ASHLAND TIDINGS.

Friday.....November 8, 1889.

THEY ARE MISINFORMED.

Some malicious or misinformed individual recently set afloat in the state press the following little paragraph, presumably as a feeble attempt at wit:

"Here is what an Ex. says about Ashland: The boom beneath no more in Ashland, and the time is dull. The landlord waileth and drinketh strong drink in his anger, because "To Let" appeareth on numerous houses within the city. Also the real estate fiend lieth on sack cloth and ashes and is down on his luck, for verily, he hath no silver shekles to rattle in his pants' pocket."

The thing has had the run of nearly all the papers down in the Willamette, and yet a correction in as many words will never appear in one-tenth of the papers that have printed the false statement. Ashland has not, nor does it claim to have had, a boom. It has not at any time had a boom in the sense in which the word is used to describe an artificial forcing of growth or values, but the statement that there are "numerous houses to let" is a falsehood made out of the whole cloth. It is difficult now, as it has always been, to find an empty dwelling or business house to rent—that is, one worth renting—well built and desirably situated. And of all the towns in other parts of the state in which the newspapers printed the paragraph quoted above there is not a single one of the size of Ashland in which more satisfactory progress in improvement will be recorded for the year 1889. A large number of handsome and costly dwellings have been completed during the year and two new brick business blocks are in course of construction—one of them to contain as fine an opera house as will be found in the state outside of Portland. A beginning has been made for the new city water works—the $50,000 for which have been secured by the sale of six per cent. bonds at a good premium. The volume of business done during the year by our merchants is fully as large as the most sanguine anticipated, and the large invoices of goods shipped hither by the railroad show that it is increasing instead of diminishing, as the mendacious paragrapher would insinuate.

If any town in Oregon has reason to rest assured of its bright future, certainly Ashland has. In a year of unprecedented drouth, for this country, the young orchards upon the granite hills and on the lower benches yielded a good crop of fruit—all of which was marketed at good figures, and the pre-eminence of the location as a fruit center is more fully recognized than ever before. Fruit growing will be the industry of Southern Oregon that will bring in the revenue—and the orchards about Ashland are still growing and increasing.

Don't be so ready to give credence to what malice or prejudice or jealousy may utter against our town, fellow citizens down in the glorious, the fertile, the handsome and humid Willamette valley. Come out and bask in the sunlight of the genial climate and breathe the pure air of Ashland for a few days, and then you will speak differently of the town when you go home.

The governor of Washington estimates the population of the territory, or state, now at about 275,000, and, as significant of the rapid growth and great expectations of that commonwealth, it is reported that a $1,000 wager has been made at Tacoma that the state will have a population of 1,000,000 in 1890. If the immigration should keep up at its present rate, the wager will be won. It is wonderful how many people are crowding into Washington from the east, particularly into the Puget sound country. The older cities and towns are growing at a phenomenal rate, and villages grow to cities in a few months. But there is a strong probability that the people are gathering more rapidly than the resources of the country can be developed, and that business reasons will compel numbers of them to look elsewhere on the Pacific coast for permanent locations. As this time arrives, quiet, steady old Oregon will begin to receive a large influx of population. The coming statehood of Washington has been a great advertisement for her throughout the country, but the people can't all live on politics, any more than they can live exclusively on climate down in California. Many of them will discover Southern Oregon before many months, and if only the right class of citizens come they will certainly be cordially welcomed.

In his annual report the third auditor of the treasury estimates that by June 30th next the number of pensioners will exceed five hundred and twenty-five thousand, being a gain of 3500 during the year, and that at least $100,000,000 will be required annually to pay them. He approves of the present liberal treatment of pensioners.

Wonder if the fine work of Senator Standard Oil Payne's coterie can't be discerned in the election of a Democratic legislature in Ohio. They wanted to relieve the Republicans of the embarrassment which might attend Murat Halstead's candidacy for the Senatorship.

The TIDINGS office hasn't any crowing rooster handy for the heading of election news this week.

The Republicans of Ohio and Iowa must have been emigrating to the Northwest lately.

The Montana Case.

Helena, Oct. 31.—Judge DeWolf gave a decision when the court met at 9:30 o'clock this morning, wherein the celebrated mandamus case of John J. McHatton, democratic candidate for circuit judge was plaintiff and Jack and Hall the canvassing board of Silver Bow county were defendants. The mandamus was for the purpose of preventing the counting of the vote for the disputed Tunnel district 34.

