



Norman
a New
ARROW
COLLAR

A close fitting, graceful collar with smartly cut curved front, that admits of easy cravat tying.

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., Inc. Makers, Troy N. Y.

2 for 25c



J. F. HITTSON,

Candidate for Sheriff of Jackson County.

[Paid. Adv.]

You have something you do not need. Somebody else needs it and has what you want. Twenty-five cents puts your proposition before two thousand people through the "For Trade" column of the Tidings.

The Commercial Club is desirous of obtaining good specimens of grains and grasses for exhibit purposes. Will those who have such kindly leave at the Commercial Club rooms? if

CITY FIRE ALARM SYSTEM.

Fire Chief, phone 66.
Chief of Police, phone 88.
Residence, phone 123.

2-6 Bells
Cor. Main and Wimer streets.

2-8 Bells
City Hall.

3-5 Bells
Cor. Granite and Nutley streets.

4-6 Bells
Cor. Main and Gresham streets.

5-3 Bells
Cor. Iowa and Fairview streets.

6-4 Bells
Cor. Fourth and A streets.

7-3 Bells
Cor. Sixth and C streets.



"Fire Burns Down, and Fire Insurance BUILDS UP."

One follows the other quickly when you hold a Policy in such companies as this office represents.

No matter how much or how little Fire Insurance you need, from \$1,000 to \$100,000, let us place it. Do it now; tomorrow may be too late.

BILLINGS AGENCY
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

ERADICATE THE RAT!

A Disease Breeder and Carrier That Serves No Good Purpose.

Rats are dangerous. They have no legitimate business, nor can they serve any good purpose in any community. Sanitarians are well agreed that rats are a serious menace to health. They are so filthy in their habits as tenants of the sewers and as feeders on everything dirty and diseased that it is no wonder they are carriers of disease, parasites and plague infection.

That rats are afflicted with many diseases more than bubonic plague is confirmed by Dr. Rupert Blue, surgeon general of the United States public health service, who, speaking on this point, says: "Other infections of the rat are trematodes, or flukes; cestodes, or tapeworms; nematodes, or round worms; protozoa, insects and vegetable microbes." Of the rats examined in San Francisco 34 per cent were infested with tapeworms.

Plague is primarily a disease of the rat. It is communicated from the plague stricken rat to other rats and from rats to man by means of fleas, as the principal agent, yet it has been determined many times that handling a rat that has been dead of plague only a few hours gives the infection almost instantly. Two small boys while playing in an unused cellar found the body of a dead rat. The corpse was buried with unusual funeral honors. In forty-eight hours both were ill with bubonic plague. A laborer finding a sick rat on the wharf picked it up with the naked hand and threw it into the bay. He was seized three days later with plague. But the flea is the chief inoculator. Fleas abandon a rat dead of plague and go in search of living beings who still have warm blood circulating in their veins. Biting man they inoculate into him the living virus which starts the disease.

Since plague is a disease due to rats and rat fleas and not to fifth or dirty habits, there's only one thing to do to avoid plague, eradicate the rats. This can be done by making war on them with traps, poison and starvation, and by "rat proofing" against them; that is by building them out. As a result of the Chinatown plague epidemic in 1907, so efficient was the ratproof constructions that followed, that rats and plague were entirely "built out" of that part of the city.

FIRST CATCHER'S PAD.

It Was Worn by Charlie Bennett of the Old Detroit Team.

Charlie Bennett, the noted catcher of the famous Detroit team of 1886-7, often told with delight the story of how he and his wife made the first catcher's breast protector.

It was a constant source of worry to Mrs. Bennett to watch her husband being made a target for the speed merchants of thirty years ago. And she fully realized the pressing necessity of some kind of armor to prevent the hot shot sent through by these speedy slabmen from caving in a rib or two which belonged to her better half.

After much deep thinking and considerable labor the Bennetts shaped out something that had a faint resemblance to the protector worn today.

In a private trial it worked fine, and in the tryout Charlie would let the ball slip through his hands and bang up against his chest without experiencing the slightest jar. After Bennett got used to it he wore it in a regular contest, and, with the eyes of thousands of spectators upon him, he would let a fast one hit him square on the chest. The ball would rebound back almost to the pitcher.—New York World.

