STATE AND COAST.

Some wood choppers near Tillamook recently cut down a tree that was only a foot in diameter at the butt and measured one hundred and twenty feet in length.

The elk were so thick in Jackson's Hole this winter that the settlers had to guard their hay stacks at night. They came in by thousands.—[Kuntuck, Idaho, Bugle.

News comes, says the Prineville News, that a man living on Buck creek near the southeast corner of the county actually wintered forty head of cattle on willows. He mixed salt with the feed, and every hoof of his stock got through in fine shape.

Wyoming, whose chances for admission into the union are very good, is far from being a baby in size. Its area is larger than Oregon and its resources are rich and varied. It is estimated that the population at this time is about 115,000. One-sixth of the land is covered with timber, and it has a coal area double that of Pennsylvania. Its mineral resources are its greatest sources of wealth.

Umpqua Peter, of Grande Ronde, served under Col. John C. Fremont in the Mexican war, and has just been granted a pension of $8 per month. Not many Indians have so notable a record.

W. C. Tarlton, manager of the Prineville land and stock company, was killed on the 16th inst., seventy-five miles southeast of The Dalles. He left his home on the Meadly in a buckboard about 9 a. m., and was discovered dead at 2 p. m. He followed the Canyon City road six miles, then turned on a by-road going to one of the ranches. The indications were that the team had shied where the road passed a fence, the wheel striking and poling on a rail. Then they ran half a mile, where, in crossing a gully, he was thrown out and dragged 200 yards, the team keeping on, scattering the wreckage up to where found, two miles from the body and near the ranch. The neck, right leg and right arm were broken, and the head and shoulders were bruised.

Tarlton was 42 years old and came from Australia in 1872. He was a man of no family. His parents live in England, and he leaves a brother in Australia.

San Francisco, April 18.—The Union Stock Yards Company of San Francisco has been incorporated with a capital stock of $2,500,000, to establish stock yards for collecting stock of all kinds for sale to a number of packing houses to be established in various coast cities. Two of them, to cost $400,000 each will be erected at the stock yards, which will be located at Point Pinole. The head of the company is D. J. Hodges, president of the stock yard at Sioux City Iowa. It is also stated that packing houses will be established at Los Angeles, San Diego, Portland, Seattle and Tacoma.

Reports come in of more coal discoveries in the hills southwest of Eugene. From the discoveries made it would seem that there must be a good bed of coal in these hills. The discoveries have been made at various points covering a large area, and indications are that an extensive bed of coal underlies that region.

George Hanlon, aged 16 years, who has been in the penitentiary for nearly two years, was given his freedom on Thursday morning. He was the youngest convict in the state prison and was sentenced from Portland to a two-year term for the crime of larceny. Having for several months been a trusty, his time was shortened quite a little.

Already, says the *Statesman*, State School Superintendent McElroy has received many of the annual reports of the superintendents of the several counties. Invariably the reports show a considerable increase in school population. Morrow county's census shows 1512 persons in the county between the ages of four and twenty, and 861 legal voters for school purposes; Washington, 4542 children of school age, 2312 voters; Grant, 1731 children and 1033 voters; Wallowa, 1511 and 642; Columbia, 1508 and 852; Malheur, 893 and 984; Clackamas, 5808 and 3115; Polk, 2785 and 1097; Multnomah, 15,464 and 6191; Sherman, 597 and 438; Linn, 6105 and 3391; Yamhill, 3891 and 2185; Jackson, 4345 and 2053; Clatsop, 2498 and 1274; Umatilla, 4869 and 2453; Klamath, 876 and 613; Gilliam, 1568 and 918; Josephine, 1711 and 850; Harney, 755 and 400; Benton, 3223 and 1410; Marion, 7948 and 4682.

A Great Theater.

Rome, April 17th.—After four years' steady work, a Roman architect has just finished the plans for the most extraordinary theater ever projected. It is a park and opera house combined, so that horses and carriages may reach the door of every private box, the occupants of which may sleep out among the fountains and the stately gardens of the roof.

