

ASHLAND TIDINGS

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Fraternal Orders and Societies
Advertising for fraternal orders or societies charging a regular initiation fee and dues, no discount. Religious and benevolent orders will be charged for all advertising when an admission or other charge is made, at the regular rates. When no admission is charged, space to the amount of fifty lines reading will be allowed without charge. All additional at regular rates.

The Tidings has a greater circulation in Ashland and its trade territory than all other Jackson county papers combined.

Entered at the Ashland, Oregon, Postoffice as second-class mail matter.



EVERYMAN'S PLEDGE

"America shall win this war!
Therefore, I will work, I will
save, I will sacrifice, I will en-
dure, I will fight—cheerfully
and to my utmost—as if the
outcome of the struggle depends
upon me alone."

SHELDON FOR SPEAKER

Ben Sheldon has announced his candidacy for speaker of the legislature. The Portland Oregonian, Telegram and Journal all carry a fine write-up on his candidacy. As southern Oregon has been honored but once in its history with the speaker-ship, when E. V. Carter was elected. Ben's candidacy is well received by the press of the state, and he stands a splendid show of election.

STANDING BACK OF THE GOVERNMENT

Next to dishonor, war is the greatest calamity that can befall a nation. We are now beginning to realize how far-reaching its effects are. It is not too much to affirm that the war affects to some degree the condition of life of every man, woman and child in the country. From the loss of life itself the sacrifice runs all the way down the scale to a slight deprivation of comfort or luxury.

But for every widespread disaster there is usually a small modicum of good to place in the other side of the balance. It may not apparently make a hair's weight of difference against the ill, but it is there and perceptible if we look for it. What have we of good to set against the evils of war?

Our answer would be, greater national unity. A year ago we were for the most part a country of individuals, individual communities, individual states. Men were pursuing their own objects, communities were not looking beyond their own improvements, states were caring for their own people.

Now all horizons are broadened. When a man sees his son or his neighbor's son going forth to war, his thought involuntarily goes out to the environment of that boy, the conditions he will meet, and the government which provides or regulates them. He realizes that the government will have to provide these boys with the simple necessities, food, clothing and shelter. It will also have to provide them with training, transportation, weapons, artillery and air-

craft for their protection, medical services and hospital for their care, and a hundred other essentials. And the man also begins to realize that it is up to him in his individual capacity to stand back of the government, to take his part in providing these absolutely necessary things in his own rightful protection, either from his abundance or from his bare sufficiency.

And we need only to see the banners of the Third Liberty loan in the windows of homes throughout the land to understand how magnificently the individuals have risen to their duty and their opportunity. Everywhere in the homes of the rich and the homes of the poor alike the banners signal proudly: "I have given as I can to the call of the nation. It is my nation and I am with it heart and soul in the hour of its need."

We cannot estimate the aggregate sacrifices which this splendid showing required. In many cases it meant the giving up of comforts, perhaps of cherished plans. But each man who has subscribed for his bond or bonds feels that he is a component of his country, that he stands or falls with it, and that it is a country that is worthy of his sacrifice. He is in harmony of feeling with his neighbor, his community, his state and his nation.

Every Piece of Meat From the

East Side Market

Is a Good Piece.

That's the only kind we handle.
Wholesale and Retail.
FISH ON FRIDAYS.

OYSTERS AND CRABS IN SEASON.
James Barrett, Prop. Phone 188.

FOUR MILLION MEN IN ARMY BY JANUARY 1

The present schedule of the war department is said to contemplate the arming of 4,000,000 men by next January 1st. That would mean the calling of 1,000,000 men between July and January, and the absorbing not only of the men remaining in class 1 from the first registration but of those placed in that class under the recent registration, as well as some 200,000 expected to be put in that class as the result of the reclassification recently ordered.

Should congress decide that it is necessary at this time to extend the draft age limits below 21 or above 30, or both, no opposition will be offered by the war department.

In authorizing this statement Secretary Baker said the department could see no immediate need for such action, although the date already is in sight when it will become necessary to replenish the class 1 reservoir.

A bill by Senator France of Maryland to extend the draft to men from 18 to 45 is now before the senate military committee, and at a hearing on it last Saturday, Provost Marshal General Crowder gave it as his opinion that extension of the draft ages would be necessary.

All previous estimates of the department relating to manpower have been based solely upon the men in class 1. General Crowder stated spe-

cifically in his report on the first draft that it would be the policy of his department to refrain from touching the other classes.

The present emergency, however, with its resultant demands for the speedy organization of forces far in excess of the number contemplated, have upset these decisions.

Officials have always declared that the difference between members of class 1 and class 2, from the viewpoint of eligibility for service, was too minute to be seriously considered. The invasion of this class, it is said, would not affect the economic machinery of the nation to any disastrous degree.

Congress is to be asked by the war department for an appropriation to provide for forces other than American troops.

This has been learned authoritatively but it was said that no definite project has been discussed, nor has the matter reached the point where it has been the subject of diplomatic communication.

The natural assumption is that any troops to be trained here would come from some one of the nations in the western hemisphere who have joined the allies.

It is reported that the request for the appropriation will be made before the present session of congress ends.

PRICE INTERPRETATION SYSTEM TO BE ISSUED

Portland, June 27.—A price interpretation system, through which the public will be given full information regarding the cost to retailers of all staple food commodities, together with a suggested price at which such commodities should reasonably be offered for sale by the retail dealer to the consumer, is now being inaugurated in Oregon, in accordance with a food administration plan which is nation-wide in scope.

