ASHLAND TIDINGS.

FRIDAY..... AUGUST 9, 1889

EDITORIAL NOTES AND NEWS.

In the reply wired by the Secretary of War to Senator Mitchell's inquiry as to the reasons for the summary removal of the garrison from Fort Klamath, is the significant statement that the order for abandonment of the fort "was issued upon the report of the "post commander, to the effect that the "time has now arrived for the final "abandonment of the post; that the "Indians are well civilized, have schools "and churches and have asked to be "endowed with citizenship; that no "difficulty has arisen between them and "their white neighbors for years, and "that no apprehension of forage and "raids from then may be entertained," etc. The truth is, the post commander, like other officers, wants to be at a more pleasant station. He would like to be in a more civilized community, and finds life so irksome at this isolated post that he has said to others than the Secretary of War that he would leave Fort Klamath whether the post were abandoned or not. Now, it is not conceded that the personal desires of a military officer who dosn't like such duty should be accepted as sufficient evidence upon which to order the abandonment of the post. Investigation by the War Department will show that the people of Southern Oregon are apprehensive of trouble in the event of the removal of the troops. While it is true that the Indians are, most of them, making steady progress toward civilization, yet they are up to this time so little educated in the authority of the civil law as to make it almost certain that any trouble between them and the whites over stock range matters—a trouble which is inevitable under the conditions of the country about the reservation and the prospects of the Indians making individual locations of land—will reach in a flash dangerous proportions and demand the intervention of military force. The killing of an Indian by a white rancher two years ago was followed by ugly threats from the Indians, and not long ago the Indian agent rubbed the hair of the noble red men the wrong way, and from the mutterings and complaints and open expressions of hostility it was feared by men who know the Indians best that they would try the old-fashion plan of remedy for their trouble—killing the agent. Had there been no garrison at the fort it is hardly possible that such trouble could have been averted. The safety and security of the people in that part of our state, and the maintenance of peace and good order among the Indians is certainly of more consequence than the social yearning's of two or three commissioned officers, and the War Department should be made to see it that way. If "consolidation" is demanded, then consolidate the garrisons of Klamath and Bidwell at Fort Klamath, where a post is needed—there is no need for troops at Bidwell.

The statement that speculators are following the U. S. irrigating survey parties and taking up valuable water rights having been sent to Secretary Noble from Idaho, the Secretary, in reply, quotes the provisions of the law provididing for the survey now in progress, which, he thinks, covers the grounds and protects all rights. Among other things, this law provides that all lands which may hereafter be designated or selected by such United States surveys for sites for reservoirs, ditches or canals for irrigation purposes, and all lands made susceptible of irrigation by such reservoirs, ditches or canals, are from this time henceforth hereby reserved for sale as property of the United States, and shall not be subject, after the passage of this Act, to entry, settlement or occupation until further provided by law, provided the President, at any time in his discretion by proclamation, may open any portion of the lands reserved by this provision to settlement under the homestead laws. The Secretary points out that it is impossible for speculators to acquire title to a single acre of the land while this law is in force.

This has been a hard year on fire insurance companies, at least so far as the Pacific coast region is concerned. The heaviest losersin all the great fires—Seattle, Ellensburg, Spokane Falls, have been Eastern companies which have been in business long enough to bear the strain. The younger companies of California, Oregon and Washington have all had a share of the losses, but their managers were shrewd enough in most instances to prepare for such events by re-insuring their polices in the older companies. In this way the young companies that start with little or no capital have a pretty good chance to establish themselves on firm ground if they happen to open in a good field and push business vigorously.

Mrs. Louisa Canby, widow of General Canby whose tragic murder by Modoc Indians on April 11, 1873, must be cited by historians as one of very few instances in which a flag of truce was violated, even by savages, died recently at Indianapolis. Mrs. Canby was beloved by every one who knew her because of her many amiable qualities. During the Mexican War, when her husband was Lieutenant, she became known as the "Yankee Angel" from her devotion to the sick. It was a common thing for her at that time to travel fifty miles in a day between two hospitals to minister to the wants of the dying soldiers.

It is now accepted as true among the heavy grain dealers and speculators that this year's world crop of wheat will be under an average. India, Russia and Austria, which are all great wheat producing regions, will come nearest to being failures. The American crop will far exceed the home demand, and had we to depend on a domestic market prices would be sure to rule very low, but the chances are that foreign demand will bring our grain up to a very fair figure.