The judge ordered that a peremptory writ of mandate be issued ordering Jack and Hall to proceed forthwith to canvass the vote. Judge Knowles counsel for the canvassing board, filed immediately a notice of appeal and asked a stay of proceedings until the case could be brought before the supreme court. Probate Judge Irvine, who is a democratic member of the board of canvassers, expressed satisfaction with DeWolf's ruling and refused to join the republican members in their appeal to the supreme court.

The democrats all claim that DeWolf's decision will be final, that an appeal in absence of Commissioner Jack, who is in Europe, cannot be taken by Hall, and this rule will settle the matter. It is claimed that this decision will give a democratic majority of five in the legislature.

Mr. Hall says he is not satisfied with the decision and wants to appeal. The objection is raised that as a single member of the board in which he is in the minority, he had no right to appeal, if when his colleague Irvine, representing the same vote on the board, refuses to do so.

NOTES AND NEWS.

The Cronin case is making slow progress in court.

Indian hostilities are reported in Arizona again.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. is looking for an outlet to the Pacific coast.

The Neagle case has been advanced on the U. S. supreme court docket, and will soon be heard.

Ex-Secretary of State Bayard was to be married to Miss May Clymer at the home of the bride in Washington yesterday.

Bismarck told the czar that a policy of conciliation should be adopted in Russian public affairs, and the czar asked Bismarck why he had never tried it in Germany.

President Harrison takes a five or six miles walk every Sunday afternoon between 4 and 6 o'clock. This is the only day that he is able to get all the time to himself that he wants.

The blizzard last week in Eastern Colorado and Northern New Mexico was a serious storm. Numbers of cattle perished, and three herders of Col. R. G. Meade were frozen to death near Florence, N. M.

The Union Pacific contemplates extending its line to Astoria, and has ordered a preliminary survey from Portland to that point. President Adams is in favor of building the line, but Vice-President Holcomb is opposed to it.

The wife of Sir Charles Dilke, the able but erratic Liberal leader, expects soon to make a house-to-house inspection of the industrial towns in England for the purpose of ascertaining whether things are as bad as they have been painted.

Commander McElroy, of the department of the Oregon G. A. R., is in receipt of a letter from the Chicago Board of Trade, stating that the Oregon exhibit at Milwaukee has been placed on permanent exhibition in the Board of Trade rooms.

The Hon. John Lawrence Sullivan is not yet a member of congress, but he is bound to have more fame, and offers to meet any pugilist before the California club for a $12,000 purse. He personally guarantees Jem Smith of England $2,500 for expenses to reach San Francisco.

Two thousand Indians occupying the Wind River reservation, just south of the Yellowstone National Park, in Wyoming territory, are actually in want and many will die of starvation before spring. Their beef ration is but three-fourths of a pound per capita, as against a pound and a half issued to each Sioux.

The S. F. *Alta* had the following among its editorial notes the other day: "Sol Hirsch, our minister to Turkey, will not be there to help the sultan receive the kaiser, and more's the pity, for he is a receiver from way back, and has a reputation in the politics of Portland that would make the two monarchs quake upon their thrones."

Portland is reported by commercial statisticians to be the third richest city of its size in the world, and yet Portland, East Portland, Albina, and the whole county of Multnomah was assessed last year at only $22,000,000. Either all the statisticans of the world or the Multnomah county assessors are telling a big no-such-thing.—[Astorian.

The citizens of San Francisco are subscribing liberally to the fund for the purchase of a solid silver service for the new cruiser named in honor of that city. The citizens of Chicago, Charleston, Boston and other places are doing the same, and the Union Iron Works' employes also purchased a rich sounding bell for the Charleston, built at that company's ship yards and shops.

Senator Washburn and Ex-Governor Pillsbury, of Minnesota, have sold to English capitalists a two-thirds interest in mills and elevators, water power, etc., (headquarters Minneapolis) valued at $6,250,000. The new company is to be known as the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mill company. The new company will make extensive additions and improvements in the property, as the infusion of English blood is expected to greatly increase the foreign sale of the mills' products, one-third of which is now exported.

The Canadian Pacific has perfected a time table for running a mail train, which in speed will eclipse anything known in the history of railroading. No passengers will be taken and it is to be run from Vancouver to St. John, N. B., from the Pacific to the Atlantic, in four days. It was requested by the imperial government for the speedy transit of the English mail which passes between that country and China and Japan. The experimental train will be given four days and fourteen locomotives will be run, each going about 240 miles.

