EDITORIAL NOTES.

Well, fellow Republicans, how will it seem to have the sparkling, scorehing John J. Ingalls again in the senate from bleeding Kansas?

Colorado and Kansas strike hands across the bloody (bridles) chasm, and mutually confess that they are tired of Waite and Lewellyn and their antics.

David Bennett Hill is still a United States Senator, but as a presidential possibility he is buried 150,000 ballots deep. Ah, David, if you had only been shrewd enough to positively decline that Tammany nomination!

Cleveland and Hill might wear away the sharp edge of their mutual emnity now by a communion of sack-cloth and ashes. Hill is the victim of one of those big New York landslides that occur at intervals in political history, but Cleve-landism—well the whole country has fallen heavily upon the "stuffed prophet" and his administration.

The "solid south" still holds its im mutable position in the politics of the country, contrary to the hopes of many sanguine people—chiefly populists—who were predicting that the old lines would be totally obliterated or badly demoralized by the "pew issues" injected into ized by the "new issues" injected into the southern campaign. The Republican party will be stronger than ever through the reflex influence of this unbroken democratic devotion of the South.

The prophets who were counting upon the election of a populist president of the United States two years hence by reason of the election being thrown into the House of Representatives, where the populists were to handle the "balance of power," have taken in their prognostica-tion shingles. The next House of Representatives will count a large Republican majority in the vote by states, and the failure to give any candidate a majority of electoral votes in November 1896 will mean the election of a Republican by

The U.S. Senate now contains 44 democrats, 38 republicans and 3 populists. Estimates of its status after the changes made by the elections this week give the Republicans 44 of the 88 members, just half, and the Republicans are said to hope for Peffer's help in organizing, giving them a bare majority. The democrats will lose a senator each in Kansas, New Jersey and South Carolina and the Republicans will probably lose one in Nebraska, but will gain five. The populists are given five senators in the estimates, and Stewart and Jones are counted with them as lost to the Re-

Oregon is the only state in which Congressional election was not held last Tuesday, and state officers also were voted for in California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Wisconsin, Washington and Wyoming. Full state tickets were voted for in all of these except Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Montana, New York, North Carolina, Ohio and Washington. In New York a governor and lieutenant-governor and judges, and in the others last named minor officers and judges were elected. In every state except Nebraska and South Carolina the populists had a full state ticket. There was a democratic-populist fusion in the former, and in South Carolina there was no populist ticket. In North Dakota the populists and republicans fused. Nevada has a "silver" ticket, and it is one of the only two states not having a prohibition-ist ticket, the other being Tennessee.

THE SCHOOL BOOK QUESTION.

The Oregon press is discussing the school-book question with much ardor and varying degrees of information and misinformation. A vigorous assault, led by the Oregonian, has been made upon the American Book Company. The American Book Company now has its grip upon the Oregon schools, and the assault is made in the interest of some other book concern that wants some of the profits now chiefly absorbed by it. The charge is made that the American Book Company uses money liberally in bribing county school superintendents and other persons influential in the selec-tion of books for the public schools, and then recovers it through extortionate treatment of the patrons of the schools when they are compelled to buy its books. The charge is most likely true, though the American Book Company makes in pamphlet and newspaper-plate form a list lengthy "answer to its defamers," which begins with the beautiful quotation from Shakespeare: "Be thou as chaste as ice "and as pure as snow, thou shalt not "escape calumny." Now, the Tidings hasn't the slightest idea that the American Book Company is "as chaste as ice or as pure as snow," but it is probably just about as chaste and pure as the other book companies who are trying to sup-plant it in the Oregon trade. This, however, is not the matter at issue at all. The question of interest to the public is, which is the better for the people of Oregon and the patrons of the public schools —to retain the books now in use, or to exchange them for others published by some other book concern? It is a question almost exclusively of dollars and cents. No one believes that the text books now used in our schools are so defective or so undesirable that it would be worth while to change them at any considerable pecuniary cost to the people of the state. Minor or trifling differences in text books play no important part in the educational work of the schools, and we cannot afford to make a change just to gratify somebody's preference for style of type or binding or for idiosyncrasies of pedantry or normal theory. Then, if the books now used answer their purpose well, let us not adopt others unless the state or its people can make a sure and material saving of money by doing so. Experience in the past has shown that a HALINOIS. change costs more than it is worth.

