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ASHLAND TIDINGS.

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L. P. FISHER, NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING AGENCY, SAN FRANCISCO

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Dr. S. T. Songer,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
ASHLAND, OREGON.
Office in Odd Fellows building, second floor, on Main street. [11-12

E. P. Geary, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
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Office next door to Arlington Hotel, near the depot. [12-44

Dr. J. B. Newman,
PHSICIAN & SURGEON
[Late Surgeon in U. S. Army.]
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Mrs. P. M. Webster, M. D.,
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
ASHLAND, OREGON.
Office for the present at the Congregational Parsonage. [12-49

J. S. Walter, M. D. S.,
Will practice his profession of Dentistry
—AT—
ASHLAND, OREGON.
Office a residence.- 11-8

A. C. Caldwell,
Mechanical and Operative Dentist.
ASHLAND, OREGON.
Nitrous Oxide Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
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Ashland, Oregon. [44

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Orders to be left at B. F. Reeser's hardware store. Residence in Reeser's addition, corner Union and Fairview streets. 41

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Cutting and Fitting a Specialty.
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E. K. Brightman,
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Is prepared at all times to sell livestock, household goods, or other property of any kind in Ashland, or will attend to calls to go ANYWHERE IN THE COUNTRY.
Long experience in the business enables me to guarantee satisfaction.
AUCTION IN ASHLAND EVERY SATURDAY for sale of stock.
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Ganiard's Orchestra,
Of Ashland, Oregon, (late of Cal.
Are now prepared to furnish the best of music for public or private Parties, Balls, Picnics, &c., at any point on the coast.
All the new popular music is played by this Orchestra.
Having employed a large number of musicians, we are able to furnish any number of bands. Any instrument or a caller furnished to other bands. All orders by mail or telegraph promptly attended to. Terms always reasonable. Address
1245] Prof. Ganiard, Ashland, Or.

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Redland Nursery!
Six miles South of Grant's Pass, Josephine county, Oregon.
A. H. CARSON & SON, Prop's.
100,000 Trees in Stock!
—Consisting of—
APPLE, PEAR, PEACH,
PLUM, PRUNE, CHERRY,
APRICOT, NECTARINE,
ALMOND, WALNUT, and
Shade and Ornamental Trees.
Grape Vine, Currants, Gooseberries, Blackberries, Raspberries, Strawberries, Figs.
Etc., Etc.
Our trees are grown without irrigation on Red hill land, and all of known varieties that succeed in Southern Oregon. Those contemplating tree planting will do well to visit our orchard and nursery, or write us for price list.
Postoffice.—Murphy, Josephine county Oregon. R. R. station, Grant's Pass
A. H. CARSON & SON.

Now is the Time to Invest.

Do You want to make Money?

A carload of Milburn Hollow Axle Wagons, Hacks and Buckboards just received! These goods, we take pleasure in saying, are second to none in this line. The Milburn Company are the originators of the Tubular Axle which other wagon manufacturers of the country are now imitating, proving the superiority of the Hollow Axle over the Thimble Skein. This carload of wagons is direct from the factory, and comes through no other hands to us, enabling us to sell you the best wagon made at the same price, delivered in Ashland, that it would cost an agent in Portland or San Francisco, saving you not only freight, but commission to the middleman.

These Goods are Bought and not handled on Commission

We represent the territory between Roseburg and Redding for these goods and carry only the Tubular Axle which is

Manufactured Expressly for the Pacific Coast Trade.

There are many points of superiority in the make-up of these wagons and one good look at them will satisfy you of the truthfulness of this statement. We carry a variety of sizes from 1 in. to 2⅝.

Our Mountain Hacks are a superior article of the same make, and sell at a proportionately low figure with the wagons; and of our $50 Buckboards we have but two left.

You may ask how we can sell these wagons so cheap. The answer is this: We KNOW when once introduced the Milburn is found to be THE wagon for use on this coast and feel confident after once seeing and using them you will never buy anything but a Milburn Tubular Axle Wagon. You will save money by buying at once and taking edvantage of our introductory prices. At least come and examine these goods—no charges for that; see for yourself and be convinced.

