We Are Showing a Full Line of 36-Inch

PERCALES THAT WILL WASH

At 10 Cents Per Yard

The A. Dunbar Co

Headquarters for Dry Goods on the Lower Columbia.

THE FINANCIAL BILL.

Representative Overstreet Says It Will Settle Many Vexed Questions of Dispute.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

Representative Overstreet, of Indiana, who has charge of the financial bill in the house, discussing the merits of the measure as agreed upon by the conferees, said:

"It establishes the gold standard beyond dispute. It not only defines the gold standard but it requires the maintenance of all forms of money at a parity with that standard and imposes upon the secretary of the treasury the mandatory duty of maintaining that standard.

"The absolute separation of the trust funds to be held in the division of issue and redemption from the fiscal operations of the government will prove a great educator, in that it will demonstrate in a simple maner that a certificate is merely the evidence of a fund which is held in trust by the government, to be paid on demand to its holder.

"The establishment of an ample reserve fund, with the safeguards which are provided to prevent the withdrawal of greenbacks and treasury notes when once redeemed to be again presented for the purpose of withdrawing gold thoroughly intrenches the gold standard.

"In my opinion the unequivocal establishment of the gold standard will be followed by stability in all business in which the country is interested. It does away with all the fear and doubt which confused business during the last few years and establishes a uniform basis of values on which all business can rest. Contracts and settlements of all kinds will be adjusted at once to this standard and business conditions will be greatly improved thereby, as stability is an essential element in all business affairs in which time and distance are taken into account.

"I believe the refunding plan contained in the bill is sound economically and that it will work in practice. It is true that the rate of interest is lower than that at which any other government has been able to fund its debt, but in view of the fact that it is proposed at the same time that the gold standard is being established and at a time when the country is prosperous, I thing the government will have little trouble in putting it into operation.

"The high premium on the present bonds and the high tax on national bank circulation prevent any profit on circulation at present. Under the plan proposed banks are permitted to substitute for their present high rate bonds a bond of comparatively stable value, and at the time they are allowed to issue their note circulation to the par value of the bonds with a reduction of the tax. It is expected that the banks will promptly make the change.

"For this reason it is believed that within a few months a very considerable proportion of the bonds now held to secure circulation will be surrendered for two per cent bonds.

"Authority to establish banks of $25,000 capital in small towns will no doubt result in the establishment of many small banks which will also use the new two per cent bonds as the basis of their circulation.

"In my judgment at least two-thirds of the $850,000,000 subject to refunding will be surendered in exchange for the new two per cent bonds within a period which will be surprising to the public. Such a change will naturally result in an increased volume of national bank circulation. This increased volume will, in my judgment, amount to $100,000,000 in twelve months. The rapidly increasing business of the country will absorb this increase without difficulty, although I believe a lower interest rate money will also result."

VENEZUELA FINANCES.

Still Owing a Part of General Harrison's Paris Fee.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Reports received at the state department at Washington indicate that Venezuela is financially not in a very satisfactory condition.

The government, while seemingly well established, does not deem it expedient to raise revenue through excessive taxation, and its treasury is consequently not very flourishing. Besides, the country has been pretty sevely shaken by the revolution through which it has just passed and apprehension is felt that the counter-revolution will gather strength and thus further delay a revival of business.

Officials of the administration have not yet been advised that Venezuela has paid the expenses of its representation on and before the Venezuelan arbitration tribunal which rendered its award some months ago.

It is known that former President Harrison, who was leading counsel for Venezuela, received a part of his fee before he went to Paris, but the authorities have not been advised that he received the remainder.

If the claim is not paid, no doubt is expressed by the officials that Venezuela will regard the debt was one which should be promptly met and will as soon as its finances improve, take measures to settle it.

THE HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE.

Attempts to Transfer It From the Navy Will Be Made.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

Secretary Gage is making a strong effort to have congress enact legislation placing the hydrographic office of the navy under the coast and geodetic survey.

The proposition has been antagonized by Secretary Long, who has forwarded to congress comunications written by Rear-Admiral R. B. Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment, showing the desirability of keeping the hydrographic office under the navy department.

The matter is of considerable importance to the two branches of the government and particularly to the navy, which has done considerable survey work at points outside of the United States and which has vessels now engaged in such duty.

