

COUNTY COURT REPORT

Grind of the Jackson County Court Mostly Routine Work for Last Week.

Marriage Licenses—Milton Ottman and Maude Gaines.—Harwin Fremont Harrington and Ossie Morris.—Wallace Wilson and Cornelia Deane.

Probate—Estate of Ole Erickson, order appointing Julia Erickson administratrix and John A. Norling, O. N. Nelson and R. G. Jeffrey appraisers.—Estate of James Walter Ryan, order appointing Laura A. Ryan administratrix and John Orth, W. B. Jackson and Fort Hubbard appraisers.—Estate of Victor E. Snyder, final report and account filed and approved.

UNIVERSITY DEFEATED.

Supreme Court Renders Decision Reversing Former One.

Salem, Ore.—After weighing all the evidence adduced in behalf of the University of Oregon in a suit brought by it against Secretary of State Olcott to restrain him from placing on the ballot title two bills making appropriations for the institution, on the ground that the petitions asking that they be referred to the people are fraudulent, the supreme court Tuesday reversed the decision of Judge Galloway of the circuit court, which was in favor of the institution, and dismissed the case, and the bills go on the ballot.

This was the second time the case was up before the supreme court for adjudication. The court in its former decision reversed Judge Galloway on the ground that injunction proceedings to restrain a public officer could not be brought by a private citizen. The university to comply with this decision brought the suit a second time in the name of District Attorney J. H. McNary of this county, and while holding that its procedure in this respect is legal, the court rules against the other contentions raised by the university lawyers.

The main point upon which the university hoped to win its case was that of fraud, it being contended that there was a sufficient number of names on the petitions to invalidate them. The supreme court holds that there are sufficient good names, after the forged and fictitious names are eliminated, to refer the bills. It further holds against the contention of the university to the effect that the fact that a number of names were fraudulent, the rest of the petitions would be contaminated and invalid.

The university's attorneys also raised a contention that each sheet must have the title of the law sought to be referred printed on it, but the court holds against this view. It also ruled against the contention that it was not within the jurisdiction of the court to go beyond the petitions filed, and inquire into the fact whether the signatures are forged or otherwise illegal.

The opinion is written by Justice McBride and concurred in by all members save Justice Eakin, who presents a dissenting opinion. Judge Eakin holds that each sheet containing blanks for signatures, in his opinion, must contain the title of the law.

ANTI-FOREIGN FEELING.

Chinese Warned Not to Ally Themselves With Movement.

Cheng Tu.—Alarmed by the spread of anti-foreign feeling in western China, President Lo Luen of the Ko-Lao-Huei, a political secret society whose power throughout the country rivals that of the government itself, has issued warning to the members of the organization to ally themselves with no anti-foreign movement under the penalty of the severest discipline.

"You must understand international laws," the proclamation explains, "under which nations permit commerce, and preaching in one country by subjects of another. Many Chinese go abroad and establish temples or engage in business in foreign lands just as foreigners do in China.

"As republicans, too, you ought to study freedom, one item of which is religious liberty. It would hardly be fair for us to insist on the right to be Confucians, Buddhists, Taoists, or Mohammedans and to deny others the right to believe in Christianity.

"Even if Chinese missionaries in China have sometimes been violent, it is because the men were bad—not their religion. The monks of Yuan dynasty and the Taoist priests of the time of Sung were guilty of treachery, debauchery and violence, but their religions were not stamped out. Unscrupulous and high-handed Confucian priests in China prey on the people insatiably, but no one speaks against Confucianism.

"In fact, there is good in everything and the innocent must not be made to suffer for the black sheep."

WILL FOLLOW TEDDY.

Bryan to Stump Country on Heels of Opponent.

Seagirt, N. J.—That William J. Bryan's work to secure the election of Woodrow Wilson may be second only to that of the governor himself is the campaign plan being mapped out here by the presidential candidate and his advisers. It is planned for Bryan to take the stump and chase Roosevelt around the country, taking the colonel to task for the "mysterious influence" that induced George W. Perkins to become his enthusiastic supporter.

Colonel Bryan, it was said, will visit Wilson a few days after the latter has been notified, August 7, that he is the democratic presidential candidate, at which time the campaign plans will be perfected.

THE CHAMPION IS DEAD.

Great Egg Producer Passes Away at Corvallis.

The poultry yards of the Oregon Agricultural College have lost their champion egg producer, Miss Corvallis, a hen with a record of 32 1/2 pounds of eggs a year, has died. The post mortem examination showed a ruptured oviduct through which a quantity of egg yolk had escaped into the body cavity, and the growth of the membrane which attempted to enclose the tumor thus formed caused a fatal stricture of the intestine.

