ruption ... long
vealed by the recent ...
will have a beneficial, a purifying effect upon Oregon politics. The greatest evil that rests upon our Republican form of Government is the ring power in politics. It fosters corruption and virtually defeats the suffrage of the people. Let a political ring once obtain control of a government, state, municipal, county, or any other in which there is chance for the officers to steal from the public purse, and it will cling like the Old Man of the Island to the neck of Sinbad, choking the people upon whom it rides with oppressive taxation and insultingly vanting its power and tyranny over the out raged citizen. Frequently fastening itself upon both political parties, if they are anything like equal in power, it controls nominations and plays upon the ignorant or careless voter to an extent undreamed of until a chance exposure or a wholsome "investigation" reveals its hidden workings. It buys exchanges and controls by bulldozing force the votes of delegates at nominating conventions. It is the cancerous virus of the body politic which reveals itself in the disgraceful blots that disfigure the records of all parties, and furnish the material for most of the campaign abuse that demagogues, office seekers and party hirelings heap upon "the other party." It foists upon the people officers of no reputation or of a reputation worse than none, and laughs at the efforts of the sagacious voter to elect honorable men to office. Oregon has felt its curse, and has had a startling revelation of its power for evil. Let her heed the lesson laid before her. It is the duty of every honest citizen to do his utmost to effect the breaking up of ring politics in the state. In the election of the state officers, with the exception of the members of the Legislature, who elect the U. S. Senators, there should be no issue but the personal qualifications of the nominee for the duties of the position in question, and no one should receive the suffrage of the conscientious voter whose character is not above suspicion. Let the old irrelevant talk about party claims and party principles which have no connection with the duties of of the public servants of the state be received as the bosh that it is, and a great advance will be made toward securing an honest and faithful administration. Political independence is death to ring rule.

VETO OF THE CHINESE BILL.

The Chinese restriction bill received the veto of the President last saturday. This ends the matter for the present, as far as congress is concerned. We have not yet seen the reasons assigned for the action in the veto message, but it is likely that the mode of proceeding in the matter rather than the results to be obtained is the ground for objection to the bill. The entire force of the pulpit and press of the eastern states has been brought to bear upon the President since the passage of the bill, and there is no doubt that in his action he has been in accord with the public sentiment of nearly the whole Union, except the Pacific states, but that does not make the burden of the Chinese evil rest at all more lightly upon the people who are now struggling beneath it. The position taken by Blaine in his recent letter to Garrison is unassailable. With nations, as well as individuals and families, the first duty is that of self protection, and all the altrnistic theories ever conceived must give way before the law of self protection. That the welfare of our people and our government is endangered by the influx of the Chinese barbarians is the opinion not only of the masses but of the best minds upon this coast where actual experience has enabled them to understand the question better than it is possible for any to do who have not learned the true character of the Chinese.

While the veto may destroy the hope of present relief, it should only act as an incentive to greater efforts upon the part of the press of this coast toward bringing about a change of public opinion on the question in the eastern states. That much has been accomplished in this direction the passage of the bill testifies, and this gives encouragement for further effort. Let all attempts at violence, all extravagant and revolutionary ideas that may originate in Kearney's clique, be suppressed, as far as possible by the influence of the law abiding citizens of the coast, and one-half of the force of the objections urged against the restriction of Chinese labor will be removed.

unwise upon the ... ernment, and that it would be attended with serious trouble and danger to the settlers of Eastern Oregon. We announced our belief that nearly all the people of that section were opposed to the removal of the Indians, and would view with alarm any effort in that direction, well knowing that it would transform this now peaceable tribe of red men into a scourge that would sweep over the country and produce a reign of terror as dreadful as did Joseph's band of Nez Perces. The Lake View Herald recently contained a paragraph which we copied, in which it was said: "Many of our people, especially those in the west end of the county, favor the removal of the Klamath Indians to a place where they may cease to trouble, and give us a chance to rest." We are convinced that the Herald is in error upon this point. We have information from some of the most responsible citizens of the western end of Lake county who have the best means of knowing the facts, that the prevailing sentiment is one of opposition to any attempt at removal of the Indians. There may be some land speculators who covet the lands which the Indians hold, and who would be willing to see half the people of the county slaughtered if they could increase their possessions. Such men as these would be glad to impress the Indian Bureau with the belief that the people want the Indians removed. But it should be remembered that they would take measures to have settlers removed from lands they view with a covetous eye with the same avidity if there were any hook or crook of law which would give them a chance of success. The principle of justice, or regard for the rights of others, is foreign to their natures

On Tuesday last the Senatorial term of J. H. Mitchell expired, and he yielded his seat to Mr. Slater. During the six years he has been in the senate, Mr. Mitchell has labored earnestly and effectively for the interests of Oregon, and his services are recognized with gratitude and respect by men of all parties. While other senators were wrangling over party differences, he was quietly and successfully working for the welfare and improvement of Oregon with an energy and ability recognized even by his most bitter enemies. We have serious misgivings that his successor will do as much for the state as Mr. Mitchell has done. Mr. Slater was in congress once, but we only remember him by that "aye" recorded as his vote on the back pay steal.

