

Killed in the Streets

In New York City in one year by vehicles: By automobiles, 290; by trolley, 107; by wagons, 128; subway and elevated, 390; falls from buildings, scaffolds, struck by falling objects, 897.

Out of every 100, life insurance claims paid in a year by The Travelers, 10 were for accidental death, and there are 140 cases of disabling injuries to every one of accidental death. Protect yourself with accident insurance in the largest and oldest company.

The Travelers Insurance Co.
of Hartford, Conn.

Billings Agency

Real Estate and Real Insurance
Phone 211 41 East Main St.
Established 1883.

"When you want Good Insurance—
Talk with Billings."

ARMY STORE IN FRANCE SELLS CHEAP TO TROOPS

Prices quoted for June merchandise in the huge general stores operated by the Quartermaster Corps in France show that members of the expeditionary forces may secure goods at prices lower than retail prices in effect in this country.

June quotations are: Half-pound package chocolate, 11 cents; can of cherries, 24 cents; can of cocoa, 14 cents; pocket combs, 6 cents; can of corn, 10 cents; shaving brushes, 15 cents; tooth brushes, 12 cents; can stringless beans, 10 cents; bottle ginger ale, 9 cents; can plum pudding, 32 cents; standard \$5 safety razors, \$1.75; pair shoe laces, 3 cents; can talcum powder, 5 cents; pound cut-loaf sugar, 10 cents; spool cotton thread, 4 cents; 2-ounce package of smoking tobacco, 7 cents; hand soap, 1 cent; can lobsters, 25 cents; shaving soap, 4 cents; bottle Worcester-shire sauce, 20 cents; linen handkerchiefs, 16 cents; pint bottle olives, 23 cents; can green peas, 10 cents; shoe polish, 9 cents.

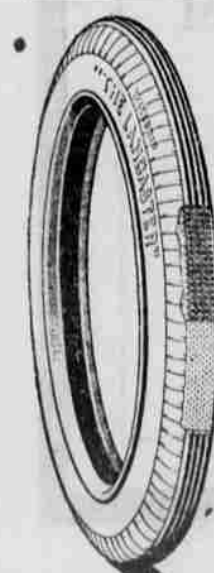
Although the men are issued ample rations, the quartermaster stores are opened to the enlisted men for the purpose of permitting them to add to their menu or to satisfy individual desires for dainties or delicacies. The highest grade of merchandise only is carried in stock, so that the men may be sure of having the best, whether in rations or extra supplies.

Meats, groceries, fish, vegetables, notions, toilet articles, smokers' articles, and scores of miscellaneous items are included in the published price lists. These lists are made available to each company and purchases may be made either for cash or on credit.

Among the staples to be found in these chain stores are: Fresh beef, ham, bacon, turkey, potatoes, rice, hominy, beans, onions, coffee, tea, sugar, cheese, cocoa, butter and evaporated fruits. The canned fruits and vegetables include: Apples, apricots, peaches, pears, cherries, currants, pineapples, prunes, asparagus, sweet corn, tomatoes, mushrooms, sweet potatoes, spinach, squash, turnips and beans. Included in the list of canned meats and fish are: Lobsters, oysters, salmon, mackerel, deviled crabs, sausages, tongue, turkey, deviled ham, corned beef, corned beef hash, roast beef and mince meat.

For the man with a sweet tooth there are: Jams, jellies, preserves, raisins, apple butter, maple syrup, molasses, cranberry sauce, citron, nuts, candy, etc. The smoker may purchase smoking and chewing tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, pipes, cigarette papers and matches. The incidental needs of all the men are supplied with razors, combs, brushes for all purposes, buttons, soap, shaving sticks, shaving mugs, mirrors, razor strops, shoe polish, shoe laces, toilet water, talcum powder, tooth powder, witch-hazel, towels, handkerchiefs, pocket knives, needles, thread, candles and playing cards.

Every time a German submarine sinks a vessel, so much product of labor and materials is wasted. Every time you buy anything not needed, so much product of labor and materials is wasted.



Come in and
Examine the

TIRE

With a thousand
claws.

All sizes

SOLD BY THE

Overland Millner Co.

FOOD SAVING RECORD EXCEEDED ALL HOPES

A few weeks ago, when a Canadian transport warped to her pier at Montreal, a big roughneck artilleryman swung himself down the gangway on crutches. A sympathizing friend was waiting in the crowd.

"Well, Bill, old sport," he said, "so you've lost your leg?"

"Lost my leg?" responded Bill, and he beamed upon all concerned. "Bunkie, put it this way. I've just been swapping that gol-darn leg for a good conscience."

And for the last year this country has been swapping its leg for a good conscience in the matter of food.

In the summer of 1917 the food situation was a very simple one. More food, much more, had to go to Europe or a world cause was going to be lost. It couldn't go from the Argentine or Australia or the East, where there was a surplus. The submarine had left little tonnage for long hauls. And, apparently, it couldn't go from America, for we had no surplus. Wheat and sugar, beef and bacon, had already fallen far below normal stocks, and were at famine prices at home. What to do about it? Just one thing, according to the President—send that food from America somehow. If we were short of the "ration staples" we could eat less of them, or something else, or, if need be, nothing at all. It would be our first opportunity, and a very small one, to swap our leg. And with the Allies fighting and starving, too, he had a feeling that we were the kind of 100,000,000 people who were only waiting to be given the chance. In the food control act of August, 1917, and in the various rules and directions which followed it, he told one Herbert Hoover to go ahead and show us how.