Deaf Mute Church Work.

Religious work among deaf mutes was established in 1849 by Dr. Galaudet, who started a small Bible class for them in a room in the University of New York. The Churchman, an Episcopal weekly, says that at the present time there are thirteen ordained clergymen, twelve of whom are themselves deaf, ministering to the spiritual needs of 35,000 deaf mutes in the United States of whom there are fully 20,000 in the southern section. The salaries of the missionaries to the deaf range from \$1,000 to \$1,800 annually, and a very few of them have their expenses, in addition, provided.

They Seldom Do.

A half witted fellow living in one of our country villages makes it his business to attend all funerals and comment on them for days afterward. Recently he received an invitation to the wedding of a relative. The next day after the wedding a neighbor asked, "And how did the wedding go off, Jim?"

"Oh, there was a pretty fair crowd turned out considerin' the weather," Jim answered solemnly. "Mary, she looked right nice, but I didn't think Rob looked very natural."—Indianapolis News.

Posted.

"Papa, what is an escutcheon?" "Why?" "This story says there was a blot on his escutcheon." "Oh, yes. An escutcheon is a light colored vest. He had probably been carrying a fountain pen."—Houston Post.

The Three Graces.

First Girl—I know Jack hasn't much money, but we can live on faith, you know. Second Girl—And hope, too, I suppose? Third Girl—And charity!—London telegraph.

Impossibilities are merely the half hearted efforts of quitters.—Herbert Kaufman.

TAXPAYERS KIND TO CHAMBERLAIN

His Salary As Office Holder Exceeds \$100,000—Asked "How Was It Spent?"

Since R. A. Booth, Republican candidate for United States Senator, answered the question, "Where did you get it?" Republican papers have raised the question for George E. Chamberlain, the Democratic nominee to answer, "How did you spend it?" Some industrious digger has compiled the list of public offices Chamberlain has held since coming to Oregon from Mississippi and calculates that Chamberlain has drawn down more than \$100,000 in money contributed by taxpayers. It is how Chamberlain spent this money that Republicans are curious.

One newspaper editor recounts that Chamberlain has been Attorney-General, District Attorney, Governor and United States Senator, holding some of these offices more than one term, and that Chamberlain since entering public life has scarcely ever been off the payroll, as he entered upon a new job before the old one was worn out.

In his explanation of "where he got it," Booth told the story of his life. Democrats say that Booth is an aristocrat and does not belong to the plain people. Booth's own narrative recounts how he was one of a family of 12 children; that he lived in a log cabin, worked on a farm and took his pay in chickens; punched cattle, herded sheep and otherwise helped support the family until he was 21 years old and paid for his first "store clothes" by gathering wool from bushes and taking the hides from sheep which died on the range. He struggled hard for an education and acquired it. He was a day laborer, and day laborers are supposed to be plain people. By industry he met with success and associated with others he built up a sawmill industry which developed the timber resources of interior Oregon.



R. A. BOOTH

Booth's statement included the declaration that at times the sawmill he managed employed 1300 men and the payroll exceeded \$80,000 a month. The concern brought into Oregon more than \$10,000,000 of outside money and farmers, merchants, laborers and entire communities received the major part of this sum, directly or indirectly. The Republicans point out that Booth's rise from a farm hand and day laborer is to his credit and that hundreds of other Oregon boys are developing the same way. They also point out that the industry which Booth's efforts built up brought into the state more money than the Government has appropriated for river and harbor improvements in Oregon since the state was admitted to the Union.

During the period that Booth was turning timber into a stream of gold which was flowing through interior Oregon, spreading prosperity to workers and merchants, the Republicans declare that Chamberlain was drawing a salary from tax funds as an office-holder. Having been born in Oregon and lived here all his life, Booth's supporters contend that he knows its people and the needs of the state as well as any man can and, having made good, whether as a farmer, cowboy, sheepherder, bookkeeper or sawmill man, he can make good in the Senate.

The impression that Booth is a millionaire has been gained because of the great commercial enterprise which he caused to grow from almost nothing and because of the large contributions he has given to educational and other betterment works. Booth confesses that he never was a millionaire and that his holdings in the business he managed was very small; in fact, it is about 3 per cent, or \$65,000.

