

THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEES.

The people of the United States have reason to rejoice that from the presidential campaign before them the embittering element of sectional strife has been eliminated, as far as the personal character of the nominees is concerned. The records of the two parties cannot, of course, be blotted out from memory's scroll, and the simple party name under which a candidate is presented is sufficient to fan into fresh glow the whitening embers of the old burned-out issues of the war. But the action of the convention at Cincinnati has clipped the wings of the demagogues of both parties, who would soar into the heights of place and power upon the rising breeze of popular feeling and prejudice which they expected to see accompany as usual the quadrennial strife of the political elements. It was expected that the Democratic nominee would be one who to some extent represented the Southern creed of state sovereignty, who had sympathized with or aided the armed resistance to the national authority in the dark days of the first half of the decade of '60. But the nominee is one who was among the foremost in the ranks of those who offered their lives to preserve the Union. This has the appearance of complete acceptance of the results of the war upon the part of the people whose cause was lost, and must to a great extent, although it cannot entirely, remove the sulphurous smell of the old fratricidal battles from the "can-paign guns" in the coming struggle.

However the election may go, the loyal people of the Nation may rest easy in the knowledge that the chief magistrate will be one who will maintain the constitution as it is, and will not suffer the national authority, as defined by the constitution, to be resisted or questioned. In view of this fact, the decision of the people as to whom shall be given the reins of administration for the next four years should rest solely upon the comparison of the distinctive principles of the parties opposed. If there are vital issues between them, let these decide. A good man for President will be elected at all events.

Some of the minor excellences of the administration of the affairs of the Interior department are brought occasionally to the view of obscure newspapers on the "border." For example: The Klamath Indian Agency needs some government supplies, and it is necessary to advertise for bids. The agent at the reservation mentioned to the department the names of the local newspapers, in which alone the advertisement would serve the purpose for which it is intended. But instead of publishing the advertisement in the nearest papers, the administrative genius who directed the matter at Washington ordered it in the Roseburg "Paindealer," a paper of no more general circulation than our own, and one which is probably not seen by anyone who would be likely to bid for the contracts of furnishing supplies. For business sagacity and common sense we shall have to look elsewhere than to the Indian Bureau.

Another terrible steamboat disaster occurred on Long Island Sound last Monday afternoon. A large steamer, the Sewanahaka, plying between New York City and several points on the Sound, took fire amidships from an explosion in the engine room and was soon in a mass of flames. The pilot remained at his post until nearly burned to death and succeeded in beaching the vessel on a sunken island. Many persons sprang overboard and were drowned. Many others in the stern of the boat could not get off and were burned to death. Of 500 persons supposed to have been on board 50 are believed to have perished. Thirty dead bodies have been recovered. Among the saved was Chas. A. Dana, editor of the N. Y. Sun.

The U. S. Commissioner of the General Land Office, under authority of Sec. 2334, Revised Statutes, has directed that the maximum charges of the publication in newspapers of application for patent to mineral lands shall not exceed \$15; and for publication of citations in contests, or hearings involving the character of lands, \$10. This was made necessary by the exorbitant charges of some newspapers for publishing such notices.

The greenbackers count on a big vote in Iowa, the State from which Weaver hails, and profess to be confident of carrying Maine. They expect a boom in Texas also, where Mr. Chambers resides. In 1878 the soft money candidate for Governor of that State received 58,000 votes.

The nomination of Hancock was accomplished by some kind of an unprecedented rush of support as Garfield received at Chicago. He led the candidates in the first ballot, having 171 votes while Bayard had 102, Payne 85, Field 65, Morrison 62, Thurman 58, Tilden 35, Hendricks 49. On the second ballot, at the roll-call of states, Hancock had 316, while 492 votes were necessary for a choice. Wisconsin then changed her vote, giving Hancock 20 more. New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey followed suit, amidst the wildest excitement, and the work was done. A motion was then carried to call the roll again, and this time the states all voted solidly for Hancock, except Indiana, the 30 votes of which were cast for Hendricks; Maryland, of which two votes were cast for Bayard, and Iowa, casting one vote for Tilden.