When the duke of Sorlonta was Syndic of Rome, he urged the creator of this wonderful scheme to continue his labors, and suggested that a great playhouse might be erected in the city as a crowning architectural development of Rome. He is now bankrupt and there is no hope of ever seeing the building put up in Italy.

The architect proposes to lay his designs before the officials having in charge the world's fair in America. He is backed by the leading men of Rome. The whole work can be carried out in Italy at a cost of 12,000,000 francs, but the difference in the price of labor and material on the western continent will swell this aggregate enormously.

This vast edifice would contain 50,000, and would comfortably seat 30,000. There are 180 dressing rooms for performers. The stage is 185 feet wide by 282 deep.

Stanley says that during his recent African expeditions he came across a new and interesting race of blacks, the Wahoumas, who were absolutely European in type and very intelligent. They appeared to be descendants of the ancient Ethiopians, who settled in some way not known to him in Equatorial Africa. These people never mingled with the aboriginal races, but kept their blood intact, considering the ordinary negro beneath them.

Pains and Aches

19 YEARS OF PAIN

PERMANENTLY CURED BY

St. Jacobs Oil.

THE CASE.

Milroy, Mifflin County, Pa.

Editor of *The World*, New York, N. Y.—Dear Sir: The case of Mrs. Gemmill presents a striking example of suffering and marvelous cure. She has lived in and near Milroy for 30 years, and is 60. In 1864 she was thrown from a wagon, sustaining serious injury to her spine. From that time till 1883 she was a helpless cripple, unable to walk.

THE CURE.

During these long 19 years of suffering, she found no relief from the numerous remedies she had tried. In 1883 her daughter read the advertisement of St. Jacobs Oil, and she bought two bottles. The oil was applied, and before the second bottle was exhausted by Mrs. Gemmill she was able to walk about, and has been completely cured.

M. THOMPSON, Postmaster.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

TOWN - LOTS

—In the town of—

MONTAGUE,

Siskiyou co., Cal.,

For Sale on Easy Terms.

One-fourth down; balance within six, twelve and eighteen months.

See map at the Railroad Depot for graded prices, etc., or address

D. H. HASKELL,
Town Site Agent C. P. R. R., San Francisco, California. 12-5

NOTES AND NEWS.

C. P. Huntington, recently elected president of the Southern Pacific, has written a letter to Senator Stanford, in which he says: "The remarks which I recently made at the Southern Pacific board meeting, and especially the phrase which relates to the campaign uses of the company's funds, have been construed in some quarters as a personal attack on you. Allow me to say that I greatly regret this impression, since I did not intend to make any such remark or charge that you had used the company's money to advance your personal interests in any improper manner, and I am satified that you have not done so. Allow me here to express the wish that our relations may continue as friendly hereafter as they have heretofore. The board of directors of the Southern Pacific company unanimously passed resolutions, thanking Senator Stanford for his management of the company while he was president.

On the subscription list of every newspaper may be found occasionally the name of a subscriber dishonest enough to hope and silly enough to think that when his indebtedness to the paper has become large, all he has to do is to send a copy back with the word "Refused" written thereon. But the paper still goes to his address according to good American law, and not until an attorney comes around to collect that little debt at the expense of the dishonest fool does he discover that his artfulness was merely amusing. Then he sees where the laugh comes in, but he don't get any of it. It isn't the silly rogue's turn to laugh, and besides, he is too busy to peal his gums just then.—[Klamath Star.

The nationalist party in California is split into two factions. The seceding wing of the state convention adopted a platform demanding the government ownership of telegraph and railroad lines, and by municipality of street railways, water, gas and light, the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people, and the adoption of the Australian ballot system and other measures.

The Southern Congressman who sent a challenge to a man who was old enough to be his father, has made ridiculous both himself and the nearly obsolete code he invoked. The American of the period cannot regard duelists with any more reverence than Mark Twain looks upon feudalism. I belongs to a time that is hopelessly gone over into the past, and nothing can revive it. Its very language is Quixotic, and the man who attempts to get revenge by the code or to satisfy what he calls his wounded honor is pretty sure to be classed as a crank.

