ASHLAND TIDINGS.

Friday..... November 14, 1890

EDITORIAL NOTES AND NEWS.

The TIDINGS regrets exceedingly the unfortunate newspaper controversy which has sprung up regarding the location of a proposed college for Southern Oregon, to be established under the auspices of the Presbyterian church. It is not an auspicious beginning for an educational enterprise which must depend in large measure for its success upon the good will and patronage of the people throughout a wide extent of territory. As to the merits of the controversy, the TIDINGS will not undertake to render any decision, the case not coming before it for decision, and the disputants having given the public as much information as the TIDINGS has had in the premises. The Rev. Robert McLean has been assailed with the utmost bitterness in the *Times*, and has sent to this paper a second letter, which we publish this week. It is due him that he be given an opportunity to be heard in his own behalf after the onslaught that has been made upon him, but the TIDINGS is of the opinion, as a "lay" observer, that the brethren of the pulpit will do the best thing for their church and the cause of the education the proposed school is designed to assist if they will settle their differences among themselves. The public is of course interested in seeing that the towns of the valley be fairly treated in the matter, and facts bearing upon this point are of interest, but when a discussion between ministers gets down to the point of a simple question of veracity between two the TIDINGS thinks the time has come to drop the matter in the public prints.

SENATOR GORMAN'S IDEAS.

[S. F. Chronicle.]

The shrewdest, cleverest and best-informed politician in the national Democratic party is Senator Arthur P. Gorman of Maryland. He has the experience of a lifetime to add weight to any opinions he may express, and he is a very different style of man from "Rainbow-chaser" Brice, who was the nominal head of the party in the campaign of 1888.

Speaking of the recent election in the Eastern and Western States, Senator Gorman warns the over-enthusiastic members of his party against attaching undue importance to the Democratic victory, and against imagining that the Democrats have secured a position that cannot be shaken two years hence. Mr. Gorman asserts that a careful review of the figures of the election will show but a slight increase in the Democratic vote, accompanied by a very decided falling off in the Republican vote. He instances his own city of Baltimore, where he says the Democrats polled within 500 of a full vote, while the Republicans were several thousands short, and he asserts that the same thing will be found to exist all over the country.

Taking Mr. Gorman's suggestion for a guide, a careful analysis has been made in Washington of the returns from the various Congressional districts, and it has been found that he is entirely right, with the exception of some of the gerrymandered districts where the Farmers' Alliance was overwhelmingly strong. In nearly all the districts examined the Democratic vote cast on Tuesday is a little less than the Democratic vote of the same districts two years ago, but the Republican vote is very much less than the Republican vote of 1888.

This does not in any way minimize the extent of the Democratic victory, but it does put a very different complexion on the outlook for 1892. If the Republican party has beaten itself in 1890 it by no means follows that it will repeat the experiment in 1892, particularly as its defeat has come about, not by desertion from its ranks, but by general apathy. If the principles of protection are still admitted and recognized as true Republican doctrine there is no danger but that they will be asserted as soon as an attack is made upon them, and they will certainly triumph in 1892 as they did in 1888.

The Speakership Contest.

Washington, Nov. 9.—With the return of members of congress to the city, the contest for the speakership of the next house begins to assume local interest. The fight for the position will be waged warmly during the coming winter and will undoubtedly have its effect, even on the deliberations of the present congress. The most interesting phase of the discussion of the subject at this time is the question of its relation to the contest for the democratic nomination for the presidency in 1892. One of the current bits of gossip is that an alliance may be formed between the East and the West in the speakership contest, with the view to an arrangement for the presidential nomination. Prominent democrats now in the city say that the democratic strength of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, West Virginia, Maryland, a part of Pennsylvania and a part of Virginia can be thrown for a Western candidate for the speakership in exchange for Western votes for an Eastern candidate for the presidential nomination. Governor Abbott, of New Jersey, ex-Governor Black, of Pennsylvania, Senator Barbour, of Virginia, and Senator Gorman, of Maryland, are counted as favorable to an alliance in the combine. The candidates for the presidency most spoken of are Whitney and Hill, while it is current gossip that the friends of Cleveland and Pattison, in the East, may form an alliance for the election of a Southern candidate for speaker, in exchange for Southern votes in the democratic national convention.

Election in Siskiyou County.

[Yreka Journal, Nov. 12.]

Beard, Rep., for Superior Judge has about 300 majority, Lodge, Dem., for District Attorney, about 250; Butler, Rep., for Clerk, over 200; Hovey, Rep., for Coroner and Public Administrator, over 200; Kennedy, Dem., for school superintendent, about 250; Walker, Rep., for sheriff, 25 to 30; Magoffey, Rep., for assessor, by at least 100, and Martin, Rep., for treasurer, about 50. For surveyor, Mitchell, Rep., is probably 25 or 30 ahead. The fight for sheriff was the closest of any, both candidates gaining big majorities in various precincts to counteract the heavy scratching against them in others.