In the last naval appropriation law a provision was inserted "for surveys of the imperfectly known parts of the coasts and harbors of the Philippine archipelago and the islands of Cuba ond Puerto Rico, with their bordering keys and waters and the minor outlying islands."

The sundry civil appropriation bill contains a provision for the surveys and resurveys of the Atlantic and Gulf coasts of the United States "including the coasts of outlying islands under the jurisdiction of the United States and other coasts on the Pacific ocean under the jurisdiction of the United States."

The Coast and Geodetic Survey holds that it should survey the outlying islands but the navy department declares it has specific authority, and under it, vessels have been equipped for survey service in Cuba and Puerto Rico, and instructions have been given to Rear-Admiral Watson to make surveys of the Philippine archipelago.

The navy would greatly regret the transfer of the hydrographic office to the Coast and Geodetic Survey. It has been pointed out to congress that the Coast and Geodetic Survey has not yet completed the survey of the Alaskan coast, which will take some years, and surveys of the Atlantic and Pacific coasts are not finally completed.

When the insurrection in the Philippines comes to an end a great many small vessels will be available for surveying the coats of the islands of the archipelago and through their constant employment quick progress will be made in charting the coasts.

Naval vessels are actively engaged in Cuba and Puerto Rico correcting the Spanish maps of those islands. It is confidently believed that congress will determine to keep the hydrographic offices under the navy.

GROPING IN THE DARK.

Jones of Arkansas Says the Democratic Party Hasn't Found Its Policy Yet.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 26.—Senator James K. Jones, chairman of the democratic national committee, when asked today what would be the position of the democratic party on the issue of expansion in the coming campaign, said:

"The democratic party will be opposed to imperialism and by that I mean the acquisition of territory remote from this country and its government, either as a part of the United States or as colonies."

"Will silver be as important an issue as it was in the campaign of 1896?" he was asked.

"If you will come to me about the 5th of next November I will be better informed on that point," answered the senator.

"Do you think silver has paled any as an issue before the American people?"

"You know as much about that as I do. Conventions and platforms do not make issues. The wishes and opinions of the voters make them. The democratic party is a party of bimetalism and its declaration in the next platform on this question will be as strong as it was in 1896. But whether silver, opposition to trusts, or imperialism will claim the attention from the people, is something I cannot tell you."

EXTENDING ITS SCOPE.

Columbia River Packers Have Taken in a Batch of Canneries on the Sound.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 26.—The Chronicle says that the principals of a new salmon packers' combine on Puget sound have held several meetings in this city and arrangements have practically been completed to launch the project next April.

George T. Myers, the biggest packer in the Sound country and president of the Puget Sound Packers Association, Harwood B. Morgan, B. A. Seaborg, another heavy packer, and several other cannerymen from the Sound, are said to have been in conference. Mr. Myers has admitted that the new combine had practically arranged by T. B. McGovern, of New York, who succeeded last year in combining the canners on the Columbia river so as to control the price of canned salmon.

"The object of the combine," said Mr. Myers, "is to control the price of the Puget sound pack as well as to reduce the running expenses of our canneries. When Mr. McGovern went to New York a few days ago he carried with him options on Seaborg's cannery at Fairhaven, the Anacortes Packing Co. and Rosario Packing Co.'s plants at Anacortes, and that of George T. Myers & Co. of Seattle. The prices range all the way from $60,000 to $120,000, and the four are the biggest concerns on the Sound.

"Four other packers have agreed to enter the combine when all is ready, so that the thing is practically done."

The Puget sound pack amounts to about 900,000 cases annually and is larger than the Alaska pack.

MR. SHARKEY'S ULTIMATUM.

Unless He Can Meet Fitzsimmons or Jeffries He Will Retire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Tom Sharkey is out with a statement to the effect that if he cannot arrange a match with Bob Fitzsimmons or James J. Jeffries he will retire from the ring. The sailor says he will not fight McCoy again, all statements to his manager to the contrary notwithstanding.

In discussing the matter yesterday Sharkey said:

"I have beaten McCoy in decisive style and there is no good reason why I should fight him again. I am for bigger game. I want to fight either Jeffries or Fitzsimmons. The champion got a decision against me through unfairness on the part of the referee and I want to wipe out that defeat. If Jeffries wont put on the gloves with me, I'll meet Fitzsimmons. I beat him in San Francisco on a foul, but I am confident I can knock him out now, hence my desire to sign articles with him. If Fitzsimmons will waive the side bet I will make a match with him at once. ask Bob not to insist upon a side bet for the reason that the law prohibits fights for stakes."