But why not try something that is worth while? Why cannot the superintendents of the counties of Oregon come together on a proposition to the American Book Company that its books shall be retained if the company will enter into a compact to furnish them at a reduced cost to the schools hereafter. The present prices are altogether too high. Books that should retail at from 15 to 25 cents in their cheap pasteboard binding are sold to the school children at from 30 to 75 cts. per copy. The excessive price is the exaction of monopoly in the field and | legislature probably republican on joint in the copyright of the text books. The people who select the books for our schools would do a real service to the people of Oregon if they should be able

New Jersey—republicans claim eight of the Congressmen of the state. Demo-crats concede them five.

New Jersey—republicans claim eight of slight downward pressure on the penholder. The machine is a rare combination of strength simplicity and lightto bring the American Book Company or some other company to better terms and state by from 50,000 to 70,000. reasonable prices before delivering to them the rich field for trade furnished by

ASSAULTS ON PROTECTION RE- of two United States senators.

Everything Gone Republican Except the Solid South, Nebraska and Ne-

Hill of New York, Wilson of West Virginia and Sockless Jerry Simpson Among the Missing.

	SOME REPUBLICAN PLURALITI	ES.
	New York	150,000
	Pennsylvania	
	Massachusetts	50,000
	Michigan	50,000
	Wisconsin	20,000
	Ohio	120,000
	Washington	15,000
	Illinois	80,000
	Kansas	35,000
	Colorado	15,000
	Connecticut	7,500
	Iowa	60,000
	New Hampshire	15,000
	Delaware	1,100
1	N. Dakota	10,000
1	S. Dakota	4,000
1	Montana	5.000
1	Idaho	2,000
١	Wyoming	2,500
1	Utah (on Congressman)	2,000
	Indiana	40,000
	West Virginia	2,000
		_,000
	STILL DEMOCRATIC.	
ı	Texas	100,000
ı	Miegiegippi	50,000

As predicted by all cool-headed observers of public sentiment throughout the country, the elections of Tuesday effected a revolution in the political complexion of the government. Today all branches of the government are in the hands of the Democrats. After the 4th of March next the Republicans will have a large majority in the House of Representatives, and a distinct gain in the Senate, though not a majority, owing to the margin of control falling into the hands of populists. In the present house the democrats have 220, the republicans 125 and the populists 11 members. By the Tuesday election the republicans are given a majority of 90 or more, showing an astonishing change throughout the whole country except in the solid south.

New York leads the revolution with a majority of 125,000 to 150,000 for Morton over Hill, and with a republican majority in the legislature. In New York city, Tammany is flattened out in the most pronounced way, her candidate for mayor, Hugh J. Grant, being badly beaten by Strong, the republican nominee, and Hill's vote for governor being only 4,000 more than Morton's, instead of 50,000 ahead as expected. This result is particularly interesting viewed in connection with the boastful attitude of Grant, as revealed in the following statement issued over his signature the evening before the

"Tomorrow the democrats of the city of New York will give an overwhelming plurality for the state ticket, headed by D. B. Hill, and the city ticket, headed by myself. I shall assume the mayorality January 1, pledged to give offices only to men who can and will administer them for the public good. Being a democrat, I shall use democratic means to do whatever the public needs to have done."

But Kansas, "bleeding Kansas," comes up with 30,000 republican majority and elects a republican congressman in each of her seven districts. Besides this she elects a legislature which will stand 45 republican on joint ballot.

And Colorado-Sixteen thousand republican and a majority of ten for the republicans on a joint ballot of the legis-

And William L. Wilson, who named a bill and made a speech at a banquet in London-William L. is beaten by a republican for Congress in his district down in West Virginia. Ah, if he could only have run in London!

the state has gone republican. The legislature is very close, and republican candidates for supreme judge, superintendent public instruction, and railroad commissioner may be elected.

