RECORDS SHOW

ficulty that the farmer has had, and still has, in obtaining money cheaply Pierce borrowed \$5,000 00, the limit iton of \$15,000.00.

According to the records of Union County (Book 36 of Deeds page

fieulty that the farmer has had, and still has, in obtaining money cheaply because the form of the first seed of a sufficient length of the cough and for a sufficient length of the sum of the final such cough and for a sufficient length of the sum of the final such cough and for a sufficient length of the sum of the final such cough and the carries and board the cough and the carries of ore plent from the literature of the final such as a lower rate of interest, in the irreducible school fund.

Solis More Farms.

November 18, 1803—on the same day that browner of this fund—both from Mr. Plerce and some of his erast while Democratic allies. Mr. Plerce has been very fond of this fund in the carries of the sum of

ue of the property involved, but that Walter should sell for thrice the limit he could borrow may be a

mere incident.

And Still More.

November 16, 1963, was apparently a remarkable day in Walter's real estate career, for, in addition to the farms above mentioned, which he sold that day to his brothers and sister, he also sold a farm to Thomas J. Tweedy, a near friend of his, for the first consideration of \$16,000.00. It seems too strange to be true, but Thomas Tweedy, on November 23rd—the same day that the other mortgages were made to the State Land Board, also berrowed \$5,000.00 of the sacred irreducible school fund, and, to make the concidence still more remarkable, on December 12th, he sold the place back to Walter M. Pierce for \$16,000.00—the exact amount he paid for it—the affable Mr. Pierce aggreeting to assume and to pay the \$5,000.00 mortgage.

But this does not account for all Mr. Pierce's transcations on that busy day. Evidently they were hav-ing a "sell-yourfarm" day on Novem ber 16th, in Union county, for Walter on that day, sells to one George W. Tate, a business associate, another one of his numerous Union county farms, receiving for this one \$17,200. The amount received for this place would indicate that Walter drove a harder bargain with his business associates than he did with his rel-

But, if November 16th was "Sellyour farm" day in Union county. November 23rd was also "mortgage-your-farm" day for the State Land Board. For the records show that Board. For the records show that George W. Tate, on that day, borrowed \$5,000.00 from the State Land Board—the motgage note being acknowledged in statutory form before Walter M. Pierce, himself, as notary public for Union county.

Now the minds of the purchasers of these various tracts ran, "willing ly along" together, is indicated by the fact that Mr. Tate, on November 30th, seven days after he made his real estate deal, sold his newly pur-

real estate deal, sold his newly pur-chased place back to Walter M. Pierce, for \$17,200.00—the same amount be had paid for it. Mr. Pierce again kindly agreeing to assume and pay the mortgage.

In spite of these large transactions in real estate that occurred at that time, it will be noted that none of the parties to these transactions made any mone off each other—all of them re-selling the farms brough from Walter, back to him, for the same price they paid for them.

same price they paid for them.

Evidently Walter did not proposito be cutdone by those to whom he had sold his property for, on November 23rd, the same day that the others borrowed money from the State Land Board, Book 299 of Mort gages for Union County, page 482, shows that the future non-partisan candidate of the Democratic party for Governor also borrowed \$5,000.00 from the State Land Board; and, having assumed the mortgages of the having assumed the mortgages of the other five farms which he had sold to his relatives and friends, Mr. Pierce now had \$30,000.00 of the State's sacred irreducible school fund for which he was paying interest at the insignificant rate of 6 per cent.

A Good Loaner. There were other farmers, how ever, in Eastern Oregon, who not so fortunate as to secure even 85.000.00, or smaller sums, from the State Land Board, or any other board, at 6 per cent; but the records of that section show that loans were being made extensively at that time at rates of interest varying from 8 to 10 per cent. In fact, Mortgage Record, Vol. 28, page 162, Union county, shows that John M. Light foot and wife, on the 9th day of November, borrowed from Walter M. the sum of \$750.00, for a perfod of five years, at 8 per cent inter est, giving a mortgage on their farm therefor. Hundreds of other morgage recordr show that no money was being loaned in Walter's section of the country at that time for less than 8 per cent.

The state law also requires that money borrowed from the sacred irreducible school fund must not be held for more than a ten-year period. The record shows, how-ever, that all of the six mortgages held by Walter M. Pierce, were not paid until September 1, 1915. In other words, because his relatives unloaded their mortgages on him Walter had thirty thousand dollars of the state's irreducible school fund for 12 years—when he was en'itled to only five thousand dollars for not more than ten years. Other farmers, in Mr. Pierce's section of the country, and other parts of Oregon, were mak-ing applications to the State school fund and were unable to secure money

money in the fund was all loaned out.

521), Walter M. Pierce sold to have been a very busy day for "Was | The records in Umatida county orphans of his deceased partner. Charles M. Pierce, his brother, one of ter M.," for in addition to the farms his tracts of land, for the sum of that he sold to his brother Charles \$15,600.00 This transaction occur and to his sister Minnie, he also sold to make since day, another farm to his red on November 16th, 1903.

Oragon farmers, however, were not all lowed to go without money entirely and lowed to go without money entirely and lowed to go without money entirely and lonning inoney to his distressed in the state of Oregon. But those underly souls do not know where-median personnel should be a sum of the same day, another farm to his read estate and mortgages.

Place becomes in Charles in Ch

Mr. Plerce is a lawyer and therefore not really the friend of the farmer but that he is merely pretending to be a friend in order to get the farm Oregon Voter.

ers' vote. Those who know point to actions in real estate and mortgages show, beyond a doubt, that Walter is a real honest-to-God friend of the farmer and that that farmer is

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