EDDINGS & MORSE.

MORE THAN SEVEN HUNDRED different styles and different kinds of Stoves for Heating and Cooking are manufactured under the above trade mark. This means that there is no sort or kind of Stove, from the cheapest to the most expensive, but can be found in the "Garland" line.

Beware of fraudulent imitations. Examine the trade mark, and see that you get the genuine.

H. C. Myer, Ashland, Oregon.
KEEPS GARLAND STOVES.
A big carload of stoves and ranges just received. The finest line in the county. Call and see and believe it.

One Thousand Chicks!
—FOR THE—
FALL TRADE.
The grandest collection of young fowls ever produced on the Pacific Coast.
Silver Laced Wyandottes, Plymouth Rocks, Light Brahmas. Rose and Single Comb Brown Leghorns, White Leghorns.
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Champions at San Francisco, Cal., Victoria, B. C. and all the leading exhibitions in Oregon and Washington. TWELVE YEARS a breeder of fancy fowls. Send stamp for catalogue giving full information. Address:
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Opposite Odd Fellow's Hall,
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Fresh Bread and Pies Daily.
Choice Cakes of every variety kept constantly on hand.
Orders for parties promptly executed and special prices given.
All kinds of ornamental work neatly done
Wedding Cakes a specialty.
Bread Delivered Daily at Your Door.
Prices always reasonable.
☞Bread bills must be settled every month.
JOHN WEXLER,
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J. M. McCALL'S
ANNOUNCEMENT!

—Full line of—
Spring & Summer Dress Goods,
PARASOLS, LADIES AND GENTLEMENS FINE SHOES AND BOOTS.
Clothing Direct from the East.
All at Prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.
As a general family remedy for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constitution, etc., I hardly expect to use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.
W. J. McELROY, Macon, Ga.

Promise of a Sensational Suit.

San Diego, Sept. 18.—Judge Benton and Mrs. Dr. Newland of this city are before the Grand Jury endeavoring to secure the indictment of the principal officials of the International Company of Mexico on the ground of fraud and securing money under false pretenses. Among the officials are Edgar M. Welles, president of the company, and son of President Lincoln's Secretary of the Navy; Judge Hammersley of Hartford, Conn.; Sir Edward Atkinson of England; Major Sisson of Sonora and a score of minor officials. The parties to the complaint allege that the company induced settlers to colonize Lower California by promising the use of $13,000,000 for the development of water rights, railroads and commerce, when the total cash capital of the company was but $5000, and that nothing has been done to keep faith with the buyers. In case the indictment is refused, which seems unlikely, Judge Benton and Mrs. Newland will bring suit. The case promises to be highly sensational.

OLYMPIA S. MURRAY, M. D., Female Specialist. Has practiced on the Pacific Coast for the past twenty-five years. A life time devoted to the study of female troubles, their causes and cures. I have thousands of testimonials of permanent cures from the best people on this coast. A positive guarantee to permanently cure any case of female weakness, no matter how long standing or what the stage may be. Charges reasonable and within the reach of all. For the benefit of the very poor of my sex who are suffering from any of the great multitude of ailments that follow in the train of that terrible disease known as female weakness, and who are not able to pay for treatment, I will treat free of charge. Consultation by mail, free. All correspondence strictly confidential. Medicine packed, boxed and sent by express with charges prepaid—for "home" treatment, with specific directions for use. If you are suffering from any female trouble, periodically or constantly, Address,
OLYMPIA S. MURRAY, M. D.,
East Portland, Oregon.

For fine hand mirrors, hair brushes and combs call at Chitwood's. *

The Outlook In Nevada.

The bluest lot of men in America to-day are the cattle raisers of Nevada. Two dry and open winters, insufficient pasturage, and the prospects of a severe winter ahead, threaten to annihilate their herds. The Post reporter interviewed J. W. Dorsey, a prominent attorney of Nevada, then in San Francisco, and the latter said: "It has been years since things looked so blue and hopeless. Time was when ordinary stock cattle were worth twice and three times as much as now. The succession of dry winters has brought an unparalleled scarcity of water and pasturage. In summer thousands of cattle have starved to death virtually, and if they will die in the summer what are we to expect this winter?

