

THE ASHLAND TIDINGS.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1886

EDITORIAL NOTES AND NEWS.

The registration law is receiving a large amount of criticism throughout the state.

Henry Watters, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, the ardent lover of the "Star-god" of reform, is serious by ill.

John B. Gough was stricken with apoplexy at Philadelphia last Monday evening, and was in a precarious condition at last report.

Ang Tai Duck, the murderer of the Wickershams, near Cloverdale, Cal., about a month ago, has been arrested at Yokohama on the arrival there of the steamer Rio Janeiro.

Gov. Larrabee, of Iowa, in his inaugural address denies that the temperance law of that state has proved a failure, and declares his intention of enforcing it strictly. This course will soon show whether it is a failure or not.

Great floods along the rivers in the eastern states have been reported during the past week. In the city of Boston a large area of the lower streets has been submerged and the damage is estimated at half a million dollars.

A Washington dispatch of Feb. 16th says the House committee on public lands has decided to recommend the forfeiture of all lands of the Oregon & California and California & Oregon grants not conveyed by patent to said companies by July 1st, 1880.

The legislature of the territory of Washington has enacted a law conferring upon all district and county courts the right to issue naturalization papers to aliens. The constitution and revised statutes of the United States will require to be amended accordingly.

The New York Sun says the Chinese must stay if they want to, and the government should interpose with a firm hand to protect them in Oregon, Washington and California. The prospects are that it may be made so uncomfortable for the Chinese, without violation of law, that very few of them will stay.

Commissioner Spauld is advised by one of his agents in California of a gigantic timber steal. The Sierra Lumber Company has constructed two flumes, each forty miles long, and devastated an immense area. They have stolen 65,000,000 feet. Sparks has ordered criminal and civil suits against the company.

The McCranck copper works at Chicago "closed down" last Tuesday, throwing fourteen hundred men out of employment. The work was stopped by the proprietors in consequence of the threat of certain of the men to strike unless some non-union hands in the moulding department should be discharged.

No more serious trouble is reported at Seattle since last week. The Chinese have been leaving for San Francisco on every steamer, the passage of many of them being paid by subscription of citizens. A number of men prominent in the resistance to the civil officers and militia have been arrested and will be tried soon.

Morrison introduced his tariff bill in the House last Saturday. The customs duties in 1885 amounted to something over \$181,000,000. It is calculated Morrison's bill will make the aggregate reduction \$20,000,000 on the basis of last year's importations. The principal reductions are on cotton goods, yarns and coarse cloths.

The Portland Mercury (Republican) makes up the following slate for the Democratic state ticket: For Governor, Judge Price, of Jackson; for Congress, John M. Geary, of Multnomah; for Secretary of State, anyone the delegates from Eastern Oregon may select; for State Treasurer, H. Abraham, of Douglas; for State Printer, Stites, of the Albany Democrat.

According to the new registry law it will be in order at the next election for each party to adopt a vignette to be placed at the head of the ticket. A copy of the regular ticket containing the vignette should be filed with the county clerk, and any person making bogus tickets and using the vignette or an imitation thereof, is liable to a fine and imprisonment.

A Washington dispatch of 14th says: The Fitz John Porter bill is now before the House. When the House has exhausted its strength in reviewing the spirit of the civil war, the Senate will take it up. It will pass the House. The Senate has been pulled by Fitz John Porter's friends, and it is found if either Stanford, Mitchell, of Oregon, or Spooner votes, the bill will be passed. He has enough friends already announced to carry it through the Senate with the vote of any one of the three named.

It would be a much more serious thing to attempt to drive the Chinese from Portland than it was to expel them from Tacoma or Seattle. They number several thousand in Portland, and have a large amount of valuable property, both real and personal. Evidently the agitators depend upon frightening them away by their manifesto ordering them to leave the city within forty days. The bluff will probably fail, but how much may be accomplished by that slower instrument, the boycott, remains to be tested as something not yet so easily predicted.