The president Nov. 24 issued proclamations admitting North Dakota and South Dakota into the United States. A proclamation is issued for each, and is quite lengthy. The proclamations quote the previous act covering their admission, and the president certifies that both have fulfilled the requirements, adopted constitutions, elected officers, and forwarded certified returns; that South Dakota, besides adopting the Sioux Falls constitution, adopted amendment favoring prohibition and rejecting one allowing minority representation; that North Dakota also adopted a prohibition amendment; therefore, the president declared them both admitted as states that day, November 24.

In his annual report, from which we have already quoted, Gen. Miles says: The division of the Pacific is one of great magnitude, embracing the departments of the Columbia, California and Arizona, wherein are stationed 6050 soldiers, or nearly one-fourth of the national army. Its jurisdiction extends over an area of 755,369 square miles, with 1400 miles of sea coast, as open, inviting and powerless to resist the armed invader of the sea in case of war as was ancient Anglia when Danish sea kings landed on her eastern coast. General Miles showed with some spirit how neglectful the Government has been in appropriations for this vast military division. He points out that while the other two divisions—the Atlantic and Missouri—have received from 1874 to 1889 the sum of $20,000,000 in the way of appropriations, his division has only been allowed the comparatively paltry amount of $934,000. From this statement it is not to be wondered at that our few coast fortifications are either behind the scientific age in armaments or are practically ruins, while the army stationed here in some localities is quartered in tents, dug-outs, log huts and adobe buildings. To remedy the latter matter the recommendation is made that at least $500,000 should be appropriated for the construction of new quarters and barracks.

A recent cablegram to the New York *Sun* states as follows the price at which Prince Hatzfeldt was purchased by C. P. Huntington for his adopted daughter: The price at which Prince Hatzfeldt was purchased by Huntington has just come to light, according to a cable to the *Sun*. Before the prince's wedding with Clara Huntington, C. P. Huntington deposited with his prospective son-in-law's trustees $1,750,000 in bonds of the United States and other gilt-edged securities which he guaranteed to be first-class. According to the articles of agreement entered into between Huntington and Hatzfeldt the income from this source is to be divided between the prince and his wife, each to receive his or her share independently of the other. The income is to be paid to each just the same in case of divorce or separation. Huntington also agreed to pay at the London Westminister bank on the day before the wedding $100,000 to persons designated by the prince and $150,000 more within six weeks, also to persons designated by the prince, who are of course, his creditors. The prince, on his part, agrees to make over to his trustees all his property and estates that are not entailed, and in case of death of either husband or wife, the income from the $1,750,000 is to go to the children, if any, who may be the issue of the match. As the prince did not have any unentailed property, the total cost of Miss Huntington's titled husband comes to $2,000,000.

THE STATE ELECTIONS.

The Democrats have a chance to enjoy a smile of victory again this "off year" in the result of the state elections last Tuesday in Ohio, Iowa and Virginia. Following are given the latest telegraphic returns:

Virginia—Large Democratic gains in every section of the state.

Ohio—Best estimate gives Campbell, Democratic candidate for governor, a pluralty of 10,000 over Foraker. The rest of the Democratic ticket elected by about 5000. The Democrats have a majority of 8 in the legislature on joint ballot, assuring Democratic U. S. Senator to succeed Payne.

New Jersey—Returns from all parts of the state show that Abbot, Democratic candidate for governor, has 10,000 majority.

Iowa—The Democrats elect the entire state ticket, but the Republicans claim the legislature by a majority of 8 on joint ballot. Majority of Boles (Dem.) for governor, 5000 to 8000.

Massachusetts—Republicans elect Brackett, governor by 5,979 majority, and have 10 majority in the legislature on joint ballot.

WHO OWNS THE U. S.

In spite of the rapid increase in the number of millionaires in the United States in recent years, the popular notion is that wealth is yet very much more evenly distributed in this country than in England. Mr. Thos. G. Shearman, the well known New York statistician, has been engaged for some time in collecting facts to show as precisely as possible the proportion of the wealth of the country held by a few rich men and families; and he finds a greater concentration of wealth here than in any other country. The results of his investigation will appear in *The Forum* for November, from advance sheet of which the following facts are taken. Mr. Shearman made the following enumeration of owners of more than $20,000,000 each:

$150,000,000; J. J. Astor, Trinity Church.

