

Classified Advertisements

(Continued from Page Three.)

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—New 1913 model Indian motorcycle, run less than 1,000 miles. Talent Lumber Co., phone Main 1.

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, 5-room plastered house, close in. Worth \$1,200; will sell for \$650 if sold within a week. See McWilliams & Edgington, 73 Oak St. 21-4f

FOR SALE—This is your opportunity. One hundred acres of well-watered alfalfa land (the best alfalfa land in the world), six miles from the S. P. R. R. in northern California. Large house and barn in excellent condition. Title perfect; abstract awaiting your inspection. Owners selling on account of advanced age. Price \$150 an acre. Three or four thousand dollars in Ashland residence property will be taken in part pay. Terms on part of balance can be had if desired. If dairying is engaged in this ranch can be made to pay \$100 an acre a year. Sixty acres of same kind of land adjoining can be had (balance of the quarter section) at same price and on terms, no property exchange. For particulars address T. J. Nolton, Montague, Calif. 21-4f

LEAUE OF PRODUCERS

Enthusiastic Meeting Held in Commercial Club Rooms Last Saturday Evening.

The Producers' Development League held its meeting as advertised in the Commercial Club rooms Saturday night. The meeting was quite well attended but should have had a much larger hearing of the ranchers of this vicinity. The meeting was a regular business session of the league at which various reports were read—as well as a stirring talk by Professor Reimer of the Experiment Farm at Talent. The committee appointed some weeks ago to look up the matter of purchasing dairy cows and increasing the dairy business of this locality reported that they found it possible to do but little until they discovered how many and what grade of cows were wanted by the small ranchers. With commendable zeal the league adopted its committee's recommendation that a man be employed to canvass the community, at the league's expense, and gather this information. This is certainly a fine idea and should result in creating a great deal of interest in the dairy business.

The league's committee on the proposition to establish a public market in Ashland reported progress. It has conferred with the committee from the City Council and agreed to give the league's hearty support to a market if the city will start one, commencing early next year. For the reason that much produce needed for the successful conduct of a public market must be provided for now, the committee was continued and advised to keep in touch with the City Council committee with a view to assuring the establishment of the market next year.

Professor Reimer was scheduled to speak on vetch, but after listening to the interesting talks on the dairy question he took up that question and brought out some very important points—dealing also with the question of fertilization of land incident to the keeping of dairy cattle. His talk was a plain matter of fact discussion readily understood by those present and was undoubtedly of great benefit. He also dwelt on the subject of seed corn and the producing of vetch and other forage crops.

COMMERCIAL SEASON CLOSED.

No More Commercial Fishing in Rogue River This Year.

At midnight last Thursday commercial fishing ceased on the Rogue in Josephine county, the closing law going into effect at that hour. The upper river remains closed until next June, when another sixty-day season opens. It is expected that many of the fishermen will continue to ply their trade clandestinely and the fish warden are prepared for trouble. Invasion of Jackson county is expected and all anglers are requested to co-operate by furnishing information concerning the commercial fishermen seen violating the law.

Sale of trout and steelhead is absolutely prohibited under the law. Salmon caught with rod and line can be sold, but the salmon season is nearly over, the fish soon beginning to spawn.

The Grants Pass fishermen and their Oregon City allies have enjoyed a good season, the total catch for the season being estimated at from 100,000 to 175,000 pounds, with an average market price of eight cents in Portland, which netted the fishermen upwards of \$10,000.

Three men are under arrest at Grants Pass for illegal fishing under dam and will be prosecuted.

Peck Will Collect Flora.

Prof. M. E. Peck, who taught the nature classes at Chautauqua, left Tuesday morning for Crescent City and will go up the coast to the mouth of Rogue river and follow up the river to Grants Pass. Mr. Peck is making a collection of the flora of Oregon for Willamette University. He has already secured 1500 specimens, 700 of them from Josephine and Jackson counties. He expects to secure 500 to 600 more on this trip.

The sanitation of the city of Jerusalem, which is being effected at the expense of an American millionaire, has greatly reduced the prevalence of malaria and other diseases in the Holy City.