Gen. Hancock was buried at Norris-town, Pa., his childhood's home. In the morning the body was taken from Governor's island to New York city, where it was fittingly received. vast crowds thronged the line of march to Trinity church, where the obsequies were held. After services the dead general was taken to Jersey City, where a special train was waiting to convey the cortege to Norris-town. All along the route people, men, women and children, were out to see the passage of the black-robed car, testifying their respect and honor for the brave defender of the Union. At the tomb there were no rites, but as the casket was placed in the grave three salutes were fired from the hillside adjacent.

THE FALL MALL GAZETTE PUBLISHES AN OUTLINE OF WHAT IT ASSERTS IS GLADSTONE'S PLAN FOR THE GRANTING OF HOME RULE TO IRELAND. IT PROVIDES FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PARLIAMENT IN DUBLIN. THIS BODY IS TO CONSIST OF BUT ONE CHAMBER, AND IS TO BE AUXILIARY IN ALL RESPECTS TO THE PARLIAMENT AT WESTMINSTER. THE LATTER BODY IS TO RETAIN ABSOLUTE CONTROL OF TAXATION IN IRELAND, AND IS GIVEN POWER TO VETO ANY ACT OF THE DUBLIN PARLIAMENT. IRISH REPRESENTATION IN THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT IS TO REMAIN UNIVERSALLY THE SAME AS AT PRESENT, BUT IRISH MEMBERS WILL HAVE A VOTE ONLY ON SUCH MATTERS AS DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY AFFECT IRELAND.

All the San Francisco dailies have long and favorable editorials on Senator Mitchell's Chinese bill. The Chronicle says: "He has gone further than the most strenuous opponents of the Chinese have thus far gone, but it is just as well for congress to face it now. Mitchell will doubtless furnish reasons to justify the legislation he proposes, and show that the trade with China is not worth considering." The Call says the present congress may not be prepared for Senator Mitchell's bill, but the next will be. The Bulletin says the opposition will be from commercial and speculative quarters, but to Mitchell's proposition congress will at last have to come. The Post says it is precisely what the Post has been advocating for months.

It seems difficult to learn exactly how the prohibitory liquor laws are working in the states where they are now in force, so strong are the interests involved, and so easy is it to inject misrepresentation into the telegraphic reports sent abroad over the land. The following is a portion of the last message of Governor Martin, of Kansas, to the legislature of that state. It may be regarded as substantially correct, for no one in the position of Governor of a great state like Kansas could afford to make a false statement which would be challenged and disproved at once. The Governor says: "The general working of the amended prohibitory law of last winter has been favorable. Organized opposition to the law is fast disappearing, and the people are positively and decidedly in favor of obedience to the constitution as amended. Not only the supreme court, but all of the judges of the district courts of the state, and the judge of the United States court for this circuit, are in favor of allowing the people of Kansas to regulate their own domestic affairs in their own way. Thus all agencies have worked together, during the year, in behalf of law, order, and practical temperance, and Kansas has made a greater moral progress than in any other twelve months of her eventful and noble history. On the first of January, 1885, saloons were open in twenty or thirty towns and cities in the state. A year later open saloons had been banished from every town and city of Kansas, with possibly two exceptions, [doubtless Leavenworth and some other city,] and in these active and determined legal efforts for its suppression have been instituted."

The anti-Chinese congress met in Portland last Saturday, and organized by the election of John Myers, of Clackamas, as chairman. A large number of resolutions were adopted, in effect as follows: That it is the duty of all good citizens to assist in the speedy and peaceable expulsion of the Chinese; endorsing emphatically the anti-Chinese bill introduced in the Senate by Mitchell; thanking the Standard and News, of Portland, and two or three Puget Sound papers for their position against the Chinese; establishing a permanent boycott upon the Oregonian and the Telegram for their position on the question, also a boycott upon all business men who continue to advertise in the said newspapers; calling upon the citizens of every locality to "peacefully assemble and politely request the Mongolian race to remove from this state and territory to the city and county of San Francisco, state of California, or any other suitable place, where they are desired by the people, and this within thirty days from date of said meeting," an executive committee to be appointed in every locality "to carry out the spirit and intent of these resolutions;" that the delegates upon returning to their several homes "proceed to call a mass meeting of citizens of their locality to ratify the action of this convention," the date of said meetings to be Feb. 22d; that Governor Squire, of Washington Territory should be impeached for his action in interrupting the "polite request" of the Seattle men that the Chinese should go.