Thirteen Lives Saved.

I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Hiler's Cough Cure to the consideration of all persons susceptible to pneumonia, having used it in thirteen distinct instances so successfully as to break up the pneumonia in a few days. H. L. VAN WINKLE, of I. S. Van Winkle & Co., Wholesale Iron Merchants, San Francisco, Cal. Sold by T. K. Bolton.

Executed His Bond

Yesterday D. W. Matthews filed out his bond as agent of the Klamath Indians, and forwarded it to the department at Washington. This is the commission to which he was recently appointed by the senate, and which appointment the president approved a few days ago. The bond required to be given was in the sum of $10,000 and this Mr. Matthews gave with Salmon B. Ormsby, Myron E. Goodell, Ed. Hirsch, C. E. Moores and Ashahel Bush as sureties. The bond is now on the way to Washington, and as soon as it is approved and the commission as agent made out and received, Mr. Matthews will proceed to the Klamath agency to take charge of affairs. This will not be before three or four weeks. Mr. Matthews will not remove his family from this city, for the present, at least.—[Salem Statesman, Nov. 9.

The best 5c cigar in town at Minkler's. *

HOW IT STRIKES THEM.

In Pittsburg, on the day after it dropped, in reply to the question, "To what do you attribute the result?" Senator Quay said: "To a lack of votes. It looks to me as if the best thing to do just now is to saw wood. The returns indicate that the farmers and laborers had done the business for us in this state."

At Lexington, Ky., Nov. 7th, Breckenridge, being interviewed regarding the speakership of the next house, said, that the elections next fall in New York, Ohio, Illinois and other states will demonstrate whether this revolution is permanent, or whether there was danger of a reaction, and until these elections are over the democratic party will not have proper information as to what may be most wise for the house to do. He is not a candidate for the speakership, and does not think he will be until after the next election.

Senator Gorman, of Maryland, by no means the most honest, but by all odds the most astute democrat in the East, warns his fellow-bourbons not to overlook the fact that if the republicans had gone to the polls this year there would have been a different story to tell, and he adds that things may be different two years hence.

The Chicago Evening *Journal*, for years one of the staunchest of republican papers, in the course of a double leaded editorial on the political situation Nov. 7th, says: "What now shall be the republican course? Simply this: That it must live up to what are its real principles. The McKinley bill must be modified in almost its every feature. A national caucus of the party has been held, and its leaders must obey the dictates of their caucus. There is no occasion for delay until the democratic congress assembles and the republicans give assent to the changes required. The republican party is a party of the people, and one of reform within itself. It now has its opportunity."

Henry Cabot Lodge, in an interview in Boston, Nov. 7th, says: "We have been badly and squarely defeated. Local questions no doubt, affected the election of governor, but of the congressmen, not only here but elsewhere, there has been a general movement against the republicans. I attribute it wholly to one cause, the passage of the tariff bill just on the eve of a general election and the skilfully managed scare about high prices. This scare amounted to a panic, because the vote by which it was expressed was so secret that neither side discovered it in its canvass. Time alone can show the real effect of the McKinley bill. Republican defeat does not alter my views about it one whit. The bill is on trial. I think it will be of great value to the general prosperity of the country. If this opinion is well founded, the republicans will profit by the result, and all the more from the reaction which defeat on false grounds always produces. If the democrats are right, then we have received a reward for our misdoings, somewhat early, that is all. As to the election bill, if that had been the issue the result in Massachusetts would have been very different, for the people in this state will always sustain measures for honest elections. That the principle of the election law will triumph, I cannot question, but I did not support it with any idea whether votes were to be made off it this year or not. I supported it, and shall continue to do so, because the principle of the bill is entirely right in a popular government, and will surely prevail."

Senator Dolph in explanation of the result of the election, said it was the "off" year and the friends of the tariff were inactive, while those on the other side were working with all their might. "The manufacturers," he said, "got what they wanted when the McKinley bill passed, and they did not care any more about it. The result would have been different if the passage of the bill had not been delayed until just before election. The artificial increase of prices made in some commodities without the slightest reason also had its effect."

Warner Miller was interviewed in New York regarding the election. He said: "The loss of the Legislature and the United States Senatorship is a severe blow. I think the deal made in this city is responsible for the loss of the Assembly; but this is no time for recrimination. The Republican party cannot be crushed out of existence by a single defeat. There is no reason why we should not regain all the ground we have lost and elect the President in 1892."

Ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt said: "All the lessons of defeat in the past have been to draw the party closer together. The republicans will reform their ranks and go forward once more, not disheartened."

