from Hill to Stevenson. That ended it. Stevenson's nomination was assured. In the end the nomination was made unanimous. Again the state standards and banners were borne about the building in tribute to the party nominee.

On the first ballot for vice-president the Northwest states voted as follows: Oregon, Stevenson 5; Towne 1; Hill 2; Washington, Hill 3; Montana, Stevenson 6; Idaho, Hill 2; Towne 1.

KANSAS CITY, July 6.—Senator Jones, of Arkansas, has been re-elected national chairman of the Democratic committee.

The committee, consisting of Tillman, South Carolina; Johnson, Indiana; Williams, Massachusetts; Osborne, Wyoming; and Wilson, Idaho, was appointed to confer with representatives of the Populist and Silver Republican parties as to the best plan for the campaign.

LINCOLN, July 6.—When the bulletin came announcing the selection of Stevenson for the vice-presidential nomination, Bryan expressed his pleasure and dictated the following: "Mr. Stevenson is an excellent man for the place. He supported the ticket in '96 and can defend the platform of 1900."

"Towne would have strengthened the ticket in states where there is fusion between Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans, but the support given Stevenson shows that the convention thought Mr. Stevenson is a more available man. The choice has fallen upon one who is in every respect worthy of the position." Bryan then sent the following telegram to Stevenson: "Accept my congratulations upon your nomination. It was a deserved recognition of party service."

All through the day telegrams of congratulations poured in on the presidential candidate.

FAILURES FOR HALF YEAR.

Too Much Prosperity Has Brought Its Reaction.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Reports to R. G. Dun show commercial failures for the half year just closed 5,332 in number, with liabilities of \$74,747,452, but nearly one-third of the whole amount was in the list of brokers, agents and the like, of which 265 failed with liabilities of \$22,122,246 and during the last quarter 145 failed for \$18,929, 973.

On the other hand the manufacturing and trading failures were both smaller in the second than in the first quarter of the year, although both were considerably larger than in the corresponding quarter of last year.

The record shows plainly enough the disappointment and loss which results after a year of wholly unprecedented expansion and hopefulness in all lines of industry and trade, when it is found that a season of halting and delay has come. To multitudes who have bought too much, relying on continued or even upon increase of buying or consumers, this inevitably involves losses, and when, out of more than 1,000,000 concerns in business, it is found that but one in two hundred has been thus drawn into misfortune, the evidence is quite as satisfactory as when a half year of extraordinary prosperity appears to have brought a smaller ratio.

The returns still offer many satisfactory features, but they show relative increase in number and large increase in amount of defaults, and in some special lines, to which analysis invites attention, there is indicated much

soundness. Happily, it is hardly more than indirectly connected with the great branches of productive industry or trade. Speculation in real estate and in building and construction has led to more speculation in builders' materials than is wholesome, especially in lumber, so that a number of commercial failures follow in lumber dealing and manufacturing, and others in building and manufacture of builders' supplies.

There is much ground for satisfaction regarding the geographical location of losses. As this city has been by far the heaviest in the brokerage business, all elements considered, the one large failure of that class at this point does not disturb proportions, and Chicago and Boston follow with no more than a reasonable share in the same lines. There is satisfactory decrease in the volume of failures in New England, outside of Massachusetts, and in the southeast, southwest and Pacific states. But it is still better that no new centers of weakness have developed in either branch of industry, spreading into adjacent states and weakening their returns.

THIS YEAR'S FIRE LOSSES.

Increase in Losses Heavy and Insurance Companies Suffer.

NEW YORK, July 6.—The increase in the fire loss of the United States and Canada, during the current year, says the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, has been about normal. The record shows a total loss of \$103,288,900 for the first six months of the year 1906, as against \$65,690,750 for the same period of 1899. The great difference between 1900 and 1899 and 1898 is shown. The losses for the first six months of 1898 were \$58,377,100, of 1899, \$65,690,750, and of 1900, \$123,189,900. The heaviest loss this year is the Ottawa-Hull conflagration, amounting to \$12,000,000 and the next in point of destruction of value, though taking precedence as to loss of life, was the Hoboken disaster of last Saturday. The Standard Oil fire is, of course, not included in these figures. The months of April and June show greater advances than others. Fires of \$500,000 and over in destructiveness, which have occurred since January 1, 1906, are presented in this compilation:

Philadelphia, several department stores, \$700,000; Lead City, S. D., various, \$500,000; Dayton, O., tobacco factory and others \$500,000; St. Louis department store and others \$475,000; Newark, N. J., department store and others, \$1,000,000; Pittsburg, department store, \$1,200,000; Ottawa-Hull conflagration, \$12,000,000; Sandon, B. C., various, \$700,000; Constable Hook, N. J., dock property and oil works, \$600,000; Fisher, Wis., various, \$500,000; Virginia, Minn., business portion of town \$500,000; Bloomington, Ill., various, \$1,500,000; Pierce, Ariz., mining property and mill, \$500,000; Morenci, Ariz., mining property, \$800,000; Hoboken, N. J., steamship docks, storerooms, ocean steamers and cargoes and barges, \$5,800,000.