After the official announcement of the decisive vote and the nomination, a number of eloquent speeches were made, and John Kelley, upon being called to the platform, assured the convention that Tammany would support the nominees.

The swamp land case appealed by Capt. John Mullen, the agent for the State of Oregon, from the commissioner's decision, involving title to certain tracts of swamp lands in Columbia county, surveyed in 1854 and selected during Governor Grover's administration, to the Secretary of the Interior, has been decided by the latter in favor of the State, reversing the action of the commissioner of the general land office. The Secretary in reversing this decision holds that the grant to Oregon was a grant in present and that she had a right to all the swamp lands within her boundaries at the date of the grant, and had lost no rights by failure to select them within the time referred to in the act, because the Secretary had failed to comply with the law in making out and sending to the Governor plats and lists of swamp lands within the State as contemplated by the Arkansas grant of 1850, which was extended to Oregon and Minnesota by the act of March 1, 1850.

The nominee of the Cincinnati Convention for Vice President is Wm. H. English, of Indiana. He was born in Lexington, Ind., in 1829, studied law and at an early age entered actively into political work in his native state. He was sent to the legislature, and in 1852 took his seat in the U. S. house of Representatives. During the time of the Kansas troubles he acquired considerable note as the author of the "English bill," a compromise measure, giving the citizens of Kansas the right to come into the Union under an anti-slavery Constitution or not as they might decide by an election. Just before the outbreak of the war he retired from political life, and re-appears now upon the stage of active participation for the first time since.

Act for the Relief of Settlers on Public Lands.

Following is an act approved May 14th, 1880, which is of interest to those who may be concerned in the operation of the public land laws:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That when a pre-emption, homestead, or timber-culture claimant shall file a written relinquishment of his claim in the local land office, the land covered by such claim shall be held open to settlement and entry without further action on the part of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

At all cases where any person has contested, paid the land office fees, and procured the cancellation of any pre-emption, homestead, or timber-culture entry, he shall be notified by the register of the land office of the district in which such land is situated of such cancellation, and shall be allowed thirty days from date of such notice to enter and amend. Thereafter, that said register shall be entitled to receive one dollar for the giving of such notice, to be paid by the contestant, and not to be reported.

CASCADE STOCK FARM.
Season of 1880.
ALBAMONT.

Dark bay stallion, foaled 1875. Bred by Col. H. West, Georgetown, Kentucky. (Vol. III, p. 30, Wallace's Trotting Register). Sired by "the great sire of trotters."

ALBAMONT, Son of Alexander's Abdallah, sire of Goldsmith Maid, record 2:44; dam by Brown Chief, son of Manfredo Chief, sire of Lady Thorne, record 2:18; g. d. by Imp. Houston, sire of the dam of Lady, record 2:35; g. g. d. by Bertrand, the great French-bred sire, 2:50 g. d. by Imp. Buzzard, sire of the famous Woodpecker, sire of the famous Grey Eagle. Albamont will at the proper time be given a record which will ensure a large demand for his colts. (Albamont is the property of Gen. W. T. Withers, Lexington, Ken.)

WILBURN, Bay stallion, foaled 1877; bred by Gen. Wm. T. Withers, Lexington, Ky. (Vol. III, p. 62, Wallace's Register). Sired by Albamont, son of Albamont, sire of Fanny Witherspoon, five-year-old record 2:23 or better. (No other horse of his age has more than four.) He also sired Alva West, sire of Jovett, that has the best three-year-old record (2:25) ever made. Albamont's dam by Alexander's Abdallah (see above). Wilburn's dam by Melburne Jr., sire of Jim Irving, record 2:23; g. d. by Alcott, (his dam by Imp. Houston) son of Alexander's Abdallah; g. g. d. by Bagnish, (record 2:29), son of Manfredo Chief, sire of Lady Thorne, record 2:18; and Woodford Manfredo, record 2:24; g. g. d. by Pilot Jr., sire of John Morgan, record 2:24, and dam of Nutwood, record 2:18; g. g. g. d. by Old Bull, (sire of Chicago 2:24), son of Old Pilot. Wilburn is very large, highly finished and compactly built.

