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Probate court first Tuesday after first, Monday of each month. County Commissioner's court—first Wednes-day after first Monday in each month.

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PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY.

ASHLAND TIDINGS.

VOL. XIX.

ASHLAND, OREGON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1894.

NUMBER 29.

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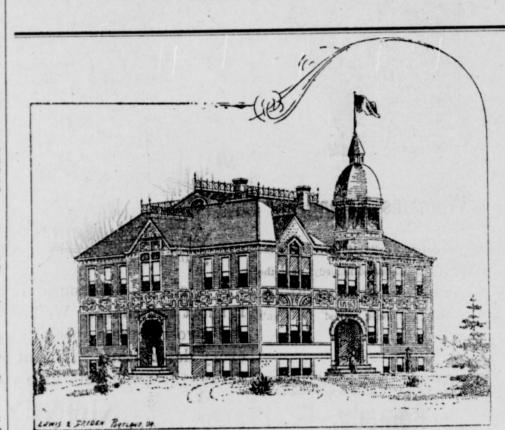
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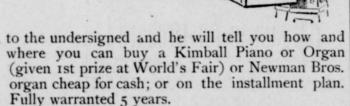
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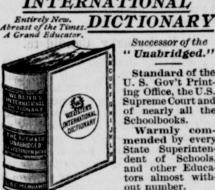
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Real Estate Swindler Caught.

New York, Sept. 12 .- A man was arrested in this city yesterday who, it is asserted, has made in the neighborhood of \$1,400,000 by getting men to invest in remarkable land schemes. His victims are scattered all over the country. One was Rev. Georgel Stanbery, an Episcopal clergyman, formerly of Lexington, Ky., from whom he secured about \$30,000. of the tariff legislation of the present The administrators of the clergyman's congress estate caused the arrest. Algeron H. Wilcox is the name of the promoter. He made his headquarters in Philadelphia. The methods of his operations were similar in each case. He bought Western property of little or no value, organized stock and sold stock to investors. He captured Wall street men and Long Island farmers. He drew heavily upon the carefully hoarded savings of New Englanders. No fewer than 30 clergymen are among his victims. The action upon which Wilcox was arrested was brought by Charles M. Codding, impeached, Stanbery resigned his office and helped to defend Johnson. Of the many companies which Wilcox organized he persuaded the Rev. Stanbery to invest

A French magazine writer discusses the danger of Europe from an invasion of the black and yellow races. In the course of his article he says the hope of rapidity, and now has reached 115,000,000. He states that for one soldier born in France, a regiment is born in Germany, and an army corps in Russia. Russia, he says, will be Europe's one solid barrier against possible invasions of the yellow basis of enthusiasm for the future greatness of our western slope. Russian terri-States will be here in the Northwest .-

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Is a symptom of disease of the kidneys. It will certainly be relieved by Parks' Sure Cure. That headache, backache and tired feeling come from the same cause. Ask for Parks' Sure Cure for the liver and kidneys, price \$1. Sold by E. A. Sherwin.

House and Lot For Sale. In Ashland, Oregon, near the business par of town. The lot is 80 by 240 feet with a six room house—for \$700 in easy payments, orfor ready cash something less. Enquire of Jacob Wagner, Ashland, or of myself, 187 E-Sixth St., Portland, Oregon.

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Does a general blacksmithing business. All Work First Class HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.

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of Main street near the bridge, where old and new customers will find us bet-

ter prepared than ever to serve them with the choicest of meats and in first-class style at lowest prices

A TARIFF TALK.

U. S. Senator J. H. Mitchell Tells of the Results of the Tariff Legislation of the Recently Adjourned Democratic Congress.

U.S. Senator J. H. Mitchell in the course of a long interview printed in the Oregonian sums up some of the results