SOUTH AMERICAN TREATIES.

Negotiations Pending With Chile and Brazil.

NEW YORK, Feb 26.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

Full powers have been sent to Henry J. Wilson, United States minister to Chile, to sign a treaty of extradition he has negotiated with the Chilean government.

Progress is being made in the negotiations for a treaty of extradition with Brazil, and it is expected that ratifications will soon be exchanged with Argentina, with which country a treaty of this character was signed several years ago.

Secretary Hay has formally notified The Hague government of the ratification by the United States of the treaty signed by the peace conference. It is the understanding of the department that Great Britain, Germany, and France have also ratified the convention.

GOVERNMENT BONDS RAISING.

Passage of the Financial Bill May Make Such Securities Scarce.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—Government bonds went up a few points today and the price of fours of 1907 and 1925, with 5 per cent bonds, reached a higher level than any touched last year.

The demand was ascribed to the belief of individuals and corporations that there will be an unusual call for bonds when the refunding law goes into effect and banks are allowed to issue a circulation up to par value of the bonds.

Four per cents of 1925 reached the highest price in their history, fours of 1907, the highest since 1891, when the government was still buying bonds heavily.

HAY-PAUNCEFOTE TREATY.

The President and Cabinet Unanimous for Its Ratification.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—It may be stated as the result of careful inquiry that the president and cabinet are unanimous in support of the Hay-Paunfote treaty, that they all consider its provisions the best now obtainable and that there is no intention of withdrawing it.

If the treaty now before the senate is rejected, in the opinion of the administration, no legislation can be had for the building of the isthmian canal, except through the repudiation of the Clayton-Bulwer compact.

EX-MINISTER PHELPS ILL.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—A special to the World from New Haven says:

E. J. Phelps, ex-minister to Great Britain, suffered a serious relapse last night and his condition is extremely critical. He had been ill for six weeks from pneumonia, but for two weeks had been considered out of danger.

Sunday an abscess of the lungs and a hemorrhage caused a rapid decline and his physicians fear that he cannot recover.

Copper Colored Splotches.

There is only one cure for Contagious Blood Poison—the disease which has completely baffled the doctors. They are totally unable to cure it, and direct their efforts toward bottling the poison up in the blood and concealing it from view. S. S. S. cures the disease positively and permanently by forcing out every trace of the taint.

I was afflicted with a terrible blood disease, which was in spots at first, but afterwards spread all over my body. These soon broke out into sores, and it is easy to imagine the suffering I endured. Before I became convinced that the doctors could do no good, I had spent a hundred dollars, which was really thrown away. I then tried various patent medicines, but they did not reach the disease. When I had finished my first bottle of S. S. S. I was greatly improved and was delighted with the result. The large red splotches on my chest began to grow paler and smaller and before long disappeared entirely. I regained my lost weight, became stronger, and my appetite greatly improved. I was soon entirely well, and my skin as clear as a piece of glass.

H. L. Myers, 190 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J.

Don't destroy all possible chance of a cure by taking the doctor's treatment of mercury and potash. These minerals cause the hair to fall out, and will wreck the entire system.

S.S.S. For The Blood

is purely vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no potash, mercury, or other mineral.

Books on the disease and its treatment mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

WILD WITH ECZEMA

One of Pittsburg's Most Estimable Business Men Certifies to the Wonderful Efficacy of Cuticura.

I was a sufferer for eight years from that most distressing of all diseases, Eczema. I tried some of the best physicians in the country, but they did me little good. The palms of my hands were covered, and would become inflamed; little white blisters at first would appear, then they would peel off, leaving a red, smooth surface which would burn like fire, and itch; well, there is no name for it. On the inside of the upper part of both my limbs, great red blotches, not unlike hives, would appear, and as soon as I became warm, the burning and itching would begin. Night after night I would lie awake all night and scratch and almost go wild. I got a box of Cuticura Ointment, a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, and gave them a thorough trial, and after a few applications I noticed the redness and inflammation disappear; before I had used one box there was not a sign of Eczema left. I can truthfully assert that $2.00 worth of Cuticura Remedies cured me.