Says a Boston dispatch of April 15: An object-glass for the forty-inch telescope to be mounted at the university in Southern California, was taken to Cambridge today. It will be the largest refracting telescope ever constructed. From its lofty position in San Diego it will pierce further into the recesses of space than any instrument heretofore designed by hand. The glass was taken to the establishment of Clark Bros., who will spend nearly two years upon it before it will be ready for use. It came from the establishment of Mantois, in Paris.

It is the biggest piece of work of the kind they have ever done, or which has ever been done anywhere. It has a superlatively pure and beautiful circular plate crown. The glass is 40 inches in diameter, or more than 10 feet in circumference, 2½ inches thick, and so clear that when balanced upon its edge it is invisible. It interposes no obstacle to the rays of light which fall upon it, and they pass through it absolutely unchanged. When completed it will have an exact diameter of forty inches, with a maximum thickness of about two inches. The curves of its double concave surfaces are not calculated. Complementary glass and the plates for the convex lenses, which will be placed about eight inches behind the object-glass, have not been cast. The tube of the telescope will have a length of about sixty feet, thus exceeding the Lick telescope in length, as an object-glass, and also in diameter.

A Novel Advertisement.

The following story, which has never before appeared in print, is told of the editor of one of Maine's most prominent dailies: When a small boy, his father, now one of the most prominent men in the state, was running a printing office and publishing a weekly paper in one of the larger towns in Kenebec county. One day the advance agent of a show came along and ordered some posters printed on cotton cloth. His order was filled, but for some reason he neglected to call for them and they were thus left on the printer's hands. The printer's wife ran across them, and as cloth was at that time very high, she took the cloth home and used it to line a pair of pants she was then making for the editor above mentioned, who was then a boy about ten years of age.

As the months rolled by the pants grew threadbare, and at school one day he accidently tore the seat out, leaving about the foot of lining exposed to view. This in itself would have made the boys smile, but they laughed till the tears came when they observed the following words standing out boldly upon the lining in large type:

"Doors open at 7:30. Performance begins at 8."

It is needless to state that the boy was sent home to his mother in tears.—Globe.

To Marry Winnie Davis.

Eastern social circles are greatly agitated over the announced engagement of Miss Winnie Davis, the "Daughter of the Confederacy," and Alfred Wilkinson, of Syracuse, N. Y., whose grandfather, Rev. Samuel J. May, was one of the pioneer abolitionists of the country. Says a New York dispatch of April 13: The story of the courtship of Miss Winnie Davis and Alfred Wilkinson, whose engagement is reported, is very romantic. Miss Davis came North four years ago to visit Dr. Thomas Emory, of Syracuse. At a reception in her honor she was introduced to Alfred Wilkinson. Miss Winnie received a very cool reception in one or two houses here. Wilkinson resented this and gallantly championed her cause. The firm friendship thus engendered between them blossomed into love in due time. Miss Winnie later on went to Europe, and is still there. Wilkinson, some two months since, crossed the ocean and spent several weeks with her, sightseeing and pressing his suit. Wilkinson is a bright and promising young lawyer, about 28 years of age. He is not rich, but moves in the best society.

He is a grandson of Rev. Samuel J. May, who was a pioneer with Garrison and Phillips in the abolition movement. Not only in the United States, but in Europe also, did he fight for the cause. On his removal to Syracuse, May continued to be active in promoting anti-slavery reforms. Hundreds of slaves fleeing from bondage to Canada came to him for protection and help, and never came in vain. The date of the wedding has not yet been set, but it is believed it will be soon.