Emperor William of Germany, is visiting Queen Victoria. Bismarck's son is with the imperial party, and it is understood that the visit has political significance, and that England is to be found hereafter firm with the "triple alliance." The Czar of Russia has quietly snubbed Bismarck, it is said, and refuses to acquiesce in the latter's scheme for a meeting of the three emperors.

Acting Secretary of the Treasury Batchelor has over-ruled the opinion of Solicitor of the Treasury Hepburn, that Chinese employed as servants on the U. S. war vessels are seamen and not laborers, and can land in the United States. Batchelor holds that they are laborers and not seamen and cannot be permitted to enter.

The last public debt statement shows the total national debt August 1st to be $1,646,777,310; total of credits, cash in treasury, $503,256,287; total debt, less cash in treasury, August 1st, $1,077,663,933.

Chicago wants the next world's fair—the one to celebrate the fourth centennial of the discovery of America by Columbus, and her leading citizens have taken steps to make a contest with New York for the location.

The French heirs of Stephen Girard are about to bring suit against the city of Philadelphia to recover the property, $13,000,000 now, left by Girard for the maintenance of the Girard College and the improvement of the city, the police orgainzation, etc. The plaintiffs will allege that the money has not been used as stipulated in the will. They will never win the suit, but may succeed in shaking up the management of the estate beneficially.

After capturing the Canadian sealing schooner, "Black Diamond," in Behring sea, and taking from her the seal skins found aboard, the commander of the U. S. steamer, Rush, placed one seaman aboard the schooner with orders to take the prize to the port of Sitka. The captain of the "Black Diamond" paid no attention to the authority of this one sailor placed in command, and, instead of going to Sitka, sailed into Victoria. The question will doubtless be brought under negotiation between the British and U. S. government, by the event of seizure, but it is the general opinion among public men in both countries that there is not the slightest probability of a war over its settlement.

NOTES AND NEWS.

Dawes and Stockbridge, of the senatorial committee to investigate Indian affairs in Alaska, were interviewed in Chicago on their return from that territory, and Dawes stated that the stories of Indian outrages had been greatly exaggerated.

Philadelphia dispatch July 31:—Much surprise has been created by the announcement that the National Bureau of Engraving, one of the most extensive lithographing establishments in the country, is in financial distress. The plant is advertised to be sold to satisfy the creditors.

At the Postoffice department it is learned that since March first, of the 55,000 fourth-class Postmasters in the United States nearly 13,000 changes have been made, and of this number about 9,000 were removals of Democratic officials and the appointment of Republican successors. The daily changes now average about 100.

A statement prepared by the Postoffice Department shows that annually two billion postage stamps are used in this country, for which the government receives $40,000,000. These stamps cost the government per 1,000 as follows: Common variety, a fraction over 6 cents; special delivery, 18 cents, and postal cards 40 cents. As the lowest denomination sells for $10 per 1,000, the government reaps an enormous profit, which goes toward paying the expenses of carrying the mails.

Ex-Secretary Whitney has written the following sensible letter to the N. Y. Times: "An item is going the rounds of the press to the effect that a new weekly newspaper is about to be established at Washington in my interest as a candidate for the Presidency. I am not and shall not be a candidate for nomination for that office nor for any other. There are men in the Democratic party much more entitled to the honor than I am, and I expect to help the best man to win. The item is absurd on its face, and I object to being thought capable of such nonsense."

A Washington dispatch of one day last week says: "The committee recently appointed by Secretary Noble to investigate the alleged illegal ratings of pensions by employes of the bureau has completed the first week of its labors. The examination, covering six months, will probably be completed during the coming week, when a report will be made to Secretary Noble. It is learned from parties believed to have knowledge that during December last, under Commissioner Black's administration, there were found about 1500 reissues of pensions; and during the month of May, under Commissioner Tanner's administration, 1800 reissues. These reissues cover all classes and include all cases of rerating, which average from 3 to 5 per cent of the whole number of reissues. It is stated that the rerating will probably not average more than $2 to $4 per month, but the arrears in many cases are carried back to the date of the orignal application, some of them as far back as 1865. It is confidently asserted that the committee has discovered nothing whatever of a sensational character."

The Behring Sea Matter.

[Washington Dispatch, Aug. 3d.]

A well posted State Department official says in reference to Behring Sea: There is nothing for the Government to do in connection with the Behring Sea matter but to continue to enforce the law, and capture as many piratical sealers as they find in our jurisdiction.

The bluster in Canada does not even excite interest even in the State or Treasury Departments. When the British Government communicates with us on the subject officially it will be time enough for the State Department to take the matter up. There is not the least probability of a war, but if there were it would place England in a very awkward, not to say dangerous position. The policy being carried out with regard to these seal fisheries was adopted only after a very careful inquiry into the matter.