"In so far as tariff legislation in any respect is to be regarded an important factor in national and individual prosperity," said the senator, "and while the recent revision is not by any means a legislative expression of the views of the companies with an exaggerated capital democratic party, as enunciated in the stock and sold stock to investors. He last national democratic platform, I regard this revision as one of the most hurtful pieces of legislation ever placed on our national statute books, as affecting both national and individual prosperity. Especially is this so in its application to and effect upon industrial interests in the states and territories west of the Rocky a lawyer, at 29 Broadway, and Phileman B. Stanbery, as administrator of the estate of Rev. Mr. Stanbery. They have been following Wilcox since June. In one with such withering and deadly in none with such with the such w The Rev. Mr. Stanbery was a son of Henry Stanbery, who was the attorney general of the United States in President coast, which give employment to such a Johnson's cabinet. When Johnson was large proportion of our people, are those involving the production of lumber, coal, iron, lead, fish, wool, wheat, barley, flax, hops, hay, poultry, eggs, vegetables, apples and prunes, figs and raisins. Every one of them has been so dealt with by the new tariff reform act, so-called, as to bring our producers into direct competition with the cheap labor and cheap producers of foreign countries. Our markets for lumber, coal, hay, wheat, Europeans depends upon Russia, whose population increases with extreme thrown open to Canadian productions, all of which are produced in the different Canadian provinces from 30 to 45 per cent cheaper than the same products can be produced in this country; while our wool, hops, prunes and other agricultural products are left to contend with prorace. The fact of the enormous natural ducts produced in like ratio of cheapness increase of Russia's population furnishes in South American, Australian, European the people of the Pacific coast a new and Asiatic countries.

"To add, moreover, to the grand disadvantage to our people arising from this tory is close to us. In point of freight disparity in cost of production at points rates it is as if only across a mountain range. The open Pacific seas only divide tion west of the Rocky mountains is exus from Siberian territory. That is the tremely aggravated by the great differbest part of the Russian empire. With ence in the cost of transportation, some the completion of the great railroad to thing which seems to have been lost sight the Pacific, that country will undergo a wonderful period of development. They will want much that we will have to sell in the development of their wonderful the advantage of water transportation country, and they will have the money to from point of production to the American pay for it. The future most populous | market, while our products are necessarand prosperous portion of the United | ily in the main subjected to enormous tolls in railroad freights, a distance of 4000 miles and more. "But, if no other objection could be

properly urged against this tariff act, the fact that it strikes down our reciprocity treaties with Spain, Germany, South American republics and other countries, ought in and of itself to condemn it in the judgment of every right-minded American who would hesitate to subordinate American interests to those of alien foreigners, and who desire to see the trade of this country extended into those countries, which shall afford a market for our surplus products, and yet in no wise interfere with our home market. The truth is that our exports more than doubled in two years, and in many instances trebled and quadrupled in every country with which we negotiated reciprocity treaties under the reciprocity clause of the McKinley act. In our trade

with Germany our exports of wheat increased nearly 800 per cent, or from in 1893, while our exports of wheat flour

"The act itself as finally moulded into protection. It does not embody the pressed in their last national platform. on shorter notice. It is sectional in the extreme, protecting rice in the South by a tariff rate of nearly 100 per cent, and places wool and lumber of the North on the free list. It imposes a tax on raw sugar, an article of necessary consumption by every household in the land, and in addition for the sole and exclusive benefit of the sugar trust imposes a large differential duty on refined sugar. It strikes down the bounty system of the McKinley act under which the beet sugar industry of this country-and one which our coast, including Oregon, is vastly interested in-was being encouraged and rapidly developed. There is one provision in the act, however, I am compelled to say which ought to some extent detract from the sectional and partisan character of the act. It does impose a high duty on playing cards. It is an act condemned not alone by republicans, but | and here about 16 per cent. which has received almost universal condemnation from the leading men of all political parties, and from none has this recent reform tariff act been condemned more unsparingly and severely than by President Cleveland. He denounces it, as you are aware, as the outgrowth of cowardice upon the part of his party friends and stigmatizes it in substance as the bantling of infamy.

"After its passage Senator Mills of Texas, the great apostle of tariff reform, in a public speech in the senate said that | per day. it did not in his judgment meet with the approval of 1000 persons in the United States. The bill, as it finally became a law, was resisted in the first instance, not only by vigorous speeches from the leaders of the democratic party in the national house of representatives, but by the unanimous vote of that house of all political parties, and sent to a conference, thus branded and stamped upon, only to be returned to that house without the charge of a letter to be approved, eulogized and endorsed by these same democratic leaders. The ment today upon the part of most of the great leaders of the democratic party, including the president of the United States, that the act is the direct result of the manipulation and dictation of the manipulation and dictation of the manipulation and dictation of the help we desire and quit this per diem. Then we and county courts will have no misunderstandings. democratic leaders. There is no concealof the country. It is of such a character that after it had passed both houses of congress, and before it had reached the four separate and distinct bills modifying and amending it had been introduced and passed in the national house of replicts, and passed in the national house of replicts. resentatives by the democratic majority and are now pending in the senate."
"Under these various reciprocity treaties

we were rapidly, as I have shown, securing control of the trade of Cuba, and the ing control of the trade of Cuba, and the years and today is the leading remedy for same is also true with reference to the the cure of colds. consumption, and all South American states, the details of diseases of the throat and lungs. Price 50c which, of course, I cannot now undertake | and \$1. Sold by E. A. Sherwin. Oregon. to give for want of time and space, to New fall goods say nothing of the vast increase in trade Norris & Drake's.