McKinley said last Friday afternoon to an Associated Press reporter that while conceding his probable defeat by a small majority he is greatly satisfied with the result. He said the issue was between a protective tariff and a tariff for revenue only. It was clear and distinct and nothing else entered into the canvass. His bill was the center of the assault. The result he regards as a signal victory. A majority of over 2000 Democratic in his district last year was reduced to about 200 this year. He carried his own ward and city and county by large majorities, showing unprecedented gains.

Chicago, Nov. 10.—Hon. John M. Thurston, of Omaha, president of the Republican League clubs of the United States, in an interview here to-day on the election, said, referring to the influence of the McKinley bill upon the result, "The natural tendency of prices was upward, among which can be mentioned boots and shoes, iron, lumber, and other commodities, although the tax was reduced upon these and other things. We struck a rising market with the passage of the McKinley bill, and all this is laid to it." Judge Thurston thinks that Nebraska and every other Western state will go republican in 1892 "I think," said he, "there will be a revival of stalwartism in the republican party, such as will make a great republican year. Republican workers all over the country did not take active part in this campaign. They felt as though their services in the republican party has been undervalued, but in '92 these persons will be at work in support of some candidate who will arouse enthusiasm, and these very men will lead to victory as heretofore. The result of the recent elections has not put an end to the presidential chances of either Wm. McKinley or Thomas B. Reed, but it has probably posponed their dates. Blaine or Alger would be winners at the head of the ticket in '92."

Secretary Noble said: "I do not think the republican losses are due to the tariff law and the elections bill. The changes are scattered over too many parts of the country. The result, I believe, is due to local issues in the several states. This shows little with reference to any of the great questions affecting the whole nation. It is an off year, and the people like to experiment in off years. When a great question such as the election of a president is to be settled, the people will go back to that party which they know in all its history has achieved the greatest and best results for the entire nation. This is the republican party. The democrats in the next congress will demonstrate that they are not capable of so administering the greater affairs of the nation as to meet the approval of the great good sense of a majority of the voters."

Secretary Noble was asked, "What of Pennsylvania?" and he said: "If the state has gone democratic again, it has fallen only to leap up with greater strength and vigor for the brief contact with mother earth. In the discussion of results historians of to-day say that always since 1834 the party which enacted any radically new tariff law suffered defeat at the next succeeding election."

Gained Eighteen Pounds.

I consider S. S. S. the best tonic in the market. I took it for broken down health and gained eighteen pounds in three weeks. My appetite and strength came back to me, and made a new man of me.

WM. GERLOCK, Belleville, Ohio.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NOTES AND NEWS.

Friends of Henry Cabot Lodge, author of the federal election bill, say it is likely that the bill will not be passed by the senate, the recent elections having frightened the champions of the bill.

A dispatch from Carthage, Missouri, says that Mrs. Anna Baxter was elected county clerk of that county last Tuesday on the democratic ticket. Mrs. Baxter is the first woman in Missouri to be elected to a civil office.

"The Old Roman," Allan G. Thurman, was to celebrate his 77th birthday anniversary at his home in Columbus, Ohio, yesterday, Nov. 13th. A. Bush, of Salem, went to Columbus to be present, in response to an invitation.

It is now rumored that H. Clay Evans, Congressman from the Chattanooga, Tenn., district, who was defeated by the Democratic nominee last Tuesday, will be a member of President Harrison's Cabinet, succeeding Secretary Tracy, who will be tendered the vacant seat on the Supreme Bench.

A Portland paper of the 9th says: Captain James Carroll, who is on his way to Washington to ask Congress to admit him as a delegate from Alaska, arrived from Sitka to-day, and will ask the Portland Chamber of Commerce to indorse his petition. From here he will go to San Francisco for the same purpose. He thinks Congress will admit him. Oregon's Congressional delegation will back him.

The Chicago *Post*'s Washington representative thinks that Senator Hearst, despairing of a return to the senate from California, three years hence, will take up his residence in Montana, near his Anaconda mine, and will give his senatorial ambition full play in that state, as affording a better chance than California, in view of the recent elections. This information the Chicago *Post* will print as a fact.

The *Tribune* says Editor Dana, of the *Sun*, will be the senator from New York to be elected by the Democrats to succeed Evarts. Dana has probably expressed himself too candidly, however, about the character of prominent Democratic politicians to be a popular candidate for any office. He is more independent and of more consequence in the nation, anyhow, as editor of the *Sun*, than he would be as a member of the senate.

Patriotic people of all parties have been pleased with one feature of the elections last week—the fall of two of the most prominent "bosses" of the country. Boss Buckley in San Francisco and Boss Quay in Pennsylvania were both shameless representatives of the utterly corrupt and venal element of politics—men of the class who know no road to success other than trickery, bribery and the debauchery of honor in public trusts. California and Pennsylvania are to be congratulated upon the good job they have done. Tammany still has New York by the throat, however.