REVISION OF THE LAWS

Changes in Statutes Applying to Homesteads Being Pushed by Chamberlain.

Colleagues of Senator Chamberlain have been frankly envious of his rather startling record of getting three bills passed by the senate in one day. It is something to be proud of under any circumstances, and especially so at this session when anything except tariff and currency topics are practically taboo. The three bills were: First, allowing agricultural entries on lands withdrawn on the supposition that they contain oil; second, providing for a state forest reserve in Oregon; third, Senator Borah's modification of the homestead bill.

Of the three, perhaps the last is the most important. This may be said to be especially so as regards settlers in Oregon, Washington and Idaho, where the natural conditions, such as occasional heavy growths of timber, make the clearing of the land difficult and expensive.

In the report which accompanied the bill when it was reported by the committee on public lands, of which Senator Chamberlain is chairman, the following statement occurs: "During the second session of the Sixty-second congress there was passed what is known as the three-year homestead law. In that law was inserted a clause which provided for the cultivation of not less than ten acres of land during the second year and of twenty acres during the third year of a homestead entry made under the general law—that is, an entry for 160 acres. Prior to the passage of that act no specific amount of cultivation had been required respecting a homestead entry of 160 acres. The attention of the committee has been called to the fact that the effect of this clause is to work a material hardship to those who are honestly endeavoring to secure homes, who, by reason of their limited means, cannot do so upon a great deal of the public lands. The result has been to put in peril a number of homesteads throughout the west, and in some instances they have been held for cancellation."

The purpose of the bill is contained in the following proviso, appearing on page 2 of the bill: "Provided, That the entryman in lieu of cultivation required herein may make improvements upon his entry by constructing fences or buildings, by slashing, clearing, or in other ways preparing the land for cultivation, by planting orchard, or by otherwise making the homestead habitable or capable of production, said improvements to aggregate an amount each year of not less than \$1.50 per acre, except that in cases of entries under section 6 of the enlarged homestead law the amount of improvements shall be not less than seventy-five cents per acre."

The committee struck out of the bill this language: "But the secretary of the interior may, upon a satisfactory showing, under rules and regulations prescribed by him, reduce the required area of cultivation."

In view of the large number of persons directly and indirectly affected by this proposed law, it may be well to give its full text. It provides "that the provisions pertaining to cultivation by entrymen of homestead lands as set forth in the section of the act approved June sixth, 1912, entitled 'An act to amend section 2291 and section 2297 of the revised statutes of the United States, relating to homesteads,' be amended to read as follows:

"Provided further that the entryman shall, in order to comply with the requirements of cultivation herein provided for, cultivate not less than one-sixteenth of the area of his entry, beginning with the second year of the entry, and not less than one-eighth beginning with the third year of the entry, and until final proof, except that in the case of entries under section 6 of the enlarged homestead law double the area of cultivation herein provided shall be required; provided, that the entryman in lieu of cultivation required herein may make improvements upon his entry by constructing fences or buildings, by slashing, clearing or in other ways preparing the land for cultivation, by planting orchard or by otherwise making the homestead habitable or capable of production, said improvements to aggregate an amount each year of not less than \$1.50 per acre, except that in cases of entries under section 6 of the enlarged homestead law the amount of improvements shall be not less than seventy-five cents per acre; provided, that the above provision as to cultivation shall not apply to entries under the act of April twenty-eight, 1904, commonly known as the Kincaid act, or entries under the act of June seventeen, 1902, commonly known as the reclamation act, and that the provisions of this section relative to the homestead period shall apply to all unperfected entries as well as entries hereafter made upon which residence is required."

Flowers for City Fathers.

Before the council meeting had been called to order Tuesday night three ladies came in bearing bouquets with which they proceeded to decorate the tables of the mayor and the two side tables of the councilmen. While no one was looking a small boy slipped in and even laid a bunch of sweet peas on the press table where the Record editor sat in solemn grandeur. The ladies were from the Free Methodist church—being the wives of Rev. Childs, Councilman Ashcraft and Night Police Hatcher. The spokesman stated simply: "The ladies of the Free Methodist church stand with the council for purity"—reference evidently being made to the recent vice crusade. The mayor thanked them and the council gave them a vote of thanks at the close of the meeting.