with European countries. Yet, all this is, with one stroke of the legislative pen wielded by a democratic administration, stricken down in the interest of the pro-

legislative action.

ment on this question." "In the bill just passed lumber in all forms, all kinds of fresh fish and various other articles are placed on the free list, the tariff on hops is reduced from 15 to 8 cents per pound, hay from \$4 to \$2 per ton, coal from 75 cents to 40 cents per ton; while in the tariff on barley, flax, hemp, prunes, apples, wheat, vegetables and lead there is a like reduction.

"Under the inevitable effort of such legislation upon these various industries how many of them can on the Pacific coast hope to continue to exist, much less prosper? If they exist at all it can only be at the immense disadvantage to the wage worker, by a ruinous reduction of wages all along the line, and this undoubtedly must be the effect of this new tariff, not only on this coast in reference to the comparatively few industries, but throughout the length and breadth of the whole land, and affecting all classes of employes in the hundreds of thousands of manufacturing industries of various kinds. The floodgates by this act have been lifted. Importations of every character from every serf-stricken land are invited to compete with the products, agricultural, mechanical, manufacturing and piscatorial, of American capital and American labor, and what is the result which must necessarily follow? Importations of course must be very greatly increased, to an extent, perhaps, averaging, according to different estimates, from \$75,000,000 to over \$100,000,000 annum. There is, therefore, but one way that the American producer can success fully compete with these foreign importers of cheaply produced products, and that is by reducing wages. In most cases doubtless this will be done, while in many instances there will be absolute surrender upon the part of the American producer and the American market to the foreign producer. In such cases the of both skilled and unskilled labor. Such most unfortunate and un-American piece of legislation termed tariff reform.

Sugar Factories for Oregon. [Oregonian Sept. 9th.]

Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the county clerk yesterday for the Oregon Sugar Beet Company. The capital stock of the concern is \$1,-000,000, and its general offices are to be located in Portland. The incorporators are K. G. Korn, a beet-sugar manufacturer recently arrived from Germany; E. S. Larsen, a well-known commission merchant; Edward Hughes, a prominent dealer in farm and mill machinery; John Klosterman, wholesale groceryman, and Charles H. Carey, ex-judge of the municipal court, and a prominent lawyer. The company contemplates the building of one or more beet-sugar factories in Ore-\$295,953 worth in 1891 to \$2,569,261 worth gon during the coming year. It is announced that it has already ordered to Germany increased nearly 2500 per from Germany, where all the best beetcent, or from \$41,000 in 1891 to \$1,011,385 sugar machinery is now made, a plant in 1893. evidence of good faith in the matter, has law is based upon no fixed principle or paid down a good round sum in cash. principles. It is neither free trade nor The order has been placed a year in advance, because the demand is so great

views of the democratic party, as ex- that the manufacturers cannot fill orders The formation of the Oregon Beet Sugar Company is a direct outgrowth of the investigations carried on in this state during the past few months by Mr. Korn, who came here from Germany for that purpose. It will be rembered that upon his arrival he made overtures to the chamber of commerce for the establishment of the industry here, alleging that the soil and climate of Oregon are similar to that of the portion of Germany where sugar-beet raising is found most lucrative. Since that time he has not only made extensive chemical examination of the soil in different portions of the state, but has actually experimented with seed and raised sample crops with very satisfactory results. In Germany the beet soil yields about 11 per cent of saccharine matter, in California it yields 12 per cent,

Wants a Convention of Assessors.

James A. Sterling, assessor of Douglas county, has supplied the different assessors in Oregon with copies of his circular letter the text of which is given as follows. It bears date of Sept. 10th: "My county court at this September term assumes the right to regulate the compensation of my deputies and clerks. I billed them at \$4 per day, same as mine, and the court scaled them at \$2.50 and \$3

"Now this is a vital question to us all, and I think we ought to delegate a com-mittee to attend the next legislature and get this vexed question of legality of deputies and clerks settled definitely. I gave my men \$2.50 to \$3 per day and board and lodging when writing the roll. I could probably get a writ of review before the

circuit court and gain my full amount; and I may do so yet.