New York, Nov. 10.—A *Sun* special from Washington says:

Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, in conversation here to-day with reference to a suggestion concerning Mr. Cleveland's presidential aspirations, said that if Mr. Cleveland were again the democratic candidate for president, and if the election were to be held to-morrow, he would certainly be defeated.

Continuing further the senator said: "His course in the late municipal election tended to embitter the adherents of Tammany still more against him. He did not take any part for them when his aid was needed, and nobody knows how he voted, or whether he voted at all."

For the first time in its history, Congress will have a full-blooded Greek among its members. The Greek is Colonel Leonidas Miller, this surname being taken from a Vermont gentleman who picked him up on one of the battlefields of Greece when that country was struggling for independence many years ago. Miller, who was then three years old, was brought to Montpelier, Vt., where he lived until his benefactor died, and then he moved to Wisconsin, where he has amassed considerable property. He was nominated for Congress in Milwaukee to lead a forlorn hope, contributed $20 to the campaign fund, and was the most surprised man in the nation when the returns showed that he was elected.

New York, Nov. 10.—Cleveland was interviewed to-day and reiterated his belief that the recent democratic victory was due to the popular demand for tariff reform denied by the republican party. He believed the victory was not due to the passing enthusiasm of democrats or factional fights among republicans. He thought the work of the past two years by the tariff reform league and similar organizations would have an enduring effect, and men voting this year for tariff reform, will be apt to remain with the democratic party. He regarded Russell's election in Massachusetts one of the most significant feature of the campaign, as he had made the canvass on a tariff reform issue. The democratic party holds by its pledge to make a just revision of the tariff, and, with a large majority in the house, would continue the work of the Fiftieth congress and keep up the fight till its promises are redeemed.

The announcement that the eminent German scientist and physician, Koch, has discovered a cure for consumption in a substance which, injected into the circulation of the blood, destroys the germs of the disease, is heard with deep interest throughout the civilized world, but the world is not ready to believe it without a thorough test. That it may be true is almost too much to hope, so confirmed is the belief that consumption is, generally speaking, incurable. The difficulty of reaching the disease except through a change in the tone and vitality of the system and the failure of all remedial agencies to do more than stay its progress in most cases, long ago placed this most fatal of diseases in the incurable list. The discovery of a cure means that the disease which annually fills more graves than any other is to be robbed of its terrors. The acceptance of the germ theory of disease foreshadowed the attempt to find a germicide that might be used to prevent or cure consumption and other fatal disorders, and it is within the bounds of possibility that a discovery of vast benefit to mankind has been made by Koch. That it may not share the fate of Pasteur's "elixir of life" will be the prayer of many.

Politicians have been busy during the past week telling us how it all came about, and in this general exercise nearly every writer or speaker brings his own particular hobby to the front. The free trader says its means that the principle of protection has lost its hold upon the country. The silver men say it was the result of the republicans refusing to adopt free coinage. The special interests which failed to get all the protection they wanted in the McKinley bill charge it all to McKinley. The people who believe the solid south should be allowed double the representation allowed the north in proportion to voting population charge it all to the "force bill;" and the prohibitionists and others who have been so viciously stabbing the republican party for years are crying out in glee that they and the farmers' alliance and the anti-free school foreigners and the New York importers have at last dragged the republicans down to everlasting defeat. Just how much each of these influences had to do with the reverse suffered by the republicans is something which each speculative mind must determine for itself at this time. But, be that as it may, the republicans will stand by their principles—the principle of protection to American industry and American products—the principle of equal representation, of a "free ballot and a fair count;" and if defeat comes under such a standard they can endure it. If the reverses mean (as they do in some instances) that the people want the party purged of corrupt and venal and shameless politicians who have weighted it down to an unsafe degree, the party will do well to heed the warning.

You may think Hinsaker is going to quit the business; his prices will indicate it. *

MORE OF THE COLLEGE MATTER.

Reply of Rev. R. McLean to a Question in the Times.

EDITOR OF THE ASHLAND TIDINGS:—I had hoped that it would not be necessary for me to trouble you or the public with anything further concerning the college matter, but my opponents have made it imperative that I should speak once more at least. I would have refrained had Mr. Strange been contented with simply publishing his manifesto in the TIDINGS. He has, however, had it reproduced in both the Courier and the Times. The latter, I am told, has published his communication and mine in parallel columns, and asks the question, "Which is the liar?" "Liar" is an ugly word, and is never used by gentlemen, but I think the question should be answered. The uniform kindness with which the people of Ashland have treated me ever since my arrival in the state, seven years ago, has led me to feel that I have many warm friends there, and it would be but natural that when such charges are brought against me it would cause them great annoyance to see those charges pass unchallenged. Not to trespass too far, I want to begin the campaign into which I have been forced by asking a question. And just here let me say I do not intend to let the matter rest until the truth comes to light, and calumniators are punished.