There were 12,000 wholesalers alone—importers and commission merchants, brokers, cold-storage men, packers and millers. Of retailers—bakers and grocers and restaurant men—there were more than 400,000. The local boards, that is, their fellow townsmen, must deal with them. As for going into the 20,000,000 private pantries of the country, which would count most of all, it simply couldn't be done. If we didn't want to swap our leg, we needn't. Never were 100,000,000 people given a plainer try out. Would we rise to it? It can be said now that the Allies, goaded by their own want, expressed their doubt and fears.

From the first, there were those who didn't rise to it. Some form pure inability to believe that the Government really meant it; that it, who didn't rise to it because they saw a chance to make money, make it with both hands, by being low down. And whether they sinned by inadvertence or intention, there was no time for distinctions. By the beginning of the year the central board at Washington was ready, and it sent out the word to get them all.

Administrative secrecy keeps us from telling all. But a little can be told. Where we thought that at most we could spare only 20,000,000 bushels of wheat we have sent 140,000,000. Where we believed we were doing much when we sent about 15,000,000 pounds a week of meat products, we have been sending more than 75,000,000. Where we thought we had no sugar, we had been sending it by the ship load; and where beans appeared to have vanished from the land, we have been sending them by the hundred thousand tons. We sent 100,000,000 pounds of rice.

Where has it all come from? It came from what we gave back and went without. Down in Texas old Grimes county rose up as one, and if it couldn't say with Samuel, "Here am I, Lord, send me," it did say, "Send our wheat flour. Till the next harvest, and maybe not then, there'll be no more of it eaten in these parts!"

At that time Arkansas was hearing the call, and Ohio—to the extent of 2,500,000 pounds from three counties alone—and Kansas, and Minnesota and Missouri. While this story is being written, months later, it is still coming in, whole trainloads at a time, and from Florida to Oregon. Likewise, every big club and hotel that is worth the name has signed the no-wheat pledge.

That unguessed surplus came also from those scheduled wheatless and meatless days which put us all upon our honor. No one could stand over the 20,000,000 dinner tables of this country to spy out what was on them. But we are beginning to learn what wasn't. There was no one to make 5,000,000 Mrs. Joneses and Mrs. Smiths use corn meal in their bread, or serve their households potato cakes instead of muffins. But the evidence still grows that the Mrs. Joneses and the Mrs. Smiths were good sports and did it.

But that part of the story can be left out. We weren't working for that. We were trying to swap that leg. And we have our reward in this. Where a few months ago Eng-

land and France and Italy had their first bread lines, we can see the end of them already. The countless pollu of France began those terrible weeks of battle from La Fere to Amiens on half rations. Of this, at any rate, he can now feel sure. He is going to have his fill to eat from day to day. There is much more for us to do. There will always be more. But in the business of swapping legs—and remember, you don't have to do it—at least we have made a beginning.

Do not forget that the supply of labor and materials is limited. If you ask a worker to make something for you, he can not make something for the government at the same time, and he can not use the same material both for your needs and for the government needs.

In war time every unnecessary purchase is an unwise one.

I GET THE BEARD BUT LEAVE THE ROOTS

I'm not after the "pound of flesh"—I leave the roots to continue their growth.

"You are next."
Backhorn Barber Shop
Clyde Costello

INTERURBAN AUTOCAR CO.

Leave Ashland for Medford, Talent and Phoenix daily except Sunday at 9:00 a. m. and 1:00, 4:00 and 5:15 p. m. Also on Saturday night at 6:30. Sundays leave at 9:00 a. m., 12:30, 4:30 and 6:30 p. m. Leave Medford for Ashland daily except Sunday at 8:00 a. m. and 1:00, 4:00 and 5:15 p. m. Also on Saturday night at 10:15. On Sundays 10:30 a. m., 1:30, 5:30 and 9:30 p. m.
Fare between Medford and Ashland, 30 cents. Round trip 50 cents.



Copyrighted 1917
Brandegee-Kincaid Clothes

Suggestions

Sport Shirts and Ties
Negligee--Golf Shirts
Keds for Tired Feet
Light Underwear
Summer Straws
Light Trousers
Invisible Suspenders
Hosiery, Garters,
Armbands
Panama Hats,
Kool Caps

MITCHELL'S

The Men's Store

ASHLAND'S

Third Annual

20
Hair Raising
Contests
DAILY

ROGUE RIVER ROUND-UP

\$3,000
In
CASH
Prizes

July 4, 5 and 6 A Real Live Thrilling Show

50 Contestants From Klamath County,
Northern California and Southern Oregon

10 World Famous Performers For Special Events

Fifty Wild and Woolly Long-Horned Steers for Bulldogging and Steer Roping,
Bucking Burros and Bucking Bulls, 15 Head of Blue Blooded Racing Stock
For RELAY, ROMAN, CHARIOT AND NOVELTY RACES

GRAND
Street Parade
Gorgeous
Fireworks
Brass Band
Concerts

Performance Daily 2:30 P. M.

Admission:
Children 35c
Adults 50c and \$1.00
War Tax Added

Seating Capacity 15,000 People

JAZZ BAND
Dance, Patriotic
Address
And Free
Entertainment
In Lithia Park