At present there are only two herds of wild buffalo in this country. There are two or three other herds in semi-captivity.

SHRINERS AT KLAMATH

Committees Preparing for Ceremonial Which Will Make Locals Sit Up and Take Notice.

Hillah Temple of Ashland is preparing for a great Shriners' Ceremonial at Klamath Falls on the thirtieth and members far and wide are being urged to come with "red fez and green card" or "forever after kick themselves for missing a good thing. Already twenty-three unregenerate sons of the desert have signed up to "cross the burning sands" and nearly as many more are "under conviction" and have expressed a desire to "Join the caravan." This is the last ceremonial Hillah Temple will pull off in 1913 and it is working to push its membership above the three hundred mark before 1914.

The main bunch of local Shriners will go to Klamath Falls by auto, probably on the twenty-ninth. They plan to return by way of Crater Lake and Medford. For those who go by train the Southern Pacific has granted a rate of one-and-a-third fare for the round trip—providing extra coaches and special baggage car for the Nobles and their ladies.

Promptly at eight o'clock on the thirtieth the steamer Winona will whistle out from the docks for a trip to Eagle Ridge Tavern and Harri-man Lodge—all Nobles and their ladies being carried at the expense of the Temple exchequer. At Eagle Ridge Tavern lunch will be served at twelve, also at the Temple's expense.

The boat will return to Klamath Falls by about four o'clock in the afternoon and the parade will form at about five and proceed to the place of ceremony. Joe Hurt is the mainspring of the stunt committee and O. J. Stone has charge of the ceremonial refreshments. Nothing will be left undone to make the affair a success. During the hours of ceremonial the ladies will have the use of Masonic hall for whatever entertainment they see fit to put on.

On Sunday, the thirty-first, autos will be in readiness for all who desire to make the trip to Crater Lake—the charge being fifteen dollars for the round trip. Those who do not wish to take the Crater Lake trip will be given a free auto trip out through the picturesque Merrill valley and other surrounding territory. At eight Monday morning trains leave Klamath Falls bearing the Shriners homeward—those having cars leaving at their own discretion. The roads are reported fine.

Resolutions of Respect.

Resolutions of respect to the memory of the late R. H. Burns, a member of the club, were adopted as follows:

"Inasmuch as the Wise Father above has removed from our midst Mr. R. H. Burns, one of our esteemed members, who in every movement for the advancement of the interests of the city was always foremost, and especially to whose untiring efforts the procuring of financial aid necessary for the maintenance of the Ashland Polytechnic and Business College was largely due, therefore:

"Be it resolved by the Ashland Commercial Club, in regular session this fourth day of August, 1913, that we hereby express our full appreciation of all services thus rendered by him, and extend our sympathy to the bereaved widow and family, and

"Be it further resolved that this resolution be placed on file and copied in full in our minutes and that we transmit a copy thereof to the bereaved widow and son.

Geo. W. Seager, Clark Bush, F. S. Engle.

The Routledge-Barnes Wedding.

F. G. Routledge, who for some years past has been connected with the Western Union Telegraph Company at Ashland, but recently promoted to the Portland office, and Miss Mamie Barnes, who has most efficiently filled the responsible position of cashier at the local exchange of the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company in Ashland, were on Wednesday morning, August 6, at 6:30 o'clock, united in holy marriage by the Rev. William Riley Jeffrey, Jr., pastor of the Newman Methodist Episcopal church, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Barnes, at Grants Pass, on North Ninth street.

The bride was beautifully gowned in pure white, while the groom wore the conventional black.

It was not only an impressive and meaningful ceremony, but it was also beautiful, and that because love ruled the hour, which sealed destiny for life.

Only the immediate members of the family were present, namely, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Bert Barnes, and also the children, Dorothy and Don Barnes.