The House committee on the merchant marine and fisheries last season made a thorough investigation of the question, the result of which was seen in the act reaffirming our rights over these waters.

Before President Harrison issued his proclamation of April, this act and everything pertaining to the legal aspect of the question, was referred to the Attorney-General, and there is a perfect agreement between the State and Treasury Departments and the Department of Justice. Congressman Farquhar, who was a member of the committee in the House that formulated the bill, says this country would go right on asserting and maintaining its jurisdiction over the Behring Sea fisheries and England can't say a word in earnest about the matter.

Russia stands ready to make good our title-deed by purchase from her. Great Britain can't afford to antagonize the two Great nations of Russia and the United States.

There is no doubt about Russia's disposition in the matter. They guaranteed us in our title and England can't seriously question that title without antagonizing Russia. If she went into the fight she would have two antagonists.

This is all well understood in England as well as in Russia and America.

The Ashland TIDINGS and the San Francisco Weekly *Call*, a large eight-page paper giving all the general news—both for $2.75 per year, in advance. The regular price of the TIDINGS is $2.50, and regular price of the *Call*, $1.25—so our offer is a reduction of $1 in the price of both. This is for a limited time only.

The U. S. Bakery will deliver bread pies or cakes at your door every day if you wish. Leave orders at the bakery on Main street, opposite Odd Fellows block. *

There is still room for one, two, three good houses on Boulevard in Hunsaker's addition. Prices and terms reasonable. Apply to E. B. Hunsaker. *

We have a complete line of Douglass and Rumsey pumps, and guarantee every one. Eddings & Morse. *

What Constitutes Swamp Land.

[Oregonian.]

Speaking of the case of two young men lately arrested and fined for resisting a deputy United States marshal who attempted to eject them from claims they had taken up in the Harney valley country, a gentleman who is well informed in regard to such matters yesterday said:

"These men pre-empted the land knowing that it had been conveyed to another by the state as swamp land. As the land is not now swampy they imgined that the owner's title to it could not be maintained and that they could not hold it as arable land. There has been a great deal of trouble of this kind in the southeastern portion of the state, and trouble of this kind is likely to occur for years to come. Where these people who attempt to take up such land make a great mistake is in thinking that because land is not swampy now it never has been, and that therefore the man who purchased it as swamp land committed a fraud and is not justly entitled to the ownership of the land and cannot make good his title. The fact is that the swamp land act was passed in 1862 and the swamp lands were bought in large tracts by different persons. The question as to whether they were guilty of any frauds depends upon whether they were swamp lands then or not, and not upon what the nature of the land is at present. During the twenty-seven years since the passage of that act great changes have come over the face of the country. The land in many places where it is dry now was then covered with a rank growth of grass and bushes, the soil was loose and absorbed the rain and melting snow and allowed it to percolate gradually. Thus large tracts were kept moist and swampy, and lakes spread over a great extent of ground. After the introduction of cattle in these sections the brush and herbage disappeared, the ground was tramped hard and the rains, instead of being collected and allowed to slowly percolate through the soil, ran at once down every slope and were carried off by streams. When summer came the ground became dry and hard, and the lakes not being fed continuously, gradually shrank, and the whole face of the country changed. The swamp land act applied to the lands as they were then, and what they may be now has nothing to do with the case and those who, while crying fraud, attempt to rob the swamp land man of what he honestly bought, should remember this, and before attempting to take up land which has been designated as swamp land should satisfy themselves as to the condition of the land when the swamp land act was passed."

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have been placed upon the records of Jackson county since last report of the TIDINGS:

George L. Mathews and wife to Charles F. Wall, N ½ N E ¼ sec. 34, tp. 32 S, R 2 E; con. $666.60.

B. M. Gill and wife to Charles F. Wall, S. E. ¼ of sec. 27, tp. 32 S, R 2 E, 160 acres; con. $1,333.32.

O. T. Co. to Harriet Holmes, lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, blk. H, R. R. addition to town of Ashland; con. $120.

The O. T. Co. to Sylvester Cowles, lots, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, blk. M, R. R. addition to town of Ashland; con. $715.

O. T. Co. to W. R. Dickinson, lot 10, blk. 45 town of Medford; con. $80.

Permelia Duncan to Leander A. Neil, Q. C. D. to interest in lot 6, blk. 3, town of Ashland; con. $2.