MITCHELL'S CHINESE BILL. Senator Mitchell last week introduced in the Senate the most radical anti-Chinese bill ever submitted to Congress. He explained to a reporter its provisions as follows: "The 'Morrow bill,' he said, 'aims chiefly at correcting the defects of the present law, its only new feature is the extension of the exclusion period to twenty years. I think it is quite impossible to frame a bill under the existing treaty with China that will effectually exclude Chinese from coming to this country, and it will be found that the most perfect bill that can be drawn will omit some provision which will enable a wily lawyer and the coolie slave owners to evade the restriction. My bill first sweeps away all the rights that the Chinese have under the treaty, and after that is accomplished the bill forbids their landing on any pretext whatever, except when sent in a diplomatic capacity. It seems to me that that is the only complete and final solution of the evil. I told Senator Stanford that I intended to introduce the bill, and he said he would make a speech in favor of it. I introduced the bill at this time because I thought longer delay would injure us. The people of Oregon have demanded for some time that action should be taken on the subject in the Senate. We have waited in the hope that Senator Miller, who is Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, to which committee the bill will be referred, would be able to take charge of it, but his continued illness convinces me that we should wait no longer."

Senator Mitchell, when he introduced the bill, asked that it lie on the table. He will call it up in a few days and address the Senate on the urgent need of its passage. Then it will be referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Why will you suffer from ague and malaria when Gilmore's Aromatic Wine will cure you? For sale at the City drug store.

Nerve-life and vigor restored in men and women by using Gilmore's Aromatic Wine. For sale at the City drug store.

DEATH OF SEYMOUR.

Ex-Governor Horatio Seymour of New York died last Friday night at the home of his sister, Mrs. Roscoe Conkling, in Utica. He had been failing rapidly for some time and his death was not unexpected. Horatio Seymour was born in Onondaga county, N. Y. May 31, 1810, and grew to manhood in Utica. He was admitted to the bar at that place after an excellent general and professional education, but only practiced a short time, occupying his time chiefly in a business way in managing a large estate left him by his father. His political career is familiar to all Americans. It began with his election to the state assembly in 1841. After having served for a number of terms in the legislature he was nominated for governor in 1850, but was defeated by Washington Hunt, the Whig candidate, by a plurality of 262 votes. At the next election, two years later, he defeated the same competitor by a plurality of 22,506 votes. Near the end of his term, in 1854, he vetoed a prohibitory liquor bill on the ground that it was unconstitutional. The next campaign was complicated by this issue, the anti-slavery agitation and Know-Nothingism. There were four candidates in the field, and Governor Seymour, the candidate of the Democratic party, was defeated by Myron H. Clark, Whig and Prohibitionist, by a plurality of 369 votes. Eight years later, while the country was in the throes of the civil war, Mr. Seymour was again elected Governor by the Democracy over that gallant soldier, General James S. Wadsworth.

During the Rebellion Governor Seymour was opposed to the war, and opposed to the Rebellion and opposed to the dissolution of the Union. In January, 1861, he delivered a speech at Albany strongly advocating concession and conciliation towards the seceding States, thinking it more practicable to win them back with kindness than with bayonets, and he adhered to these views in numerous subsequent addresses. When, however, in 1864, the army of Lee invaded the Northern States, he responded actively to President Lincoln's appeal to raise and forward militia to repel the invaders, and he aided materially in quelling the anti-draft riots in New York city in July following. In 1868 he was nominated for the Presidency, against his earnest protest, and was defeated by Grant. He thereupon retired permanently from public life. He declined every tender of nomination from his party, including that of United States Senator in 1874, when he had but to consent and the office was his. His counsel, however, continued to be given and with effect in shaping the policy and selecting the candidates of the Democracy in New York. His remaining days were largely devoted to agricultural pursuits. He was for years President of the National Dairyman's Association and he frequently appeared as speaker at agricultural fairs, conventions and assemblies of that character. He was blameless in his private life, a leading member of the Episcopal Church.