$100,000,000; C. Vanderbilt, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jay Gould, Leland Stanford, J. D. Rockefeller.

$70,000,000; estate of A. Packer.

$60,000,000; John I. Blair, estate of Charles Crocker.

$50,000,000 Wm. Astor, W. W. Astor, Russell Sage, E. A. Stevens, estate of Moses Taylor, estate of Brown & Ives.

$40,000,000; P. D. Armour, F. L. Ames, Wm. Rockefeller, H. M. Flagner, Powers & Weightman, estate of P. Goelet.

$35,000,000 C. P. Huntington, D. O. Mills, estate of T. A. Scott, J. W. Garrett.

$30,000,000; G. B. Roberts, Charles Pratt, Ross Winans, E. B. Coxe, Claus Spreckels, A. Belmont, R. J. Livingston, Fred Weyerhauser, Mrs. Mark Hopkins, Mrs. Hetty Green, estate of S. V. Harknes, R. W. Coleman, I. M. Singer.

$25,000,000; A. J. Drexel, J. S. Morgan, J. P. Morgan, Marshall Field, David Downs, J. G. Fair, E. T. Gerry, estate of Gov. Fairbanks, A. T. Stewart A. Schermerhorn.

$22,500,000; O. H. Payne, estate of F. A. Drexel, I. V. Williamson, W. F. Weld.

$20,000,000; W. W. Vanderbilt, Theo. Havemeyer, H. O. Havemeyer, W. G. Warden, W. P. Thompson, Mrs. Schenley, J. B. Haggin, H. A. Hutchins, estate of W. Sloane, E. S. Higgins, C. Towne, Wm. Thaw, Dr. Hostetter, Wm. Sharon, Peter Donohue.

These 70 names represent an aggregate of $2,700,000,000, an average of more than $37,500,000 each. Although Mr. Shearman, in making this estimate, did not look for less than twenty millionaires, he discovered fifty others incidentally worth more than $10,000,000 each; and he says that a list of ten persons can be made whose wealth averages $100,000,000 each; and another list of one hundred persons whose wealth averages $25,000,000. No such list can be made up in any other country. "The richest dukes of England," he says, "fall far below the average wealth of a dozen American citizens, while the greatest bankers, merchants and railway magnates of England cannot compare in wealth with any Americans."

The average annual income of the richest hundred Englishmen is about $450,000, but the annual income of the richest hundred Americans cannot be less than $1,200,000, and probably exceeds $1,500,000. The richest of the Rothschilds, and the world renowned banker, Baron Overstone, each left about $17,000,000. Earl Dudley, the owner of the rich iron mines, left $20,000,000, The Duke of Buccleuch (and the Duke Buccleuch carries half of Scotland in his pocket) left about $30,000,000. The Marquis of Bute was worth, in 1872, about $28,000,000 in land; and he may now be worth $40,000,000 in all. The Duke of Norfolk may be worth $40,000,000, and the Duke of Westminister perhaps $50,000,000.

Mr. Shearman's conclusion is that 25,000 persons own one-half the wealth of the United States; and that the whole wealth of the country is practically owned by 250,000 persons or one in sixty of the adult male population; and he predicts, from the rapid recent concentration of wealth, that under present conditions 50,000 persons will practically own all the wealth of the country in thirty years—or less than one in 500 of the adult male population.

THE INCURABLE CURED.

A Remarkable Statement From a Well-Known Citizen of South Carolina.

Cancer is hereditary in my family, an aunt on each side having died from this dreadful disease. In each instance the cancer was located in identically the same position that mine first made its appearance—just below the left eye and extending down the left cheek bone and nose. I was attended by the best physicians, but the case continued to grow worse under their treatment and no hope of a cure would be given by them; they said: "I had better have my affairs for this life and the next arranged, for the cancer was liable to strike a vital organ at any moment, and at once bleed me to death. About this time, 1886, I met with Mr. Shirley, living near Due West, whose cancer was being cured by using Swift's Specific (S. S. S.). I then gave up the doctors and all medicines I had heretofore been using, and commenced taking S. S. S., and after using the third bottle, I discovered that the scab had fallen off, and that those sharp darting pains, so characteristic of the cancer, had ceased, and the discharge was very profuse. In a few days it began to heal rapidly, and soon dried up. By the time I had exhausted the fifth bottle there was nothing left but the scar where the cancer had been, and I was a well man. The cure effected in my case is considered by my neighbors a most remarkable one, and clearly demonstrates the fact that S. S. S. does cure cancer. Swift's Specific is a boon to suffering humanity, and all I ask is, that those afflicted with cancer give it a trial, and like myself will be convinced of its virtues."

