

THE NEW YORK CONVENTION.

The Republican State Convention of New York convened at Utica on the 25th, and a rather stormy session was held, in which Conkling rode supreme above the storm and moulded the work of the Convention to his own imperial will, as the following, adopted by the Convention, will show:

Resolved, That the Republicans of New York believe the re-nomination of Ulysses S. Grant as a Presidential candidate of urgent importance, and the delegates this day assembled are called upon and instructed to use their most earnest and united efforts to secure his nomination.

There appeared in the Convention some very bitter opposition to Grant and very enthusiastic support for Blaine, but Grant's strength was resistless, and carried everything before it. After instructing the delegates to Chicago to vote for Grant, "early and often" Conkling would not even allow Blaine to be mentioned as second choice, a resolution to that effect being tabled upon his motion.

The platform of the Convention reaffirms the principles of the Republican party and declares them to be—Grant. It trembles before the menace to the safety of the nation by the efforts of the Democracy "to overawe and subvert state governments, as represented by the conduct of its leaders in Maine and in several Southern states" and declares the remedy to be Grant. It declares that the objections to a third term applied only to a third consecutive term, and hence is not now applicable to Grant, "who is and has been a private citizen, absent from the country, destitute of all Presidential or official influence or patronage, and whose election must be by the free choice of the people, unaided by those influences which alone give force, if any there be, to that objection." There was a motion to strike out the phrase "unaided by those influences," and a heated discussion followed and resulted in the verdict that the "influences" had not aided.

This seems to leave little room for doubt that Grant will receive the nomination, although the die is not yet cast, and "there's many a slip."

From press comments upon the action of the convention we call the following:

The New York Herald says: Conkling's star is still in the ascendant, though it shines with faded luster. The machine had a narrow escape from defeat, and had the contesting delegation been admitted, the resolution committing the Convention to Grant would have been lost. Had a fair expression of the real preferences been had, Blaine's supporters would have a majority.

The Chicago Times considers Conkling's successful Utica as the least creditable and the least flattering of his life. His sole argument was the strong-man plea, which was ridiculous on its face.

The Boston Advertiser, which has heretofore leaned towards Grant, says: The resolutions at Utica cannot hope to command unqualified approval. The safety of the nation is not imperiled, as asserted. It is not true that the State of New York is to decide the election of President. In more respects than one the praise lavished on Grant is gratuitous. All the world knows his record, and those who wish to know more of it will not go to Utica to learn it.

The Times says the agitation of the county hospital question is purely a personal matter between Dr. Danforth and Mr. Turner, in which the public have no interest, whatever. If that be the case, the last Grand Jury should be censured for poking its nose into the private affairs of citizens; if that be true, then the people have no interest in knowing how the public money is expended, and will not care whether the money which has been paid by the county for the keeping of the state poor is to be refunded to the county or not. We dislike to intrude in so private a matter, but to the ordinary citizen it must appear that there has been a little too much privacy about the affair heretofore, and it is high time that the county hospital and its affairs were ventilated and exposed to the public view in a clearer light than that of a cloudy day.

The Portland papers have been engaged in a spirited discussion of the free school system. The Oregonian vigorously attacks the present system, and advocates the abolition of free high schools, while all the other papers support the high schools and the present free school system.

The Roseburg Star clings tenaciously to Tilden, and gives the cold shoulder to the Standard's Field "boom."