It is thought that the loss of range cattle throughout the United States has been comparatively light. In Texas it is estimated at 5 per cent. In Montana the loss is in good condition and the cattle have wintered well so far. In Colorado the loss is less than 2 per cent., and in Wyoming it is less than 1 per cent. In Kansas the loss is heavy.

NEW THIS WEEK. SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT. Showing the Condition of Jackson County's Finances.

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. Includes items like County Judge's salary, County Treasurer's salary, Assessor's per diem, etc.

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS. Rogue river bridge, Griffin's creek bridge, Dunn's bridge, etc.

RECAPITULATION. Balance due county from all sources, Balance assets over liabilities, etc.

EXPLANATORY. The assets consist of cash, and cancelled warrants in treasury, county assessment levy and amounts due from all other sources, but does not include levy for State and School purposes.

EXPLANATORY. The fiscal year 1885 was an "off year" there being more criminal business than any one year in the history of the county, and the item of courts alone cost the tax payers \$200,226.54.

EXPLANATORY. In conclusion, would say, that as the law provides that officers shall file their report at the close of the fiscal year—July 1st—I can not make a complete and detailed semi-annual exhibit, but the above statement is as near in detail as can be made without the fiscal reports, and is correct as I verily believe.

W. H. PARKER, Co. Clerk.

SUMMONS. In the circuit court of the state of Oregon for the county of Jackson. Estate of E. B. Becker, plaintiff, vs. Anthony W. Becker, defendant.

Farm For Sale. In the best part of Ashland, consisting of 25 acres of good land, two houses, two barns, good orchard. Also three five-acre lots, good land. Terms cash.

Land Wanted. Party desiring to dispose of Land situated within five miles of Ashland, or near any other road town in Northern Oregon, can exchange for choice Portland or East Portland property by addressing GILLMAN & CO., No. 42 Front street, Portland, Or. 10-26-1m

PROPRIETARY MEDICINE.

Twin Foes to Life

Are Indigestion and Constipation. Their primary symptoms are among the most distressing of minor human ailments, and a host of diseases, speedily resulting from them, mutually aggravate each other and assail at once the whole machinery of life. Nausea, Flat Breaths, Sour Stomach, Dizziness, Headaches, Bilious Fever, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dropsy, and various Skin Disorders, are among the symptoms and maladies caused by derangement of the stomach and bowels.

A Thorough Purgative

medicine is the first necessity for cure. Then the cathartic effect must be maintained, in a mild degree, just sufficient to prevent a recurrence of costiveness, and at the same time the liver, kidneys and stomach must be stimulated and strengthened.

Ayer's Pills

Achieve this restorative work better than any other medicine. They are searching and thorough, yet mild, in their purgative action. They do not irritate the system, and do not induce a costive reaction, as is the effect of other cathartics. While they loosen the bowels, they cleanse the digestive organs weakened by long-continued dyspepsia, one or two of AYER'S PILLS daily, after dinner, will do more good than anything else.

Absolutely Cure

All diseases proceeding from disorder of the digestive and assimilatory organs. The prompt use of AYER'S PILLS to correct the first indications of costiveness, averts the serious illnesses which result from that condition which inevitably follow. All irregularities in the action of the bowels—looseness as well as constipation—are beneficially controlled by AYER'S PILLS, and for the stimulation of digestive organs weakened by long-continued dyspepsia, one or two of AYER'S PILLS daily, after dinner, will do more good than anything else.