Insistently, some of the Republican papers declare that it is as important in judging the fitness of a man for office to know how he spends his money as it is to know where he gets it. They point to the large donations made by Booth to show where he has been spending his money for the benefit of the commonwealth, and they keep asking Chamberlain, "Where did you spend it?"

Breakfast in a warm room



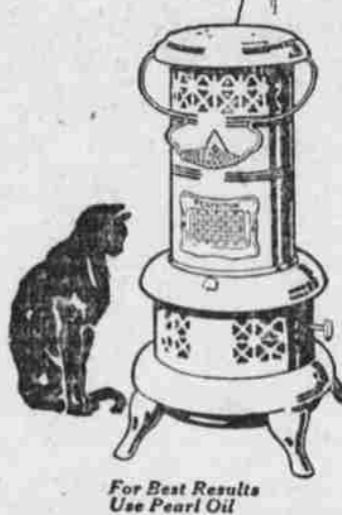
It gives the day a cheerful start. The

PERFECTION OIL HEATER

quickly chases the chill from bed-room, bath-room, dining-room, nursery. Easily carried from room to room.

Dealers everywhere Write for booklet "Warmth in Cold Corners."

Standard Oil Company (CALIFORNIA) Portland



For Best Results Use Pearl Oil

Lithia Water

Fresh from Ashland's New Lithia Spring

COLD AND REFRESHING Always on tap at Grieve's Soda Fountain.

Try two glasses each day for that Kidney or Stomach Trouble.

The Results Will Surprise You.

\$2 THE YEAR \$2 Strictly in Advance

Southern Oregon's Big Twice-a-Week newspaper

The Ashland Tidings STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

MAKE THE

HOTEL MEDFORD

Your Home and Resting Place.

Visitors to Medford will find this modern hotel both convenient and accessible place from which to shop and meet friends. Rooms \$1.00 up. Hot and cold water in every room. Courteous attention.

Ladies will find large, comfortable and airy parlors and reception room. Meals served a la carte in spacious dining room. EMIL MOHR, Prop.

YOUR RESTING PLACE.

Ashland Billiard Parlor

10 East Main St.

J. P. Sayle & Son

WHY YOU SHOULD VOTE FOR



HON. ROBERT A. BOOTH,

Republican Candidate for United States Senator.

Are you better off now than you were under a Republican administration?

Are you satisfied? If you believe in the principles of the Republican party, if you are convinced that these principles are best for the country, then prove it by voting for your standardbearer, Robert A. Booth, Republican candidate for the United States Senate.

You know that under Republican presidents the people of the United States have good times.

You know that under Democratic presidents you have Democratic times.

Remember the prosperity under McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft.

Remember conditions under Cleveland and Wilson.

The issue in this campaign is not one of personality. It is not one of non-partisanship. It is a question of whether you prefer prosperity under Republican administration.

Do you have work enough? Are your wages good? Is your business what you want it to be?

If you are satisfied with present conditions, well and good; if you believe that the present situation is better than under McKinley, Roosevelt and Taft, you know what to do.

The way to bring back prosperity is to help elect a Republican Senate. The Republican candidate in Oregon is R. A. Booth.

(Paid advertisement. R. A. Booth Campaign Committee, Morgan Bldg., Portland, Ore.)

Voters, Beware!

The Dental Trust, with all its powerful political organization, is moving heaven and earth to defeat the dental reform bill.

In every town and city members of the Trust are out working against the bill.

The Medical Trust is helping the Dental Trust by forcing nurses and druggists, under threat of boycott, to work against dental reform.

All kinds of campaign lies are being circulated to deceive the voters. Don't let the Trust scare you.

The Trust made the present dental law. Under this law it controls the State Board of Dental Examiners. Every member of that board is a member of the Trust.

In this way competent dentists are kept out of Oregon, and the Trust prevents competition and keeps up prices.

VOTE YES X 340

And Bust the Dental Trust.

PAINLESS PARKER,

Dentist.

Sixth and Washington Sts., Portland, Ore.

[Paid. Adv.]