JAMES B. ARNOLD.
Greenwood, S. C.

Treatise on cancer mailed free.
Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

In an interview at Tacoma last Sunday, Senator Frye made the surprising statement that in his opinion the New England states would never again be accorded the presidency. Blaine, he said, would never again stand for the presidency, and in 1884 would have preferred to occupy the position of secretary of state to the candidacy for the higher office. His ambition is now being realized of shaping the policy of the United States so as to create closer relations with the Central and South American republics. This accomplished, he will not care for the presidency in 1892. Senator Frye takes an especial interest in the Pan-American congress, having introduced a bill in the upper chamber four years ago, of similar provisions, that was defeated in the house of representatives. The object of both the bills was to receive an intelligent delegation of the Southern countries, and by showing to them our resources and greatness, impress their minds with the fact that we are the foremost of the world's republics.

Senator Frye, of Maine, in a recent conversation said that congress at the coming session would undoubtedly repeal the tax on tobacco, and that many changes of like character would probably be made.

Fine line of Ladies Jersey underwear in six shades at D. R. and E. V. Mills.

Jacksonville Items.

Miss Martha Cardwell is visiting Jacksonville and is the guest of Miss Jennie Moore.

Mrs. Laura McManus, of Yreka, Cal., is visiting her former home in Jacksonville, and many old time friends give her welcome.

Miss Lizzie Graves, of Springfield, Missouri, is a sister of Mrs. Dr. DeBar, is visiting Jacksonville and may possibly remain during the winter.

Mr. S. L. Helm, of Denton county, Texas, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Judge Neil. Mr. Helm is a Mexican war veteran and found a comrade, Seargent Dunlap, in Jacksonville, with whom to recount the stories of their perils when they bivouaced together on life's perilous frontier.

Miss Mary Jones, a sister of Mrs. Sallie E. Ish and Wm. Jones of Medford precinct, died at the residence of Mrs. Ish last Saturday, and was buried in Jacksonville cemetery on Sunday. The lady had been for 34 years a consistent and faithful member of the M. E. Church south, and through years of affliction had evidenced the brightest hopes of immortality and endless life.

Frank B. Langell, eldest son of Hon. and Mrs. N. Langell, died at the home of his parents in Jacksonville last Friday, after a three weeks' illness of typhoid fever. Frank was born in Jacksonville, where he grew to manhood. He was a printer, and has been working at his trade in Klamath county for several years past; he was a quiet, industrious, promising young man of exemplary habits, and a large circle of friends mourn his untimely demise, and sincerely sympathize with his relatives in their affliction.

Henley Letter.

We have had a glorious rain, and faces that were long and slim, are now beginning with smiles, and the miners are happy in the anticipation of a good season. Notwithstanding, October has beaten the record for rain, it does not necessarily follow that we will have a good water season. My experience has really been to the contrary, however, the past two seasons have been so exceedingly dry that it would not be unreasonable to look, at least, for a fair amount of rain during the remainder of this year and the forepart of next.

The wing dam miners however, are a class who cannot well rejoice when a big rise comes in the Klamath.

The recent rains carried out Waggoner's and Osborn's dams, and came very nearly taking Mr. Pullin's. The latter is at present paying handsomely. I understand that he to-day realized $100 to the pan. Bar, Ryan & Co. have suspended for a few days on account of bad air, and until they can put in a blower. I am glad to note the organization of the Eldorado and that they are about to commence operations.

Wilborne & Co. have struck blue gravel on the south side of the Klamath. The Blue Gravel Co. received 1200 feet additional hydraulic iron pipe last week, which has been laid, making over 2,000 feet in one continuous stretch, with a pressure of over 3 feet. They expect to turn the water on to-morrow, the 31st, but will have only about one hour's piping out of twenty-four. They have just washed the gravel from the last twenty feet of their tunnel and cleaned up $100. This is certainly a very flattering prospect, $1 to the superficial foot of bedrock, and on the rim, but the best paying mine I know of is that of Rumiles, down the river. I understand their dirt nets them 62½c. to 75c. per wheelbarrow.

C. B. J.

Medford Items.