A. P. Talent to Mary Jane Sutton, lot 1, blk. 6, Ashland; con. $500.

F. M. Fredenburg to M. A. Mazone, land in tp. 36 S, R 3 W, 7 acres; con. $280.

A. D. Helman to Anson W. Jacobs, lot 3, blk. 12, Ashland; con. $100.

A. S. Jacobs to Philip Mullen, lot 3, blk 12, Ashland; con. $107.

O. T. Co. to P. T. Falrclo, lot 5, blk. 1, town of Medford; con. $90.

Anson W. Jacobs to A. S. Jacobs, lot 3, blk. 12, Ashland; con. $110.

Octavia Julien to Patrick Donegan, land in tp, 35 S, R. 2. W, 430 acres, con. $1.

A. C. Holmes to Phillip Mullen, lot 1, blk. 16, Ashland; con. $1.

Samuel Colver to Phillip Mullen, land in sec. 20, tp. 38 S, R 1 W. 40 acres; con. $1.

State of Oregon to Alex Blakely, land in sec. 36, tp. 35 S, R 4 W. 120 acres; con. $150.

Eber Emery to city of Ashland, land in tp. 39 S, R 1 E, 4 6-10 acres; con. $1.

United states to Joseph A. Helma, land in sec. 9, tp. 39 S, R 1 E. 89 acres; patent.

John May to James H. Gay, lot 4, blk. 22, Chitwood tract, city of Ashland; con. $900.

Milo Caten to Robert M. Garrett, lot 6, blk. 3, Ashland; con. $1,250.

E. E. Miner to Oscar Ganlard, lot 2, city of Ashland; con. $1,200.

Mrs. Frances E. Hill to Oscar Ganlard, lot 2, city of Ashland; con. $850.

W. H. Parker, referee, to George Arnold, land in tp. 38 S, R 1 E, interest of the Obenchain heirs, 640 acres; con. $2300.

J. G. Birdsey, sheriff, to A. J. Fredenburg, lot 7, blk. 29, in town of Medford; con. $150.

The Census.

[Washington Dispatch, Aug. 4.]

Superintendent of the Census Porter has got the primary work of taking the eleventh census started and will soon be in his new quarters. To cover the vast territory of this country, which embraces 3,826,000 square miles, and nearly 70,000,000 people, over 40,000 enumerators will be employed, and about 2,000 clerks will be necessary to complete their returns.

The last census was restricted to a cost of $3,000,000, but for the coming one Congress appropriated $6,400,000, exclusive of the cost of printing, engraving and binding.

There will be about thirteen volumes in the eleventh census, instead of twenty two, as in the last, and it is hoped to have all finished inside of five years, which it took for the previous ones.

E. B. Hunsaker has decided to discontinue the boot and shoe line, and will sell at net cost everything in this line, or will close out the entire lot to the trade at liberal discount. A good bargain for somebody. x

GENERAL NEWS.

A dispatch from Dakota says the wheat crop will be 30,000,000 bushels short.

The annual estimate of the Delaware peach crop places it at 2,800,000 baskets, against 7,300,000 baskets in 1888, and 2,360,000 baskets in 1887.

The Mississippi River Commission estimates that it will take $4,000,000 next year to carry on the repairs, etc., on the Mississippi from its head to the mouth of the Ohio.

It is proposed to celebrate in the city of St. Louis, April 30, 1903, the 100th anniversary of the greatest real estate transaction in American history, the purchase of Louisiana.

Sixty-two carloads of California fruit were received in Chicago last week, and the market was overstocked. On August 3d the Earle Fruit Company sold at auction five carloads for account of the Golden Gate Fruit Association, at the following prices: Bartlett pears, ripe, $1 60; Bartlett pears green, $2 25; Bourre Hardy pears, $1 40 to $1 50; Gros prunes, 80 cents; peaches, half boxes, 90 cents to $1 25.

When Baby was sick,
We gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child,
She cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss,
She clung to Castoria.
When she had Children,
She gave them Castoria.

As it is generally understood that there is lack of building material in the valley, we give notice that our mill is now running on full time and we can fill orders for lumber at the rate of 20,000 feet per day. Write for particulars and prices.

SUGAR PINE DOOR & LUMBER CO.

J. W. Sowdon, of Central Point the enterprising and successful sewing machine man, is now retained as traveling representative of Whipp's Jacksonville, Marble Works, and is taking orders in all parts of the county. Whipp is supplying more fine marble work in the cemeteries of Southern Oregon than all other dealers. *

Parties desiring their pianos or organs tuned and repaired by a first-class workman, should send word to E. B. Hunsaker at once and they will receive prompt attention. x

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

LAKE COUNTY.