The Oregon Board of Immigration is soon to get out a pamphlet that will eclipse anything in the advertising line ever attempted before. It is to be either a forty-eight or a sixty-four page publication, 7x11 inches, printed on supersized and calendered paper and neatly bound. Good clean-cut type will be used in printing, and the work will be properly illustrated. Among the illustrations will be a cut of the new Portland hotel, the Morgan Grand building as it will appear when completed, proposed City Hall, Chamber of Commerce building, Union depot, new Holton house, Washington block, Corbett block and Grace church. It will also contain cuts of Oregon scenery, notably among which will be a view of Mount Hood with a bird's-eye view of Portland in the foreground. It is proposed to get up the work in such an artistic manner that it will be an ornament to any library or parlor table.

Independence, Polk county, is to have a new school building that will cost $20,000.

Garden seeds and onion sets at the Red House. *

ASHLAND TIDINGS.

Friday.....April 25, 1890

Revision.

The committee appointed at the recent session of the Presbytery of Southern Oregon on Revision of the Confession of Faith brought in the following report:

"Believing that no duty could possibly be imposed upon a committee involving greater responsibility, and that no subject could be considered of more vital importance to our church at large than that which the revision movement involves, we do herein express our desire that a satisfactory and harmonious result may be the issue of this movement; that the unity of our church be not imperiled; and, that all her interests may be conserved and enlarged in building up and extending the Kingdom of our Redeemer throughout the world. And farther, the Presbytery of Southern Oregon, while reaffirming their unswerving loyalty to the system of doctrine contained in the Confession of Faith; and recording itself, as opposing anything like a tendency to mar the integrity of that system; do, for the following reasons, answer the first question of the assembly's overture in the affirmative.

"Do you desire a revision of the Confession of Faith?" Yes.

1st, Because we find, as has been alleged, the confession contains certain "infelicities of expression" so liable to be misunderstood by the unlearned, as to perplex the ministry by requiring from them frequent explanation.

2d, Because certain statements of doctrine or excess of statement, are so equivocal as to be misleading.

3d, Because there is deficiency in not making as prominent as it is in the Bible, the infinite love of God in the offer of salvation to the whole world.

4th, Because we believe we have the men of sufficiently consecrated ability to bring the relief which a conservative revision demands.

To the second question in the assembly's overture—"If so, in what respects and to what extent?" we reply, that we refer particularly, to certain expressions and statements as well known to be contained in the third and tenth chapters; but as to the extent and definite form of these desired changes, we prefer to leave to the wisdom and skill of the assembly's committee, and to the subsequent satisfaction of the Presbyteries.

ROBT ENNIS,
Chairman.

The above report was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Revs. M. A. Williams, Medford; F. G. Strange, Ashland; A. Marcellus, Oakland, Or.; J. R. N. Bell, Roseburg; W. A. Smick, Roseburg; A. F. Lott, Linkville; R. Ennis, Jacksonville. Elders W. M. Mathes, Phoenix; —.—. Hoffman, Roseburg; Peter Simon, Eagle Point; J. M. Luark, Ashland.

Negative—Revs. Robt. McLean, Grant's Pass; Eneas McLean, Medford. Elders C. F. Walker, Grant's Pass; J. H. Farris, Medford.

Central American Republic.

The general or federal government of the Republic of Central America will be inaugurated on the 15th of next September. Representatives from each of the five states will assemble in Comayagua, the capital of Honduras, on the 25th of August and decide which of the five presidents shall be president of the new Republic.

This combination of the Central American states will mark quite an era in the history of the American continent. For a long time there has been a desire on the part of the Central American people to form a union of the five republics. Each of them is very small and somewhat insignificant in itself, but united, they will form a nation large enough to command the respect of every other nation in the world. Heretofore there have been local jealousies that delayed the formation of this union, but these have been overcome, and the inauguration of the new government on next September is the result of a treaty made among the five states a few months ago.

Of course for a while there will be some dissatisfaction with the new state of affairs, but if dissolution can be prevented for a few years, all danger will be removed and the Central American republic will become one of the powers of the continent.

Hamilton and Burr.