The question that I want to ask is this: If Jacksonville's offer was "honest" and "generously disinterested," what did Dr. DeBarr mean a short time ago, when he told a prominent citizen of Grant's Pass that he had DRIVEN A SHARP BARGAIN WITH THE COMMITTEE AND HAD OUTWITTED THEM, AND THAT THEY NOW WANTED TO CRAWL OUT OF IT? As Dr. DeBarr conducted the negotiations for Jacksonville he may be allowed to be an exponent of the spirit that animated his party.

The second question will be to Mr. Strange. He says that the committee was "very explicitly and positively" instructed to secure the balance of the $5,000. This I deny; and would ask Mr. Strange if he and Mr. Bell did not stand up in the meeting and pledge themselves to do all in their power to raise funds in their respective sections? Did he attempt to raise a dollar in Ashland? The fact that none of the parties, outside of Jacksonville, made any move in the matter, is sufficient evidence that they did not differ from me in their views of the matter of obligation.

Now for an answer to the Times' question, noted above. I am going to let Mr. Strange answer the question by a quotation from his own letter. He says: "The committee did nothing—hence the late meeting of the Presbytery could do nothing further, because its committee had not acted, and because it was found that the location of a college, if it is to have assistance from the East, MUST MEET THE APPROVAL OF THE SYNOD OF OREGON AND THE BOARD OF AID IN CHICAGO." The small caps. are mine. Now let us analyze this sentence, and it will help to answer the Times' question. "It must meet the approval of the Synod." The Synod did not meet until October, and if the project must meet its approval what right had the committee to "organize a board of trustees, erect buildings and select teachers" before securing that approval and the permission to go forward? I ask any business man if that is honest? I could only then go before the synod and say, like a despicable, drivelling, canting wire-puller: "Brethren, we are pledged before God to put that college there. If we do not we shall break faith with the people. The good name of the Synod and the board will be tarnished." I have heard of boys that would go to the pantry and get cake and eat it before asking mother's consent; but we never called those boys honest. I have seen such boys grow into men and carry the same principles through life, but we never trust such men. If you can find me a business man of principle—one who stands among his fellow-men as a square, intelligent, honest dealer, who will say that it would have been honest to have done as Strange demands, then I will acknowledge that I am mistaken. Does Mr. Strange believe it would be honest? I think not, and so leave the question of the Times answered.

The records have been appealed to. I reply that THE RECORDS ARE NOT TRUE. They will not stand in court. What I mean, Mr. Strange knows. I do not like this discussion, and have done all in my power to avoid it, but my good name has been assailed, the most atrocious and unblushing falsehoods have been told, and a conspiracy has been formed, evidently, to drive me out of the valley. I am not in the habit of allowing myself to be driven. Truth has her boots on and is now on the march.

Let DeBarr answer my question. Let Strange answer, and then after having put them through the catechism and a lesson or two in ethics, I will treat them to a little history. I have another method of dealing with the "Times." ROBERT MCLEAN.

It Saved My Life.

After suffering for twelve years from contagious Blood Poison, and trying the best physicians attainable and all the patent medicines procurable, and steadily continuing to grow worse, I gave up all hopes of recovery, and the physicians pronounced the case incurable. Hoping against hope I tried S. S. S. I improved from the first bottle, and after taking twelve was cured sound and well, and for two years have had no return or symptom of the vile disease. As I owe my life to S. S. S. I send this testimony for publication. H. M. REGISTER,

Huntley, N. C.

NATIVE CURRANT OF KLAMATH CO.

WIMER, OR., Nov. 10, 1890.

EDITOR TIDINGS:—For the benefit of the young botanists of the Klamath basin you may state, if you will, that the yellow currant of this region, which for some time past has been confounded by American writers with the Missouri currant, *Ribes aureum*, and which appears under this latter name in Col. R. A. Miller's "Resources of Southern Oregon," is not identical with that species, as Prof. Greene of the University of California in *Garden and Forest* has lately pointed out, but is the plant which Lindley, who first made clear the specific difference between the Missouri plant and the more western one, names *Ribes tenuiflorum*, under which name it must now pass. The flowers of the Missouri currant, the true *Ribes aureum*, Pursh., are of a spicy fragrance, and the fruit black and mawkish. The flowers of the more western plant, *R. tenuiflorum* are scentless; the fruit is of a handsome yellow color, and of a pleasant flavor. Moreover, the Missouri plant, according to Prof. Greene, does not grow anywhere west of the Rocky mountains. *R. tenuiflorum*, which Prof. G. terms the California yellow currant, ranges over the greater part of the western half of the United States. E. W. HAMMOND.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR.—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address.