Both are perfectly sound and free from lameness, and were purchased for use in my own breeding stable, but will be allowed to serve a limited number of mares during the season of 1880, at CASCADE STOCK FARM, three miles east of Linkville, Ogn., at \$75 the season, with privilege of returning such mares as do not prove in foal. Excellent and safe pasture, and free range.

For particulars and free pamphlet history of the trotting horse, address, JAY BEACH, Linkville, Ogn.

SOCIETIES.
Ashland Lodge No. 180, I. O. G. T.
Meets at the new 142 1/2 room, at 8 o'clock P. M. every Friday evening. A. S. BONDERS and others in making arrangements to hold a social evening in each month.

Ashland Lodge No. 23, A. F. & A. M.
Holds their stated communications Thursday evening on or before the full moon. Refreshments and social evening in each month.

Ashland Lodge No. 25, I. O. G. T.
Holds their regular meetings every Sunday evening at their hall in Ashland. Refreshments and social evening in each month.

ROSEBURG MARBLE WORKS.
Having taken the money for R. B. Christie's Marble Works of Roseburg, I will receive orders for any marble needed in this line in ASHLAND AND VICINITY.

FRANCO-AMERICAN HOTEL, JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
MADAME HOLT still continues to wait upon guests at this long-established house, and is determined to give satisfaction to the public. Visitors will at all times find the tables supplied with the best fare to be had in Southern Oregon.

GEO. NUTLEY, OF THE Ashland BOOT & SHOE STORE.
THANKS TO THE PUBLIC for their Liberal Patronage, which he accepts as testimony of their appreciation. His purposes to "Grow With the Place."

HE IS IN FAVOR OF THOSE WHO WEAR GOOD BOOTS AND PAY FOR THEM. Materials of all kinds, such as FRENCH AND ALLIGATOR GOBBS. And anything else that the public may wish.

ALWAYS ON HAND, And all work given up in the VERY BEST STYLE. GEO. NUTLEY.

Forwarding and Commission Agent, H. E. MURTON, Roseburg, Oregon.

ASHLAND COLLEGE and NORMAL SCHOOL
Ashland, Jackson County, Oregon.

FACULTY
REV. LOWELL L. ROGERS, A. M., President, Professor of Natural Science, Mental and Moral Philosophy.
REV. LADRU ROYAL, A. M., Professor of Latin and Greek Languages and Literature.
MRS. A. A. ROGERS, Professor, - Professor of English, Principal of Preparatory Department.
MISS ELLA M. SCOTT, - Teacher of Piano, Organ and Vocal Culture.
MISS KATE THORNTON, ASSISTANT TEACHER.

Book-keeping, Business Arithmetic, English Composition and other branches specially prepared for the ladies. If well selected, will secure a liberal education. The best training and instruction afforded those preparing to teach. Higher Mathematics taught practically and thoroughly.

Courses of Study.
1.-Classical, requiring six years, including preparatory studies. Graduates receive the degrees of A. B. and A. M.
2.-Scientific, requiring three years. Degree conferred, B. S.
3.-Normal, Commercial and Musical, occupying three years each. Diplomas given certifying to attainments of graduates.

Expenses.
TUITION. - \$6 a month, \$16 a quarter, \$40 a year. One scholar three years, or three, in same family, one year, \$103. Instrumental Music or Voice Culture \$5 a month. Vocal music in class \$3 a quarter. Board \$3.50 a week. Rooms or Cottages for self-boarding \$2 to \$5 a month. Tuition in all cases payable in advance in cash or acceptable notes.

College Calendar.
Fall Term commences September 1st, 1880. Winter Term commences November 24th, 1880. Spring Term commences March 1st, 1881.