The monograph published by the Hamilton bank of this city, presenting the story of the Burr-Hamilton duel as told in the newspaper accounts of 1804, has attracted a degree of attention that illustrates the interest still felt in that tragic and lamentable event. Several score of letters have been received at the bank asking for the pamphlet or commenting upon the facts therein presented. One writer, in the course of his comment, says:

"A gentleman connected with the Schuylers and Hamiltons closely by marriage, and with one whose friendship I was long honored, once told me, 'I am the only man living who knows the whole cause of that duel, and I shall carry my secret with me to the grave,' which he did. My mother, only daughter of Samuel Pendleton (Hamilton's second in the duel), often told me, 'Father did not, I think, wish General Hamilton to fight with Burr. He felt certain that Burr would kill him. Burr was a dead shot; the general was a very poor one.' Of Burr my mother always spoke with the most undistinguished scorn and contempt. She told me often: 'I have seen him walking the streets of New York, often—a little, decrepit, shabby, mean-looking man, too poor to pay his way across the ferry.'"

Another venerable correspondent writes: "I was nine years old when the duel occurred, and remember the event very well. The country was greatly excited and wanted to hang Burr. In a number of respects he had his deserts. He was despised, an outcast from society. I have seen him twice, the last time the morning after his marriage. He and his wife went on the New Haven steamboat in New York. He was a very small man, but every person would notice his remarkably bright black eyes."

Says another writer: "My great-grandfather, Theodore B. Valleau, signed as a witness to Gen. Hamilton's will, and his son was at that time a student in law in Hamilton's office. To him the general is said to have given his last words of direction about his business affairs on the afternoon previous to his meeting with Colonel Burr. Of course, no intimation was then given of what was to follow."

In Parton's "Life of Aron Burr" a statement is made that the marble monument erected by the St. Andrew's society of New York, of which Hamilton was president, on the spot in Weehaken where he fell, was broken down and carried off by vandal hands, and that "the slab which bore the inscription was preserved until recently," but "upon searching for it" it was discovered "that even that last relic has disappeared in the same mysterious manner as the rest." The publication of this monograph has thrown light upon that mystery, for one of the letters above referred to is from a member of the family to which that historic spot belongs, who says: "The duel was fought on my father's property and he now has in his house the slab that the St. Andrew's society erected to mark the spot."—N. Y. Times.

Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state last Thursday of the following corporation: The Oregonian Railway company limited; the business in which this corporation proposes to engage shall be, and is, to construct and equip a railroad and telegraph lines from Portland to East Portland, thence southerly on the east side of the Willamette river by way of Silverton, Coburg and Springfield and the middle fork of the Willamette river to the north ra boundary line of California; from Portland, southerly on the west side of the Willamette river to Arlington; with all necessary branches; principal place of business at Portland; the capital stock is $3,000,000, divided into 30,000 shares of $100 each; R. Koehler, Geo. H. Andrews and W. A. Grandahl incorporators.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

Reciprocal Measures.

The ways and means committee are now considering Secretary Blaine's proposition relative to South American imports, which in substance is as follows:

"The president shall by proclamation declare all ports of the United States free to all products of any independent nation on the American hemisphere upon which export duties are now levied, so long as such nations admit free of all duties, breadstuffs, provisions, preserved meats, fish, vegetables, fruits, and in fact all articles of food, lumber, refined petroleum and such other products peculiar to the United States as may be agreed upon; provided, however, that this concession shall apply only to merican-line transported in vessels of the United States, or of the other countries entering into this agreement."

With the proposition are submitted some facts of South America commerce. "The South American countries export say $210,000,000 in sugar and import $350,000,000 in goods, only about 10 per cent, of which is purchased in this country. There is no produce or breadstuff raised in these countries. Wheat bread being a luxury, a barrel of flour worth $5 in New York is, by reason of transportation and a duty of $5, worth $15 in Rio Janeiro. Hams and bacon are 50 cents per pound. Cod fish and other American fish are a luxury owing to the duty. Petroleum is worth 25 cents a gallon at Philadelphia and is worth 50 cents a quart in South America. In Cuba gas cannot be profitably made, hence there would be a market for United States oil. As to lumber, common pine, hemlock and spruce is worth 10 cents a foot, and is more expensive than corrugated iron for building purposes."