Respectfully

T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl st, N. Y

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

Washington, November 8.—The president this afternoon issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation:

By the grace and favor of Almighty God the people of this nation have been led to the closing days of the passing year, which has been full of blessings of peace and comforts of plenty, and bountiful compensation has come to us for the work of our minds and of our hands in every department of human industry.

Therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States of America, do hereby appoint Thursday, the 27th day of the present month of November to be observed as a day of prayer and thanksgiving, and I do invite the people upon that day to cease from their labors, to meet in their accustomed houses of worship, and to join in rendering gratitude and praise to our Creator for the rich blessings he has granted to us as a nation, and to invoke the continuance of his protection and grace for the future. I commend to my fellow-citizens the privilege of remembering the poor, homeless and sorrowful. Let us endeavor to merit the promised recompense of charity and gracious acceptance of our praise. In testimony whereof I have set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 8th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety, and the independence of the United States the one hundred and fifteenth. BENJAMIN HARRISON,

JAMES G. BLAINE, Secretary of State. President.

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are a most unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

Millinery and Dressmaking.

We invite the ladies to call at our rooms at the Ashland Hotel and examine our trimmed hats and bonnets.

MRS. E. B. CHRISTIAN.
MISS M. M. TUFFS.

L. F. Vaughn, the orchardman, who has been down in California during the summer, engaged in pruning in some of the large orchards, returned to Ashland last week, and is ready to do fall and winter pruning and disinfecting of orchards in this valley. Leave or send orders to the drug store of T. K. Bolton. *

ITEMS FROM PHOENIX.

The farmers about this neighborhood, and particularly east of here, have done a large amount of plowing and seeding this fall, but the ground is now so dry that such work is suspended nearly everywhere. The acreage in grain in the valley next year will undoubtedly be larger than ever before.

Rumors of shooting of some one in or near Phoenix were afloat last week, but your correspondent failed to find anyone who knew anything about it, and concluded that the yarn was made of whole cloth.

Miss Jennie Oliver, of Ashland, closes next Friday a successful term of school at the North Phoenix school house. She will probably teach the school when it opens again next spring.

Miss Jennie Mills, of Eden precinct, is spending the week at Medford.

Hog butchering is in progress now, and the squeals of the martyred porkers are heard on every hand. Mathes and sons killed 34 head this week, and Fred Furry, Hon. S. Furry, S. Holt and others, are butchering lesser numbers.

A funny episode in the road opening business that has been keeping up strife among neighbors east of Phoenix is reported this week. A gentleman who opposes the opening of a certain road that has been petitioned for was circulating a remonstrance, and to see that he told only a straight story two young men who are anxious to have the road opened invited themselves to join him in his travels. They caused him so much vexation that he finally went to Jacksonville and sought the advice of a lawyer as to what means he could employ to keep them from following him about. The lawyer told him that the only remedy was to hire an Indian to scalp the offensive escort.

A Michigan Central Railroad Employe Wins His Case, After Seven Years' Contest.

While employed as agent of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, at Augusta, Mich., my kidneys became diseased, and from an impoverished and impure state of the blood, my general health was entirely undermined. I consulted the leading physicians of this city and Ann Arbor, and all pronounced my case Bright's disease. In October last, I began taking Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup, and am to-day a well man. It affords me pleasure to render suffering humanity any good that I can, and I wish to say that I think it the greatest blood, kidney and liver medicine in the world.

E. LAEZELERE, Agent M. C. R. R., Albion, Mich. Sold by T. K. Bolton, Ashland.

Gold Hill Notes.

Max Jacoby's fruit warehouse is finished, and presents a fine appearance.

Several gentlemen from the Eastern states have lately visited this section in search of land for homes.

Many farmers in the vicinity of Tolo are preparing to set out large orchards. This is a sensible move. We hope to see all of our farmers "get a move" in this direction.

The school at Gold Hill, which has been carried on under the efficient management of Miss D. L. Masterson, closed on Tuesday last with appropriate exercises.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Israel Cox, of this place, died at Medford while under treatment, on Monday last, and was buried at Sam's Valley.

Dr. L. A. Crandall, of Los Angeles, Cal., has been spending some time in this region, examining our mines and investigating the geological formation of some of our hills and mountains. He reports favorable indications of the existence of mineral veins. CHARLEMAGNE.