Assistant Federal Food Administrator Newell, in announcing the inauguration of the system said: "The information regarding the cost of important food commodities to the dealer will be secured by price interpretation committees, who will also determine and suggest the reasonable figure at which these staples should be sold to the consumer. It should be remembered that the wholesale dealers are already under license and that their margins of profit are already limited under national food administration regulations. It would be impossible, however, to govern the profits of the retailer this way, because of the varying conditions in different localities, hence the need of the price interpretation system, which will extend in every county in the state."

"Each county administrator will form a committee, in the personnel of which will be represented every class of retail dealer, and the wholesale or jobbing industry who supplies the retailer, as well as the consumer to whom the retailer sells."

"These committees will make their weekly investigations and give out their schedule of price interpretations through the local newspapers. It should be understood clearly that these prices, however, will not be definite or absolute, but are merely suggested prices that will be reasonable for both consumer and dealer at the time and in locality where they are published."

RELATIVES NOTIFIED OF CASUALTIES IN FRANCE

Relatives of soldiers named in the casualty lists forwarded from France ordinarily are notified within 24 hours after receipt of the lists, according to a statement authorized by the war department. A statistical division, with a staff of officers and a corps of stenographers gives all its time to the maintenance of files of soldiers' names and addresses. This division notifies relatives.

A copy of the roster of each contingent sailing to join the expeditionary forces is filed in card index fashion, each card bearing the name and address of parent or other relative or friend designated by him to be notified in emergency. When a casualty list is received from General Pershing each name cabled from the American expeditionary force is listed with the emergency address on file in the card index. As rapidly as the new list with emergency addresses is built up the telegraph clerks get duplicates. These clerks already are supplied with blank telegrams which require only the relative's address, the name of sender, nature of casualty and the date, and filling in the blank spaces they get the telegrams off as quickly as possible.

In addition to maintaining the telegraph blanks for the sake of speed the statistical division is supplied with set of form letters to be filled in and mailed when further details are available.

While relatives are generally in receipt of information within 24 hours after the cables are received, delays are sometimes due to clerical errors

caused by the fact that names must pass through so many hands both in France and America, incorrect emergency addresses turned in by soldiers, removal of families to addresses other than those listed, and the occasional necessity of cabling back to General Pershing to verify a name or to obtain an address.

Aside from these four causes of delay the only reason for the failure of relatives to receive word at once is military consideration. General Pershing may at his discretion withhold a casualty list until he is positive it will have no military value to the enemy.

BURLAP BAND TRAPS FOR CODLING MOTH

The time has come in the Rogue River valley to supplement the arsenate of lead sprays for codling moth with other methods of codling moth control.

A very effective supplement to spraying is found in the burlap bands. These burlap bands may be used in two ways: First, burlap bands placed around the trunks of trees and these bands examined every few days during July and August and all the existing larvae destroyed.

Second, burlap bands enclosed with strips of window screen have been used in other localities and found to be more effective and no work is necessary for examination after these bands are placed on the trees.

The young larvae after leaving the fruit in mid-summer will crawl along the trunk of the tree and force their way through the screen and then cocoon up in the burlap bands and when they emerge as moths they cannot escape through the screen. Of course, not all of the worms will be caught in this manner, but a great many will be trapped and it will assist greatly in reducing infection from the second brood of moths.

Where the burlap bands are used

"The Bank with the Chime Clock"
Be a Bank Patron

THIS not only gains a man good prestige in the business and financial world, but proves of steady influence to him. There's something about the tie binding the First National Bank and its depositors which breeds success.

Store your valuable papers in one of our Safe Deposit Boxes.

The First National Bank
ASHLAND, OREGON

EV. CARTER, PRES.
CH. VAUPEL, VICE-PRES.
J. W. MC COY, CASHIER
CLARK BUSHNELL, CLERK

without the screen it is always necessary to examine the bands and destroy the worms before they emerge as moths.

Orchardists with old orchards are urged to adopt this means at this time as a supplement to their spraying operations. For further particulars see the county pathologist.

Dated June 24.
CLAUDE C. CATE,
County Pathologist.

COAT FARMER WITH TAR AND FEATHERS

E. E. Kellogg, a well-to-do farmer living near Oregon City, was given a coat of tar and feathers last week by a band of citizens, who declare his actions and words had been unpatriotic and offensive.

Neighbors state that Kellogg has opposed every war movement, has re-

fused to arise when the Star Spangled Banner is played, has refused to buy Liberty bonds or war savings stamps or subscribe to the Red Cross, and is feeding wheat to his stock.

Members of the band that disciplined Kellogg were not identified. They took him three miles from his home and forced him to walk back. When they told Kellogg their plans he begged to be released, saying he would support the war.

Kellogg, who is between 50 and 60, has lived in this section all his life. He now lives alone, his wife having recently obtained a divorce.

Neighbors said they had complained to federal authorities several times but became disgusted with Kellogg when he became insolent and decided to take direct action.

Old papers for sale at the Tidings office.



BILLS

The Packer's Bill for Live Stock

For the first six months of our operations under the Food Administration, ending April 30, 1918, Swift & Company			
paid for live stock	- - -	DRESSED WEIGHT LBS. 1,558,600,000	\$323,800,000
For the same period in 1917		1,338,300,000	\$210,400,000
Increase in Weight 16 1/2%	-	220,300,000	
Increase in cost 54%	- - -		\$113,400,000

The Consumer's Bill for Meat

must necessarily have increased correspondingly, as Live Stock prices and meat prices fluctuate together.

When the producer gets high prices for his live stock, the consumer's meat bill must necessarily be larger.

Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company,
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

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