J. D. PORTE, 428 4th Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

CUTICURA THE SET $1.25

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, consisting of Cuticura Soap (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, Cuticura Ointment (50c.), to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and Cuticura Resolvent (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin and scalp humors, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, especially of infants and children, when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Every Humor," free.

BAD COMPLEXIONS, pimples, blotches, blackheads, red, rough, oily skin, red, rough hands with shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, with itching, scaly, irritated scalps, prevented by Cuticura Medicinal and Toilet Soap, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. Two soaps combined in one at one price, 25c.

LOST HIS PRIZE MONEY.

Dewey Gets But $9,750 for Destroying the Spanish Fleet.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The United States court of claims today rendered a decision on the claim of Admiral Dewey for prize money, on account of the destruction of the Spanish fleet in Manila harbor.

The court decided against the admiral's contention that the enemy's force was superior to his, and awarded him $9,750.

THEY WANT FREE TRADE.

Petition of Puerto Ricans Sent to the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Secretary Root today sent to the senate a letter from General Davis with a petition from Puerto Rican citizens asking for free trade with the United States. In the letter General Davis says:

"In my frequent reports to the department I have fully stated the gravity of the industrial situation. I cannot in any words at my command over-state the urgency and gravity of the industrial paralysis now existing in Puerto Rico."

PHIL ARMOUR'S ESTATE.

Valued at $8,000,000 and Left to His Widows and Sons.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—The will of the late Phillip D. Armour, Jr., was filed for probate here today. The instrument disposes of property valued at $8,000,000.

One-third of the estate is left to the widow and two-thirds is given in trust for his two surviving sons.

NAVAL PRIZES SUSTAINED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The United States supreme court today decided the naval prize money cases involving the seizure of the British steamer Adulia and the Spanish steamer Panama off the coast of Cuba during the Spanish war, holding that both were lawful prizes.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—Franz Theilmann's summer garden with its palm house, stage and other buildings, and the broad sweep of water pavilion threading the edge of the lake, the breathing spot for thousands of merry making folks throughout the summer evenings, burned early today. The loss was $50,000; insurance, $6000.

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

Total Number of Names on the Roll to Date.

Astoria Precinct No. 1	51
Astoria Precinct No. 2	91
Astoria Precinct No. 3	84
Astoria Precinct No. 4	120
Astoria Precinct No. 5	115
Astoria Precinct No. 6	52
Astoria Precinct No. 7	49
John Day Precinct	16
Svensen	11
Walluski	17
New Astoria	78
Warrenton	15
Clatsop	15
Seaside	19
Melville	7
Chadwell	19
Youngs River	9
Olney	20
Knappa	10
Clifton	48
Westport	2
Vespar	3
Jewell	6
Mishawaka	8
Elsie	9
Push	4
Total to date	578

It is a mistake to imagine that the violent passions only, such as ambition and love, can triumph over the rest. Idleness, languid as it is, often masters them all. She indeed influences all our designs and actions, and insensibly consumes and destroys both passions and virtues.

Idleness is more in the mind than in the body.

Under some circumstances it might not be disagreeable to a man to have a jealous wife. She will always be talking of what pleases him.

Good nature, that boaster of its own sensibility, is often stifled by the smallest interest.

THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET IMPROVEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the city of Astoria proposes and intends to establish the grade of Thirty-eighth street in said city from the south line of Duane street to the south line of Harrison avenue so that said grade when established will be at the following described elevations above the base of grades for said city as established by ordinance, towit:

At the south line of Duane street 82 feet.

At the north line of Franklin avenue and also the south line of Franklin avenue, 114 feet.

At the north line and also the south line of Grand avenue 149.2 feet.

At the north line and also the south line of Harrison avenue 184.4 feet.

Said street to be of the same elevation throughout the width thereof at any and every point thereof, the said street crossings in said portion of said street to be level and the grade between crossings to be on a straight slope or incline.

This notice is published for ten days in pursuance to an order or resolution of the common council of the city of Astoria, adopted on the 19th day of February, 1900. Within ten days from the final publication of this notice the owners of three-fourths of the property adjacent to such portion of said street may make and file with the auditor and police judge a written remonstrance against the proposed grade and thereupon the same shall not be further proceeded in or made.

Date of first publication February 23, 1900. H. E. NELSON, Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria.