[Lakeview Examiner, Aug. 1.]

L. G. Ross, wife and baby left for Idaho and eastern Oregon by their own conveyance Tuesday.

The weather the past week has been the warmest ever known in Lakeview. The thermometer reached 96 in the shade Monday.

Unconfirmed rumors reach us from eastern Oregon near the Idaho line, to the effect that cattlemen are offering their entire herds at $4 each all round. We do not believe the story.

The Harney Items wants the Lakeview office investigated for the three years last past. He thinks there has been some swamp land crookedness in this office.

P. Avery of Corvallis has sold his entire band of stock cattle to James Foster, of Summer Lake, and bought Mr. Foster's fine farm near Corvallis He allows Mr. F. $10,000 for his farm and sells him cattle at the following prices: Cows with calves, $25; two year olds, $18, and ye arlings $15.

KLAMATH COUNTY.

[Linkville Star, Aug. 2.]

It is reported that Mr. Engle, of Phœnix, will start a big store at Keno.

Mrs. I. D. Applegate, of Dairy, and her sister, Mrs. Chas. Putman, of Olene, have returned from Shovel creek.

Klamath county can give better bargains in cattle and horses than can be found anywhere on the coast. With her thousands of tons of wild hay, besides timothy and clover, she raises horses and cattle at less expense and trouble than stockmen elsewhere encounter. Any price is good enough.

Col. Shaufner, Adjutant-General of the Oregon National Guards, informs Lieutenant Howe, of Troop B., of Linkville, that commissions for the officers of Troop B will be issued as soon as the captain files the necessary bond. The appropriation for suits, accoutrements, etc., will come from the State Military Board, but as no funds for that purpose are as yet in the state treasury, they are waiting. Troop B mumbers 51, all in fine training.

The Kenoites are taking posession of the swamp land claims in their vicinity. Mr. Walker the lively school teacher there has built a dwelling in the Stewart-Ramsey field, and in the same extent of land Mr. Blackwood, of Soda Springs, authorized by the Lakeview land office, has also pitched his residence, having brought there his lumber, windows, doors and carpenters. Mr. Ramsey threatens arrest, but the parties take the threat right philosophically and hold fast to their faith in Uncle Sam. Mr. Norval has taken a fine, fat piece of land in the swamp land field claimed by Mills & Rider and it is pretty strongly suspected that the "jumping" of this rich land will now be general.

SISKIYOU COUNTY, CAL.

[Yreka Journal, Aug. 7.]

The grasshoppers are quite troublesome at spots in Shasta Valley, and also in spots at the lower end of Scott Valley, especially at good garden patches.

Large posters are visible around town with views of Klamath City at C. & O. R. R. crossing of Klamath river, also Klamath Hot Springs, railroad bridge, and the old pioneer ferry, and other scenes on the upper Klamath.

Two and three carloads of freight are hauled to town nearly every day lately on the Yreka R. R. It would be a good paying enterprise to extend the road into Scott Valley, and prove a great benefit to Yreka also.

The Shasta Courier says the bobtailed special train between Redding and Sisson has been hauled off and the engineer and fireman are glad of it. They had to run so fast that nearly all the hair was blown off their heads.

The Montague bonds have been sold to Thos. Greenwood, of Hawkinsville, at a premium of $30 for the lot, $5,000 in all, bearing 7 per cent. interest per annum, payable in ten years. The Baily Hill school bonds for $350, at 8 per cent. had no bidders.

The bidding for the new county hospital was very close between four bidders, not ranging to $200. Another bidder, however, was $700 lower than the lowest of the four, and desired to withdraw, but would not be allowed to do so, although let out by failing to provide the necessary bond. The successful bidder was F. C. Beggs, who built the new Episcopal rectory, his figures being $4,711, or about $30 lower than the next, and about $200 lower than the highest bidder.

A Henley correspondent furnishes the following items this week:

Last week Silas Shattuck, while riding in Hufen creek, four miles north of here, saw the big grizzly known as club foot. One of his front feet was cut off in a trap years ago, so there is no mistaking the track. Mr. Shattuck says he is as big as a horse. The next day the grizzly killed and ate part of a three year old steer owned by Mr. Fox. A party went out to hunt him, and it is hoped they will bring him in, for he has killed many cattle in years past.

The free bridge across the Klamath, at Manistee, was opened to the public August 1st.

Forest fires in the cottonwood mountains are assuming serious proportions and are endangering houses and fences on west branch.

Black woodpeckers are flocking into our orchards by thousands, and are eating the fruit as fast as it ripens. The result will be a small crop of summer and fall apples, for it is impossible to keep the birds away.