It does seem singular that so many people will let their skin become yellow, dark and greasy, finally resulting in blotches and skin eruptions, as well as a general drying up of the blood, causing wrinkles and premature old age, when this can be remedied with so little expense. Two bottles of Boggs' Blood Purifier and Blood Maker will renew and purify the blood throughout the whole system, leaving the skin clear and free from all eruptions. For sale by all druggists.

Notice.

God's Blessing to Humanity—so says an Oregon pioneer 90 years old.

Forest Grove, Or., March 19.—I have used the Oregon Kidney Tea and obtained immediate relief. It is God's blessing to humanity. I take pleasure in recommending it to the afflicted. I am now nearly 90 years old, came to Oregon in 1842 in the employ of the Hudson's Bay Company, and since I began using the Oregon Kidney Tea I enjoy good health. DAVID MCMORE.

Go to our store, east side of Plaza for paints, oils, varnishes, brushes, artists' materials, and wall and building papers. Estimates made on painting, paper hanging, interior decorations, etc.

EVANS & BRUNK, Ashland, Or.

Stylish Hats at Blount's this week.

Our Motto

"A dollar's worth for a dollar" is the motto of Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other well-known vegetable remedies, and is pronounced by experts the strongest and best preparation of the kind yet produced. It owes its peculiar strength and medicinal merit to the fact that it is prepared by a Combination, Proportion, and Process

Peculiar to Itself,

Discovered by the proprietors of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and known to no other medicine. Its prompt action on the blood removes all impurities, and cures scrofula, salt rheum, sores, boils, pimples, all humors, and all diseases or affections arising from a pure blood or low state of the system.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and find it to be the best blood purifier I have ever used." MRS. H. FIELD, Auburn, Cal.

The Best Medicine.

"I have used six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla for indigestion. It has helped me a great deal. I think it is the best medicine for indigestion and dyspepsia." MRS. N. A. WOODWORTH, 193 North Fifth Street, San Jose, Cal. N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It is described in Six for $5. Prepared by one all HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

A CHOICE LOT OF Land for Sale!

For sale—about 80 acres of extra quality of agricultural land, being a part of the Hiram Colver Donation Land claim; situated about 5 miles from Ashland, ½ of a mile south of Phoenix, Jackson county, Oregon. The Oregon & California railroad and the Oregon & California stage road passing through said land. This tract of land is all A No. 1 deep black loam, bottom land being one of the first claims settled upon in Rogue River valley. All well supplied with living water. This land will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers. For further information inquire of E. J. Farlow, Ashland, Oregon or E. D. Fondray, Phoenix, Oregon.

Ashland, Ore., Oct. 3, 1890.

Hardware,

PORTABLE FORGES,
COUNTER SCALES,
CAMP STOVES,
ROCHESTER LAMP CHIMNEYS (1 & 2)
KITCHEN LAMPS,
1 pt., 1 qt., and ½ gal. FRUIT JARS
1 qt. and 2 qt. FRUIT CANS,
EXTRA RUBBERS for Mason's Jars.

C. C. EDDINGS.

Legal : Blanks.

The best stock of Legal Blanks in Southern Oregon is kept at the TIDINGS office. Prices the lowyst.

DR. HILLER'S Special Prescriptions.

HOME TREATMENT SELF CURE

A Specific Remedy for Each Disease.

DR. HILLER'S HYDRASTINE RESTORATIVE. Stimulates nutrition. Purifies the Blood. Cures Dyspepsia, Constipation and General Debility. A perfect tonic and strength builder.

DR. HILLER'S ANTI-BILIOUS STOMACH AND LIVER CURE. Cures Biliousness and all Liver Troubles, Chills and Fever, Malarial Fevers, and all Typhoid conditions.

DR. HILLER'S CATARRH CURE. Cures Acute Catarrh, Chronic Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness. Guaranteed to cure the worst cases when directions are followed, or money refunded.

DR. HILLER'S COUGH CURE. Cures Colds, Hoarseness, Coughs, Bronchitis, Pleurisy and Pneumonia; relieves Consumption. Contains no Opiates. Cures Croup in 10 minutes.

DR. HILLER'S DIPHTHERIA AND SORE THROAT CURE. Prevents and cures Diphtheria. Will positively cure any sore throat in from 3 to 24 hours. Cures Quinsy in 3 days.

DR. HILLER'S FEVER CURE. Indispensable in all acute diseases attended with fever. Prevents and cures Scarlet Fever, Scarlatina, and Measles. Mothers try it once.

DR. HILLER'S NERVOUS DEBILITY CURE. Cures Nervous Weakness, and Loss of Power. Never fails. Send for Private Circular to Hiller Drug Co., San Francisco, Cal.

DR. HILLER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIC CURE. Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Lumbago, and Sciatica, by neutralizing the blood acids which cause them.