Senator Chandler, being interviewed on the question of reciprocity with the Sandwich Islands, seems to think that we could establish reciprocal relations with any country in the western hemisphere which will adopt our tariff system. "If we were assured," he states, "that the laws would be enforced there, we could abolish the tariff on all goods coming from the Sandwich Islands. We would have to extend our tariff and our laws to these islands if we took possession of them, and would certainly do that if any other power should attempt to get ahead of us there. It is against our policy now to take possession of the Sandwich Islands, but we would strengthen our relations with them. I think, if we established commercial reciprocity with them."—[Ex.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Chitwood Bros.

Mining News.

(Yreka Journal.)

Prospectors on Humbug creek are constantly discovering rich ledges, and we anticipate a grand boom during the coming summer, to render Humbug the most extensive and richest quartz mining district in Siskiyou county and Pacific coast generally. This creek paid handsomely last summer, and its output of gold keeps constantly increasing.

Royal Brown and Cobb McManus are realizing about $8 per day from the top ground in their placer claim on Spring Gulch, north of town, leaving the richer bedrock gravel to be cleaned up when the water runs lighter, or by getting water from the big ditch. During the latter part of the season, or when the water gives out, they have a two-inch stringer of quartz they expect to bring to the mill, with the belief that it will lead to a wider and rich paying ledge.

Two bars of gold, containing about $5000, were brought here from the Gold Ball mine at Salmon river, last week, the gold having been taken from the batteries while the mill was running, this being only a partial clean up. Another bar was also realized in the same manner during the week previous. When the mill is shut down for a general clean up a large amount of gold will no doubt be realized, as the quartz now being crushed pays handsomely.

A Hard-headed Negro

(St. Louis dispatch, Apr. 19.)

Local sports are talking of nothing but the feed of "Big Six," a heavy weight negro pugilist, who, on a wager, butted an ox to death. He caught the animal by the horns and butted it between the eyes four times. Then, drawing back to arm's length, he ran his head against the ox, knocking the four-legged brute to the ground, the ox dying in five minutes. The negro's head is considerably swollen, but he has not suffered any serious inconvenience.

A Family Blessing.

Simmons Liver Regulator, the favorite home remedy, is entirely vegetable, and the purest and best family medicine that is compounded. No error to be feared in administering; no injury from exposure after taking; no loss of time. It is the best preventive medicine and safe to take no matter what the sickness may prove to be, and in any ordinary disease, will effect a speedy cure.

Stylish Hats at Blount's this week.

Copyright, 1890.

JEWELS AND LACES.

"Oh, girl with the jewelled fingers,
Oh, girl with the laces rare!"

What are your jewels and what are your laces worth to you if, from undergoing the trying ordeals which fashionable society imposes on its devotees, enough to test the physical strength and endurance of the most robust, you break down, lose your health and become a physical wreck, as thousands do from such cause?

Under such circumstances you would willingly give all your jewels and all your laces to regain lost health. This you can do if you will but resort to the use of that great restorative known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Thousands of grateful women bless the day it was made known to them.

For all derangements, irregularities and weaknesses peculiar to women, it is the only remedy, sold by druggists, **under a positive guarantee** from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years.

An invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system. For feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets regulate and cleanse the liver, stomach and bowels. One a dose. Sold by druggists. 25 cents a vial.

A Harvard student was taught a lesson in good behavior last Monday at Boston, the exercises taking place in a police court. James Frank Cook, of Toledo, Ohio, a member of the school of dentistry, was arrested for disorderly conduct on Saturday night. He had been removing the signs over a store. He insisted that his act of larceny was a mere "sophomoric trick," but he spent Sunday in a cell, and was heavily fined the next morning. In passing sentence the judge rightly called him a thief and a malicious mischief-maker.—[Ex.