Mrs. Fawcett, sister of Mr. I. A. Webb, arrived from Nebraska last Sunday, just two days ahead of Mrs. I. A. Webb, who had been visiting in that state, and expected to return with Mrs. Fawcett. Mr. Webb met his wife and little folks at Hornbrook Tuesday.

The Medford postoffice was moved into its new quarters, J. S. Howard's store, the other day, and the retiring P. M., has put up at the old office the sign "Closed four years for repairs," following the example of his predecessor and successor, Mr. Howard.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Henderson have returned from their bridal trip northward, and Mr. H. has again opened a barber shop in Medford. Mr. Henderson and Miss Ida Wilcox were married at the home of the bride's parents on Evans creek, about two weeks ago.

I. A. Webb expects to move into his new store in about two weeks.

WASHINGTON "STATE."

Washington, November 2.—Miles C. Moore, Governor of Washington Territory, in his annual report says: The closing ysar of Washington's Territorial existence has been one of unexampled prosperity. The population is now fully 275,000, and has increased more rapidly than in any former year. The property valuation shows a gain of nearly 50 per cent. Railroad construction has been very active. Business houses, banking institutions and manufacturing establishments have multiplied. Sales of land by the Northern Pacific and entries at the United States land offices have been unprecedentedly large. Of great disasters Washington has had an undue share, the business portions of four cities—Seattle, Vancouver, Ellensburg and Spokane Falls—have been destroyed by fire, involving a loss of not less than $16,000,000.

These calamities, seriously felt as they are, the Governor says, in no degree threaten the prosperity of the new State. The report shows an extraordinary increase in the amount of taxable property in the Territory, rising $61,962,739 in 1887 to $124,796,449 in 1889, a gain of more than 100 per cent. Of the total area of Washington 51,715,258 acres has been surveyed. Of the unsurveyed portion, about 7,000,000 acres are embraced in the Coast and Cascade ranges of mountains and are therefore unsuitable for settlement.

The great staple of Eastern Washington, the Governor says, is wheat. The volcanic soil of that region, he says, is particularly adapted to the growth of all cereals, the average yield being twenty-five and five-tenth bushels per acre, which he says is perhaps greater than any other grain-growing district in the United States. Corn is grown successfully south of the Snake river. Barley yields an average of thirty bushels and is of very superior quality, being preferred by Chicago and Milwaukee brewers to that of any other section. About 8,250,000 pounds of hops were grown during the year 1888. Stock raising, though still a profitable industry, the Governor states, is relatively diminishing in importance. Lumber, it is stated, was the first industry developed in Washington Territory, and it is still the most important.

The schools, the Governor says, have long been a source of pride to its citizens, and liberal provisions have always been made for their support.

The salmon pack for the year aggregated 205,000 cases. Legislation of a national character which the people of Washington especially desire, the Governor says, is liberal appropriations for continuing active work on the canal at the Cascades of the Columbia river, and the construction of a boat railway over the portage at the Dalles, the improvement of Gray's harbor, the allotment of lands in severalty to Indians on reservations, the establishment of a naval station at some point on Puget sound, and the final adjustment of the limits of the land grant to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company.

Entitled to the Best.

All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have, at once, a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when costive or bilious. For sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists.

A fourteen hundred pound safe in first class order for sale at a bargain by E. S. Hunsaker.

NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

JOSEPHINE COUNTY.

[Grant's Pass Courier, November 1.]

J. K. Pigney, Abe Axtell, Volney Colvig and J. W. Griffith will start tomorrow for Kerbyville to assist in the organization of a new G. A. R. Post, which will take place Saturday, November 2.

J. H. Ahlf purchased six hogs of the Poland-China breed of N. P. Elsbree, who lives about seven miles below town, which averaged 425 pounds dressed. This is quite a hog story for Southern Oregon but nevertheless true.

There have been several mining experts from different parts of the country looking over the mines of this county the past few weeks. So it will be seen that mining capital is being attracted to a certain extent. There is no doubt but what the mines are here. Capital is what is needed, and the chances are very favorable that it will soon be operating some of our ledges.

SISKIYOU COUNTY, CAL.

[Yreka Journal, Nov. 5.]

The wedding of A. N. Lapham and Alta C. Eddy takes place to-day at the residence of the bride's parents, at Edgewood in Shasta Valley.

Scott Valley teamsters have been hauling large quantities of apples to town lately for shipment below, some 18 or 20 carloads having been engaged for delivery in Yreka from various points.