DR. HILLER'S TEETHING CURE. Aids the growth and development of children during the teething period, ensures painless teething and sound teeth, and prevents and cures Spasms, Convulsions, Brain Troubles and Bowel Complaints. A blessing to mother and child.

DR. HILLER'S WHOOPING COUGH CURE. Prevents and Cures Whooping Cough.

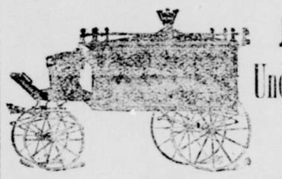
NOTE.—With exception of Dr. Hiller's Hydrastine Restorative, Dr. Hiller's Rheumatic and Neuralgic Cure, and Dr. Hiller's Cough Cure, the above remedies are in Tablet form, and, if not obtainable from your druggist, will be mailed free, on receipt of price.

$1.00 per Package. Six Packages for $5.00.

These remedies are the result of 25 years of professional experience, and are guaranteed to cure when a cure is possible. Dr. Hiller's 64-page book of directions for home treatment, containing valuable instructions as to hygiene and diet, sent free.

HILLER DRUG COMPANY, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., U. S. A.

T. K. Bolton, Agent, Ashland, Oregon.

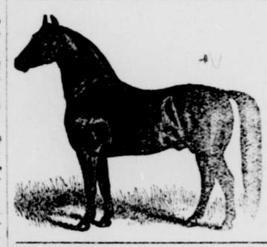


J. L. DOWNING, Undertaker & Embalmer,

Of over twenty years' experience, has located in

ASHLAND, OREG.,

An education THAT CAN BE USED EVERY day is the kind that pays. Scores of young business men, and hundreds of bookkeepers and stenographers of both sexes, attribute their success to a course at the **Portland Business College**, Portland, Oregon, or the **Capital Business College**, Salem, Oregon. Both are under the management of A. P. Armstrong, have same courses of study, same rates of tuition. Write to either for joint Catalogue and specimens of penmanship, sent free to any address.



BARGAINS MADE

If Good Horses are needed.

CALL ON

GEO. NUTLEY,

For

Well Broken Work or Saddle Horses.

Call at his ranch, or address

Ashland, Or.

New Meat Market

HARRIS & MURPHY BROS.

Ashland, Oregon.

Opened business at the old Ashland Market stand, at the bridge, on Main street.

CHOICEST OF BEEF, MUTTON, VEAL, PORK AND SAUSAGE.

Shop thoroughly renovated and refitted. [15-16]

Choice sample Rooms. Centrally Located.

NEW BRICK

The Ashland Hotel

HEADQUARTERS

Tourists & Commercial Men.

This fine new hotel in the center of the business part of the city has just been erected on the site of the old popular Ashland House and has been leased by the well known and successful landlord,

E. K. Brightman, Prop.,

Who will conduct the hotel in first-class style. It will continue to be kept up second to none, and guests can be assured of the best of treatment. Terms reasonable. 10

Fruits and Berries

Orders for fruits and berries in their season promptly attended to. Will buy and sell.

OFFICE At Well's Fargo & Co's office, Ganiard Block, Ashland, Or. 3

J. W. Hockersmith.

Fruit Boxes and fruit wrapping paper on hand and for sale at Wells Fargo office, Ganiard Block.

Assignee's Sale.

The undersigned, assignee of the estate of W. M. Gilroy, offers for sale the following personal property of the estate, at the planing mill and warehouse on Helman street, railroad crossing, Ashland, viz:

ROUGH LUMBER,
FENCE POSTS,
FLOORING,
MOULDING,
APPLE BOXES,
OFFICE FURNITURE,
SAFE, DESK, Etc.

MACHINERY.—Planer, matcher, moulder, tenoner, jig-saw sand papering machine; cutoff and rip-saws, etc., etc.

They must be sold for cash and cash only.

JAMES S. ROGERS, Assignee.

Ashland, Or., Sept. 18, 1890.

HENRY M. STANLEY

IN DARKEST AFRICA

The complete story of Stanley's recent thrilling adventures and the disclosure of his important discoveries will appear for the first time in the work written by himself, entitled "In Darkest Africa." Do not be deceived by any of the so-called "Stanley books" now being offered as "genuine" and "authentic." To no one of these has Stanley contributed a line.

There can be no question about this statement being correct in every particular. We guarantee it, and will give particulars on application.

CAUTION In order not to be misled, see that the book bears the imprint of

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS

And that the canvassing agent carries a certificate of agency from us

A. L. BANCROFT & CO.

132 POST STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.

General Agents for the Pacific Coast.

WOODBURN NURSERY.

LARGEST STOCK IN THE NORTHWEST!

1½ MILLION TREES!

All the leading varieties of fruit, shade, ornamental, nut and evergreen trees,

VINES & SHRU