"Thousands of head have been driven this summer into Idaho, Oregon, Montana and the Snake river country, cattlemen from Winnemucca east, preferring to risk the northern winter than to let their cattle remain. Others have driven their herds into southern Nevada for the mild winter, counting on a severe winter up north to bring out plenty of pasturage in the spring.

"For a Nevada Elenor to-day to stand still is dangerous to the herds. If the coming winter is severe, the cattle will die of cold; if it is open, they will die of starvation in the spring.

"There has lately been quite a movement of sheep into the state. Many new flocks are to be found all over, and there is some talk of establishing a wool ware-house in Reno. I can't say that that project has materialized yet. The cattle business on a great scale is doomed anyway, and the people are beginning to look to sheep and to agriculture through irrigation as a means of support. Though silver is low and cattle are $8 to $10 a head we are still hopeful, and if Congress will give the irrigation scheme a chance for its life, we will have a great state yet. We've got the land. All we want is water."

Buy your flour and feed at the Ashland Mills, you can have it delivered in any part of town. Very cheap for cash.

Combines the juice of the Blue Figs of California, so laxative and nutritious, with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming the ONLY PERFECT REMEDY to act gently yet promptly on the
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
—AND TO—
Cleanse the System Effectually,
—SO THAT—
PURE BLOOD,
REFRESHING SLEEP,
HEALTH and STRENGTH
Naturally follow. Every one is using it and all are delighted with it. Ask your druggist for SYRUP OF FIGS. Manufactured only by the
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
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VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

Near Ashland, Oregon,

☞ FROM $225 TO $1000.

	One Acre—lots 15 and 16, Myer's add.	$225.00.
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ASHLAND, - - - - - - - - - OREGON,
(Office near Postoffice.)

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Ashland Woolen Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE & COLORED BLANKETS,
Plain & Fancy Cassimeres, Flannels, Hosiery, Etc
OVER and UNDERWEAR. - CLOTHING made to ORDER.
Office and Sales Rooms in Masonic Building.
W. H. ATKINSON, Secretary and General Manager.

WILLIAM NYE.

He Discourses on the Wonderful Sights in London.

Experiments With "Elixir."

There is one disagreeable feature about visiting England. It is this: You are all the time fidgeting about how you can ever return the hospitality you receive and do it half as well as it is tendered to you.

You go into the Savage Club and eat and talk and smoke as you would have gone into your mother's pantry when a boy after you had been fishing all day. There is no more formality about it than there used to be when you tore out the end of a loaf of bread and put jam on it to your heart's content, sucked your fingers and went to bed. It is great. And yet it is there that you meet men who think thoughts and say things which they thought of themselves.

It is so everywhere. I am only worried, as I say, about the way I will return these various acts of kindness and courtesy. The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weak. It takes so long to bathe the forks and spoons of one course so that they can give another number on the programme at our house, and I carve with so much danger to a republican form of government, that I hesitate about going extensively into the matter of entertaining in competition with Europe. I carve a good deal like the Shah. He had a complaint lodged against one of his soldiers once by a poor farmer of the Orient, who claimed that the soldier had stolen one of his red watermelons. "Very well," said his Nibs, "I will ascertain if he took your melon."

So he pulled out his sword, and cutting a large aperture in the stomach of the offender, he found the melon and a few of the black seeds, which were easily identified.

"And how much are you out on the melon?" asked the haughty monarch, wiping his ready blade on his coattail.

"One franc six," explained the horny handed oriental buck-wheater.

"Very well, said the Sixth, "here it it," and he took the amount from the pocket of the expiring soldier. "Justice is done. Allah be praised. Return again to your toil."

