

U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION'S WEEKLY PRICE QUOTATIONS FOR JACKSON COUNTY

The lower figures under "consumer pays" are the maximum prices that should be charged by "cash and carry" stores, and the higher figures maximums that should not be exceeded by stores giving credit, delivery, and similar services.

	Retailer pays	Consumer pays
Wheat flour in 49 lb sack	\$2.70	\$2.90 to \$3.00
Rye flour, per 10 lb sack	.63	.72 to .74
Corn flour	.07 1/2	.09 1/4 to .09 3/4
Corn meal, yellow, per 10 lb sack	.63	.76 to .80
Corn grits and hominy, per 10 lb sack	.69	.82 to .87
Corn grits and hominy, per 1 1/2 lb package	.16 1/2	.20 to .21
Rolls oats, per 9 lb bag	.73	.91 to 1.00
Barley flour, ordinary grade, bbl	12.40	.07 1/2 to .08
Rice flour, lb	.10 1/2	.12 1/4 to .13
Corn starch, edible, ordinary grade, lb	.10	.12 1/2 to .13 1/2
Rice, ordinary grade, lb	.12	.15 to .17
Granulated sugar, lb	.08 1/2	.10
Beans, dried, white, lb	.11 1/4	.14 to .15
Beans, dried, red, lb	.09	.11 to .12 1/2
Evaporated milk, large size, can	.13	.15 1/2 to .16 1/4
Lard substitutes, ordinary grade in tins, lb	.27	.30 to .35
Canned corn, standard No. 2, ordinary grade	.14	.19 to .20
Canned tomatoes, standard No. 2, ordinary grade, can	.13	.17 1/4 to .18 1/2
Canned peas, No. 2, ordinary grade, can	.13	.17 to .20
Canned pork & beans, ordinary grade, can	.19 1/4	.25 to .30
Prunes, local, lb	.08	.10 to .11
Dried peaches, lb	.13 1/2	.17 1/4 to .19
Dried peaches, local, lb	.10	.13 1/4 to .14 1/4
Evaporated apricots, California, lb	.22	.30 to .32
Corn syrup, per 10 lb pail, ordinary grade	.82	1.04 to 1.10
Cheese, lb	.27 1/2	.35 to .40
Butter, per roll	\$1 to 1.06	1.10 to 1.15
Eggs per dozen	.40 to .42	.45 to .47 1/2
Potatoes, lb	.03 to .04	.05

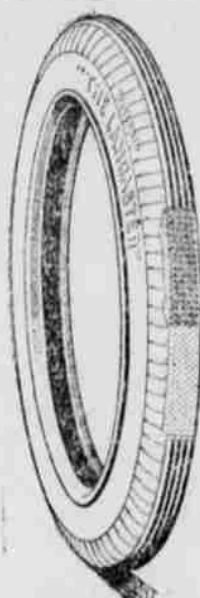
Report overcharges to Price Interpreting Board.
This price list showing weekly range of prices will appear weekly in this paper on this date.

The government expects you to can as much fruit and vegetables as possible. When your sugar runs out see the local food administration about an additional allowance.

These prices are the maximum charges allowed by the U. S. food administration on retail sales.

JACKSON COUNTY PRICE INTERPRETING BOARD.

August 6, 1918.



Come in and Examine the TIRE With a thousand claws.

All sizes

SOLD BY THE Overland Millner Co.

GAME PROMISES TO BE PLENTIFUL THIS YEAR

A fine season for buck deer is forecast in the counties both east and west of the Cascades and big game hunters are flocking daily to the offices of Game Warden Shoemaker to procure licenses before the open hunting season begins August 15. Open season for buck deer with horns will continue until October 15 for the district west of the Cascades. Dates for this game east of the Cascades will be from September 1 to October 31.

Farmers in Coos, Curry and Jackson counties have reported an unusual number of deer this season. Several gardens near the big timber were demolished completely by deer herds early in the year and they are still to be found in great numbers. The game law requires that only horned buck deer may be shot and two in a season is the bag limit.

West of the Cascades wild ducks and geese, rails, coots and shore birds may be shot from October 1 to January 15. The same date holds good for counties in the eastern district with the exception of Malheur and Harney counties, where the dates are from September 15 to December 31.

The season for male Chinese pheasants and grouse will be from October 1 to 31 west of the Cascades. In Jackson county the season is from October 1 to 10. There will be no open season in Coos, Curry and Josephine counties. The open season in Union county will be from October 1 to 10 and the season will be closed in all other counties east of the Cascades. The bag limit is five in one day and ten in any seven consecutive days.

There will be an open season for quail in Coos, Curry, Jackson and Josephine counties from October 1 to 31. The season for this game will be closed at all times in other

I GET THE BEARD BUT LEAVE THE ROOTS

I'm not after the "pound of flesh"—I leave the roots to continue their growth.

"You are next."

Buckhorn Barber Shop
Clyde Costello

INTERURBAN AUTOCAR CO.