The officers of the insurance companies have had a turbulent experience during the past two years. Many companies have been forced to the wall, and others have had their financial strength so depleted that they must succumb before the first of January, 1907, when statements are required to be filed. From present appearances, insurance rates will need to be largely increased to keep up with the constant, serious drain on insurance capital.

DECLINE IN STOCKS.

Financial Disturbances in Germany Not as Bad as Represented.

NEW YORK, July 6.—Despite the nature of the press dispatches from Berlin, supplemented after the close of business in Wall Street by the reported failure of Alexander, John & Company, of Hamburg, international houses in this city generally expressed the belief that the German situation has been magnified. Houses with extensive German connections said that the declines reported from Berlin were generally in stocks of a highly speculative character while the recessions in Chinese funds were but natural.

It is pointed out by a member of the Kuhn, Loeb & Co. that the situation could not be acute, for the German money markets had declined sharply during the day. The market at Berlin declined 1.2 per cent, and at Frankfurt 1.16 per cent. Such a condition was not likely if a serious monetary disturbance was in progress.

President James Stillman, of the National City Bank said that his advisers were to the effect that the situation in Berlin had been greatly magnified.

STEEL MEN CONFER.

An End Will Be Put to the Present Demoralization.

NEW YORK, July 6.—The presence in this city this week of leading officers of some of the largest steel companies, coupled with a sharp advance yesterday in the prices of steel stocks, has led Wall street to believe that important action looking to the betterment of the present condition is in contemplation. This belief is well founded is shown in the following statement made by a director of one of the companies interested:

The steel and iron situation has now practically touched rock bottom, and at any rate will have reached it before the end of the week. Conferences have been held and others are to be held at the office of President Gary, of the Federal Steel Company, between representatives of all the important steel interests. Among them are the Federal Steel Company, the American Steel & Wire Company, the Carnegie Steel Company, the National Steel Company,

the Lackawanna Steel Company, and the Maryland Steel Company, and the result of these conferences will be the end of the existing demoralization.

"I expect that lower prices will be fixed for Bessemer pig iron and steel billets, but after that there will be no further cutting. In fact, this will be the last time such a state of demoralization can exist in the steel and iron trade. The result of the conferences will be the establishment of harmonious relations among all the steel companies. As far as the steel rolls are concerned, their price will not be changed, as there are contracts far ahead which will prevent that."

Among the men who have taken part in the conference referred to are President Gary and C. M. Porter, of the Federal Steel Company; President Scwab, of the Carnegie Steel Company, and President Clifford and Directors Pam and Elwood, of the American Steel & Wire Company.

ARMY REORGANIZATION.

Radical Measures Will Be Taken—Standing Army of 75,000 Men.

NEW YORK, July 6.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Secretary Root is preparing a bill for the reorganization of the regular army, even more radical in nature than the one submitted in the last session. In order to obviate all antagonism from members of the staff of the regular service, the secretary has sent a circular letter to all chiefs of bureaus, calling for their recommendations relative to their individual departments.

The secretary said he had decided to have the new bill provide for the complete reorganization of the artillery along the same lines as proposed in the old measure. It is also intended by the secretary to ask relief for the cavalry. It seems to be his opinion that the cavalry should be increased from 10 to 12 regiments, in order not only to give a large mounted force, but to make promotions faster among officers.

An official in close touch with the secretary says it is the intention of the department to ask congress for a standing army of not less than 75,000 men. An army of this size, it is estimated, will be needed to successfully cope with the situation in the Philippines.

DYNAMITERS CONVICTED.

Supreme Court Affirms Judgment Against Coeur d'Alene Rioters.

BOISE IDA., July 6.—The supreme court has affirmed the judgment against Paul Corcoran, the Coeur d'Alene dynamiter. Corcoran was convicted of murder in the second degree at Wallace for killing James Cheyne, who lost his life in the Gardner riot, April 23, 1899.

THOSE QUEER CHINESE.

Wine drunk hot. Old men fly kites. Birds drawn by men. Babies that seldom cry. Soldiers in petticoats. Carriages moved by sails. White worn as mourning. Seat of honor at the left. Family name comes first. A coffin in the reception room. Visiting cards four feet long. Hats worn as a sign of respect. The compass points to the south. Horses are mounted on the right side. Fireworks are always set off in daytime. School children sit with their backs to the teacher.

If you offend a Chinaman he may kill himself on your doorstep to spite you.

A married woman when young is a slave, when old the most honored member of the family.

SUMMER RESORTS.

"To the mountains our people in increasing numbers yearly look for those days of relaxation and recreation necessary to maintain the human machine in fair working condition. The languorous sloth of the seashore proves very seductive while it lasts, but many have decided that the annual outing should provide not only radical change of air and surroundings, but also such stimulation of flagging energies as will provide brawn and vigor for the return to labor. For this they urge the mountain climb and ramble, the balsam of the mountain pines, and the clear, unadulterated mountain air.