The Shah is a great, coarse, horrid monarch with an eye on the opposite sex and a droop around the corners of the mouth which ought to keep out of respectable society for a good while. He has over 200 wives, not counting a shipment recently made from London. He and Jack the Ripper together have made the streets of London quite safe for an unprotected man, and yet I blush to say that before 9 o'clock p. m., on the 29th day of July, 1889, I was caught in the strong arms of an English lady of great descent and hugged considerable right in plain sight of Trafalgar Square. And yet we hear it said that the English are not friendly toward the Americans. It is not so.

A fair young girl playfully undertook to pat me in a bantering way the other evening as I trudged gaily home in the opaque gloaming. She struck a bunch of keys which I had in my pistol pocket and went sadly away wringing her hands. I felt sorry for her, but at the same time could not afford to stop and pity her, so I gave a piercing shriek and darted away like a frightened deer. Many of those girls stay out until a late hour at night, conversing freely with comparative strangers, thus giving the people ample opportunity to gossip about them and to misjudge their motives. A girl in London cannot be too careful about conversing with strangers that way. One of those pleasant and piquant maids admired my umbrella very much and taking it gently from me with a winning smile, spreading it and holding it over us, took my arm and trudged blithely along with me until I told her that here our ways seemed to diverge and our paths to fork, as it were. Reluctantly I took the umbrella and, telling her to run along home before it rained, I passed on toward my inn.

I saw the House of Commons in session for the first time and listened to several eminent gentlemen who spoke feminst the royal grants. I can do it myself now. It is quite easy. You say something and then look up and say "ah" until you can think of something else to say.

Mr. Gladstone, better known as the Grand Old Man, sat on the front seat. He is very bald indeed, and his throat whiskers are very white. He is much smaller than I had supposed. He wears low shoes and red woolen socks. When he works down so as to sit on his shoulder blades, his trousers gradually ascend his limbs until you can look over the tops of his cute litle red socks with perfect impunity. He is the author of his own thoughts and I hear him spoken of in high terms, especially by his friends.

Mr. Robert Lincoln's last reception was brightened up briefly by a pleasant call from me. Many Americans were present and drank the tea of the Minister as administered by his bright young daughter. Without wishing to express political opinion in any way, I must say that the general sentiment of the American contingent is that both in France and England we need not be ashamed of our ministers or our consuls general.

Many curious experiments were made in Paris by Dr. Brown-Sequard, in the early stages of his elixir experience according to the local physician there. Most of these experiments were made on animals. He was greatly gratified. Into a foreleg of an old horse, that was so worthless on account of age that in another day he would have been in the soup—the mock turtle soup of Paris—he ejected his elixir. In an hour afterward, with bright red nostril and tail neatly draped over the dashboard, he sailed up the Shoriz Eleeza knocking spokes out of valuable carriages all the way up to the Arc of Triumph, where he chipped out about five cents worth of the corner of that great work and piled up Dr. Brown-Sequard in a chaos of clothes and contusions. His first anxiety was to find out, of course, whether the hyphen had been knocked out of his name. Finding that it had not, he returned to his experiments.

He also secured an old dog with thick hearing and pronounced flagging of the mental powers. The dog was so old that he had forgotten everything, and so blind that a French soldier in red gored trousers did not startle him any more. After a dose of the elixir, he wagged his tail, a thing he had not done for years. Then he yawned and ate some grass. He then noticed a cat on the lawn, one that had grown old with him, but had not had a nip of the elixir. He took after her and in two minutes had her quivering remains on the grass. At 4 o'clock he had gone back to puppyhood and had chewed up Dr. Brown-Sequard's white gaiters, a pair of lace curtains and a child.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of throat, lungs or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Chitwood Bros.' drugstore.

Portland, Or., March 25.
Having tried the effects of the concentrated extracts of Oregon Kidney Tea, we cheerfully bear witness to its beneficial agency in affections of the digestive organs. It is simple, safe and sure; it is easily taken and restores healthy vitality to the organs it is intended to operate upon with assured success. S. J. McCormick, Editor *Catholic Sentinel.*
Sold by T. K. Bolton.

THIRD PARTY CONGLOMERATION.