Denver, Col., Nov. 7.- Latest returns show that the republican ticket will have 20,000 plurality. Shafroth, rep., elected to congress from first district and probably Brown, rep., in second. Legislature 54 republicans and 43 democrats and popu-

WILSON DEFEATED.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 7.-Wilson's defeat for congressman is now conceded

Charlestown, W. Va., Nov. 7.-Gov. McCorkle gives up state. Says republi-cans will have majority in legislature. Elkins will be the next senator. FAILED TO VOTE.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 7.-While republican plurality of this state is nearly double that of McKinley last year the total vote for the ticket falls short, showing the result due to democrats staying at home and not voting.

IN CALIFORNIA. Budd, democratic candidate for governor, is elected over Estee by from 1,000 to 2,000. Maguire is elected to congress in the 4th district, dut the other six congressmen will be republican, as will also the remainder of the state ticket. The legislature is strongly republican. Antirailroad sentiment was worked to its hottest pitch against Estee.

LITTLE DELAWARE, TOO.

Wilmington, Nov. 7.-Delaware com plete gives a republican majority of 1100. Republicans elect congressmen and governor. Legislature will stand 18 republicans and 12 democrats. This insures a

ILLINOIS. Chicago, Nov. 7.-Chairman Tanner says republicans have plurality in Illinois of over 125,000, and have elected 19 congressmen out of 22 with 2 remaining still

in doubt. Omaha, Nov. 7.—One-third of state heard from. Returns indicate election of Holcomb, pop-dem, for governor by small plurality. Republicans have probably elected congressmen, with result in Sixth district still in doubt. Outside of governor, republican state ticket elected and

the exclusive right to sell books for use beaten at the polls by the friends of one-quarter the size of an ordinary type-Breckenridge.

Michigan-Republicans elect entire state ticket by from 25,000 to 40,000, ten out of twelve congressmen and three-fourths of the legislature, insuring return

Nevada—Silver party elects all its nominees probably, but material republican gains are made.

In San Francisco Adolph Sutro, the millionaire who headed the populist ticket, is elected mayor. Over in Siskiyou county the entire county republican ticket is elected except Wadsworth for treasurer, though Budd has a plurality over Estee.

Oklahoma Outlaws.

Perry, O. T., Nov. 4.—News came here by courier today from Stillwater, that S. J. Dunlap, postmaster at Red Fork, O. T., 50 miles east of here, was shot to pieces by the Cook gang yesterday. Dunlap owned the store and the gang ordered him to unlock the postoffice safe, which he refused to do, and they shot him full of holes. They robbed the store and postoffice. Officers are after the gang. Guthrie, O. T., Nov. 4.—Meager particulars have been received here of a desperate fight between the Cook outlaws and United States deputy marshals, near Perry, O. T., Nov. 4.-News came here and United States deputy marshals, near Sasabka. Two officers and one bandit were killed, and two bandits wounded.

The Oriental War.

London, Nov. 5 .- A Shanghai dispatch says the Chinese troops have evacuated Chin Lein Cheng, and now occupy a mountain pass on the highroad to Peking. Orders have been given the military com-manders to defend Peking at all hazards. The Japanese army is marching northward, aiming to get behind General Sung's army. It is expected that all foreigners will be requested to leave Peking within a fortnight.

Nankin, Nov. 5.—An imperial decree has been received by the viceroy of Che-Kaing province to proceed to Tien-Tsin and relieve Li Hung Chang of the seals of the acting vice-royalty of Chi-Li.

GIVING UP HOPE. London, Nov. 5.-A Shanghai dispatch

"Orders have been issued rescinding the projected dispatch of large supplies of rice for the army at New Chwang. It is due to the fact that the board of war has abandoned all hope of staying the progress of the Japanese army in Man-churia." The dispatch adds that many Chinese merchant vessels have recently been placed under the German flag.