During the year 1878 622,094 tons of coal were received at San Francisco. More than half of this amount was from foreign sources, 137,684 tons being received from Australia, 143,250 from British Columbia and 46,722 tons from England. The bulk of the remainder was received from the mines in Washington Territory, and Coos Bay furnished 29,023 tons.

In treating the letter of Senator Sargent, of California, which we published last week, as though it referred to the removal of the Indians from the reservation in Lake county, we simply made a blunder. The reservation referred to is the old reservation on the Klamath river, in California.

Large numbers of colored people are moving from Georgia and Alabama to Texas. The two states first named seemed to be opposed to their going, since their newspapers call for a tax of $100 on every person who appears within their borders to solicit emigration.

The San Francisco Chronicle says that while a British ship of war has gone to Sitka to protect American citizens eight vessels of our own navy are rotting at Mare island, and our well-paid naval officers are engaged in the peaceful pursuit of cattle-raising.

The Lafayette *Courier* says: The narrow gauge railroad has changed hands. It has passed into the hands of a company styling itself the Willamette Valley Railroad Company, representing a capital stock of $1,000,000 of which about $500,000 has been paid into the new company, to meet the liabilities of the old company. It is reported that the new company intend to continue the road to Portland the coming season.

Precautionary measures are taking at San Francisco in regard to the possibility of a disturbance growing out of the veto of the Chinese Immigration bill.

...ited condition ... as ...on power. The consciousness of being watched is a great support to public virtue. It is one of the evils of Democracy that the reckless, the mercenary, the selfishly ambitious are usually the most active as well as the most successful aspirants for public honors; hence the necessity for vigilance. Public debts are only in small part due to legitimate expenditures. It is the policy of those who have wasted the public treasure to resort to other means than taxation to replenish it, lest the increase of public burthens begets a scrutiny into their acts and drives them from power and place. The creation and rapid increase of the public debt is the only recourse to hide, for the time, official dishonesty. The people can always be trusted with the knowledge of the legitimate cost of government, and additional taxation induced by honest expenditure, hurts no man's popularity. The increase of debt, except in extraordinary emergencies, is a sure indication of corrupt administration. The committee have censured the officials with no view to injure their standing but as a warning and an example to deter others from similar practices. The duty of exposing to public obloquy the faults and misdeeds of others, is at all times an unpleasant one, but in view of the high social position, and the public honors heretofore enjoyed by the principal parties implicated, the task has, in this instance, been unusually painful. Men must be taught that station and public honors are no shield against the consequences of their misdeeds. Instead of exempting them from censure, these circumstances should render it all the more severe. He is only safe in the public esteem who does his duty regardless of consequences; who pushes aside, when he acts for the community, his private obligations and claims of friendship; who adjures self when he becomes the representative of the commonwealth. The converse of these must in the end bring disgrace and ruin.

The greed that has characterized the conduct of state officers must give way to a generous public spirit or anarchy to the end will prevail. Men will not support a government that is used as an engine of extortion for the benefit of an oligarcy of officeholders, instead of the means of protection, in the hands of the public servitors. It must be understood that there is a responsibility attached to the administration of public affairs. The idea that any man is above the law finds no place in our civil polity; justice and the laws limit the claims of individuals against the state, and guard with equal strictness the rights of the body politic and of the individuals who compose it. The public funds are alike sacred with those of individuals. He who administers the law is in equal degree with the humblest citizen, amenable to the law; and the man who unlawfully or unjustly takes from the public purse is as much a robber as he who filches from his employer's till.

THE OREGON WAGON ROAD JOB.

[From the San Francisco Chronicle.]

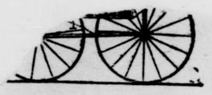
The object of the bill now before Congress providing for the issuance of scrip to the owners of the Oregon wagon-road, is clearly pointed out by some of the papers of that State and in a communication addressed to this office. It is not a confirmation of their title that the owners of the road are seeking. What they are after is scrip worth from $8 to $30 per acre in lieu of land which they bought on speculation about two years ago for twenty five cents an acre. The same land could at one time have been purchased at seventeen cents per acre, and was freely offered at that price.