The latest absurdity in politics is an attempted conglomeration of the prohibitionists, Knights of Labor, grangers, greenbackers, woman suffragists and all other malcontents. The idea is a preposterous one. Such a party will be totally lacking in cohesive power. A report of the travels of the convention is given as follows:

The convention of the "Union Party," called to meet at Salem on the 14th inst. by various organizations, organized at Grange Hall, with Dr. J. F. Hendrix as president, J. M. Payne, secretary and J. R. Shepard as assistant secretary. A committee of ten, consisting of the following, was appointed on Declaration of Principles: G. M. Miller, prohibitionist; W. C. Edwards, Knight of Labor; H. E. Hayes, master of state grange; Dr. J. F. Hendrix, union labor party; J. H. Roork, woman suffragist; J. H. Beatty, union carpenters; and J. P. Robertson, L. Butler, Ashley White and W. O. Warren. Messrs. Robertson, Butler and White are prohibitionists, and Warren is a granger. The following was the platform adopted.

Preamble.—The alarming development and aggressiveness of giant trusts, monopolies and the liquor traffic, growing out of class legislation, and the fact that these evils work in unison for the pauperation and degradation of the producing mass, and for the creation of an aristocracy of wealth, and to this end have gained control of the dominant political parties, cause us to declare the time has now come for a united opposition to these united evils. We therefore, as representatives of such united opposition in the state of Oregon have organized the Union Party, and calling upon all who believe "the greatest good to the greatest number" to join and assist, we declare to the world that our aims are as follows:

To have all class legislation in the interest of capitalists and for the detriment of the producing classes repealed, and equal protection provided for capital and labor, and to have all classes of business, trades, or callings that are detrimental to the public welfare forbidden by law; and to this end we declare that the government,

First,—Should prohibit the manufacture, sale, supply, exportation of and interstate commerce in all intoxicating liquors to be used as a beverage.

Second—Should establish a national monetary system by which a circulating medium in necessary quantity shall issue direct to the people, without the intervention of banks; that all moneys issued, whether gold, silver or paper, shall be full legal tender in payment of all debts, both public and private.

Third—That all chartered corporations created by law for the transportation of passengers, products or intelligence, should be regulated by national and state law, so as to prevent unjust exactions and discriminations against persons, places or products; and if resistance on the part of said corporation continues such as to defeat these efforts of the government, steps should be taken for the government to take possession of the same.

Fourth—Should establish a governmental land system that will restore to the public domain all unearned land grants, to be reserved for actual settlers; that will limit the acquirement of the public land to 160 acres to each person entitled to its possession; that corporations of whatever name or nature, shall hold no more land than is necessary for them to efficiently conduct their business, and that no alien shall be allowed to acquire any land in the United States.

Fifth—Should require of foreigners a residence of ten years and a definite test of knowledge of our institutions as conditions of citizenship; should provide for a secret system of voting and should, as far as practicable, provide that citizenship, character and intelligence, and these only, shall be the qualifications of a voter.

Sixth—Should declare the modern trust and other combinations for maintaining artificial prices, to be a conspiracy against the common welfare, and that it be punished accordingly.

Seventh—Should provide for arbitration that would prevent strikes and other injurious methods of settling labor disputes; should provide equal pay for equal work for both sexes, and labor, agricultural, and co-operative associations should be fostered and encouraged by law; and the wages of the laborer should be secured as far as possible by giving said person the first lien on the value he created.

Eighth—The national or state government shall not permit the issue of non-taxable bonds.

Dr. J. F. Hendrix, of Harrisburg, was chosen chairman of the union state central committee, and G. M. Miller secretary, both being members of the state executive committee. H. E. Hayes, master of the state grange, C. W. Brown, of Portland, and G. R. H. Miller, of Oregon City, were also chosen members of the executive committee.

Mat. McCabe, of New Brunswick, Ill., offers to pay five dollars to any person troubled with bloody flux, who will take Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy according to directions and does not get well in the shortest possible time. One half of a 25 cent bottle of this remedy cured him of bloody flux, after he had tried other medicines and the prescriptions of physicians without benefit. Mr. McCabe is perfectly safe in making this offer, as more than a thousand bottles of this remedy are sold each day and it has never been known to fail in any case of colic, cholera morbus, dysentery, diarrhœa or bloody flux, when the plain printed directions were followed. For sale by T. K. Bolton.