Miss Corvallis, registered No. A-122, was a Barred Plymouth Rock from an incubator hatch of February, 1910. All of the chicks of that brood were hatched from eggs of trap-nested fowls bred for high egg production. She laid her first egg November 12, 1910, and in the next 19 days of the month furnished 10 more eggs to the college egg basket. In December she laid 22 eggs, in January 23, in February 19, and in March 26. In April she laid 23 eggs, and was broody two days. Then she laid continually to the middle of June, when for six days she insisted on sitting. She had but two more broody seasons—in July and August—and otherwise continued laying. Her banner month was October, when in 30 days she laid 27 eggs.

At the close of her first year she had a record of 259 eggs, weighing 32 1/2 pounds and worth at market prices \$6.40. Though not the highest egg production on record, it shows what can be done by careful breeding. She was developed after four years of selection from a show stock pen of hens having an annual production of 79 eggs each. Of the hens bred from this stock, 25 per cent laid more than 200 eggs apiece last year, individual records running from 259 down to six.

BARGAIN SALE MACHINERY.

Uncle Sam Must Dispose of \$15,000,000 Worth.

The largest bargain sale of machinery in history is promised upon the completion of the Panama canal. To dispose of machinery costing more than \$15,000,000 is the problem confronting government authorities when the canal is opened.

Although understood in a general way, Colonel Goethals, superintendent of the canal work, reports actual figures of machinery bought since the United States began digging the "big ditch." Here are a few of the principal items:

Steam shovels, 102; cars, 4,181; locomotives, 189; rock drills, 725; cranes, 79; dredges, 14; barges, 44.

Many of the locomotives and cars will be useful in operating the canal and the Panama railroad, but most of the dredges, steam shovels and mountains of other steel implements will be put on the block for sale.

Secretary of the Interior Fisher has suggested the plan of transferring much of the discarded machinery to Alaska for use in constructing a government railroad to the interior of that territory. If congress does not authorize the federal railway in Alaska, however, most of the Panama machinery will be sold for the best price it will bring.

Colonel Goethals emphatically declares, however, that the French plan of leaving discarded machinery to rot and rust will not be adopted by this country. Uncle Sam is too thrifty. Old, corroded, discarded machinery once used by the French in their attempt to dig the canal were monuments of their failure, lining the canal route until the Americans took charge. Some of the old French material was used, but most dumped into the jungle far away from the excavations.

RESISTS VACCINATION.

Gunner's Mate Says Religion Forbids Compliance With Orders.

Washington, D. C.—Taught by his creed that it would be wrong for him to submit to vaccination as a protection against typhoid fever, John J. Kapsa, Christian Scientist and one time gunner's mate on the battleship Delaware, lived up to it, and as a result of disobeying naval orders was court martialed, reduced to the rank of seaman without pay and today is serving a sentence of one year at hard labor at the disciplinary barracks at Port Royal, S. C.

Senator John D. Works of California, who also is a Christian Scientist, is aroused over Kapsa's case and intends to bring the facts before the navy department in person.

The vaccination order was issued December 1, 1911. Kapsa balked, explaining that his religion forbids such treatment; that his record proved he never was ill, and that he did not need the treatment. When Kapsa persisted in his refusal he was put in the brig and his court martial and sentence followed.

WILL NOT HONOR VOUCHER.

Secretary Olcott Refuses to Draw On Normal Appropriation.

Salem.—Raising the contention that the failure of Attorney General Crawford to appeal from the judgment entered in the circuit court here in favor of the Monmouth normal school, in a suit brought by it to restrain the secretary of state from placing on the ballot a bill making the \$50,000 appropriation for the institution, had made the judgment final, the executive committee of the normal school board asked Secretary Olcott to honor a voucher presented against the appropriation. Upon the advice of the attorney general the secretary declined the request. It is probable that the board will bring legal action to compel the secretary to honor the voucher.

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Wives of Opposing Political Leaders at Baltimore Convention



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AMONG the most keenly interested spectators of the proceedings of the Democratic national convention were the wives and daughters of men prominent in the political life of the nation. Miss Genevieve Clark, the seventeen-year-old daughter of the speaker, had the time of her young life in watching the varying fortunes of her father's candidacy. Mrs. Taft came up from Washington and sat in the box reserved for Norman E. Mack, chairman of the Democratic national committee. Chairman Ollie James' remark, "Theodore Roosevelt says Mr. Taft is a friend of the trusts, and Mr. Taft says Theodore Roosevelt is a friend of the trusts, and I believe both told the truth," seemed particularly to amuse her, and she led the applause of her little party at the close of the permanent chairman's speech. Mrs. Mack, wife of the national chairman, in the same box, was also an attentive observer of the lively doings among the excited delegates. Mrs. Taft is seen at the right in the photograph, Mrs. Mack at the left.

WOULD REPEAL RECIPROCITY.

President May Advise Congress to That Effect.