London, Nov. 5.—The Daily News says the Chinese minister has imparted to the

London, Nov. 3.-In an interview tolay Volhowsky, the nihilist leader, agreed with the statements made by Stepniak yesterday. Volhowsky said:

"I do not regard the personality of the czar as of great importance at the mosuch that no czar would be able to stop coming events. If the czar wants to show a new policy, the first thing he has to do is to grant amnesty to the political prisoners now in Siberia and elsewhere. The present form of opposition in Russia is essentially drawn from that which prevailed during the second half of the reign of Alexander III. Today all parties are revolutionists, including the extremists. They have one common conviction-Russia must have a representative govern-ment. I expect that some government officials and officers of high rank, who are among the revolutionists, will use their personal influence with the young czar and show him that if he wants to enjoy immunity from attacks and go through the streets like Queen Victoria, he has only to become a constitutional monarch. Why should the new czar die of worry like his father?"

Maj. Wasson, who was \$20,000 short in his accounts with the government while acting as paymaster down in Texas, is reported to have killed his wife and himself in Mexico last week.

Railroads in Oregon.

The railroad commissioners are now at work on their annual report, and some London—William L. is beaten by a republican for Congress in his district down in West Virginia. Ah, if he could only have run in London!

AND OLD MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 7.—It looks as if the state has gone rapublican. The state has gone rapublican. The state has gone rapublican. roads, many of them, have been operated at a great loss. In 1884, the number of miles of railroad constructed and operated in this state by the various lines now consolidated under the system known as the Southern Pacific lines in Oregon was 443; in 1894, the total mileage is 653. The maximum freight rate per ton per mile for the past 10 years was in 1884, it then being 4.21 cts. per mile, and the num-ber of tons of freight hauled one mile, per mile of road operated, for that year was 25,130. The highest tonage was in 1892, when the amount reached 60,631 tons per mile; in 1894, the tonage was 42,932, and the rate 2.40. There has been a gradual reduction from 1884 to the present time in freight rate, much more than corresponds with the increased tonnage. By reason of the thinness of the traffic, the less length of average haul, as well as the steeper grades to be over-come, the average freight train load in was severely criticised in some sections because of the Southern Pacific tariff effective in 1893. That tariff equalized the rate over all the lines of the Southern Pacific Company in the state. It raised it in most cases. In fact, the rate paid for the year 1894 was \$2.40 per ton per mile, the lowest since the company went into the lowest since the company went into business; and the new grain schedule, effective October 10, 1894, will reduce it still more. In fact, the earnings of the company show a falling off as compared with last year of over \$500,000.—[Ex.

An Oregon Typewriter.

Mathias Jensen, of Astoria, has just finished the model of a new typewriting machine. The invention is made on nearly the same principle as the old Remington, with rollers to carry and hold the paper and an inkstrap to ink the types. It is operated by an ordinary penholder, held in the ordinary way, and the characters representing the types are marked on a plate so closely together that a "pointer," to which the penholder is joined, can be conveniently placed on any letter by the simple motion of the fingers, while the hand itself is at rest on a fixed plate. The "pointer" is so con-nected with a type-wheel, by means of springs and levers, that when placed approximately near to any character on the plate a corresponding type on the wheel will be in proper position to be accurately copied on the paper by a nation of strength, simplicity and lightness, and the inventor says can be sold Kentucky-Owens, who beat Brecken- at a profit for \$10. It will weigh less ridge for the nomination for congress, is than eight pounds and is not more than

writing machine.

THE official reports

show that no baking powder received an award over the Royal at the Chicago World's Fair.

The judge of awards on baking powder writes that the claim by another company to have received the highest award is false; that no such award was given to it.

The Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest baking powder made, and has received the highest award at the Great International Expositions and World's Fairs wherever exhibited in competition with

It makes the finest, lightest, sweetest, most wholesome bread, cake and pastry. More economical than any other leavening agent.

Teachers' Examination.

The regular quarterly examination of applicants for teachers certificates will be held at the Court House in Jacksoners mediate with Japan for peace. The minister has gone to Paris to make a similar request of France. ville, beginning on Wednesday, Nov. 14th, 1894. Applicants for state diplomas and state life diplomas will be examined on the 15th and 16th at the same place.

GUS NEWBURY,

A cough which persists day after day should not be neglected any longer. It means something more than a mere local irritation, and the sooner it is relieved ment. I am convinced that the upheaval of political spirits in Russian society is It is prompt to act and sure to cure.