PROMINENT FEATURES AND ITEMS OF INTEREST.
1.-The College will be chartered; and the Normal or Training school for teachers will be made, it is hoped by special enactment, an adjunct of the Public School system, and diplomas made equivalent to first-grade certificates.
2.-Ashland has no saloons. The sale of intoxicating liquors is prohibited by the city authorities, who are sustained by a strong public sentiment.
3.-The school is under the supervision of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The Bible will be reverently read and studied; the worship of God encouraged; but the institution will be sectarian in no objectionable sense.
4.-Patrons living at a distance can arrange through the President for board and rooms.
5.-The Musical Department is mentioned as specially worthy of confidence and patronage.

Address all communications to 5-1-if Ashland College and Normal School.

THE ASHLAND DRUG STORE
HAS BEEN REMOVED TO
MASONIC BUILDING
New Store!
New Goods!
New Prices!

DRUGS, MEDICINES, ETC., Stationery, - AND - Perfumery
Toilet Articles,
- TOYS -
In great variety and of new and rare designs.
- PURE WINES AND LIQUORS -
- For medicinal purposes -
Pipes, Tobacco
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PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, GLASS, BRUSHES, ETC., ETC.
GANDIES, SUITS AND FINE CONNECTIONS.

PRESCRIPTIONS
Carefully compounded of the finest drugs.

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Linkville Livery Stables.
MINNAING & WEBB,
Are pleased to announce that their Stables at LINKVILLE
LAIN COUNTY - OREGON
Are in excellent repair, amply provided with feed, and that customers will be well cared for promptly and in the best style.

Good HACKS, Excellent DRUGGIES and NO. 1 RIDING HORSES always on hand.
Horses promptly repaired, and
Tourists and Others Outfitted

On the shortest notice
Do not fail to give the Linkville Stables a trial.
W. H. MANNING & WEBB.
\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Supt. W. H. M. & Co., Portland, Maine.

Feed and Bran
CHEAP FOR CASH.
AT
EAGLE MILLS.

Linkville Livery Stables.
MINNAING & WEBB,
Are pleased to announce that their Stables at LINKVILLE
LAIN COUNTY - OREGON
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FARMER'S STORE.
ASHLAND, OREGON.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
The Best Goods, at the Lowest Prices,
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Stationery, School Books, Etc.,
"HONEST DEALING, AND A FAIR PROFIT."
FOUNTAIN & FARLOW.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY
To Improve the Stock of this Section of the Country,
IS GIVEN AT PRESENT IN PRESENTING THE CELEBRATED CHAMPION STALLION
COMMODORE MAMBRINO
To the breeders of Jackson and surrounding counties, at the moderate fee of \$20 For the Season

OF eight weeks from time of beginning extending to July 18th, 1880, making headquarters at Maj. Barron's, and two days of each week (Fridays and Saturdays) at Mr. J. S. Herrin's place, adjoining Ashland, known as the Applegate farm. The following is a limited outline of pedigree and description of the horse: COMMODORE MAMBRINO that was bred by Mr. Jonathan Owen, of Paris, Bourbon County, Ky.; foaled June 7th, 1873. He was sired by Dr. Herr's "Morbino Patchen," a full brother to "Lady Thorne" - the fastest trotter and Queen of the Trotting Turf in her day - having met the famous "Goldsmith Maid" in six engagements, defeating her in each and every race, without the "Maid" being able to win a single heat. (By proof see Turf History.) COMMODORE'S first dam was got by Downing's "Bay Messenger," he by "Harpins," by Bishop's "Hambletonian," by "Imported Messenger." Second dam by "Bertrand," by "Sir Archy," by "Imported Dionce." Third dam, a fine mare said to be thoroughbred, (which she was without any reasonable doubt) being owned by the late John Hutchcraft, who bred the dam of COMMODORE MAMBRINO, and in fact his breeding for generations (upon his dam's side) was directed by the excellent judgment of that intelligent gentleman, the honored owner of the famous "Bertrand."