"In this direction the Shasta Route now affords a wealth of attractions. The entire line of road from Ashland to Redding is studded with charming and accessible hotels and camps, where are cheer and comfort and healing at reasonable cost, and where you can hunt, fish, ride, loaf, or play with equal facility.

"Or if you look for healing waters, none better can be found, hot or cold, than the springs of Ashland, Colicatin, Anderson, Bartlett, Byron and Paso Robles.

"Before visiting Europe, the people of the Northwest should see the glories

of Yosemite valley, and the wondrous groves of Mariposa and Calaveras; the Parliament are likely to make inquiries concerning these attractive resorts."

Send to Mr. C. H. Markham, general passenger agent, Portland, for new booklets on "Castle Crags, Shasta Springs, McCloud river, Yosemite, and excursion rates thereto."

A NEW TRAIN. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co. will place in service April 25th a New Train between St. Paul and St. Louis, called the "Flying Dutchman." The train will have through sleeping cars and be first-class throughout. Ask any ticket agent for particulars or address C. J. EDDY, General Agent, Portland, Oregon.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED WEEKLY EXCURSIONS.

An experienced excursion conductor whose duties are to look after the wants and welfare of passengers will be in charge of Tourist sleeping car to Chicago via Union Pacific. This car leaves Portland on "The Portland-Chicago Special" at 9:15 a. m., making close connections at Chicago with similar service to Boston and New York. Elderly people and ladies traveling alone or with children will find this service very convenient and satisfactory. For tickets, berth reservations and full information, call on G. W. LOUNSBERRY, General Agent, O. R. & N. Co., Astoria, Oregon. Or J. H. LOTHROP, General Agent, 133 Third St., Portland, Oregon.

IMPROVED SERVICE AND EQUIPMENT.

The new schedule of the O. R. & N., which went into effect April 22nd, shortened the time to Chicago 12 hours, and gives a double daily service between Portland and Chicago. Train No. 5, leaving Portland at 9:15 a. m. is known as the "Chicago-Portland Special." Its equipment is new throughout, making it fully the equal of any train now in service from the Pacific coast to the East. The "Overland Express" leaves Portland at 6:20 p. m. and furnishes complete service both via Huntington and Spokane to the East, together with the best of service to all local points on the O. R. & N. line.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that there are funds in the city treasury to pay all warrants drawn on the general fund and endorsed prior to December 1st, 1906. Interest will cease after this date. F. J. CARNEY, City Treasurer. Astoria, Or., July 3, 1906.

Oregon Short Line Railroad.

THE DIRECT ROUTE TO Montana, Utah, Colorado and all Eastern Points.

Gives choice of two favorite routes, via the Union Pacific Fast Mail Line, or the Rio Grande Scenic Lines. LOOK AT THE TIME

- 1 1/2 Days to Salt Lake
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- 3 1/2 Days to Chicago
- 4 1/2 Days to New York.

Free reclining chairs, upholstered tourist sleeping cars, and Pullman palace sleepers, operated on all trains. For further information apply to C. O. TERRY, W. E. COMAN, Trav. Pass. Agt., Gen. Agent, 124 Third St., Portland, Or. G. W. LOUNSBERRY, Agent O. R. & N.

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WHITE COLLAR LINE

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Bailey Gatzert leaves Astoria daily except Sunday at 7 p. m. Leaves Port and daily except Sunday at 7 a. m. White Collar Line tickets and O. R. & N. tickets interchangeable on Bailey Gatzert and Hassalo. A. J. TAYLOR, Astoria, Agt. U. B. SCOTT, Telephone 111, Portland, Ore.



Leave	Depot Fifth and I Streets. Overland Express Trains for Salem, Roseburg, Ashland, Sacramento, Ogden, San Francisco, Molave, Los Angeles, El Paso, New Orleans and the East	Arrive
7:30 p.m.		9:15 a.m.
9:30 a.m.	At Woodburn (daily except Sunday), morning train connects with train for Mt. Angel, Silverton, Brownsville, Springfield, and Natron, and evening train for Mt. Angel and Silverton.	7:00 p.m.

YAMHILL DIVISION.

Passenger depot west of Jefferson St.

Leave for Oswego daily at 7:30, 9:40 a. m.; 12:30, 1:55, 3:15, 4:25, 5:45, 11:20 p. m.; and 9:00 a. m. on Sunday only. Arrive at Portland daily at 9:55, 11:30, 1:10, 2:30, 3:15, 4:30, 5:50, 7:40, 10:00 p. m.; 12:40 a. m. daily except Monday; 5:30 and 10:05 a. m. on Sundays only. Leave for Dallas daily, except Sunday, at 4:30 p. m. Arrive at Portland at 9:20 a. m. Passenger train leaves Dallas for Astoria Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 2:45 p. m. Returns Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Except Sunday.

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Rebate tickets on sale between Portland, Sacramento and San Francisco. Net rates \$17 first class and \$11 second class, including sleeper. Rates and tickets to Eastern points and Europe. Also Japan, China, Honolulu and Australia. Can be obtained from J. B. Kirkland, Ticket Agent, 124 Third Street.

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preserves and pickles, spread a thin coating of refined

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