"But in the meantime we should see to our interests at the coming legislature. Furthermore, we should insist upon the present secretary of state having our census blanks by January or early in February so we may study them before March 1st, as we don't want them later, say in May, and then go over territory again.

state board of equalization, say December president for his signature, no less than 10th, and frame a law regarding our doing office. Let me hear from you.

We sell Parks' Cough Syrup on a positive

guarantee to cure all throat and lung troubles. It has stood the test for many

New fall goods just received at Vaupel,

ASHLAND TIDINGS.

Issued Mondays and Thursdays.

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Furnished Upon Application,

THE BEST EQUIPPED JOB OFFICE

IN. SOUTHERN ORECON.

Put His Foot on It. |Lakeview Examiner. |

Last week we had quite a squabble stricken down in the interest of the pro-ducers of these foreign countries and in of our bill. The judge was perfectly direct opposition to the best interests of peaceable and quiet, but the commis-the American producer. And this is sioners seem to be getting worse as they tariff reform as exemplified by democratic grow older. Commissioner McElhinney insisted on knowing how many inches we "Such, in brief, is the character of the managed to get into a column. As there tariff legislation enacted by the present was no tape-line convenient he laid a administration, and such, in my judg-ment, are some of the effects that leg-on the floor and then measured it with islation will have on the prosperity of his two feet-placing one in front of the the country. The election in Oregon last other. When he saw that the paper and June and the recent elections in Vermont his two feet came out even he remarked: and Maine clearly indicate public senti- "Yes, that's correct-28 inches."

The "Oregon Boot" Walk.

San Francisco Wasp: When you see man well known for his sobriety, entering his home loaded inside and out, it is safe proposition that his wife has adopted that new and painful style of walk know as the "Oregon boots." About every six months the society ladies of San Francisco change their walk, and their latest is enough to make a man regret that he was born of woman. They tip slightly forward, extend their arms stiffly in front, take long strides and drag their feet as though heavily weighted. That is how this new style of pedestrianism happened to take the name of the "Oregon boot."

Interesting Documents.

Wednesday Simon Caro received from Washington some very interesting documents which he will probably preserve for future use. Among the documents were his petition to President Harrison to be appointed register of the U.S. land office at Roseburg. There was also a remonstrance to his appointment included among the papers, as well as letters from Senator Mitchell, and other papers. A peculiar thing in the remonstrance is that it is signed by our present populistdemocratic state senator, Hon. H. Beckley. The remonstrance states that it would be "obnoxious to a large majority of the republicans of Douglas county" to have Mr. Caro appointed to the position. Why Senator Beckley should be so exercised concerning the republicans of this county is a matter not clearly understood.-|Roseburg Plaindealer.

These Democratic Times.

A California paper gives the following as an antidote to partially relieve the feelings engendered by these democratic American consumer will be absolutely at times: Don't think that you are the only the mercy of the importer as to price, one this year who is doing well; don't while in all cases wherein the struggle is think others are not groaning and sweat continued and the competitive fight is ing under burdens; don't think ill luck inaugurated and carried forward, it will has singled you out in particular; don't be at the expense necessarily of a large fancy that the country has failed, the terprises of no value because you are not will in my judgment be the effect of this making anything. Keep courage, do the best possible, determine to win in spite of fate, dig your heels in the ground and brace yourself all the firmer. Don't cry quits, don't curse the locality where you live and think that another is better. All places are alike at present. The tariff question is settled and times are to be better, so go to work in earnest and have faith in the ultimate outcome of the projects you are engaged in.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stag es and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constational disease, requires a constational treatment. Hali's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the ystem, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo,

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Faults of digestion cause disorders of the liver, and the whole system becomes deranged. Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Parifier perfects the process of digestion and assimilation, and thus makes pure blood. Sold by Ashland

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.



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AYER'S Hair Vigor

"Ayer's preparations are too well known to need any commendation from me; but I feel compelied to state, for the benefit of others, that six years ago, I lost onearly half of my hair, and what one was lost turned gray. After of mearly half of my hair, and what was left turned gray. After of using Ayer's Hair Vigor several of months, my hair began to grow of again, and with the natural color restored. I recommend it to all of my friends."—Mrs. E. Frank-

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.