Residents at Klamath City claim to have seen sturgeon five feet long at the Klamath river dam this season. Other Pacific coast rivers have sturgeon, why not the Klamath, which is one of our largest rivers?

The settlers along Klamath river have sold off nearly all their cattle and horses this year, owing to great scarcity of feed, resulting from the clean sweep made by forest fires from the Humbug mountains, near Yreka, clear down to Happy Camp.

There has been over 17 inches of rainfall at Sisson during the month of October, while Yreka and vicinity received only about three inches. Seventeen inches would be an abundance for the entire winter in this section, as we hate seldom ever had over 18 to to 20 inches during the wettest winters. Last winter we had not more than three inches the entire season.

Walter Flynn was brought to Weaverville last Thursday evening by constable Sears, and held by Justice Mylott as an accomplice in the robbery of the New River mail carrier Gray, August 6th. The bullion and money was found in his possession. Erickson confessed, and while digging up the buried mail knocked the officer down and endeavored to escape, but the officer recovered sufficiently to fire three shots at Erickson as he was disappearing in the darkness. He is supposed to be mortally wounded. All the plunder is in the possession of the sheriff.

KLAMATH COUNTY.

[Linkville Star Nov. 1.]

Mr. E. J. Glass and wife will soon depart from us, telegraphing on the military line haying been suspended indefinitely by the government.

Mr. Bonner, of Lost river, says they are plowing in his section, through in most places the land is too wet for plowing.

Mr. Gerber will start below with another band of cattle from Dairy next Sunday. The most of them he purchased of Snook Brothers, and this finishes up the cattle business.

Mr. F. E. Robinson, of Santa Rosa, Cal., is another admirer of Klamath. This gentleman is a man of large means, and was here a few weeks ago. After visiting several other Oregon towns he has returned to Linkville to go into some sort of business. He will bring his family here shortly.

J. F. Kertchen will open a real estate office in Linkville.

A SERIOUS BLUNDER.

A Lady Nearly Prostrated by a Patent Medicine.

A lady well-known in the Western Addition has been a great sufferer for years with indigestion and dyspepsia. Struck with the testimonials praising Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla she sent for a bottle. The druggist, not having it, talked them into taking another sarsaparilla. As the leading sarsaparillas too contain blood purifiers, the effect of the emptying of iodide of potash into a stomach already distressingly delicate was disastrous, almost prostrating her before the mistake was rectified. She then called upon Mrs. Fowler, of 327 Ellis street, whose name was among those cured by Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. Mrs. Fowler said it was true that it had cured her. Again reassured, the vegetable compound was sent for and gotten. The gentle action of its vegetable stimulants upon the liver, kidneys and digestive organs, and its warm stomach tonics, were the very things needed, and she began improving and was her old self within a fortnight. This sounds like fiction, but the names can be given if necessary.—*San Francisco Examiner.*

The Private Secretary.

This is an era of private secretaries, say a Washington correspondent. Not only do all public officials of note have private secretaries, but all private individuals in business, as well as even the wives of public men, are securing the services of stenographers.

Mrs. Levi P. Morton has engaged the services of Miss Nellie Hunt as private secretary. Miss Hunt is the daughter of Garfield's Secretary of the navy and Arthur's Minister to Russia, who died at the latter post. She is a charming violinist and a general favorite. Miss Hunt held the position of private secretary to Mrs. Whitney.

The Safest Medicine

To have about the house at all times is Simmons Liver Regulator. It will harm no one. It will benefit all who may have attacks of Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headache, Consumption or other ailments resulting from a disordered Liver or Stomach. Keep it always in the house, and you will have a family physician near who will save you many dollars and much suffering.

Long-Standing

Blood Diseases are cured by the persevering use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

This medicine is an Alterative, and causes a radical change in the system. The process, in some cases, may not be quite so rapid as in others; but, with persistence, **the result is certain.** Read these testimonials:—

"For two years I suffered from a severe pain in my right side, and had other troubles caused by a torpid liver and dyspepsia. After giving several medicines a fair trial without a cure, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was greatly benefited by the first bottle, and after taking five bottles I was completely cured."—John W. Benson, 70 Lawrence st., Lowell, Mass.

Last May a large carbuncle broke out on my arm. The usual remedies had no effect and I was confined to my bed for eight weeks. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Less than three bottles healed the sore. In all my experience with medicine, I never saw more

Wonderful Results.