Washington.—President Taft indicated to several western senators who were active opponents of Canadian reciprocity that he would favor the repeal of the act. Some of those with whom the president talked think he may send a message to congress on the subject, or will state his position in his speech of acceptance when the committee of the Chicago convention notifies him on August 1 of his nomination.

Senate leaders say that so far the president has had no direct communication with the finance committee on the subject nor sent any communication to the senate saying he favors the repeal. Taft will not withdraw his own support of Canadian reciprocity as a principle, it is understood, but will take the position that the United States should not continue an offer that Canada refuses to accept. The reciprocity law continues in effect in the United States, notwithstanding Canada's refusal to endorse it.

Sensors McCumber, Heyburn, Gorman and others have urged its repeal and an amendment was put on the steel tariff bill, recently passed by congress and now in conference, providing for such action.

Place for sale? House for rent? Want anything? A few lines in the Tidings' want columns will do the business.

THIRD PARTY IN ILLINOIS.

Strong Fight Expected to Prevent Its Organization.

Chicago.—"Without the needed word from Governor Deneen, Colonel Roosevelt would not have had the Illinois delegation to the republican national convention and he would have been robbed of the benefit which his Illinois victory gave him in other states."

That is the answer which many republicans are making to the decision by some of the Roosevelt admirers to have a third state ticket in Illinois, because the governor and his associate republican nominees have refused to abandon their party and go over to the new organization which is being formed by Colonel Roosevelt.

Should the convention obey the dictates of those leaders who are demanding a third ticket, many republicans who supported Roosevelt, but who refused to desert the republican party, say they will join in the fight against the progressives on the ground of ingratitude and failure to live up to the principle of a square deal for all.

John Heath, Michigan Bar, Calif., had kidney and bladder trouble and was confined to his bed, unable to turn without help. "I commenced using Foley Kidney Pills and can truly say I was relieved at once." His example is worth following if you wish to attain good health. East Side Pharmacy.

HOTEL WAS SACKED.

Hostelry at Crater Lake Looted During Past Winter.

Word of an act of vandalism, the equal of which has never been heard of in this section, was received in this city when F. R. Haywood of the Crater Lake Hotel Company arrived in the city on a trip in the interest of the transportation problem to the lake.

Some person had lived at the camps of the hotel company during the past winter and had wrecked everything he could lay his hands on. It was a terrible condition that was presented to the vision of Mr. Haywood and A. L. Parkhurst, general manager of the hotel company, when they arrived at the Arant camp June 29, after a hard trip in a snowstorm.

The store rooms had been broken open and the supplies that were not eaten were scattered around the camp. Wood was thrown on the carpets; asphaltum was boiled in enamel lined ware; dining room tables were sawed up; holes were chopped in the floors; the entire supply of firewood was burned; lead pencils were thrown over the place, and general ruin was discernible everywhere.

The work of repairing the damage has occupied considerable time, and the cost has been considerable.

No evidence was found to indicate that the vandal was a trapper. A man was seen coming from the vicinity of the camp last March. He was described by those who saw him passing through Fort Klamath as the hardest looking specimen seen in that section in ages. This is believed to have been the man who committed the depredations.

How he was able to get to the camp in the winter time is a mystery. And how he was able to travel from Arant camp to the rim, loaded down with provisions, is another problem hard to solve.—Klamath Herald.

SPINSTERS CENSURED.

Colorado Preacher Denounces Old Maids as Detriment.

Grand Junction, Colo.—Undaunted by the comment by Miss Helen Gould upon his sermon, in which he asserted old maids should be isolated on a barren island as a waste product, Rev. Elmer V. Hunter, of the First Christian church, again insisted that old maids were a detriment and a menace to society, and advised Miss Gould to seek a mate incognito in the backwoods.

"Miss Gould is a noble woman," he said, "but her nobleness would be greatly enhanced were she married. I don't attempt to dictate to Miss Gould what she should or should not do. Miss Gould has done more good for humanity than any other bachelor girl in this age and she can still do unlimited good."

"No woman has done her duty to the world until she has borne children. Miss Gould is in a peculiar position because of her riches. She cannot be sure she is being wooed for love alone. The only way to solve this problem is for Miss Gould to accept a position in the backwoods incognito. Here she might find the right one, a righteous, industrious man, who would love her for her true self, and not for wealth. Her riches have handicapped her in the real enjoyment of life, and I dare say she is not as happy in her private car with her maids as is my servant girl."

"If Miss Gould wants two weeks of real enjoyment, two weeks of real happiness, let her disguise herself as a waitress in a cheap restaurant; let her clerk in a store or work as a chambermaid—anything so long as she earns her own living and lives on less than \$10 a week."

SNOW Baffles Parker.

Attempt to Ascend Mount McKinley to Top Falls.