FRANKLIN AVENUE IMPROVEMENT NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the common council of the City of Astoria, to improve all that portion of Franklin avenue in that part of the town (now city) of Astoria, Clatsop county, State of Oregon, laid out and recorded by J. M. Shiveley, lying between the east line of Thirty-first street on the west, and the following described line on the east, to-wit: Commencing at the southeast corner of block number one hundred and forty-nine (149), in said Shiveley's Astoria, and running thence southeasterly and parallel with the east line of said block 149 to a point where said line so run would intersect the north line of Franklin avenue in Adair's Astoria if extended westerly into Shiveley's Astoria, and running thence easterly in a straight line to a point where the north line of Franklin avenue in Adair's Astoria intersects the east line of the said J. M. Shiveley Donation Land Claim, thence south along the east line of said donation land claim to a point where the south line of said Franklin avenue in said Adair's Astoria intersects said east line of said Shiveley's Donation Land Claim, to the full width thereof and on the established grade thereof. Said improvement is to be made by piling and planking to the width of 36 feet along the north line of said portion of said street throughout the extent thereof east and west, and grading and planking the remaining portion thereof throughout the extent and width thereof, with the construction of side-walks and a gutter on the south side of said portion of said street only, and a handrail on the north side of the street from the east line of Thirty-first street to a point 160 feet east thereof, and as to that portion of said street improved by piling and planking the same shall consist of 21 bents of piling fifteen feet apart with four piles to the bent and 12 feet between centers, the bents to be sway braced. That the piled and capped and graded portion of the street is to be laid with stringers and covered with plank throughout the width thereof, the covering plank to be 4x12 inches. The construction, in matter of detail, except as otherwise stated, to be in accordance with the provisions of ordinance No. 1901 of the City of Astoria, except also that the lumber to be used may be of any color of good sound fir lumber, and the work to be strictly in accordance with the specifications thereof filed with the auditor and police judge of said city by the city surveyor of said city. That the costs and expenses of said improvement will be defrayed by special assessment upon the lots, lands and premises benefited by said improvement contained within a special assessment district to be assessed for said improvement which said district is as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the east line of Thirty-first street at the southwest corner of lot six (6) in block number one (1) in Shiveley's Astoria, Clatsop county, State of Oregon, and running thence northeasterly through the center of said block one (1) to the east boundary line of said block one (1), thence north along the east boundary line of blocks one (1) and one hundred and fifty (150) to the northeast corner of lot six (6) in block one hundred and. fifty (150), thence southwesterly to the northeast corner of lot twelve (12) in block one hundred and forty-nine (149), thence northwesterly along the east line of block one hundred and forty-nine (149) to the northeast corner thereof, thence southwesterly along the north line of said block to the northwest corner thereof, thence southeasterly along the east line of said Thirty-first street to the place of beginning, all in the town (now city) of Astoria, Clatsop county, State of Oregon, as laid out and recorded by J. M. Shiveley, and containing the following parcels and lots, towit: Lots numbered from 1 to 6, both inclusive in block number 1, lots numbered 5 and 6 in block number 150, and lots numbered from 1 to 12, both inclusive in block number 149. If a remonstrance against such improvement or repair, signed by the residents of the city, owning more than one-half of the property in the district in which the special assessment is to be levied, shall be filed with the auditor and police judge of said city by the time of the next regular meeting of the council following the final publication of this notice, no such improvement or work shall be ordered, except by the vote of two-thirds of all the members of the council.

This notice is published for eight successive and consecutive days in pursuance to a resolution adopted by the common council of the city of Astoria, on Monday, the 19th day of February, 1900, directing the same.

Date of first publication, February 21, 1900. H. E. NELSON, Auditor and Police Judge of the City of Astoria.

W. B. Edwards

Every variety of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Doors, Windows, Mouldings and Cedar Shingles.

WOOD Common Slab, Bark, Fir, Hemlock, Alder, Pole Oak

Office Seventh Street Dock

Th. Frederikson

PIANO TUNER

INSTRUCTION ON 'CELLO AND VIOLIN

Phone 2074.

ASTORIAN BARGAIN COLUMN

The Most for Cash,

I am advertising for the Cash grocery trade, for which I offer the fullest weights and lowest prices. Everything clean and fresh. Prompt attention.

CHARLES LARSON, Groceries and Crockery.