The forthcoming report of the Public Lands Commission will recommend that swamp and pasture lands heretofore surveyed and patented by townships; that better provisions be made for making boundaries of surveyed tracts; that the system of letting public surveys and boundaries between States and Territories be hereafter made under the direction of the Coast and Geodetic Survey. It will also, probably, recommend that the office of Receiver to each local Land Office be abolished. There are about ninety-five of these offices. It will also recommend the classing of public lands into five general classes—arable, irrigable, pasturable, timber and mineral. It will also recommend the repeal of the pre-emption law, on the ground that its chief use now is to increase large individual holdings. The Commission will probably supplement it by another, making arable public lands disposable under the homestead laws. The Commission will probably recommend that a limit be placed upon amounts of irrigable land which any one person may buy; that the land be sold at 25 cents per acre, one-fifth to be paid down and the balance at the end of three years, and that no patent on such lands be issued until it is shown that a specified sum per acre, say \$2, has been expended on its reclamation. Lands classed as pasturable will comprise unfenced and non-mineral lands, not arable or capable of irrigation. The Commission will probably recommend that the quantity one person may buy be not limited, and that the price be graduated as follows: All lands sold prior to January, 1866, be at the rate of \$1 25 an acre, and all lands sold from the latter date to January, 1890, to be at the rate of \$1 an acre. After the last named date all lands remaining be sold at 75 cents an acre, with a reduction of 12 1/2 cents per acre every three years until the minimum price of 12 1/2 cents is reached. Pasturable lands shall be open to homestead settlement, no one entry to comprise more than 2,560 acres. It will probably recommend that colonies of twenty or more families may enter homesteads either on arable, irrigable or pasturable lands, and lay out a village in the center of the tract.

The last Legislature passed a law prohibiting contractors from employing Chinese on any of the public works of the State under a severe penalty. The Common Council of Portland also passed an ordinance prohibiting the employment of Chinese on street improvements and other public works of the city. The contractors brought suit in the State Circuit Court to test the validity of the law. The case was decided by Judge Bellinger in favor of the constitutionality of the law, and was appealed to the Supreme Court, and the Supreme Court reversed Judge Bellinger's decision. However, the Judges of the Supreme Court do not declare the law unconstitutional, but say that where the statute declares that the employment of certain laborers on public works shall render null and void the contract of the contractor with the municipal corporation, such contract is forfeited by the contractor on the doing of an unlawful act, and the corporation may disregard the contract without resorting to a Court of equity to annul the contract.

The House of Representatives last Thursday passed a bill providing for the continuance of the star mail service upon the present basis. An attempt was made by some of the Eastern members to reduce the service to the terms of the original contract in all cases where the number of trips had been increased at an additional cost of over \$5,000 per annum. Page, of California, showed the absurdity of this by instancing its operation upon the trunk line between Reading and Roseburg, and its side lines. The side lines would be kept at their present service, while service on the trunk line would be reduced.

A Chicago Times Washington special says that in discussions, stimulated by the approaching meeting of the National Committee, it is noticed that the name of Samuel J. Randall is prominently and earnestly mentioned as the coming "Dark Horse." Tilden's friends freely admit that when it is clearly determined that he cannot secure the nomination his entire strength will be cast for Randall.

Democrats view with great satisfaction the prospect of a split in the Republican party similar to that of '72, but more portentous, where Grant was nominated for his second term. The Vermont Republicans have instructed in favor of Edmunds as presidential candidate.

THE ASHLAND DRUG STORE HAS BEEN REMOVED TO MASONIC BUILDING New Store! New Goods! New Prices!

DRUGS, MEDICINES, ETC., Stationery, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, TOYS, In great variety and of new and various designs, PURE WINES AND LIQUORS, Pipes, Tobacco, Cigars, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, GLASS, BRUSHES, ETC., CANDLES, SUGARS AND FINE CONFECTIONS, PRESCRIPTIONS

George T. Baldwin LINKVILLE, LAKE CO., OREGON. DEALER IN STOVES, TIN AND HARDWARE, PISTOLS AND AMMUNITION OF ALL KINDS, SCHOOL BOOKS, ETC.

Superior Graham Flour AT EAGLE MILL. Flour, graham, meal, cracked wheat, and feed delivered in Ashland and vicinity.

PHOENIX STORE C. S. Sergent & Co., DEALERS IN General Merchandise, Furnishing Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes Hats and Caps

FOR THE GENERAL TRADE C. S. Sergent & Co. PHOENIX, OREGON. GARRIAGE MANUFACTORY. J. S. EUBANKS, ASHLAND, OREGON.