The land is located in a portion of Oregon not yet developed, and this, together with its mountainous character renders it almost valueless for speculative purposes. If the scheme projected should prove successful, the holders of the scrip would be enabled to locate it in lieu—acre for acre—upon any surveyed or unsurveyed land of the Government in Oregon not yet taken up. As the grant embraces several hundred thousand acres, if Luttrell's bill passes and becomes the law, the owners of the scrip will at one be enabled to locate upon all the desirable small watered valleys and literally control the whole country side for a grazing range. This is undoubtedly the object, and if the vicious purpose is accomplished, Oregon will be at the mercy of a more powerful lot of land-grabbers than some of those infesting this state.

It is strange that Luttrell should have interested himself so far as to introduce a bill parcelling out the lands of a State that he does not represent, and it is doubly strange that he should have lent himself to a scheme which savors so badly of land grabbing as does this effort to have a defective wagon-road grant title swapped off for the privilege of swooping down upon the best land of Oregon. The people will remember him for it.

THE CROPS ALL O. K.—The McMinnville *Reporter* says: Rev. A. J. Hunsacker has devoted the past few weeks to a tour throughout Marion, Linn, Polk and Benton counties, in the interest of the Baptist College at McMinnville, and during his travels he took observation on the grain crop of the sections through which he passed. He says that the acreage in growing grain by far surpasses that of any season in the history of Oregon, and that almost without exception, it is looking and doing first-class. In Linn, from whence the doleful stories of destruction by frost some time since reached our ears, the complaints have proved to have been unfounded and the extensive grain fields present a very thrifty and handsome appearance. So it is in Benton, Polk and other localities which Mr. H. visited, and he joins in the popular prediction of the grandest harvest the coming season that Oregon fields have ever yielded.

A Washington special of the 28th says: Late visitors to the Senate last night witnessed the remarkable spectacle of the transaction of business and the passage of bills with only five Senators present. Of course there was a sort of tacit understanding with absent Senators that no measures except a few of a given character should be considered.



J. S. EUBANKS,

ASHLAND, OREGON.

SARVEN WHEEL WAGONS, CARRIages and all kinds of vehicles made to order at short notic. Repairing promptly and neatly done. Fine work a specialty. v3 n23-tf.

J. N. TERWILLIGER.

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING, GRAINING,

—AND—

Paper Hanging.

WAGON and BUGGY PAINTING a specialty.

☞ Work done at living rates.

THANKING THE PUBLIC FOR PAST FAvors I solicit a share of the same in the future.

Millinery Store.

On Main Street

Ashland - - - - - Oregon.

I have now on hand a beautiful assortment of Hats, Bonnets, Shades, French Flowers, Wreaths, Plumes, Neck Ties, Linen Suits, Jets, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, etc., etc. etc. Also

Buttrick Patterns

and the Warner Health Corset.

☞ All orders from a distance promptly filled.

☞ Every thing sold cheap for Cash.

☞ Dye ching, Pressing and Coloring, in the very neatest manner. v2n16tf

Mrs. H. D. Jones.

J. W. RIGGS,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.

Ashland - - - - Oregon.

I am now permanently located in this place, and respectfully asks the patronage of the citizens.

ALL WORK WARRANTED

To give Entire Satisfaction. Prices to suit The Times.

☞ *Call and see Specimens.* | v2n6tf

THE ASHLAND MILLS.

—0—

WE WILL CONTINUE TO PURCHASE WHEAT

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE,

And Will Deliver

FLOUR, FEED &c,

ANYWHERE IN TOWN, AT

MILL PRICES.

Wagner & Anderson.

C. H. HARGADINE J. Q. LATTA

Hargadine & Latta,

WOULD announce to the people of Goose Lake valley and vicinity, that they are receiving at the

Lake View Store,

One door north of the U. S. Land Office,

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

General Merchandise

The largest and best selected stock ever offered to the people of Eastern Oregon.

—CONSISTING OF—

HARDWARE,

STOVES, WRINGERS, NAILS, TUBS.

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.

Paints and Oils,

POWDER, SHOT, CAPS AND WADS OF THE

—BEST STANDARD BRANDS—

DRY GOODS,

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes

Of Every Variety.

STATIONARY

Of all Kinds and Discription

Candies and Nuts,

Cigars and Tobacco.

A LARGE STOCK OF

BACON, BEANS, DRIED FRUIT, COFFEE, SUGAR, RICE, TEAS, SALMON, SARDINES, OYSTERS, SALERATUS, CANDLES, SPICES, FLAVORING EXTRACTS, PATENT MEDICINES Etc.

A COMPLETE LINE OF

Ashland Factory Goods.

FLANNELS, YARN, SOCKS, BLANKETS, SHIRTS and CASSIMERES,

EVERYTHING in our line kept constantly on hand and sold at the

Lowest Living Rates.

Come and see Us.

j17-3m HARGADINE & LATTA.