Reid's Premium Flower seeds for sale by D. L. Minkler & Son's.

We have the Exclusive Control of

FULL WEIGHT AND PERFECTLY PURE.

ONLY 50 CENTS

And don't have to offer a prize to sell this Goods, for its the BEST MADE. Every Can holds

ONE AND ONE HALF POUNDS.

E. M. Miller,

ASHLAND, - - OREGON.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Timber Land Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Roseburg, Oregon, Mar. 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Gust Dittmock, of Klamath City, County of Siskiyou, State of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, for the purchase of the S½ of sec. 34, in Tp No. 39 south, range No. 4 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Tuesday the 13th day of June, 1890.

He names as witnesses: Charles Fournier, William Storey, N. J. Caufman, Gustav Haberlach, of Klamath City, Cal.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 13th day of May, 1890.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Timber Land Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Roseburg, Oregon, Feb. 24, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," J. B. Snelling, of White Point, County of Jackson, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement for the purchase of the SE¼ of section No. 12, in Tp No. 39 south, range No 4 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 16th day of June, 1890.

He names as witnesses: G. W. Bailey, Shake, J. E. Snelling, White Point, H. M. Roberts, Ashland, all of Jackson County, Oregon, J. M. Davis, Klamath City, Siskiyou County, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 16th day of June, 1890.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Timber Land Notice.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Mar. 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," J. M. Davis, of Klamath City, County of Siskiyou, State of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement for the purchase of the NE¼ of section No. 34, in Tp No. 39 south, range No 4 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 18th day of June, 1890.

He names as witnesses: H. M. Roberts, Ashland, J. E. Snelling, White Point, G. W. Bailey, Shake, all of Jackson County, Oregon, Gust Dittmock, Klamath City, Siskiyou County, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 18th day of June, 1890.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Timber Land Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Roseburg, Oregon, Mar. 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," G. W. Bailey, of Shake, County of Jackson, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement for the purchase of the NW¼ of SE¼ and N½ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of section No. 3, in Tp No. 40 south, range No. 4 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 18th day of June, 1890.

He names as witnesses: H. M. Roberts, Ashland, J. E. Snelling, White Point, G. W. Bailey, Shake, all of Jackson County, Oregon, J. M. Davis, Gust Dittmock, Klamath City, Siskiyou County, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 18th day of June, 1890.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Timber Land Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Roseburg, Oregon, Mar. 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," G. W. Bailey, of Shake, County of Jackson, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement for the purchase of the NW¼ of SE¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ and SE¼ of NW¼ of section No. 10, in Tp No. 39 south, range No. 4 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 18th day of June, 1890.

He names as witnesses: J. B. Snelling, White Point, H. M. Roberts, Ashland, both of Jackson County, Oregon, J. M. Davis, Gust Dittmock, Klamath City, Siskiyou County, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 18th day of June, 1890.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Timber Land Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Roseburg, Oregon, Mar. 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," J. B. Snelling, of White Point, County of Jackson, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement for the purchase of the NE¼ of section No. 1, in Tp No. 39 south, range No. 4 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 18th day of June, 1890.

He names as witnesses: J. M. Davis, Klamath City, Siskiyou County, California, H. M. Roberts, Ashland, G. W. Bailey, Shake, J. E. Snelling, White Point, all of Jackson County, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 18th day of June, 1890.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Timber Land Notice.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Mar. 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," J. M. Davis, of Klamath City, County of Siskiyou, State of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement for the purchase of the SE¼ of section No. 24, in Tp No. 39 south, range No. 4 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 18th day of June, 1890.

He names as witnesses: H. M. Roberts, Ashland, J. E. Snelling, White Point, G. W. Bailey, Shake, all of Jackson County, Oregon, Gust Dittmock, Klamath City, Siskiyou County, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 18th day of June, 1890.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Timber Land Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Roseburg, Oregon, Mar. 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," G. W. Bailey, of Shake, County of Jackson, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement for the purchase of the NW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of SW¼ of section No. 34, in Tp No. 38 south, range No. 4 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 18th day of June, 1890.