More wells gone dry this week, not more than half a dozen in town at present that have a good flow of water.

Fresh California citrus fruits, bananas etc., at Wexler's bakery. *

Rich and Poor,

Prince and Peasant, the Millionaire and Day Laborer, by their common use of this remedy, attest the world-wide reputation of **Ayer's Pills.** Leading physicians recommend these pills for Stomach and Liver Troubles, Costiveness, Billousness, and Sick Headache; also, for Rheumatism, Jaundice, and Neuralgia. They are sugar-coated; contain no calomel; are prompt, but mild, in operation; and, therefore, the very best medicine for Family Use, as well as for Travelers and Tourists.

"I have derived great relief from **Ayer's Pills.** Five years ago I was taken so ill with

Rheumatism

that I was unable to do any work. I took three boxes of Ayer's Pills and was entirely cured. Since that time I am never without a box of these pills." Peter Christensen, Sherwood, Wis.

"**Ayer's Pills** have been in use in my family upwards of twenty years and have completely verified all that is claimed for them. In attacks of piles, from which I suffered many years, they afford greater relief than any other medicine I ever tried."—T. F. Adams, Holly Springs, Texas.

"I have used **Ayer's Pills** for a number of years, and have never found anything equal to them for giving me an appetite and imparting energy and strength to the system. I always keep them in the house."—R. D. Jackson, Wilmington, Del.

"Two boxes of **Ayer's Pills** cured me of severe

Headache,

from which I was long a sufferer.—Emma Keyes, Hubbardston, Mass.

"Whenever I am troubled with constipation, or suffer from loss of appetite, Ayer's Pills set me right again."—A. J. Kiser, Jr., Rock House, Va.

"Ayer's Pills are in general demand among our customers. Our sales of them exceed those of all other pills combined. We have never known them fail to give entire satisfaction."—Wright & Hannelly, San Diego, Texas.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

RED HOUSE COLUMN.

Each person buying a one-pound can of

BONANZA

Baking Powder

at the

RED HOUSE

Ladies'

Will be entitled to a chance in a Lady's

FINE KID Shoes

Gold Watch!

AT

100 CHANCES.

G. E. DEAN,

Main St.

ASHLAND, OREG.

Remnants! :-: Remnants!!

We have a large stock of

REMNANTS

which you can buy at half prices. Call and look at them.

GREAT BARGAINS

in summer wraps.

For $5.00 you can buy a $10 Beaded Wrap.

For $7.50 you can buy a $15 French Broadcloth Appliqué Wrap.

For $2.50 you can buy a $10 Scotch Wool Wrap, with or without Hood. Just the thing for school wear.

For $1.00 you can buy a $2.50 Embroidered Shoulder Scarf in all the different Shades.

Ladies' and Gent's Dusters from $1.25 to $2.50.
Ladies' French Kid Shoes for $2.50.
Ladies' Satin Parasols from $1.25 to $5.00.
Ladies' trimmed and untrimmed hats at half price.
No extra price for trimming hats.

Ladie's, Misses' and Children's Shoes; Window Shades and Lace Curtains. Carpets, Matting & Oil Cloths, Men and Boy's Clothing; Men and Boy's Hats.

MORAL BROS.,

Main Street, Opposite the Postoffice.

ASHLAND, OREGON.

Final Proof Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, ROSEBURG, Oregon, July 25, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or in his absence before the Clerk of the county court of Jackson Co., Or., at Jacksonville, Oregon, on Monday, Sept. 9, 1889, viz: William Courtney, Homestead entry No. 4246, for the E ½ of N W ¼ and W ½ of N E ¼, Sec. 21, Tp. 37, S R 2 East, w. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Nichols, Nimrod N. Charley, Jos. Reynolds, J. H. Terrill, all of Lake Creek, Jackson county, Oregon.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

8-6t

Final Proof Notice

LAND OFFICE at ROSEBURG, Oregon, July 25, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or in his absence before the Clerk of the county court of Jackson county, Oregon, at Jacksonville, Oregon on Monday, September 9, 1889, viz: Nimrod N Charley, Homestead entry No. 3073 for the S E ¼ of S W ¼, Sec 28 and N ½ of N W ¼ and N W ¼ of N E ¼, Sec. 33, Tp. 37, S R 2 East, W. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George W. Nichols, Wm. Courtney, J. H. Terrill, Jos. Reynolds, all of Lake Creek, Jackson county, Oregon.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

8-6t

Final Proof Notice.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, ROSEBURG, Oregon, July 25, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge, or in his absence before the Clerk of the County court of Jackson Co., Or., at Jacksonville, Oregon, Tuesday, Sept. 10, 1889, viz: George W. Nichols, Homestead entry No. 4208, for the S E ¼ of S W ¼ and N E ¼ of S W ¼, Sec. 6 and N E ¼ of N W ¼ Sec. 7, Tp. 37, S R 2 East, W. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Wm. Courtney, J. H. Terrill, Jos. Reynolds, Nimrod N. Charley, all of Lake Creek, Jackson county, Oregon.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

8-6t

Logan

ARTISTIC

Photographer

His Work Speaks for Itself.