—THE—

AHLSAND WOOLEN MANUFACTURING CO.

—ARE NOW MAKING—

—FROM—

THE VERY BEST NATIVE WOOL

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, AND HOSIERY.

PATRONS,

—OLD AND NEW.—

Are invited to send in their orders and are assured that they shall receive prompt attention at prices that defy competition.

ASHLAND WOOLEN MILLS.

W. H. ATKINSON, SECRETARY.

Selling off Cheap

FOR CASH.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, AND SHOES. CIGARS AND TOBACCOS

STOVES, TINWARE, HARDWARE.

CROCKERY and GLASSWARE.

PAINTS OILS AND GLASS.

Cheaper than any other House in Ashland.

LARD CANS.....15. DOLLARS per 100
WATER BUCKETS ....50 cents.

Winchester Repeating Rifles from

$25 TO $30.

Extra Boston Syrup.

Table and Pocket Cutlery.

B. F. REESER.

Ashland, Oreg. Nov. 15. 1878 tf.

Wagon Shop.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE FOUND at his shop on Main street, two doors from the livery stables, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line at the lowest price.

WAGONS, BUGGIES AND ALL KINDS

Of Vehicles Made to Order.

Repairing of all kinds done with dispatch call and see me.

n25tf. JOHN RALPH.

J. M. McCall & Co.,

Main Street, Ashland,

WOULD announce to the people of Jackson and Lake counties that they have commenced receiving their new Fall Stock, and that every day will witness additions to the largest stock of

GENERAL

HEADQUARTERS,

—FOR—

Staple and Fancy Goods Groceries, Hardware, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Millinery and Dress Goods. Crockery, Glass and Tin-Ware, Shawls, Wrappers, Cloaks.

And, in fact, everything required for the Trade of

SOUTHERN AND SOUTH-EASTERN OREGON.

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this market. They desire to say to every reader of this paper, that,

STANDARD GOODS SOLD AT THE

LOWET. MARKET PRICE,

Will do it, they propose to do the largest business this fall and winter, ever done by them in the last five years, and that they can positively make it to the advantage of every one to call upon them in Ashland and test the truth of their assertions. They will spare no pains to maintain, more fully than ever, the reputation of their house, as the acknowledged

—A FULL LINE OF—

ASHLAND

WOOLEN

GOODS

—CONSISTING OF—

Flannels, Doeskins, Blankets, Clothing, Cassimeres,

Always on hand and for sale at Lowest prices

☞ The highest market prices paid for ☜

WHEAT — OATS — BARLEY — BACON

—AND LARD—

COME ONE AND ALL.

J. M. McCALL & CO.

MECHANIC PLANING MILL.

—AND—

FURNITURE, SASH, BLIND DOOR AND MOULDING

FACTORY.

MARSH & CO

GRANITE STREET, ASHLAND OREGON.

All kinds of Planing, Moulding, Turning, Circular and Scroll Sawing.

Furniture and Ornamental Carving, Etc. Done to Order.

☞ Furniture, Sash, Doors, Blinds and Moulding constantly on hand and made to order.

We will contract to design and erect all kinds of buildings. When desirable to those employing us, we will furnish all the material required for the construction of any building ready for occupancy. [n 19tf

MARSH & CO.

JUST RECEIVED

—AT THE—

ASHLAND DRUG STORE

The largest stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, HOLIDAY GOODS, ETC.,

—Ever received in Ashland—

A FULL LINE OF

Stationary, Perfumery,

—AND—

Toilet Articles.

—TOYS—

In great variety and of new and various designs.

—PURE WINES AND LIQUORS—

—For medical purposes—

Pipes, Tobacco

—AND—

—Cigars.—

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, GLASS, BRUSHES, ETC., ETC.

CANDIES, NUTS AND FINE CONFECTIONS.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Carefully compounded of the finest drugs.

HAVING BOUGHT THE INTEREST OF W. H. Atkinson in the ASHLAND DRUG STORE, I solicit respectfully a share of the patronage which has been so liberally extended to the people of the past.

[3-24tf. DR. J. H. CHITWOOD.

JENSEN & IFFLAND,

YREKA, CALIFORNIA,

Are Happy

TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY REA

ALWAYS

OPEN FOR TRADE

—ON—

Lard, Bacon, Hams, Eggs and Butter.

—(0)—

FOR IN FOR THEMATION OF

DEALERS AND CONSUMERS

THEY WILL SAY THAT

THEY KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE SUPPLY

OF EVERY KIND OF

CRACKERS

AND DISPOSE OF THEM

CHEAPER

THAN THEY CAN BE PROCURED ELSEWHERE,

AND FURNISH A FIRST-CLASS ARTICLE AT THAT.

—0—

Call and see them.

[n14 v3]