Leave Ashland for Medford, Talent and Phoenix daily except Sunday at 9:00 a. m. and 11 a. m., and 1:00, 4:00 and 5:15 p. m. Also on Saturday night at 6:30. Sundays, leave at 9:00 a. m., 12:30, 4:30 and 6:30 p. m.

Leave Medford for Ashland daily except Sunday at 8:00 and 10 a. m., and 1:00, 4:00 and 5:15 p. m. Also on Saturday night at 10:15. On Sundays 10:30 a. m., 1:30, 5:30 and 8:30 p. m.

Fare between Medford and Ashland, 30 cents. Round trip 50 cents.

DRAFTEES MUST SERVE WHEN INDUCTED IN ARMY

Selective draft men who, not knowing their exact age, register, are drafted sent to Camp Lewis and endeavor to obtain exemption on the grounds that they are over age after being inducted will be obliged to remain in the army, according to a ruling received there for the guidance of the camp exemption board.

The interpretation was received after an inquiry has been made regarding the status of a Montana select who is in the depot brigade and who is 37 years of age. In his claim for exemption on the ground that he is not subject to the draft, he said he registered June 5, 1917 not knowing whether or not he was under 21. Within a few days he ascertained from his relatives that he was 33 years old, but made no effort to have his registration cancelled by the local board and, being single and without dependents, was sent to Camp Lewis. He has made a claim for exemption, more than a year after discovery that he was not of military age, and, as an added reason for his discharge, asserted in his affidavit that he could not read or write.

In compliance with the ruling that men so remiss that they do not ask to have their registration cancelled when they are in possession of the information in ample time before being called, must remain in service, his claim was denied and it was recommended to the commanding officer of the depot brigade that the applicant be transferred to the development battalion, where he will receive elemental instruction in reading, writing and arithmetic.

RECIPE FOUND FOR LOAF WITHOUT WHEAT

The wheatless loaf has been found. While the whole country has been seeking the 100 per cent wheat substitute yeast bread, a recipe has been developed in the experimental kitchen of the department of agriculture and the food administration that may mean the saving of thousands of pounds of wheat flour before flour from the next wheat harvest is available.

The recipe will soon be published by the office of home economics, department of agriculture, on a new food card which carries directions for making three new wheat substitute breads—the half wheat loaf, the one-fourth wheat loaf, and the wheatless loaf.

The directions for making the wheatless bread are as follows:

1. All of these: 1 1/2 cups liquid, 1 tablespoon corn syrup, 1/4 cake yeast, 2 teaspoons salt, 1 whole egg.
2. With one of these: 3 1/2 cups barley, 2 1/2 cups ground rolled oats.
3. And one of these: 2 1/2 cups corn flour, 2 1-8 cups rice flour, 2 1/4 cups sweet potato flour, 2 1-8 cups (cassia) tapioca flour.

Make a sponge of materials under 1 (except egg) and one-half of ingredients used from 2 and 3. Sponge should stand in warm place until very light, at least two hours. Work in balance of substitute mixture when sponge is light. Work in egg, beaten slightly. Shape into loaf. Place in pan. Brush top of loaf with melted fat. Let rise to double bulk and bake in loaf pan in hot oven for one hour.

SWAT THAT CANADA THISTLE RIGHT NOW

Do not allow the Canada thistle to mature seed. The plants have started to bloom in most sections of the state and should be cut. Immediate action will save thousands of dollars to Oregon and will prevent the infestation of thistle-free fields.

"Fields overrun with thistles should be plowed, deep enough to turn over the root mat," says B. F. Sheehan, assistant professor of farm crops in O. A. C. "After the roots are exposed to the killing action of the sun, the land should be harrowed, preferably with a spring tooth harrow, care being taken not to infest other places in the field by dragging the roots over unfested areas.

"Small areas should be either grubbed out or cut off close to the ground. A concentrated solution of salt applied to the cut portion when the thistle appear in these small patches has been used successfully."

Astoria will open new elevators to the public on August 17. These magnificent modern grain elevators, built at a cost of \$293,000, are the largest on the coast, and hold 1,200,000 bushels. With one of the best fresh water ports in the world Astoria is reaching for its share of trade.

The tenth keel for the emergency fleet has been laid by Kruse & Banks at North Bend.

It is reported that a big sawmill for spruce production will be built at Yaquina by the government.

RETIRE

With a
MILLER HALFSOLE

at the
Ashland Vulcanizing Works
Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction

COME AND SEE THEM

Reliable Toothsome Conservation Recipes

Steamed Brown Bread—1 1/2 cups cornmeal, 1 1/2 cups barley flour, 2 teaspoons baking powder, 1/4 teaspoon ginger, 1 teaspoon soda, 2 cups sour milk, 1/2 cup molasses. Sift the dry ingredients together and combine with the liquids, beat well and steam in well greased brown bread tin or baking powder cans 3 to 5 hours, according to size of tin. Better still, bake in the fireless cooker and conserve fuel.

Raw Potato Griddle Cakes—Grind 4 good-sized potatoes and 1 onion very fine through food chopper. Add 2 eggs, 1 teaspoon salt and just enough meal or substitute flour to bind. Bake like pancakes on a hot greased griddle, and serve with syrup, honey or apple sauce. These cakes require longer, slower baking than ordinary griddle cakes. Grated green corn may be substituted for the onion and potato, for a delicious midsummer fritter.