Oregon Fruit.

The crop-weather bulletin issued by the State weather bureau for the week ending Sept. 14, says of the Oregon fruit crop: The apples will be a short crop. Between insects and dry weather many localities will not have more than enough for home use. It is surprising the amount, quality and variety of fruit that is being produced east of the mountains, where a few years ago the land was fit for only stock purposes, then for wheat, and now it brings forth fruit that surprises even the most sanguine. Almost every part of Eastern Oregon reports fine specimens of fruit. Bartlett pears appear to be the most cultivated and grown, though apples, prunes, peaches and other fruits are produced. Grapes, are also successfully grown in many sections.

A Healthy Growth.

Acker's Blood Elixir has gained a firm hold on the American people and is acknowledged to be superior to all other preparations. It is a positive cure for all blood and skin diseases. The medical fraternity indorse and prescribe it Guaranteed and sold by Chitwood Bros

A LIMIT TO TALL TOWERS.—Sir Edward Watkin has been told by one of the architects who helped M. Eiffel to build his tall tower, that it is doubtful if a tower two thousand feet high can be constructed. Everything depends on the exact ratio at which the force of the wind increases above a certain hight. The transportation of the materials above a hight of a thousand feet would be exceedingly risky.

People in general should know what's best to do in case of a sudden attack of bowel complaint. It is a well established fact that prompt relief may be had in any case of colic, cholera morbus, dysentery or diarrhœa by giving a few doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. It acts quickly, can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. For sale by T. K. Bolton.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

ARID LAND SURVEYS.

Comprehensive Review of the Work in Two States.

[S. F. Call, September 14th.]

It is now about three months since the actual work of making the irrigation surveys of arid regions of the West was begun under the charge of the Director of the United States Geological Survey, and in a few weeks will be suspended for the season. The arid region has been divided into ten divisions, five east of the Rocky mountains and five west, a supervising engineer being in charge of each of the two grand divisions and a division engineer in charge of each division.

The work west of the Rocky mountains is under the supervision of W. Ham. Hall, who was also assigned to the duty of division engineer for California. Ten days ago Lyman Brydges, who was appointed division engineer for Nevada, was removed by order of Director J. W. Powell, and Mr. Hall was also assigned to the duties of division engineer for Nevada. The reasons for Brydges' removal in the midst of the work, after serving for three months, have not been given.

Supervising Engineer Hall has just completed his report of the work during August, to be forwarded to Washington.

In California there are three surveying parties in the field, one making a hydrographic and topographical survey of the region about Clear lake, another making surveys for and locating sites for reservoirs through the Sierra Nevada mountains in the upper portions of the watersheds of the Stanislaus, Tuolumne and the Merced rivers, and a third is reconnoitering for opportunities for storing water in Modoc and Siskiyous counties.

The Clear lake party has about half completed its work, and this work will be finished in time to be embodied in a report to be made before the meeting of Congress. The mountain party has definitely surveyed four sites for the storage of water, and located and reconnoitered eighteen more. The reconnoitering party in the north has preliminarily examined twelve reservoir sites, made preliminary surveys for four or five canal lines for the diversion of water to the barren lands of that region and has generally examined the subject to get information for the guidance of surveys next season.

The most interesting portion of the present work is that of the mountain party, located in the high mountains above the Yosemite valley. The work here is being carried on with a view not only to store water for irrigation, but also to keep up the water supply of the streams and falls of the Yosemite valley during the summer months. The greatest volume of water in the streams and falls of the Yosemite naturally appears in the spring. The tourist season opens about the middle of May and is at its hight in the early part of June. By the middle of June the volume of water in the great fall, as well as in the smaller ones, has so lessened that the cataracts present but a fraction of the beauty and grandeur with which the spring floods invest them, and visitors during the summer months see only shrunken streams falling in showers of spray over the rocks and winding through the valleys.