Transfer Business!

THE UNDERSIGNED would announce to his old customers, and the public generally, that he is again in the transfer business, and is prepared to attend to all calls promptly at

LOWEST PRICES.

Passengers to and from each train.

12-11] J. H. McBRIDE.

Wood Notice.

There is a well stocked wood yard back of the Novelty block, corner Main and Hargadine streets. Dry 16-inch stove wood and 18 and 20-inch heater wood, delivered on short notice anywhere in town.

N. B: All parties hauling wood to town or having any wood for sale in large or small lots, will do well to call at the office of C. W Ayers at the above corner. 32:

Jacksonville to Redford.

Patronize the only wagon that connects with every train, rain or shine, and carries the U. S. mail and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express. Satisfaction guaranteed. JOHN DYER, Driver.

THE ASHLAND

LIVERY AND FEED STABLES

The old stables on Main street near the bridge, and the new stables on Oak street, are now under the proprietorship and management of

GEO. W. STEPHENSON,

Who is now prepared to offer the public better accommodations than ever before afforded in Southern Oregon in the livery business.

Horses Boarded and Fed.

At reasonable rates.

New and handsome turnouts, reliable and safe buggy teams, and good saddle horses always to be had at these stables.

Will Buy and Sell horses.

GEO. W. STEPHENSON. [9-42

University of Oregon,

EUGENE CITY, OR.

Next session begins on Monday, the 16th of September, 1889.

Free scholarships from every county in the State. Apply to your County Superintendent. FREE TUITION AFTER JANUARY 1, 1890.

Four Courses: Classical, Scientific, Literary and a short English Course in which there is no Latin, Greek, French or German. The English is pre-eminently a Business Course. For catalogues or other information address, J. W. JOHNSON, President. 3-2m

LOOK OUT FOR

BAD TITLES!

One third of the real estate in Jackson county is held under DEFECTIVE title. Get an abstract to the title of your property and see if you are all right. The ONLY reliable Abstracts made in Jackson county come from Austin S. Hammond's Law and Abstract Office, Ashland, Oregon. [1253]

Machine Shop

NEAR DEPOT,

Ashland, - Oregon,

Opened again for

All kinds Repairing and New Work.

New Wind Mills and iron fencing furnished.

SAW GUMMING A Specialty.

1337 H. SCHERRER.

Lumber Yard.

The undersigned has taken the Lumber Yard established by Rowe & Moore, north of track in railroad addition

ASHLAND, OR.

And will continue the business, keeping on hand a general assortment of

Lumber, -:- Rustic -:- Flooring,

Shingles, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

Orders for buildings of every kind promptly filled.

JAMES NORRIS,

Ashland, Or., Aug. 9, 1889.

SOCIETIES.

Masonic Directory, Ashland.

SISKIYOU CHAPTER, No. 21, R. A. M.

Regular convocations on the Thursday next after the full moon.

W. H. ATKINSON, H. P.
E B Myer, Sec'y. [9-36

ASHLAND LODGE NO. 23, A. F. & A. M.

Stated communication on the Thursday of or before the full moon.

E. V. MILLS, W. M.
Wm R Lawson, Secretary.

ALPHA CHAPTER NO. 1, O. E. S.

Stated meetings on 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month.

Mrs J D Crocker, W. M.
MISS KATE CHITWOOD, Secretary.

ASHLAND LODGE No. 45,

I. O. O. F.,

Hold regular meetings every Saturday evening at their hall in Ashland. Brethren in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

D. HIGH, N. G.
W C Roberts, Secretary.

PILOT ROCK ENCAMPMENT NO 16, I O O F

Meets in Odd Fellows's Hall every 2d and 4th Monday in each month. Members in good standing cordially invited to attend.

ROBT TAYLOR, C. P.
N A Jacobs, Scribe.

HOPE REBECCA DEGREE LODGE NO. 14.

Meets on the 2d and 4th Tuesday in each month in Odd Fellows's Hall, Ashland.