Oatmeal Gems or Hermits. — One lb ground rolled oats, 1 cup chopped nuts and raisins (mixed), 1 cup white karo syrup, 2 level teaspoons baking powder, 1/2 teaspoon salt, 1 1/2 cups sweet milk, flavoring to suit taste. Mix well and bake either in hot gem pans as muffins, or drop from spoon on greased tin as Hermits. Notice that this recipe contains no sugar and no fat save those furnished by the karo and raisins, and by the nuts.

OREGON PRUNE CROP IS BEING DAMAGED

The prune root borer is causing a heavy drop of prunes by girdling the trees near the ground and shutting off the sap when it is most needed. The damage being done the crop is estimated to be 10 per cent of the total. Not only is the crop being reduced, but young trees are being killed outright.

Much of the damage from this insect can be prevented by coating the trunks and base of the trees with a whitewash made of 50 pounds of stone lime, 1 pound of Paris green or dry lead arsenate, 5 gallons of concentrated lime-sulfur, one-half pint blacklead "40", and 1 pound glue dissolved in hot water. Shake the lime and add the ingredients separately. Mix to a good thick paint and apply with a brush, taking particular care to cover the bark thoroughly, advises A. B. Black, special federal field agent at O. A. C.

COLORADO ENGINEERS HAVE LION FOR MASCOT

B Company of the 115th Engineers, a Colorado organization, says it is the only organization in this country which has a genuine African lion for a mascot. The lion, which is 8 months old, is confined in a cage at the end of the company street, and consumes about \$1 worth of meat scraps daily.

The animal is the property of Sergeant V. P. Ramsdall, formerly of Longmont, Colo. It was sent him by friends in Colorado, who were given it by a Denver theatre. The animal's name is "Whiskers."

If a recipe calls for one cup of sugar, use in its place one cup of strained honey, or one and two-thirds cups of corn syrup. If honey or syrup is used the amount of other liquids called for in the recipe must be reduced one-fourth cup for every cup of honey or syrup.

Phone news items to the Tidings.

SHORTAGE OF LABORERS DUE TO EMPLOYERS

If Oregon suffers a shortage of labor in the next two months the blame will rest largely upon employers of the state who have neglected to report estimates of their labor needs to the government.

This was the expressed belief of W. E. Smith, state director of the United States employment service, following the announcement from Washington that Oregon has an essential need for 4410 workers, while the state of Washington wants 11,340 additional laborers of the unskilled class.

Some eastern states, in the estimation of Mr. Smith, unquestionably have padded reports as to their coming needs. Just whether or not the state of Washington needs more than 11,000 laborers is doubted, but the fact emphasized by Mr. Smith is that Oregon employers, by neglecting to furnish estimates of labor needs, failed to protect their own best interests.

"I doubt if 50 per cent of the estimates due from Oregon were in at Washington when unskilled labor allocations were announced Thursday," said Mr. Smith. "Blanks on which the reports were to be made were sent to all large employers of labor by the state. The reports were to cover needs up until October 1. New allotments soon will be made and I sincerely hope that every employer in war emergency industries files his estimate. He can get blanks from this office if he has mislaid those

sent him direct from Washington."

So far as possible each state will attempt to fill its own quota of men in war industries by drawing from less essential industries and from occupations where women may replace men. It is the plan of the government to help round out unfilled quotas by shifting laborers from the state that has an abundant supply to the center where a deficiency exists.

In Oregon plans are being developed for effective operation of the new employment regulations, which went into effect Thursday. Two committees were at work and will confer again soon over details of procedure and personnel of the permanent state advisory body and the community labor boards.

We must feed 120,000,000 allies and our big army at the front. Food must go across the water and we must make it possible for that food to go. We can save in many ingenious ways, besides denying ourselves the foods much needed overseas. Let us save till it hurts, and be glad of the chance to suffer a little inconvenience for the sake of those who are giving up their lives.

Go lightly on the sugar, limiting your consumption to two pounds per month for every member of the family.

KRYPTOK GLASSES
WHITTED, Optician

Comply With the Law AND USE

Printed Butter Wrappers

ACCORDING to the ruling of the Oregon Dairy and Food Commission all dairy butter sold or exposed for sale in this state must be wrapped in butter paper upon which is printed the words "Oregon Dairy Butter, 16 (or 32) ounces full weight," with the name and address of the maker.

To enable patrons of the Tidings to easily comply with this ruling this office has put in a supply of the standard sizes of butter paper and will print it in lots of 100 sheets and upward and deliver it by parcels post at the following prices:

100 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces	\$1.75
250 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces	\$2.50
500 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces	\$3.75

Send your orders to us by mail accompanied by the price of the paper and it will be promptly forwarded to you by parcel post, prepaid.

We use the best butter paper obtainable, and our workmanship is of the best. Let us have your order and you will not regret it.

Ashland Tidings
Ashland, Oregon