By impounding the water which rushes down in large volumes in the spring, and allowing it to escape when the mountain supply has so greatly lessened, the beauty and sublimity of these valley scenes would be greatly enhanced. With this end in view the whole water-shed about the valley is being surveyed, and a number of possible sites for reservoirs have been located. One is on the Yosemite creek, two and one half miles above the great falls, and others are on the smaller streams which feed the Bridal Veil, Nevada and Vernal falls. Of course the surveys are one thing and Congressional appropriations for the work another.

In Nevada twelve reservoir sites have been surveyed on the Truckee and Carson rivers, and as many canal lines run for diverting and utilizing the water. There are fourteen parties in the field in Nevada, with from eight to twelve men in each party, about one-fourth the number being engineers. The work there is being closed, mainly because of the exhaustion of the money appropriated to that division.

In California about half the above number of men have been at work. The work is a vast one, and will depend on future Congressional appropriations. It will be several months before any report of importance will be published.

Pimples on the Face

Denote an impure state of the blood and are looked upon by many with suspicion. Acker's Blood Elixir will remove all impurities and leave the complexion smooth and clear. There is nothing that will so thoroughly build up the constitution purify and strengthen the whole system. Sold and guaranteed by Chitwood Bros.

A Plea for the Farmer.

Out of a population of 60,000,000, says the *Farmer and Dealer*, there are probably about 21,000,000 who earn wages and live by work. Included in this count is something over 9,000,000 engaged in agricultural pursuits, and it appears that we have no other single industry that employs and furnishes a living for so many of our people. In fact, this one industry feeds all the people, and no other industry can live without it. Here then, we see that we have in this country more than 40,000,000 people living without earning any wages, and most of them live directly or indirectly off the earnings of those who toil, and they, with all the dealers and traders, etc., are dependent on the success of the agriculturist and the protection of that interest. Then it is proper for us to examine this most important of all our industries, and see what danger threatens us. Now, what the farmer wants first is a good home market for all his surplus product. This cannot be assured while we import in one year more than $60,000,000 of food and live stock, not including coffee, tea, sugar and molasses. Why should we import into our country about $3,000,000 worth of vegetables, being cabbage from Holland, potatoes from Scotland, potatoes, beans and peas from Canada? If the farming interest is what we here claim for it, then is it proper for us to import $1,200,000 worth of hay, and $9,000,000 worth of breadstuffs and 20,000,000 dozen eggs, partly from Denmark and Sweden? We think it is bad policy. The farmer needs to be cared for first, last and all the time, in order that other industries may thrive with him and good wages may be paid to manufacturing operatives as they go on turning our vast resources from raw material into that which is necessary for our welfare and safety in peace or war. Diversified farming is our only hope and safe anchorage at this time, and in it is the whole business. Let the diversified interests be built up from our own raw material and means at hand, and the people who are engaged in the work will consume all the agriculturist produces, the market will be at home, and the nation will go on in prosperity which is something that no nation has yet done without diversified interest.

What Is It?

That produces that beautifully soft complexion and leaves neither traces of its application nor injurious effects? The answer. Wisdom's Robertine accomplishes all this, and is pronounced by ladies of taste and refinement to be the most delightful toilet article ever produced. Warranted harmless and matchless. Sold by Chitwood Bros., Ashland

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

Bishop Fowler and the Chinese.

Says a Chicago dispatch of one day last week:—Bishop Fowler, of San Francisco, who has just completed a trip around the globe, this morning expressed the belief that in ten years hence America would pay for its anti-Chinese laws with the blood of her citizens. Bishop Fowler was at one time pastor of the Centennial Methodist Church in this city. He occupied the entire session of Methodist ministers to-day in speaking about his observations of missionary work abroad.

Speaking of the law prohibiting Chinese from coming to America, the Bishop said it was the most dastardly and disgusting thing America ever did, and he said with a slow emphasis that was very impressive, "It will be paid for some day by the blood of some of America's best men." He thought every American should blush for shame when he thought of the violation of the treaty with China, whereby Chinamen were refused permission to land on our shores.