ROSEBURG MARBLE WORKS. Having taken the agency for Roseburg Marble Works of Roseburg, I will receive orders for any work needed in this line in ASHLAND AND VICINITY

MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING MISSES L. V. AND M. H. ANDERSON, ASHLAND, --- OREGON, Millinery Goods, Hats, Flowers, Ribbons, Laces, Ornaments, Silks, Feathers, Etc., ETC.

MADAME HOLT still continues to wait upon guests at this long-established house, and is determined to spare no pains in the endeavor to give satisfaction to the public. Visitors will at all times find the tables supplied with the best fare to be had in Southern Oregon. Thankful for past patronage, and a share of public favor is solicited.

Butler & Rockfellow, PIONEER STORE, Main Street, Ashland.

General Merchandise, Groceries and Provisions, CROCKERY and GLASS-WARE, And everything usually found in a FIRST-CLASS HOUSE

Country Produce, Taken in exchange for goods. AGENTS FOR THE NEW WILSON OSCILLATING SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

ASHLAND HARNESS SHOP C. K. KLUM, MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN Saddlery and Harness, ASHLAND, OREGON.

Ladies, Men and Boys' Saddles, a Speciality. Team, Buggy and Plow Harness. WHIPS, ROBES, DUSTERS HORSE BLANKETS.

WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES (commonly called Henry Rifles) of model of 1866, 1873, and 1876. Pistols, Cartridges, Etc.

WHEAT Taken at the Highest Market Rates in Exchange for Goods. L. A. NEIL, Wm. HARRIS, R. P. NEIL ASHLAND MARKET

Harris Neil & Co., All kinds of fresh and dried Meats, Hides and pelts of all kinds of fat stock taken in exchange for meat.

J. N. TERWILLIGER. Is prepared to do all kinds of PAINTING, GRAINING, Paper Hanging, WAGON and BUGGY PAINTING a specialty.

Ashland and Linkville STAGE LINE. THE SUBSCRIBER WILL HEREAFTER run a line of stage daily between Ashland and Linkville for the transportation of passengers and express matter.

FOUR HORSE COACH Will start from Ashland, arriving at Linkville in the evening of the same day. LEAVES LINKVILLE Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays in the morning, arriving in Ashland in the evening.

Wagon Manufactory, W. W. KENTON, Prop'r., MAIN STREET, ASHLAND. Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Wheelbarrows, Plow-Stocks, e.c., made and repaired at short notice.

FARMER'S STORE, ASHLAND, OREGON. HEADQUARTERS FOR The Best Goods, at the Lowest Prices, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Stationery, School Books, Etc., 'HONEST DEALING, AND A FAIR PROFIT.'

H. M. THATCHER, SIKES WORDEN, THATCHER & WORDEN, PROPRIETORS OF THE PIONEER STORE -OF LINKVILLE, LAKE COUNTY, OREGON

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Goods of every variety are continually arriving, direct from San Francisco, with which they are filling their MAMMOTH TRUCK for the accommodation of their many customers in the LAKE COUNTY.

Beef Cattle, Hides and Wool Taken in Exchange for Goods THATCHER & WORDEN. ASHLAND NURSERY -AND THE PROPRIETOR- O. COOLIDGE,

WILL FISH YOU WITH ANYTHING IN HIS LINE CHEAPER THAN YOU CAN GET IT ELSEWHERE! What is the use of people east of the mountains paying 50 cents apiece for apple trees when they can get the FINEST TREES in America at 7 cts. each by the thousand in Ashland.

Geometric Nutley, Ashland, Foot and Shoe Store. FRANKS TO THE FUTURE For their sake, they have gone with the accepted as being a first-class business.

Linkville Livery Stables, MANNING & WEBB, LINKVILLE LAKE COUNTY - - - OREGON

LOOK HERE! I wish to inform the public that I have completed my new Photograph Gallery I claim to make THE BEST PICTURES IN SOUTHERN OREGON.

DO NOT FAIL to send for our Price List for 1892. Free to any address upon application. Contains descriptions of every thing required for personal or family use, goods at wholesale prices in quantities to suit the purchaser. The only Station in America who make their special business. Address: MARY GUNTER WARD & CO., 227 & 229 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.