Fairbanks, Alaska.—Prof. Herschel Parker of Columbia University and Belmont Browne of Tacoma arrived at Tolovana, on the Tanana river, last week, and reported that they failed to reach the summit of Mount McKinley. Two attempts were made, one on the north and the other on the south peak. An altitude of 20,200 feet was reached on the south peak and 19,000 on the north peak.

Mount McKinley terminates in twin peaks each approximately 20,500 feet high. Several blizzards about the summit prevented the scaling of the peaks. More than a month was passed on the mountain. All the members of the party are in good health. Professor Parker said a severe earthquake was felt while the party was on the mountain.

Professor Parker and Mr. Browne will return to Seattle via St. Michael. They have many excellent photographs taken while the expedition was on the mountain.

MITCHELL SENTENCED.

Labor Leader Given Nine Months in Jail for Contempt.

Washington, D. C.—John Mitchell, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor, was sentenced yesterday to nine months in jail on the charge of contempt of Justice Wright's court in which Samuel Gompers and Frank Morrison also are involved.

Mitchell was absent when sentence was passed, having waived the right to appeal immediately. It was noted after sentence was pronounced that Justice Wright offered to suspend sentence if Mitchell would promise hereafter to obey the orders of the court. This Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison have already refused to do.

The sentence of Mitchell and of the two other labor leaders grew out of alleged contempt of Justice Wright's court through a convict proceeding out of the boycott of the American Federation of Labor on the Bucks Stove and Range Company of St. Louis.

TRANSFERS OF REALTY

Deeds That Have Been Filed For Record in Jackson County Since Last Report.

F. I. Franham to Susan A. Helman, lot 8, block 14, Ashland.—H. R. Lamkin to George H. Creighton, property in H. L. White's add., Ashland.—Ed A. Estes to G. W. Pellet, property in Ashland.—Rodney Est. Co. to G. P. W. Jensen, land in twp. 36, 3 E.—Francis C. Kellogg to O. S. Welscher, land in twp. 37, 2 W.—Jennie Fawcett to Mary I. Wilson, land in twp. 38, 1 W.—Annie E. Hensley to L. M. Rhodes, lots 13 and 14, block 4, Central Point.—F. L. Tou Velle to Frank McKee, land in twp. 36, 2 W.—H. E. and Lois Porterfield Trovillo, property in Central Point.—Arthur W. Arubuckle to Fannie P. Davis, 10 acres in town 39, 1 E.—Geo. H. Creighton to Mrs. Mary Pruett, lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, block 1, H. L. White add., Ashland.

BUGS BOTHER LIGHT.

Puget Sound Beacon Obscured By Flying Insects.

Monster bugs and myriads of flying insects swarmed out over Puget Sound the night of July 17, buzzed around the incandescent oil vapor light at the New Dungeness light station, one of the most important aids to mariners in the north Pacific, and made life miserable for Keeper Edward A. Brooks. The incident was so unusual that Brooks sat down to his typewriter as soon as the pests had taken their departure and wrote a letter about the strange visitation to Lighthouse Inspector Beck.

Moreover, the keeper filled a match-box with a few of the midnight marauders he managed to capture and sent them to the inspector for inspection and classification. Each of the bugs is about an inch long, has a beam of .5 of an inch and a depth of the same dimension. Great wings built like those of an aeroplane fold close to the sides. Although somewhat larger, Mr. Beck says they bear some resemblance to the Spanish fly, which infests some sections of the southern part of the United States. Stripes similar to those on a lightning bug run longitudinally along their backs. In general construction they are little different from the June bug.

So far as has yet been determined they are a new species. This is what Keeper Brooks has to say about them in his official report:

"During the night of July 17 the insects and bugs gathered around the light in such quantities it was difficult at times to keep the light burning."

"The night was calm and warm, which necessitated having as much ventilation as possible, which gave access to the bugs; also the night was very dark, making the light to shine brightly."

"One mantle was broken and it seemed at times the old lamp would have to be substituted to keep the insects from the light."

"This is the first time a phenomenon of this kind has ever bothered the light. I am sending you a sample of some of the bugs or beetles under a separate cover."

Big Welcome for Athletes.

New York.—A truly national welcome awaits the American victors in the Olympic athletic games in Stockholm, when they arrive here today on the steamship Vaderland. About two-score of the American team, including the majority of the star performers, will arrive on the Vaderland. The remainder of the team are sightseeing in Europe and will not return home until later.

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, June 5, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that John Harrington, whose postoffice address is 446 East Oak street, Portland, Oregon, did, on the 14th day of September, 1910, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application No. 06597, to purchase the N. 1/4 NW, 1/4 Section 34, Township 40 S., Range 1 West, Willamette Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisal, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised \$225, the timber estimated 450,000 board feet at 50 cents per M, and the land \$—; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 23rd day of August, 1912, before the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

BENJAMIN F. JONES, Register

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