"China is not asleep," he said. "They talk little but they think. In some of the interior towns I met Chinamen who would surprise you by their knowledge. 'Are you allowed to land in China,' they ask. 'Yes' I replied. 'Chinamen are not allowed to land in America,' they reply, 'Why are you allowed to come here?' One man said to me one day: 'I am no Christian or I would send you away.' I tell you they are thinking and trouble is brewing. The greatest Prince in China said to me one day: 'We are looking after our home interests now.—Ten years will put China in shape as to her interior arrangements. Then we will look after the outside interests.'

"They are making great guns and iron-clads and manning them. In ten years the country, with one-third of the inhabitants of the globe, will be ready to ask what we meant by trifling with her treaty."

Bishop Fowler referred to Japan as the one spot where missionaries should be sent to, as presenting a greater future than all others. The work there, he said, would all have to be done within a few years. For heathen people they were in advance of all other countries, and are discussing which religion they shall accept, the Lutheran of Germany, or Episcopal of England. They have decided against the Catholic church. The new form of Japanese government he considered next to that of England, which, although he was a loyal American, he considered the best in the world, for it stood nearer to the will of the people than any other.

Not a Zollverein.

A French writer in one of the Paris journals says that the United States has taken the initiative in the matter of an international customs union among American nations, in the supposition that it's commercial supremacy in the markets of Central and South America will be thereby assured, and goes on to say that the French Government will make earnest representations to Minister Reid to prevent the success of this project, which would entail an annual loss to the trade of France of 100,000,000 francs.

It may be surmised that if the nations of America agreed to a Zollverein, or international customs union, the protest of France would not cut any very considerable figure; but the writer is not justified in his assertions. There has been no declaration on the part of the United States that the chief purpose of the congress of nations would be the formation of such a union. It may be present in the minds of some of the delegates, but the object of the congress as thus far announced is to bring about the mutual advantage of all concerned, to promote more extended commercial intercourse, and to encourage the idea of American unity.

An international customs union involves the idea of the headship of some one nation, and it is not at all likely that the congress could agree upon this point. There could be but one nation with any valid claim to the headship, the United States; but the South American nations and Mexico would be very unwilling, in all probability, to concede any such precedence to this country, and it would be a matter which could be accomplished only by unanimous consent.

The truth about the international congress is that its work will be largely evolutionary in its character. Its decisions cannot be binding upon the nations represented there, for it is only a conference, not a legislative body, and all it can accomplish in reality is an interchange of ideas and a formulation of plans to be submitted to the respective governments for approval. It is sincerely hoped that the question of transportation may receive due attention, and that the views of the conference may have weight with Congress in the matter of aiding American steamship lines; but as to the question of an international customs union, the French writer referred to is probably unnecessarily alarmed and is speaking from his fears rather than from his knowledge of the subject.—*Chronicle.*

Is Life Worth Living?

Not if you go through the world a dyspeptic. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for the worst forms of dyspepsia, indigestion, flatulency and constipation. Guaranteed and sold by Chitwood Bros.

Deceptive Advertising.

W. H. Mills addressed the Editors' Convention at Sacramento, on the relation of the newspaper to the public. He paid his respects to the various advertising schemes which are worked in every place in the country, and in which enough money is thrown away to build up good papers and force the community onward. If there is anything which the average merchant don't know, said Mr. Mills, it is how to advertise. You will see their cards stuck up on maps and directories which few people look at at an expense that would keep their business before the readers or the daily papers for months. The promoters of a book got out by the Denver & Rio Grande made $6,000 out of it, and in a few months not a copy could be found. The First National Bank of San Francisco, got out a picture of its building to be sent to its correspondents, and for a four inch card on the margin $100 was charged. A couple of hundred of the sheets were issued and hung up in places where few people will ever see them and yet all the spaces doubtless were taken by merchants who wouldn't put a line in a newspaper. Look out for the foreign paper that comes into your town to get up a special edition, and which will make more profit out of an issue than a country paper can earn in a year. Beware of the occasional sheet that