Scrofula

In Its Worst Form-"White Swelling" Cured. The remarkable effect of Hood's Sarsapar-

illa in the following case illustrates the power of this medicine over all blood diseases: "My son, 7 years old, had a white swelling come on his right leg below the knee, which contracted the muscles so that his leg was drawn up at right angles. Physicians lanced the swelling, which discharged freely, but did not help him materially. I consid-

A Confirmed Cripple. I was about to take him to Cincinnati for an operation, expecting his leg would have to be taken off, and began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla in order to get up his strength. The medicine woke up his appetite, and soon pieces of bone were discharged from the sore. We continued with Hood's Sarsaparilla, as it seemed to be doing him so much good, and the discharge from the sore decreased, the swelling went down, the leg straightened out, and in a few months he had perfect use of his leg. He is now apparently as well as ever." JOHN L. MCMURRAY, Notary Public,

Ravenswood, W. Va. Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries. Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

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Bedding, Mouldings, Mirrors, Window Shades, Picture Frames, Baby Carriages, Boys' Wagone, Etc. SEWING MACHINES,

Woman's Friend.

So successful and delightful have been the

effects of "Moore's Revealed Remedy" upon the

delicate ailments of womankind, that this wor

derful remedy has been called "Woman's

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Remedy.

In a few doses shows womankind its peculiar

virtues for their ailments. Its effects are gentle,

Hundreds of testimonials from ladies all over

soothing and uniformly successful.

the Coast bear witness to its soccess.

Sold by all druggists.

Largest Stock of Furniture in Southern Oregon to Select From

J. P. DODGE, Opera House Block, ASHLAND, OREGON.

come, the average freight train load in Oregon is far less than in any other part of the United States; in other words, all the roads in the United States average a freight load three times as great as in Oregon. The average rate of wages paid railroad employes in Oregon is about a long of the control of the United States average a freight load three times as great as in Oregon. The average rate of wages paid railroad employes in Oregon is about the control of the United States average a freight load three times as great as in Oregon. The average rate of wages paid railroad employes in Oregon is about the control of the United States average a freight load three times as great as in Oregon. The average rate of wages paid railroad employes in Oregon is about the control of the United States average a freight load three times as great as in Oregon. The average rate of wages paid railroad employes in Oregon is about the control of the United States average a freight load three times as great as in Oregon.

and wait too long before getting in on these

CASH BARGAINS!

Just think of those fine \$18 and \$20 suits— every one of them marked down to \$15 at O. H. BLOUNT'S CASH STORE.

Take a look at our immense line of pants, the prices will please you.

Mens' Hats, Derbys, from 50 cents up. Mens' Wool Hats, 25 cts. Extra good line of Boys' Shoes (button, lace or congress) all at \$1.50 pair. Mens' Knit Underwear, 25

Boys' Fine Fedora Hats, \$1. Boys' Heavy Boots, 12 to 6, \$1.50 a pair. Boys' Hats, 25 cents up. Mens' Seamless Cotton Sox, 6¼ cts. up. Try them— they are first class for wear. Boys' Underwear, 25 cts. up.

We guarantee our \$3 U.S. Mail Shoes equal, for wear, to any shoe you can buy, no difference how high the price is.

WE ARE OFFERING GREAT BARGAINS IN MENS' BOOTS AND SHOES.

Do not forget that our terms are strictly CASH: and we do not have to make up what YOURS TRULY, we lose on some one else.

Ashland, Oregon.

O. H. BLOUNT. THE CLOTHIER.



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And you will see the dry goods world of 1894-5 in a nutshell; in short everything you want at the price you want it. Our prices make it profitable to trade in Ashland and you cannot buy elsewhere to better advantage. Our exhibit of fall and winter goods is unsurpassed.

Vaupel, Norris & Drake.



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We'll not ask you to dwell long on this point. Make it short and sharp. We simply rise to remark that Kinney & Provost make a specialty of sharp, keen edged wares of every description. If want low prices they will satisfy you and at the same time give you the best goods to be found.

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EAGLE ROLLER MILLS.

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