Leading Physicians Concede

That AYER'S PILLS are the best of all cathartic medicines, and many practitioners of the highest standing, customarily prescribe them.

AYER'S PILLS, PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. [Analytical Chemists.] For sale by all Druggists.

Photographs. Persons who may wish photographs from negatives made by the undersigned while in Ashland can procure them by sending orders to GRAVE'S PAIS, as the negatives have all been preserved. Grave's Pass. Or., May 29, 1885.

Hay for Sale. 150 tons alfalfa hay for sale at Honck's ranch, 4 1/2 miles south of Ashland, at \$8 per ton in quantities of 20 tons upward, or \$5 per single ton, or the hay will be delivered in Ashland at two dollars per ton additional. No. 29-3m. Mrs. J. HOTCK.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS HOTEL

ASHLAND, OREGON. J. E. HOUSTON, Propr. The largest and best regulated hotel in Southern Oregon. The tables are always supplied with the very best in the market.

RATES REASONABLE. \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per day. HOT AND COLD BATHS. From the White Sulphur Springs free for guests. Free Coach in waiting at every train. 10-21

AT CITY DRUG and JEWELRY STORE.

Can be found a full line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Silver and Plated Ware, Violin Strings, Drags, Medicines, Toilet Soaps and Perfumery.

Watches, clocks and jewelry repaired. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil. Prescriptions carefully compounded. 9-41] T. K. BOLTON & CO.

FOR Man and Beast.

Mustang Liniment is older than most men, and used more and more every year.

FOR THE BEST TIN, SHEET-IRON & COPPERWARE

B. F. Reeser's NEW TIN SHOP

In Reeser's Block, Ashland, Or. Full stock on hand and made to order.

Particular Attention paid to Job Work. Which will be done in a workmanlike manner and at

Prices That defy competition. None but the best material used. 10-7] B. F. REESER.

HEATON FOX, Blacksmithing & Carriage Work.

HORSE SHOEING A SPECIALTY. None but the best mechanics employed. PRICES FOR SHOEING. Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 shoes, \$2.00; 5 and 6, \$3. Give me a call. 18-38] H. FOX.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, ETC.

PIONEER STORE.

Call and inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere. A new and elegant line of Fall Styles just received from San Francisco.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

We are prepared to make the following reductions in our stock of Men's Clothing:

Table with 4 columns: \$20. SUITS, REDUCED TO, \$15. 18 " " " " 14, 15 " " " " 12, 12 COATS " " 8, 10 " " " " 7.

ALFORD & BRAGDON.

CLOSING SALE!

The undersigned, having bought the general stock of Samuel Aerdent at a great reduction from original cost, will offer the same to the Public at

Slaughtering Prices.

The stock is new and fresh. No shelf-worn goods. Consisting in part of general

DRY and FANCY GOODS, Groceries, Boots, and Shoes, Hats, and Caps, Gents' Furnishings, Trunks and Valises, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, Etc.,

All of which must and will be closed out within Ninety Days. Come early and get your choice. Remember such bargains do not often occur.

Safe and Fixtures for SALE, not for rent. Yours, truly, CARO BROS.

Ashland, Oregon, Jan. 1st, 1886.

ASHLAND DRUG STORE

Masonic Block. LARGEST STOCK OF DRUGS

Patent Medicines, Druggist's Sundries, School Books and Stationery! Artists' Materials, Lamps and Lamp Stands. Prescriptions a Specialty.

J. H. CHITWOOD & SON.

JAMES THORNTON, President. E. K. ANDERSON, Vice President.

ASHLAND WOOLEN MILLS,

MANUFACTURERS OF WHITE and COLORED BLANKETS,

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Flannels, Hosiery, Etc. OVER and UNDERWEAR. - CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER. Office and Sales Rooms in Masonic Building, W. H. ATKINSON, Secretary and General Manager.



TEA! TEA! TEA! PURE TEA.

We have just received, direct from Yokohama, Japan, an invoice of Pure Uncolored and Breakfast Teas, which we are offering to the Public at the Lowest Living rates. Ask for PURITY TEA, and take no other.