MRS ANNIE LONG, N. G.
John May, Sec'y.

Ashland Lodge, A. O. U. W

Meets in lodge room in Odd Fellow's Hall every FIRST and THIRD Wednesday in each month. Present hour of meeting 7:00 P. M. All Brethren in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

WM. PATTERSON, M. W.
T. W. LYNCH, Recorder.

Knights of Pythias.

GRANITE LODGE, NO. 23, Knights of Pythias, Ashland, Oregon, meets every Friday evening. Visiting Knights in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

W. B. MILLION, C. C.
H. T. CHITWOOD, K. of R. & S.

G. A. R. Burnside Post, No. 23, meets in Masonic Hall on the 1st and 3d Saturdays of each month. Visiting comrades cordially welcomed.

MAX PRACHT, Commander.
J. B. CASEY, Adjutant.

ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS, ETC

C. W. Ayers, H. R. Barbour, R. T. Elviage

Ayers, Barbour & Elviage,

Contractors & Builders,

ASHLAND, OREGON.

C. W. AYERS, Architect.

Estimates made on all kinds of buildings and all materials furnished for the same. Plans and specifications for dwellings of latest modern designs made at our office and furnished free to our patrons. We understand our business in all its branches, and do not hesitate to guarantee satisfaction. If you contemplate building anything, from a foot bridge to a hotel, call on us at our office, corner Main and Hargadine sts., Ashland, Or., and see what we can do for you. We have an unlimited supply of material of all kinds for building purposes and can build your house without any unnecessary delay. Outside orders for plans and specifications solicited and prompt attention given to them. We invite inspection of our work and can give references where required.

1334 Ayers, Barbour & Elviage.

Bargains in Land.

Hansen's Table Rock Farm on Rogue River is now offered for sale in subdivisions to suit purchasers, on easy terms.

A 20-acre Apple Orchard, $2000.

80 acres level Fruit or Alfalfa land, $3000.

80 acres Grain, Fruit, or Grass Land, $3000.

160 acres Grain, Fruit or Grass Land, $4000.

200 acres Grain, Fruit or Grass Land, $5000.

Call on or address.

38 FRED HANSEN, Ashland, Or.

Stock Ranch for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale his stock ranch of 500 acres situated on Tule Lake, Klamath county, Or., as a stock ranch for stock purposes. Will put up 150 tons of hay off the place. Best range in Klamath county. Will sell stock and farming implements with the ranch, if desired. For further information apply to R. A. HUTCHISON. Tule Lake, Or., Jan. 9, 1887.

TOWN - LOTS

—In the town of—

MONTAGUE,

Siskiyou Co., Cal.,

For Sale on Easy Terms.

One-fourth down; balance within six, twelve and eighteen months.

See map at the Railroad Depot for graded prices, etc., or address

D. H. HASKELL, Town Site Agent C. P. R. R. San Francisco, California. 17-y

Livery Stables in Ashland Offered for Sale at a Bargain!

On account of my having been crippled in a runaway sometime ago, and not being able to personally supervise the business properly, I have concluded to dispose of my livery stable interests in Ashland, together with all the stock, including horses, wagons, hacks, buggies, hay, oats, etc.

This is a good chance for some liveryman, as it is the only stable in the city, and is good paying property.

Terms and price furnished on application to the proprietor

G. W. STEPHENSON, 14-5 Ashland, Oregon.

—THE—

CHEAPEST PLACE

In Ashland to buy your

GROCERIES

—IS AT—

J. K. VanSant's

CASH STORE. Choice Groceries a specialty. Goods delivered to any part of the city.

13-9 J. K. VanSant.

BLACKSMITHING.

The blacksmith shop on B street, between 4th & 5th, in Railroad addition to

ASHLAND,

has been re-opened, and the proprietor is prepared to do promptly all work in

Every Branch of the Business.

Satisfaction insured in all work done.

Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

45] E. R. E.

Smith & Dodge

Carry the largest and best selected stock of

FURNITURE!

In Southern Oregon. Also,

WALL PAPER, FRAMES AND MOULDINGS, CHILDREN'S WAGONS, BABY CARRIAGES, ETC., ETC.

We sell

THE Davis Sewing Machine,

The best sewing machine made. Call and see it and be convinced. 13-tf

Colestin Soda Springs HOTEL

Will be open May 1st, for the accommodation of a limited number of guests.

Board and lodging, per week	$10 00
" " " " day	1 50
" per day	1 00
Single meals	50

Camping privileges will be 50 cents per week for each individual.

46] BYRON COLE, Proprietor.