Another marked effect of the use of this medicine was the strengthening of my sight."—Mrs. Carrie Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I had a dry scaly humor for years, and suffered terribly; and, as my brother and sister were similarly afflicted, I presume the malady is hereditary. Last winter, Dr. Tyron, (of Fernandina, Fla.,) recommended me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and continue it for a year. For five months I took it daily. I have not had a blemish upon my body for the last three months."—T. E. Wiley, 146 Chambers st., New York City.

"Last fall and winter I was troubled with a dull, heavy pain in my side. I did not notice it much at first, but it gradually grew worse until it became almost unbearable. During the latter part of this time, disorders of the stomach and liver increased my troubles. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, after faithfully continuing the use of this medicine for some months, the pain disappeared and I was completely cured."—Mrs. Augusta A. Furbush, Haverhill, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Price $1; six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

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Men's Rubber Coats from $2.50 up.
Men's Oil Suits from $2.25 up.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Ladies' Shoes from $1.00 per pair up.
Ladies' French Kid Shoes from $2 50 per pair up.
Men's French Calf Shoes from $2.00 per pair up.
Men's French Calf Boots from $4.00 per pair up.
Men's Kip Boots from $3.50 per pair up.

UNDERWEAR.

Children's Merino Vests from 25 cts. up.
Boys' Grey Merino Suits from 80 cts. up.
Men's Grey Merino Suits from $1.00 up.
Men's Scarlet Flannel Suits from $2.00 up.
Men's Blue Flannel Suits from $2.00 up.

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Infants Long Robes from $1.25 up.
Infants' Long Nightgowns from 50 cts. up.
Infants' Long Flannel Skirts from $1.00 up.
Infants' Embroidered Shawls from $2.00 up.

BLANKETS.

Grey Blankets from $1.25 up.
White Blankets from $1.50 up.
Colored Quilts from $1.00 up.
White Spreads from $1.00 up.

CLOAKS.

Ladies' Newmarkets from $4.00 up.
Ladies' Wraps from $2.50 up.
Ladies' Walking Jackets from $3.00 up.

DRY GOODS.

Oil Red Table Linen—33⅓ cts. per yard up.
Oil Red Table Napkins—50 cts. per dozen up.
Oil Red Twilled Flannel—25 cts. yard up.
Linen Towels—$1.00 dozen up.
Lace Curtains—$1.00 per pair up.
Ladies' Wool Hose, full finish, 25 cts. pair up.

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Tourists & Commercial Men.

This fine new hotel in the center of the business part of the city has just been erected on the site of the old popular Ashland House and has been leased by the well-known and successful landlord,

E. K. Brightman, Prop.,

Who will conduct the hotel in first-class style. The table will continue to be kept up second to none, and guests can be assured of the best of treatment. Terms reasonable. 10

White Sulphur Springs HOTEL.

R. R. Street, foot of 1st Avenue.

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C. W. Ganiard, Proprietor.

Having leased the above House and thoroughly renovated and refitted the same, I am now prepared to offer first class accommodations to the traveling public.

The New Management will spare no pains in making this one of the most comfortable and home-like hotels in the place. The tables are supplied with the best the market affords. Pleasant accommodations prepared for families.

Meals 25c
Lodging (according to room) ..... 25c & 50c

Hot or Cold Sulphur Water Baths, 25 Cts.

Baths at any time from 7 o'clock, a. m. until 10 o'clock p. m. One bath room reserved for ladies' use. 1333

Colestin Soda Springs HOTEL

Will be open May 1st, for the accommodation of a limited number of guests.

Board and lodging, per week	$10 00
" " " day	1 50
" per day	1 00
Single meals	50

Camping privileges will be 50 cents per week for each individual.

BYRON COLE, Proprietor.

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Fine Assortment of Materials for Fancy Work—Zephyrs, Arasene, Chenille, Etc.

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Low Prices for

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

Men's Suits for	$ 5 00
Men's Suits for	8 00
Men's Suits for	10 00
Men's Suits for	12 50
Men's Suits (Fine Dress) for	15 00
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Men's Underwear (Good) only	50
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Men's Shoes, up from	1 00
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Men's Fine Dress Shoes,	All Prices

Men's Boots of all kinds—Largest stock in Southern Oregon, and at lowest prices as we wish to reduce the stock.

Our new line of Gloves, Hats & Neckwear to arrive this wk.

We have Boys' Hats for	50
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☞ See our stock of LATE - STYLE STIFF HATS. They are just what you want

When you have cash and want a bargain drop in at our place.

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