There's Satisfaction

In buying silverware where the stock is complete and you have an assurance as to quality. I have a large assortment of sterling silver and hollowware in latest designs for wedding presents and holiday trade. Be sure to see it before you buy.

G. W. SMITH, 526 Commercial street.

Who Does Your Laundry?

We claim, and we will prove to every one, that we have the best and most up-to-date laundry on the Coast. A trial order will convince the most particular. If you want neat, prompt work, try the

CITY STEAM LAUNDRY, 522 Franklin Avenue.

R. SCHIMPFERMAN, Prop.

For a Holiday Gift

There is nothing nicer than a piece of silverware or cut glass. I have a complete assortment of the latest productions at reasonable prices.

H. EKSTROM, The Jeweler. 560 Commercial Street.

Better Than Ever

The Bond Street Fish Market is better than ever prepared to supply fresh and salt fish of all kinds. Goods delivered to any part of the city and satisfaction guaranteed.

BOND STREET FISH MARKET. 417 Bond Street.

Millinery Novelties

I desire to further call the attention of the ladies to my handsome stock of trimmed millinery. It comprises the latest creations of the millinery art, and I am offering reduced rates for the next 30 days.

MISS McRAE.

Dr. T. N. Ball

DENTIST.

573 Commercial Street,

ASTORIA, ORE.

Over Schlussel's Clothing Store.

THE LOUVRE.

Strangers visiting in the city will find the Louvre an attractive resort wherein to spend the evening. The Amme Sisters Ladies' Orchestra is still on the bills and presents nightly a musical program of exceptional merit. Handsome pool and billiard rooms are a feature in connection with the house. Palatable lunches will be served at all hours

NOT A POISONOUS FACE BLEACH

But a true beautifier, being the only preparation sold under a positive guarantee of $1,000 that it contains not a grain or fraction thereof of poisonous or deleterious substances. Indorsed by the most celebrated artistes of the lyric and dramatic stage; recommended by eminent physicians, and pronounced harmless by leading chemists—

WISDOM'S FAMOUS ROBERTINE.

It is the only preparation now used by fashionable ladies to perpetuate a beautiful complexion. Ask your druggist for it and do not be induced to take anything else. Price 50 cents per bottle.

L. LEBECK

Carpenter and Builder

General Contractor

HOUSE RAISING AND MOVING A SPECIALTY

W. C. A. Pohl,

COUNTY CORONER.

Undertaker, Embalmer and Funeral Director.

Caskets and Funeral Supplies constantly on hand.

Corner 11th and Duane Sts, Astoria, Ore

H. F. Prael Transfer Co

Telephone 23.

DRAYING AND EXPRESSING

All Goods Shipped to Our Care Will Receive Special Attention.

No. 535 Duane St., Astoria, Or. W. J. COOK, Mgr Res. Tel. 113.

J. A. Fastabend,

General Contractor and Builder.

THE PROOF

of the pudding is in the eating and the proof of liquors

IS IN SAMPLING

That's an argument that's conclusive—a demonstration. Ours will stand the test.

HUGHES & CO.

HIS MOTHER'S BREAD

He says was always so light and well baked.

Well there is a knack in making it.

But don't forget the kind of stove or range used makes a difference. His mother used a

Star Estate Range

W. J. SCULLY, Agent, 431 Bond street.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

OF ASTORIA.

At Astoria, in the State of Oregon, at the close of business, February 13, 1900.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$210,395 31
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		154 47
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		12,500 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds		900 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		99,560 04
Real estate		9,407 44
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		4,861 01
Due from state banks and bankers		34,850 03
Due from approved reserve agents		120,856 91
Checks and other cash items		869 54
Notes of other National banks		95 00
Nickels and cents		99 10
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$100,601 00	
Legal-tender notes	99 00	100 700 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer, 5 per cent. circulation		562 50
Total		$595,791 35

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 50,000 00
Surplus fund		25,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		27,432 76
National bank notes outstanding		4,500 00
Due to state banks and bankers		1,245 22
Individual deposits subject to check	$407,823 47	
Demand certificates of deposit	79,662 63	
Certified checks	127 27	487 613 37
Total		$595,791 35

STATE OF OREGON, County of Oregon—ss: I, S. S. Gordon, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

S. S. GORDON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of February, 1900.

V. BOELLING, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
Jacob Kamm,
W. F. McGregor,
J. O. Hanthorn,
Directors.