He names as witnesses: J. B. Snelling, White Point, G. W. Bailey, Shake, both of Jackson County, Oregon, N. S. Prendergast, J. M. Davis, Klamath City, Siskiyou County, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 18th day of June, 1890.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Timber Land Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Roseburg, Oregon, Mar. 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," G. W. Bailey, of Shake, County of Jackson, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement for the purchase of the SE¼ of section No. 2, in Tp No. 39 south, range No. 4 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 18th day of June, 1890.

He names as witnesses: G. W. Bailey, Shake, J. E. Snelling, White Point, H. M. Roberts, Ashland, all of Jackson County, Oregon, J. M. Davis, Klamath City, Siskiyou County, California.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 18th day of June, 1890.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's Sale.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Jackson.

Frank Clugage, J. R. Clugage, Mary Clugage, Barnet Sauerman, Jane Sauerman, Jesse Sherman, Harriet Sherman, J. Miller, Mollie Miller, George Moore and Maggie Moore, heirs at law of James Clugage, deceased, plaintiffs,

vs.

R. S. Dunlap, defendant.

By virtue of an execution and decree of foreclosure duly issued out of the above entitled court, in the above entitled cause, to me directed and delivered, in favor of above named plaintiffs and against R. S. Dunlap, defendant, for the sum of $72 and interest upon the same from May 11th, 1889, $75.20 attorney's fee, $8.25 costs and disbursements of suit and the further costs and accruing costs of and upon this writ, I did upon the 11th day of March, 1890, levy upon all the following described real property, to wit:

That certain lot of ground situated in Jackson county, Oregon, described as follows: Commencing at a point on the east line of Oregon street or road leading from Jacksonville to Willow Springs, 240 feet south of the northeast corner of F and Oregon streets, which point is the north line of the lot now occupied by David Linn, and running thence with the east line of Oregon street northwardly by 200 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with said F street 650 feet to a stake, thence angling to a point on the north line of F street, opposite the northeast corner of block No. 38, thence with the north line of said F street 240 feet to the east boundary line of David Linn's lot, thence westwardly with David Linn lot, 650 feet to the north line of David Linn lot, thence westwardly with David Linn north line 200 feet to place of beginning, according to the corporation plat of said town of Jacksonville, being the same land heretofore conveyed by James Clugage to said R. S. Dunlap.

And I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash in hand at the court house door in Jacksonville, Or., on

Saturday, May 3, 1890,

at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, all the right, title and interest of R. S. Dunlap, defendant, in and to the said property, to satisfy the judgment in favor of plaintiffs, as aforesaid.

Given under my hand this 31 day of April, 1890.

JAS. G. BIRDSEY, Sheriff.

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the County Court of the state of Oregon, for the county of Jackson.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Shearer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the administrator of the estate of Alexander Shearer, deceased, has filed in the county court of Jackson county, Oregon, his final account as such administrator, and by order of said court Tuesday, May 6th, 1890, at the hour of 1:30 o'clock, a. m., is set for hearing. All persons interested are hereby notified to appear and file his or her objections to said account on or before said day.

Published by order of J. R. Neil, Judge of said court, made this 17th day of March, 1890.

M. L. McCALL, Administrator.

Timber Land Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Roseburg, Oregon, Feb. 24, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Edward Williams, of Klamath City, County of Siskiyou, State of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement for the purchase of the SW¼ of section 22, township 39, south, range 4 W. M.

He names as witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: James W. Briner of Phoenix, Jackson county, Oregon, Jesse Adams, of Talent, Jackson county, Oregon, Hendrick Goddard, of Talent, Jackson county, Oregon, Francis J. Elliott, of Talent, Jackson county, Oregon.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Ashland, will be held at the room of the Bank, Saturday, May 3, 1890 at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a board