CLAYTON & GORE.

REAL ESTATE - GROCERIES - MISCELLANEOUS.

PARTIES DESIRING TO PURCHASE Dwellings, Farming or Fruit Lands

Or, in short, any kind of REAL ESTATE,

Will do well to consult with the undersigned BEFORE PURCHASING.

A residence in Ashland of many years, and a thorough acquaintance with the soils and products of the valley enable me in many instances to show parties just what they wish, and at a fair price.

C. F. BILLINGS, Ashland, Or.

Parties who are afraid of a Real Estate Agent are referred to any business house in the city.

E. J. FARLOW, E. M. MILLER.

NEW FIRM! NEW FIRM!

Ashland Grocery Store. FARLOW & MILLER.

We keep the Freshest and Best groceries in town, at the lowest figures. As we buy for cash, we can afford to sell cheap for cash. In addition to our full and complete assortment of groceries and provisions, we carry

Tobacco and Cigars, Cartridges, Ammunition, etc. Goods delivered to all parts of town free of charge. 10-13 FARLOW & MILLER.

LONG AND SHORT OF IT!



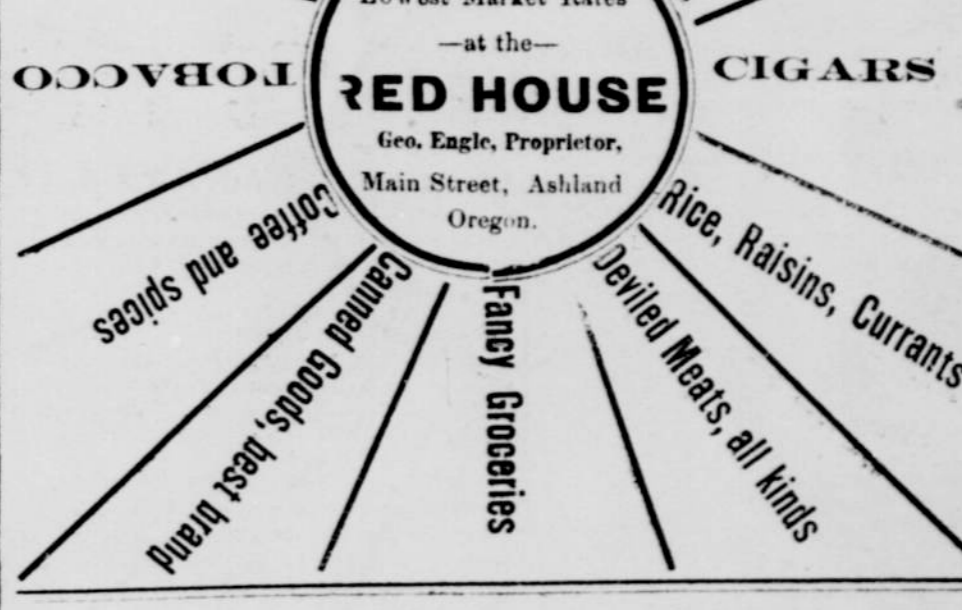
FAMILY GROCERIES!!

The Finest Assortment in the City. Canned Goods, Flour, Provisions, Confectionery, Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Bacon, Hams, Shoulders, Lard.

In fact, everything in the Choice Family Grocery line, not forgetting TOBACCO and CIGARS Also, a Fine Stock of BOOTS and SHOES.

We stand by our trade mark, the "Long and Short of it," which means LONG GOODS AT SHORT PRICES. Give us a call. Goods delivered to any part of the city. W. T. COBURN, & CO., Ashland.

RED HOUSE



TEA! TEA! TEA!

PURE TEA.

We have just received, direct from Yokohama, Japan, an invoice of Pure Uncolored and Breakfast Teas, which we are offering to the Public at the Lowest Living rates. Ask for PURITY TEA, and take no other.

CLAYTON & GORE.