Miss Mamie had been at home visiting her parents for some weeks past. She is a beautiful character, and justly popular among a large circle of friends. Mr. Routledge has indeed secured a prize in this fair daughter of southern Oregon.

Mr. and Mrs. Routledge left on the morning train for their honeymoon trip. They will stop on their way at Corvallis to visit Miss Maude Barnes, a sister of the bride, whose duties as librarian at that place kept her from the wedding. They will then be at home to their friends in West Portland after September 1. A host of friends in southern Oregon will say:

Sail away, sail away, While love rules the day, REV. WM. R. JEFFREY, JR.

A NEW ROAD PROGRAM

Petition Conforming to Wishes of County Court Being Circulated in Jackson County.

Petitions having the approval of the county court, calling for a road bond election, are now in circulation. They call for the issuance of \$500,000 bonds bearing interest at five per cent, and were drawn to meet objections of the court to the former petition, which asked for \$700,000 thirty year bonds, and provides for the retirement of \$100,000 in ten years and a similar amount every five years thereafter.

"This retirement provision will enable the county to find a ready purchaser for the bonds," states Judge Tou Velle, "as this is the class of bond sought by insurance companies. If the bonds carry, it will mean the expenditure of \$500,000 of new money among our own people and give Jackson county the first paved highway in Oregon, materially conveniencing and benefiting the entire county, and place it in the lead of highway construction in the northwest, as well as make it the mecca of all auto tourists on the coast."

The petition reads as follows: "We, the undersigned registered voters of Jackson county, Oregon, respectfully petition,

"That you call a special election for purpose of submitting to the voters of Jackson county, Oregon, the question of issuing bonds to provide for the construction of permanent roads in said county, the amount of said bonds to be the sum of \$500,000 and the time for which they are to run to be respectively as follows:

\$100,000 to mature ten years from the date hereof.

\$100,000 to mature 15 years from the date hereof.

\$100,000 to mature 20 years from the date hereof.

\$100,000 to mature 25 years from the date hereof.

\$100,000 to mature 30 years from the date hereof.

The bonds aforesaid to bear interest at the rate of five per cent per annum."

The kaiser's pet hobby is the collecting of ties. He is said to have more than 5,000 stored and catalogued, ranging from cotton ones in purples and yellows that would startle a plowboy to the costliest specimens of embroidered cravats.



Complete Visible Writing

This is the great distinctive feature of the Model 10

Smith Premier Typewriter

Complete Visible Writing means not only that the writing itself is visible, but that the operating machinery which produces the writing is also visible. Above all, it means that the keyboard is completely visible.

Why? Because it is the only typewriter having a key for every character—hence the character printed by each key is always the same.

This distinctive feature has won for the Smith Premier Typewriter a vast army of loyal users.

Smith Premier Department Remington Typewriter Company

The stamps of Persia show the lion and the sun—the lion as a symbol of power and the sun as an emblem of the ancient fire worship of the Persians. A natural cave near Marshall, Ark., is used as a cold storage warehouse for potatoes, the temperature constantly remaining between 42 and 52 degrees.

COMPLY With the Law

AND USE

Printed Butter Wrappers

ACCORDING to the ruling of the Oregon Dairy and Food Commission all dairy butter sold or exposed for sale in this state must be wrapped in butter paper upon which is printed the words "Oregon Dairy Butter, 16 (or 32) ounces full weight," with the name and address of the maker.

To enable patrons of the Tidings to easily comply with this ruling this office has put in a supply of the standard sizes of butter paper and will print it in lots of 100 sheets and upward and deliver it by parcels post at the following prices:

- 100 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces..... \$1.35
250 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces..... \$1.85
500 Sheets, 16 or 32 ounces..... \$2.65

Send your orders to us by mail accompanied by the price of the paper and it will be promptly forwarded to you by parcel post, prepaid.

We use the best butter paper obtainable, and our workmanship is of the best. Let us have your order and you will not regret it.

Ashland Tidings

PHONE 39