DESCRIPTION - COMMODORE MAMBRINO is a rich, dark bay in color, with slight white on each hind heel, measuring over 16 hands in height, standard measure (string measure) making him about 16 1/2 hands high; weight, when fat or in high flesh (Jan. 1, 1880), 1,372 lbs., in moderate condition, as at present, 1,250 pounds. We will not attempt further to give a description of such a model of perfection in beauty and power, but hope that the breeders of this section will give him sufficient attention for a personal investigation, for which purpose we ever take pleasure in showing him. And it should not be ignored or forgotten that size with elegance of form are indispensably necessary in producing horses for any purpose at the present time for which we can obtain remunerative prices in our markets - the lack of which cannot be made up by a boasted lineage or the speed of a gazelle. The public demand a horse of substance, style and finish, (not a pony, even though he should be "on stilts") to select the proper stallions to breed to is a question of grave consideration to the breeder, and one which depends so much upon the qualities of the dam (or mare to be bred) that it is hard for any one to advise, without knowing the facts upon both sides of the question, as well as the object desired. To say that a horse will get colts for specific purposes, out of any and all kinds of mares, is simply preposterous. In my opinion, to produce the horse of general use (or "horse of all work"), we must not look too much to gigantic proportions, and especially when such dimensions are composed of (or consist in) an over amount of flesh, or fat, produced by feeding, not breeding; however, high form, with good bone and muscular development, is among the principal requisites for a stallion in use, but they should be natural, and without too much flesh made to show the points of power in the animal. And, remember, that to those who would not invest in the standard of their horses.

We come to the farmers and breeders with a first-class animal, as the given account of the facts and investigation will plainly show, for the purpose of improving the standard of our common stock, as well as the horse for turf purposes. In order to be consistent in the first proposition, we keep the horse at a very low figure, so as to be within the reach of all who may desire such improvement - not demanding a hundred dollars or two in gold coin, for his services, as is usual for such a stallion. However, the price for which we can stand at reasonable prices in our markets - as this is but a fraction of what is generally demanded for the services of an animal of his class. Any well-bred and finely-formed mares that have failed to produce during a space of three years, and are found to be sound and healthy (by an examination of the same) will be bred on shares or to insure for \$37.50 payable when mare is known to be in foal. The season fee will be due within or by the expiration of the season. But cash will not be required in cases wherein it is inconvenient to make such payment; as approved, giving ample time, or produce so far as needed will answer the purpose. As reference to his horse's qualities as a breeder, I will refer you to the premium list of the Sonoma and Marin District Agricultural Society of California, during the years '78 and '79, where his stock has been shown with advantage; as to his success as a sire I will furnish a list from the season books of his patrons at above stated place to any gentleman wishing to make investigation. Good pasturage at either stand for the present season, at reasonable rates. To the patrons of the Stallion herein set forth, we furnish Breeding Certificates, gotten up expressly for the purpose, in printed form, giving the blood-tracing of the horse, with other facts, as day and date of such transactions in the stud. When properly filled out, signed and delivered to the breeder, he has something of a valid name to show the origin of the stock he is rearing, which will be of great advantage to him when he wishes to sell or dispose of the same, as a document in proof of the animal's breeding worth shut out much speculation and question of doubt, so commonly raised by designing purchasers and speculators, when a good animal of real worth is put upon the market for sale. By this useful arrangement, a ten-year old boy could take his well-bred horse to any market (attended by intelligent purchasers) and sell the animal for its value.

52-if. Respectfully, J. A. MERRICK, Importer and Agent.

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MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN
Saddlery & Harness,
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WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES (commonly called Henry Rifles) of model of 1866, 1873, and 1876
Pistols, Cartridges, Etc.
WHEAT Taken at the Highest Market Rates in Exchange for Goods
ASHLAND, June 27th, 1878.

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THE SUBSCRIBER WILL REDEEM THE LINE OF STAGE DAILY between Ashland and Linkville for the transportation of passengers and express matter.
On Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at 5 o'clock A. M., a fine
FOUR HORSE COACH
Will start from Ashland, arriving at Linkville in the evening of the same day.
LEAVES LINKVILLE
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays in the morning, arriving in Ashland in the evening. On the alternate days a two-horse hack or hack-board will make the trip.
Fare each way..... \$8 00
The stages connect with hacks for Lakeview and Fort Klamath.
Express charges reasonable.
OFFICE in Ashland at the livery stable.
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